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# Storm pulses of dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> in a forested headwater Amazonian stream explored using hydrograph separation

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LBA-ECO 11th Science Team Meeting

# Amazon research focus

- Carbon balance of the Amazon
  - Is the Amazon a C source or sink?
- Importance of fluvial C fluxes
  - Terrestrial CO<sub>2</sub> efflux from **large** rivers and wetlands:  
353 Tg C yr<sup>-1</sup> (Richey et al., *Nature* 2002)



[http://eobglossary.gsfc.nasa.gov/Study/LBA\\_Escape/Images/co2\\_sources.jp](http://eobglossary.gsfc.nasa.gov/Study/LBA_Escape/Images/co2_sources.jp)



# Orienting Question

- What are the key characteristics of fluvial carbon fluxes in headwater streams?
  - Headwater systems
    - terrestrial-aquatic connectivity highest of any spatial scale
    - ~70-80% of landscape

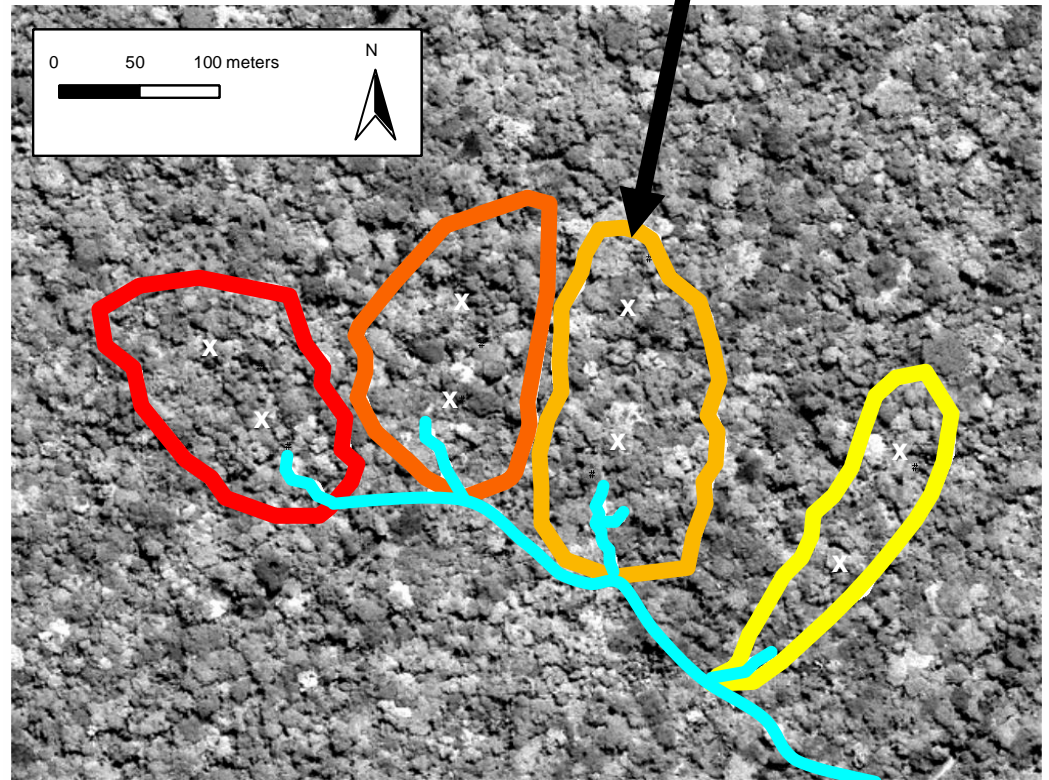


# Site Description



**Juruena, Mato Grosso**

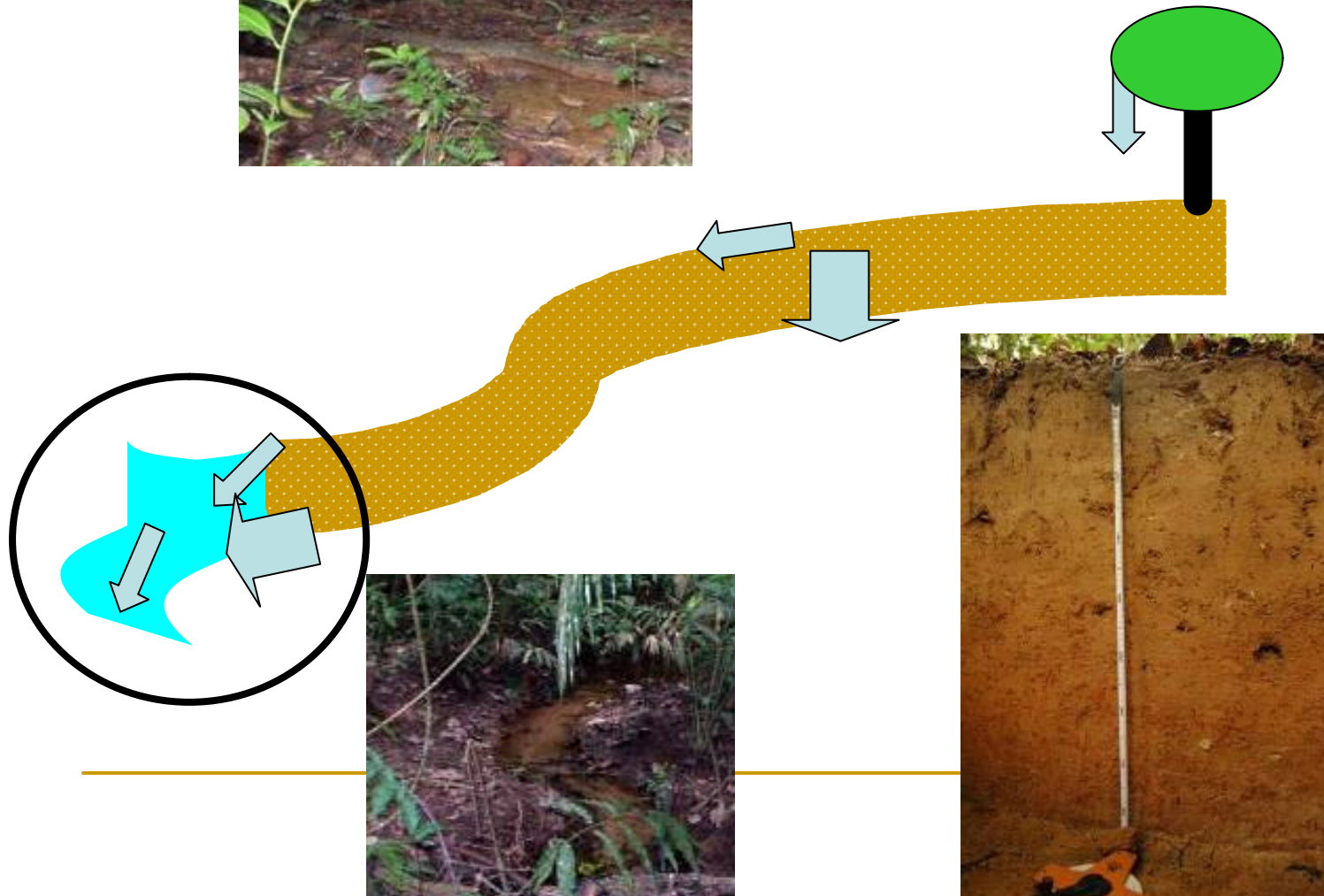
Stormflow study  
Watershed



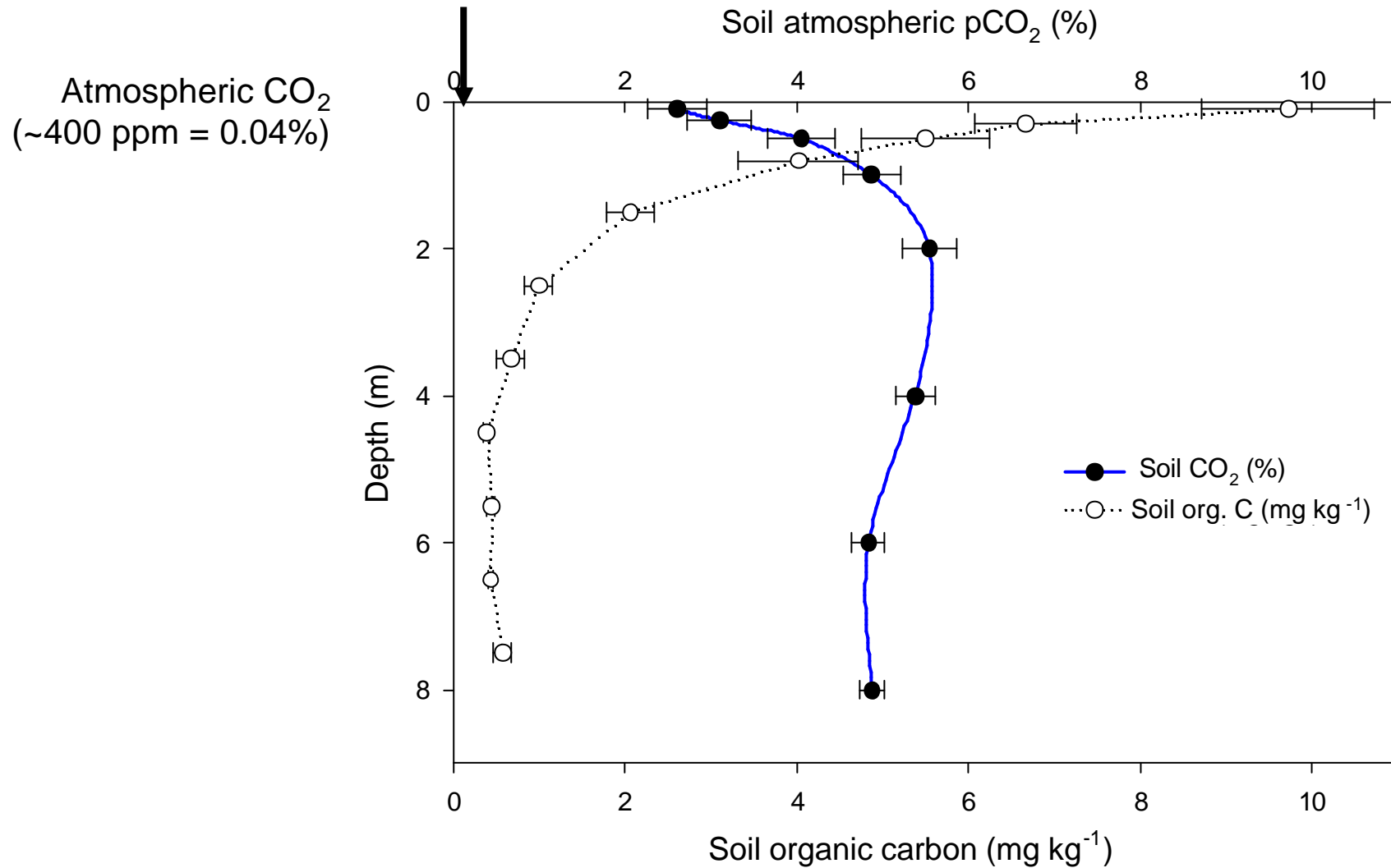
**IKONOS Panchromatic Image  
(Courtesy EOS-Webster)**



