













 aksnzhy / xlearn

## High Performance, Easy-to-use, and Scalable Machine Learning Package

[#machine-learning](#) [#statistics](#) [#data-science](#) [#data-analysis](#) **645** commits **1** branch **0** releases **9** contributors Apache-2.0Branch: **master** ▾[New pull request](#)[Create new file](#)[Upload files](#)[Find file](#)[Clone or download ▾](#) aksnzhy update doc

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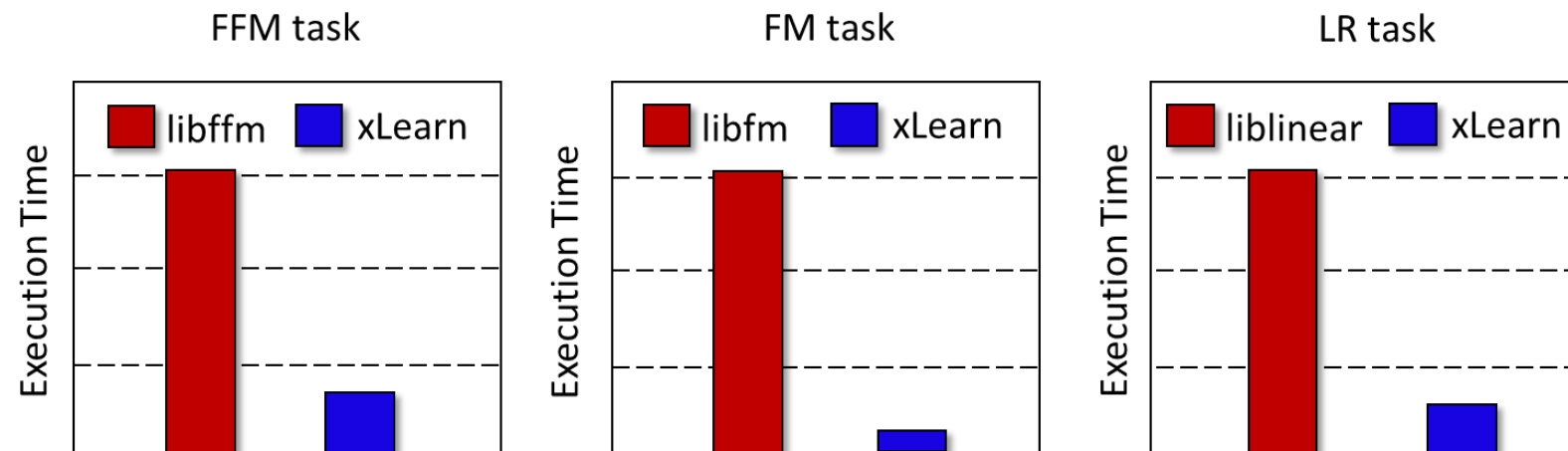
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## What is xLearn?

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xLearn is a **high performance**, **easy-to-use**, and **scalable** machine learning package, which can be used to solve large-scale classification and regression problems. If you are the user of liblinear, libfm, or libffm, now the xLearn is your another better choice. This project comes from the PKU-Cloud lab: [homepage](#)

## Performance



Test on a single MacBook Pro

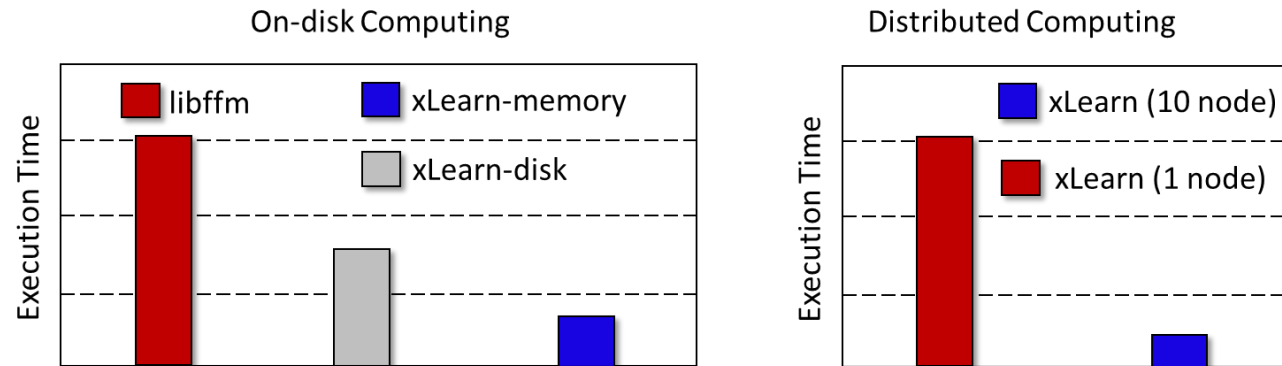
xLearn is developed by high-performance C++ code with careful design and optimizations. Our system is designed to maximize the CPU and memory utilizations, provide cache-aware computation, and support lock-free learning. By combining these insights, xLearn is 5x - 13x faster compared to the similar systems.

## Ease-of-use

```
1  import xlearn as xl
2  # Create factorization machine
3  ffm_model = xl.create_ffm()
4
5  # Set training data and validation data
6  ffm_model.setTrain("./train.txt")
7  ffm_model.setValidate("./validate.txt")
8
9  # Set hyper-parameters
10 param = { 'task': 'binary',
11           'lr' : 0.2,
12           'lambda' : 0.002,
13           'metric' : 'auc' }
14
15 # Train model
16 ffm_model.fit(param, "./model.out")
17
18 # Predict
19 ffm_model.setTest("./test.txt")
20 ffm_model.predict("./model.out", "./output.txt")
```

xLearn does not rely on any third-party library, and hence users can just clone the code and compile it by using cmake. Also, xLearn supports very simple python API for users. Apart from this, xLearn supports many useful features that has been widely used in the machine learning competitions like cross-validation, early-stop, etc.

## Scalability



xLearn can be used for solving large-scale machine learning problems. First, xLearn supports out-of-core training, which can handle very large data (TB) by just leveraging the disk of a single machine. Also, xLearn can support distributed training, which scales beyond billions of example across many machines.