# Model Al Assignment: An Introduction to k-Means Clustering

Todd W. Neller, Gettysburg College Laura E. Brown, Michigan Technological University

## Why Clustering?

- In the Model Al assignment repository (<a href="http://modelai.gettysburg.edu">http://modelai.gettysburg.edu</a>), assignments available for:
  - search, genetic algorithms, constraint satisfaction, supervised learning, reinforcement learning, etc.
- Clustering is a major topic not included
- Informal EAAI-14 poll indicated greatest need for
  - unsupervised learning teaching support materials, and
  - k-Means Clustering was the best representative algorithm.
- Goal: Collect and collate resources on clustering from textbooks, general web resources, and coverage in MOOCs; develop assignments for experiential learning

## Assignment Learning Objectives

- Define unsupervised learning and distinguish it from supervised learning
- Define and implement k-means clustering
- Understand the limitations of k-means clustering
  - what are the assumptions
  - when does the method fail
- Implementation considerations
  - how to initialize cluster centers
  - how to select k
- Allow for instructor extensions
  - use of other clustering methods (hierarchical, spectral, k-medoids), apply to real-world data, etc.

## Clustering Problem

- Clustering is grouping a set of objects such that objects in the same group (i.e. cluster) are more similar to each other in some sense than to objects of different groups
- Our specific clustering problem:
  - O Given: a set of n observations  $\{x_1, x_2, ..., x_n\}$ , where each observation is a d-dimensional real vector
  - Given: a number of clusters k
  - Compute: a cluster assignment mapping  $C(x_i) \subseteq \{1, ..., k\}$  that minimizes the within cluster sum of squares (WCSS)

## k-Means Clustering Algorithm

- General algorithm:
  - $\circ$  Randomly choose k cluster centroids  $\mu_1, \mu_2, \dots \mu_k$  and arbitrarily initialize cluster assignment mapping C.
  - While remapping C from each  $\mathbf{x}_i$  to its closest centroid  $\mathbf{\mu}_j$  causes a change in C:
    - Recompute  $\mu_1, \mu_2, ..., \mu_k$  according to the new C
- In order to minimize the WCSS, we alternately:
  - $\circ$  Recompute C to minimize the WCSS holding  $\mu$ \_j fixed.
  - $\circ$  Recompute  $\mu_{j}$  to minimize the WCSS holding C fixed.
- In minimizing the WCSS, we seek a clustering that minimizes Euclidean distance variance within clusters.

## **Assignment Details**

#### Part 1

- Students will implement k-means clustering method
- Run the implementation repeatedly over a set of test cases
  - Objective 1: Define and implement k-means clustering
  - Objective 2: Understand the limitations of k-means clustering
    - what are the assumptions
    - when does the method fail

## **Assignment Details**

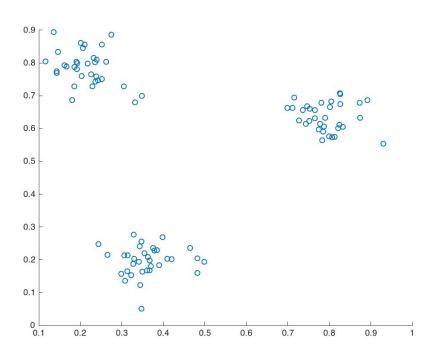
#### Part 2

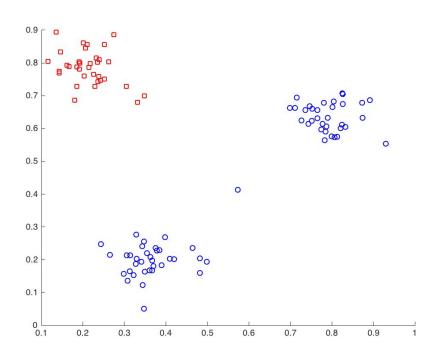
- Implement iterated k-means (10 runs, returns clustering with the lowest WCSS)
- Run the implementation repeatedly over a set of test cases
  - Objective 2: Understand the limitations of k-means clustering
    - what are the assumptions
    - when does the method fail
  - Objective 3: Implementation considerations