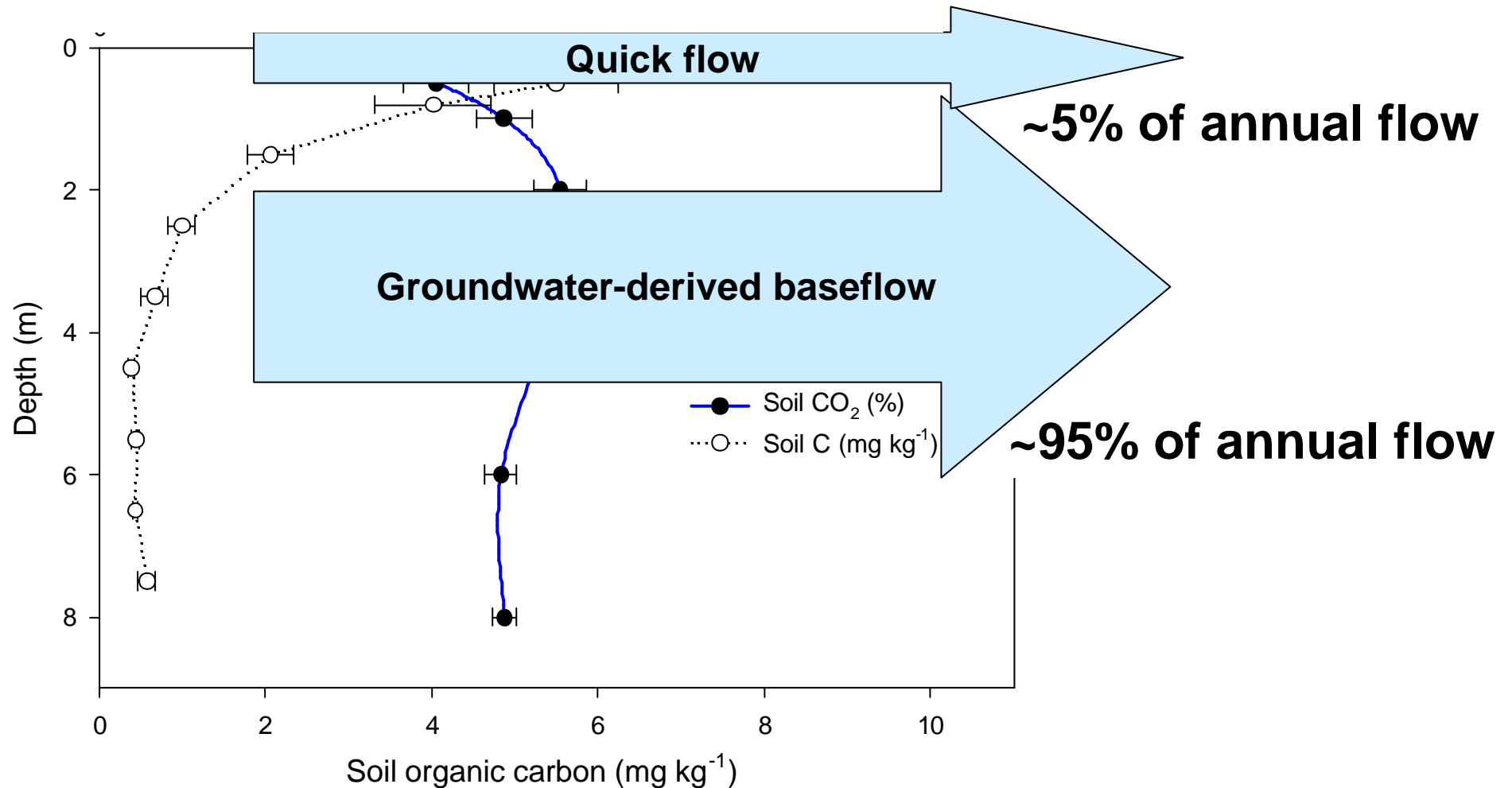
# Rainfall-runoff, flowpaths and C



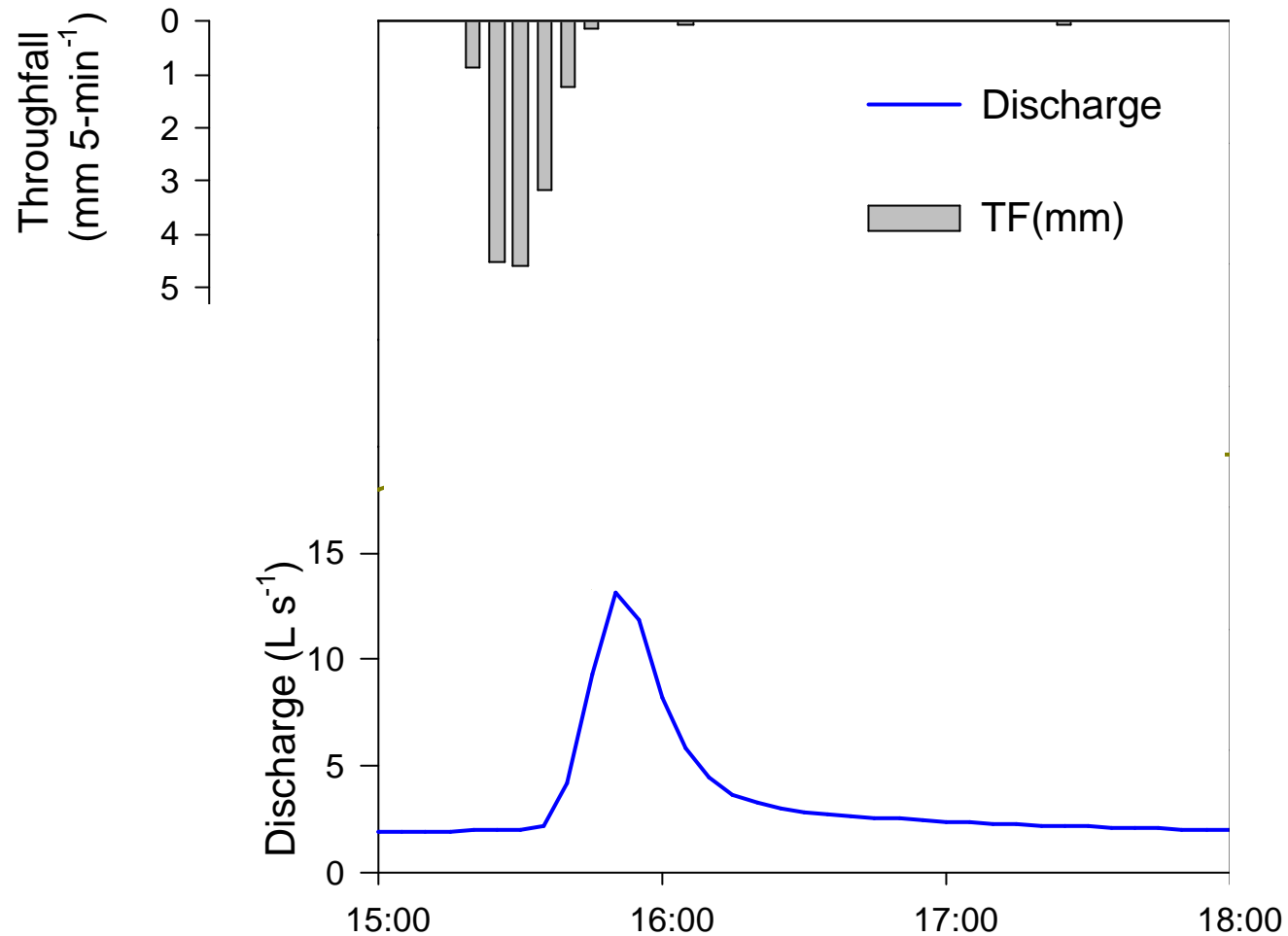
# Carbon forms in soil



# Carbon forms in hydrologic flowpaths

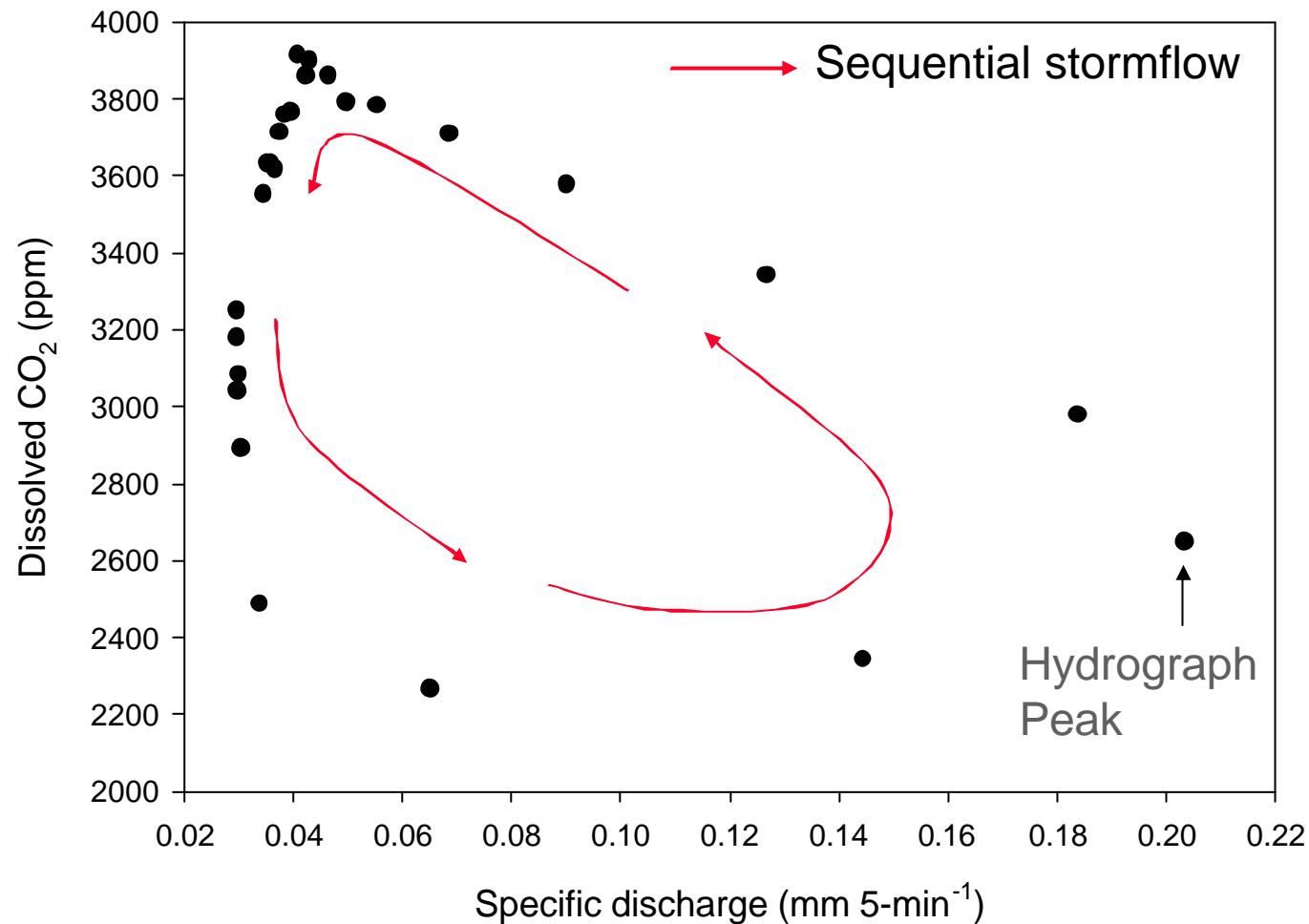


# Rainfall-runoff and the “CO<sub>2</sub> pulse”

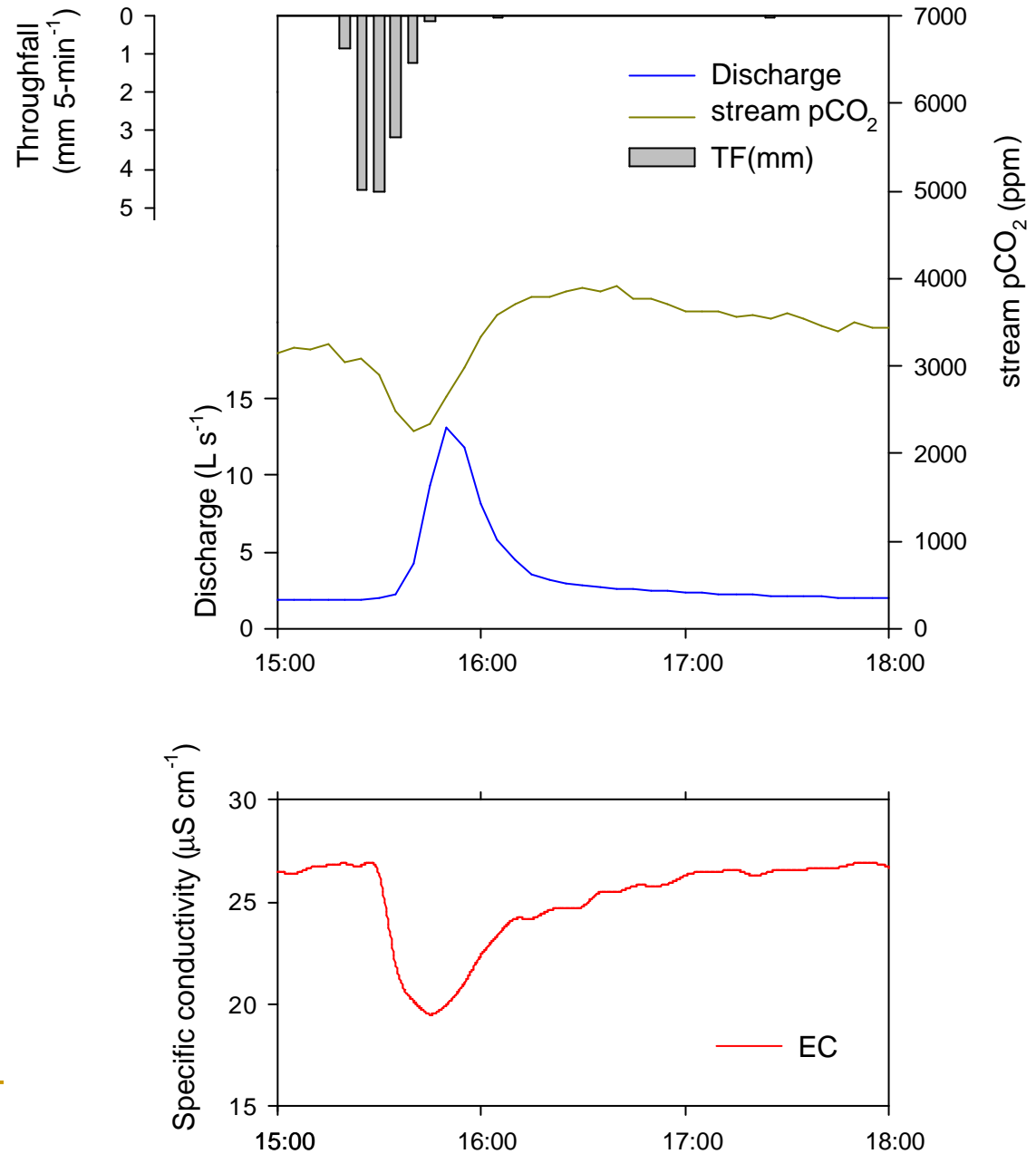




