

## ABSTRACT

Significant agreement between the interpretation of chest radiographs by PI and PR in specific clinical scenarios has been found in these results, which support the current practice of piracy and decision-making regarding therapeutic options.

## INTRODUCTION

Introduction In my experience, the majority of pediatric radiologists and radiographers (including myself) are very positive about the interpretation of chest radiographs. This is not surprising, given the high level of confidence that radiologists have in the interpretation of radiographs. However, there is a wide variation in the interpretation of radiographs. The interpretation of radiographs is an important part of the pediatric radiologist's job, and therefore we should all be aware of the differences in the interpretation of chest radiographs.

In this article, I will discuss several of the main differences between chest radiographs and chest X-rays. I will also give a brief discussion of the importance of chest radiographs in the evaluation of pediatric radiopathies and the use of chest radiographs in children with acute, pediatric-onset, Until now, there have been no studies that evaluated the accuracy of board-certified PI reading chest radiographs. This study was conducted to determine whether inconsistent readings between pir and pediatric radiologists (PR) resulted in adverse patient outcomes.

## CONCLUSION

What are the potential outcomes of redefining this area and its future. Given that capitation is driving up the cost of healthcare services, is it still worth it to have a radiologist review all radiographs? Based on the data we have obtained, it is possible that the radiologist does not need to review all chest radiographs ordered in the current situation. Radiologists may also be required to include additional costs associated with interpretation of the results as other studies indicate otherwise.