

## ABSTRACT

The implications are examined, such as the observation that the data contradicts Masters and Johnson's earlier statement that penis size does not have a direct impact on female sexual satisfaction.

## INTRODUCTION

The prevalence of male sexual dysfunction (MSD) is increasing and the prevalence of female sexual dysfunction (FSD) is declining. The prevalence of male-to-female (MTF) sexual dysfunction (MTF-FSD) is increasing with increasing age. We undertook a study to investigate the prevalence of MTF-FSD in a sample of female undergraduates.

### Methods:

In this study, we conducted a survey of female undergraduates about what causes MTF-FSD, and how to treat the condition. The survey was conducted on the first day of the first term of college. The survey was completed in the context of the College Sexual Health Project (CSHP). The survey consisted of questions that were designed to assess the prevalence of MTF-FSD and its treatment. The survey was conducted using a Men who have a short but wide penis often associate it with length. As entailment of this trait, many people assume that they possess slender penises. However, width is an essential component of size, even though it is not commonly acknowledged. Does this apply to female sexual satisfaction? Is length inherently more important than size? Or is size unrelated to gender determinants such as size and weight? Despite the concerns of many males about their penis size, Masters and Johnson have concluded that it is unlikely that females experience any real physiological change in sexual satisfaction with the size of the pen. Their research suggests that vaginal structure adaptations to suit this adaptation, making it clear that any given size can provide sufficient sexual stimulation to the female.

## CONCLUSION

The results of women's surveys indicate that penis width was more important for their sexual satisfaction than penis length. While Masters and Johnson may have been mistaken about the physiological influence of penises on women, the current data cannot provide a definitive answer. The findings are dependent on whether the women were advised against using penile measures or withheld payment for medical treatments.