# Hysteresis of dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> in stormflow

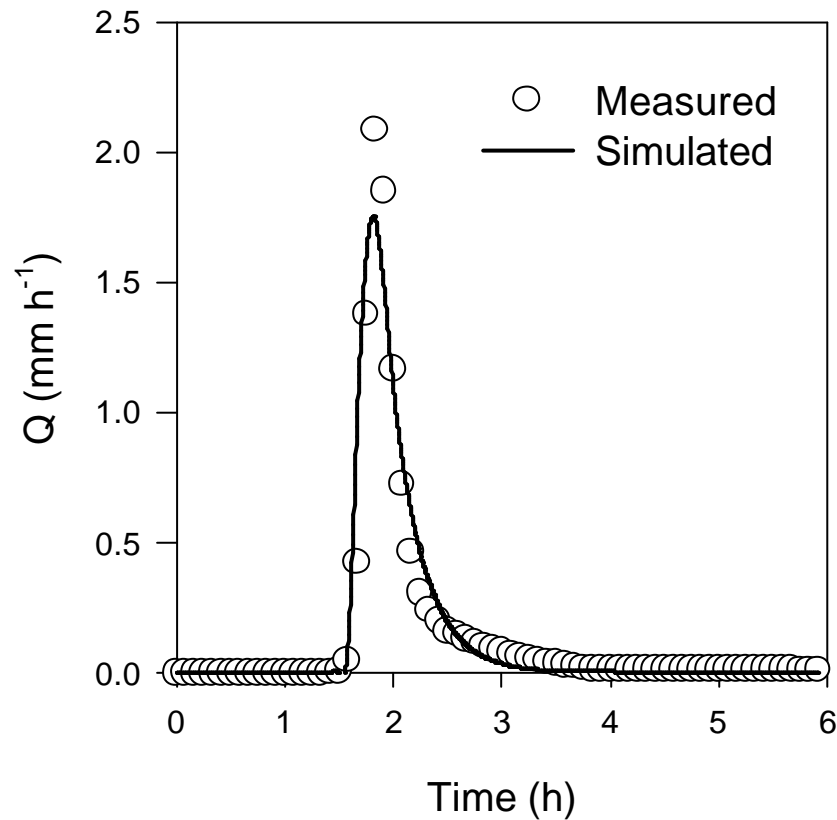


# Hydrograph Separation: TRANSEP

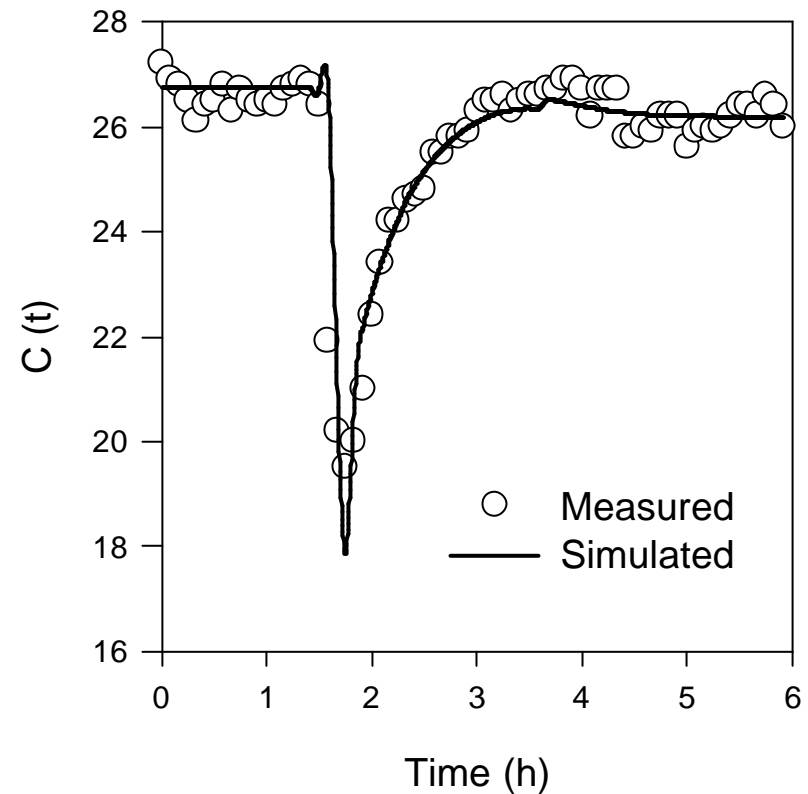


# Measured and modeled...

## ...hydrograph

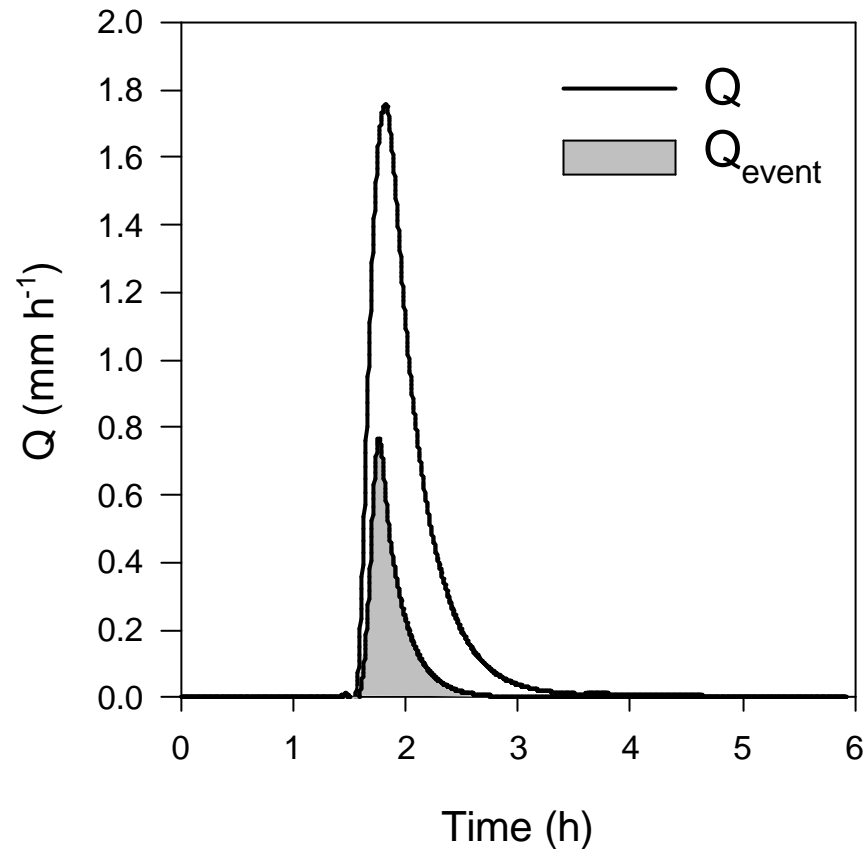


