Data Science Math Skills

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Data Science Math Skills

Course Information

Data Science Math Skills by **Duke University** is a online course you can take on this site Coursera.

Motivation for Learning & Re-learning

A lot of graduate school students struggle with Data Science courses only because of their lack of knowledge and/or understanding of Mathematics for Data Science. The course gives an overview of Mathematical concepts you will encounter while learning Data Science.

Supplemental Notes and Videos

Here's how I make my notes:

My notes include videos from Khan Academy and other websites. The content's the same, and often a bit better due to lack of errors. The text are usually from the Coursera video transcripts.

I indicate why it is important to learn such concepts through Further Reading notes.

Sets and What They're Good For

Set Basics and Vocabulary

- Set Theory
- Set Theory Operations

Further Reading

A set is the fundamental discrete structure on which all other discrete structures are built.

Those who studied Discrete Mathematics or read a book about it will probably just re-learn a lot from this course on Set Basics.

- Applications of Set Theory in Computer Science A list of the most obvious applications of Set Theory.
- Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications I read most of the book as a supplemental material for a Discrete Math course. The book clearly states why a set is the foundational structure in Computer Science.

Venn Diagrams

• What are Venn diagrams?

Further Reading

• A Visual Explanation of SQL Joins

The Infinite World of Real Numbers

- What are Real Numbers?
- Multi-step Inequalities

The Jagged S Symbol

• Sigma/Summation Notation

$$\sum_{n=1}^{10} n^2$$

• The Sigma has similarities to the factorial symbol, but it suggests that you add the values of i based on the stopping point n

Further Reading

• Graph-based Machine Learning

Descartes Was Really Smart

Plotting Points

- The x-axis is going to be the set of all points x-y in the Cartesian plane, x-y in R2, such that their y coordinate is zero.
- We divide the Cartesian plane into four separate regions, and these we call quadrants.
- Coordinate plane: quadrants

Distance Formula

• Distance formula

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Point-Slope Formula for Lines

• Point Slope Form

$$y - b = m(x - a)$$

• Calculating the Slope

$$(y2 - y1/x2 - x1)$$

Slope-Intercept Formula

- Slope Intercept Equation
- Intro to Slope Intercept Form

$$y = mx + b$$

Input-Output Machines

Functions: Mapping from Sets to Sets

• Functions on Sets - UCLA

$$f:A\to B$$

Functions: Graphing in the Cartesian Plane

- Functions on a Coordinate Plane
- Vertical line test
- The **vertical line** test says: any vertical line, intersects the graph of a function once. If it intersects it more than once, we violate things here.

Increasing and Decreasing Functions

• A function is increasing whenever:

a < b

 $f(x) = 2^x - \text{An example of an increasing function}$

• A function is decreasing whenever:

a > b

 $g(x) = 3^{-x}$ – An example of a decreasing function

Composition and Inverse

- How to find the inverse of a composite function
- Evaluating Composite functions
- Not every function has an inverse.
- If the graph of f fails the horizontal line test, the graph has no inverse.

This is about that derivative stuff

Tangent Lines - Slope of a Graph at a Point

- How to find the slope & equation of tangent line at a given point
- Finding the Equation Of A Tangent Line
- A Tangent Line is a line which locally touches a curve at one and only one point.
- Formulas:

Tangent Lines - The Derivative Function

- The derivative & tangent line equations
- Formulas:

$$f'(x) = 2x$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

Fast Growth, Slow Growth

Using Integer Exponents

• 0 as an exponent:

$$2^{0} = 1$$

• Negative exponents:

$$x^{-n} = 1/x^n$$

• Scientific Notation

Simplification Rules for Algebra using Exponents

• Multiplication rule

$$x^n x^m = x^{(n+m)}$$

• Power to a power

$$(x^n)m = x^{nm}$$

• Product to a power

$$(xy)^n = x^n y^n$$

• Fraction to a power

$$\frac{x}{y}^n = \frac{x^n}{y^n}$$

• Division and negative powers

$$\frac{x^n}{x^n} = x^{n-m}$$

• Fractional exponents

$$x^{(\frac{a}{b})} = b \sqrt{x^a}$$

How Logarithms & Exponents are Related

- Intro to logarithms
- Exponential form:

$$b^x = N$$

• Logarithmic form:

$$x = log_b = N$$

• The logarithm of any base of 1 is 0, just as any number raised to 0 is 1.

• Solving Logarithmic Equations: This video was more helpful in understanding how to solve for x on a Logarithmic equation problem.

General rules

• Product rule

$$log(xy) = log(x) + log(y)$$

• Quotient rule

$$log\frac{x}{y} = log(x) - log(y)$$

• Power and root rule

$$log(x^n) = nlog(x)$$

Further Reading

- One of the most popular concepts in Data Science is in its logarthmic form (ln): Logistic Regression
- Watch more about Simple Logistic Regression

Change of Base

- The base of 10, 2 and the natural log (e) are common in Data Science.
- Formula for changing the base:

$$log_a(b) = \frac{log_x(b)}{log_x(a))}$$

The Rate of Growth of Continuous Processes

- Exponential rate of growth can be a **discrete** exponential rate of growth or a **continuous** exponential rate of growth.
- Note: those who studied Finance will likely see the practicality of knowing, but not of the terms of themselves.
- Discrete rate of growth:

$$1.00(1+r)t$$

- \bullet Euler's contstant e
- What is e?

2.71828

- Euler is pronounced *Oyler*. He's a mathematician most famously known of his solution to the graph theory problem: Seven Bridges of Königsberg
- Problem: A baby elephant weighing 200 kg grows at a continuously compounded rate of 5%/year. How much does it weigh in 3 years?

$$(200kq)e^{(0.05)(3)} = 232.4kq$$

Basic Probability Definitions

Probability Definitions and Notation

Definition

- Probability is the degree of belief in the truth or falsity of a statement.
- When I am certain that a statement is true then that statement is assigned probability $\mathbf{1}$ and if I'm certain the statement is false, then it's assigned probability is $\mathbf{0}$.