## **Assignment Details**

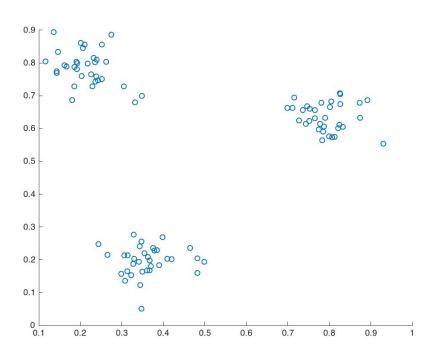
#### Part 3

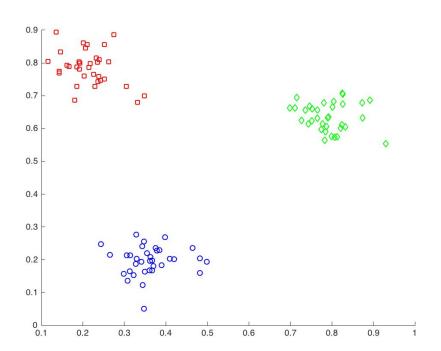
- Select best k value using simplified gap statistic (most significant logarithmic difference between uniform WCSS and observed WCSS)
- Run the implementation repeatedly over a set of test cases
  - Objective 2: Understand the limitations of k-means clustering
    - what are the assumptions
    - when does the method fail
  - Objective 3: Implementation considerations
    - how to select k



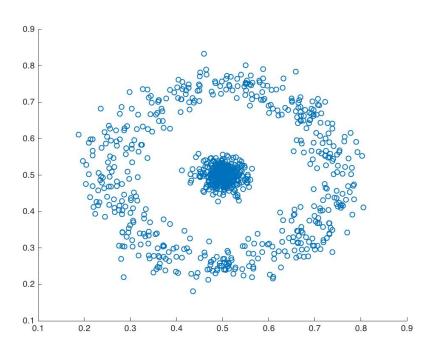


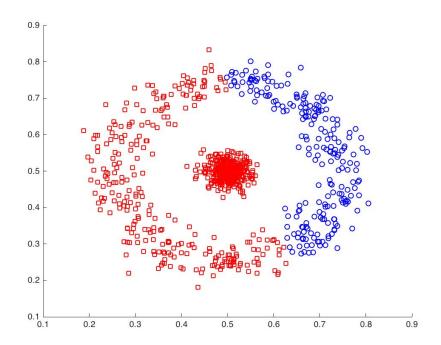
Easy Gaussian, k=2



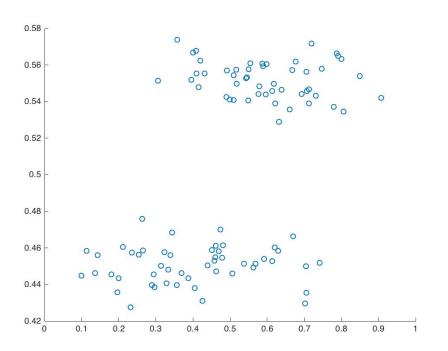


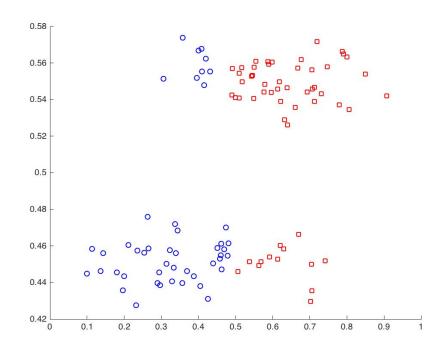
Easy Gaussian, k=3





Bullseye





Stretched Distribution

### Summary of Resources

- Slides introducing clustering
- Assignment
  - k-Means, iterated k-Means, iterated k-Means with Gap Statistic
  - data sets showing strengths and weaknesses
  - MATLAB/Octave visualization scripts
  - Learning objectives and mapping to ACM/IEEE CS2013 Curricula
- Index to excellent pre-existing resources online
  - Textbooks, websites, demos, software, videos, MOOCs
  - K-Means Clustering Notation Guide PDF to translate
- Weka tutorial with iris data demonstrating feature selection
- Real-world data sets