



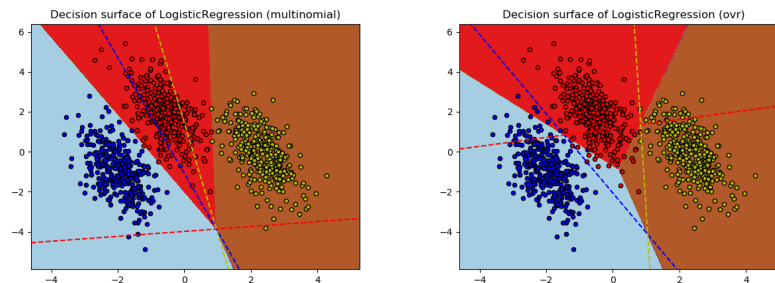
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Plot multinomial and One-vs-Rest Logistic Regression

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Plot decision surface of multinomial and One-vs-Rest Logistic Regression. The hyperplanes corresponding to the three One-vs-Rest (OVR) classifiers are represented by the dashed lines.



Out: training score : 0.995 (multinomial)
 training score : 0.976 (ovr)

```

print(_doc_)
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import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make_blobs
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

# make 3-class dataset for classification
centers = [[-5, 0], [0, 1.5], [5, -1]]
X, y = make_blobs(n_samples=1000, centers=centers, random_state=40)
transformation = [[0.4, 0.2], [-0.4, 1.2]]
X = np.dot(X, transformation)

for multi_class in ('multinomial', 'ovr'):
    clf = LogisticRegression(solver='sag', max_iter=100, random_state=42,
                           multi_class=multi_class).fit(X, y)

    # print the training scores
    print("training score : %.3f(%)s" % (clf.score(X, y), multi_class))

    # create a mesh to plot in
    h = .02 # step size in the mesh
    x_min, x_max = X[:, 0].min() - 1, X[:, 0].max() + 1
    y_min, y_max = X[:, 1].min() - 1, X[:, 1].max() + 1
    xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x_min, x_max, h),
                        np.arange(y_min, y_max, h))

    # Plot the decision boundary. For that, we will assign a color to each
    # point in the mesh [x_min, x_max]x[y_min, y_max].
    Z = clf.predict(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
    # Put the result into a color plot
    Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
  
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plt.figure()
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
plt.title("Decision surface of LogisticRegression (%s)" % multi_class)
plt.axis('tight')

# Plot also the training points
colors = "bry"
for i, color in zip(clf.classes_, colors):
    idx = np.where(y == i)
    plt.scatter(X[idx, 0], X[idx, 1], c=color, cmap=plt.cm.Paired,
                edgecolor='black', s=20)

# Plot the three one-against-all classifiers
xmin, xmax = plt.xlim()
ymin, ymax = plt.ylim()
coef = clf.coef_
intercept = clf.intercept_

def plot_hyperplane(c, color):
    def line(x0):
        return -(x0 * coef[c, 0]) - intercept[c] / coef[c, 1]
    plt.plot([xmin, xmax], [line(xmin), line(xmax)],
             ls="--", color=color)

for i, color in zip(clf.classes_, colors):
    plot_hyperplane(i, color)

plt.show()
```

Total running time of the script: (0 minutes 0.357 seconds)

Download Python source code:
[plot_logistic_multinomial.py](#)

Download Jupyter notebook:
[plot_logistic_multinomial.ipynb](#)

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