## ...chemograph



# Event water vs. pre-event water

- ~80% of stormflow is pre-event water (PEW)
  - $79\% \pm 12\%$   
(mean  $\pm 1$  SD)  
(n = 14 storms)
  - Range:  
52% - 96% PEW
- Function of antecedent soil moisture
  - wetter soils have higher pre-event fractions

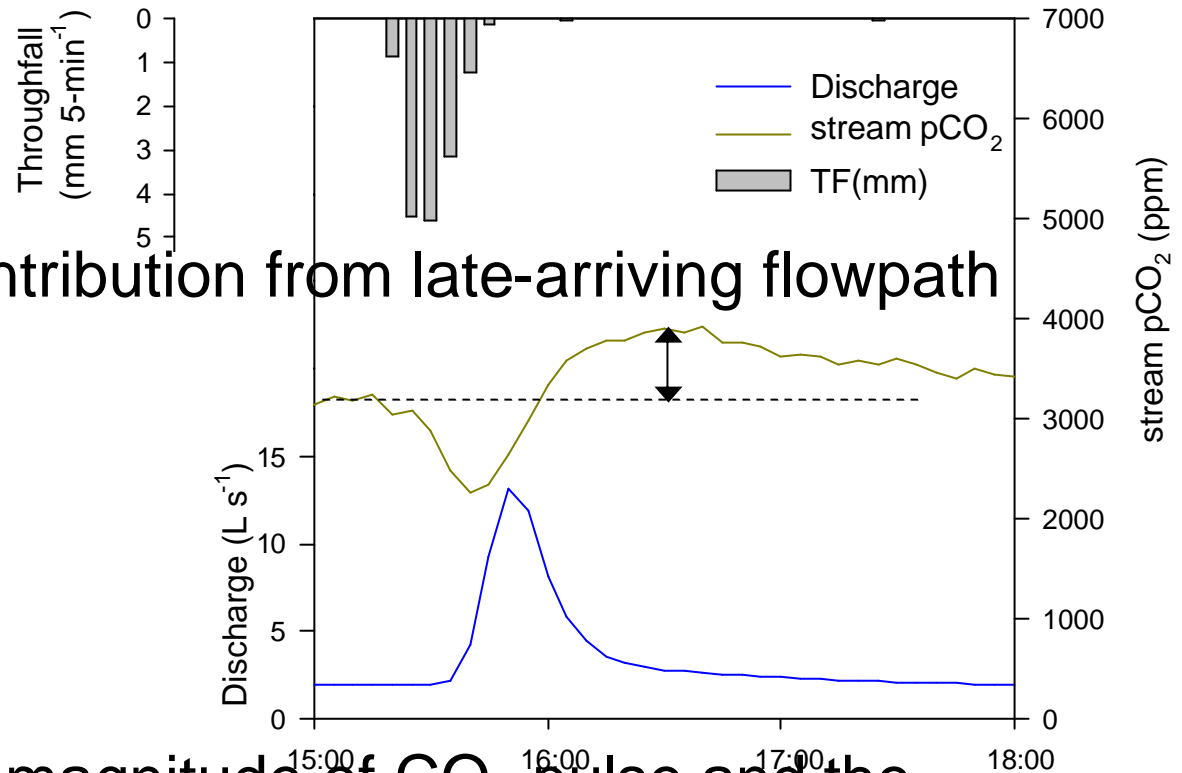


$Q$  = discharge



# Rainfall-runoff and the “CO<sub>2</sub> pulse”

- CO<sub>2</sub> pulse requires contribution from late-arriving flowpath



- Relationship between magnitude of CO<sub>2</sub> pulse and the event-water fraction ...suggesting that:
  - CO<sub>2</sub> pulse driven by an event-water flowpath (e.g. subsurface stormflow)

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# Conclusions

- Pre-event water dominates stormflow (~80%)
  - tropical forests similar to temperate-zone forests
- “CO<sub>2</sub> pulse” is event-water driven
  - subsurface stormflow (event-water) transports “pre-event” CO<sub>2</sub> from soils to streams
- Situation may be very different for pastures and cultivated fields



# Agradecimentos



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  - Elielton A. da Souza
- O povo Juruenense



Cornell University



**UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DE  
MATO GROSSO**

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Thank you!

Questions?



Rio Juruena