Best of Vim Tips

```
zzapper 16 Years of Vi + 8+ years of Vim and still learning
20Nov15: Last Update (Now in VIM Help Format:h helptags)
### These Tips are now being maintained at zzapper.co.uk/vimtips.html
           BEGIN
         *vimtips.txt* For Vim version 7.3.
<u>Tips</u>
         " new items marked [N] , corrected items marked [C]
Home
          " *best-searching*
          /ioe/e
                                        : cursor set to End of match
Vim Tips 3/joe/e+1
                                        : find 3rd joe cursor set to End of match plus 1 [C]
         /joe/s-2
                                       : cursor set to Start of match minus 2
Blog
          /joe/+3
                                       : find joe move cursor 3 lines down
(NEW)
                                      : find joe AND fred AND Bill (Joe at start of line)
          /^joe.*fred.*bill/
                                      : search for lines beginning with one or more A-J
: search over possible multiple lines
          /^[A-J]/
ZSH
         /begin\ .*end
                                      : any whitespace including newline [C]
: Search for FRED OR JOE
          /fred\_s*joe/
                                : search for FRED OR JOE
: Search for FRED AND JOE in any ORDER!
: search for fred but not alfred or frederick [C]
: Search for exactly 4 digit numbers
: Search for exactly 4 digit numbers
         /fred\|joe
<u>Cygwin</u>
          /.*fred\&.*joe
          /\<fred\>/
VimTools /\<\d\d\d\d\>
         Buy Vim /\<\d\{4}\>
Book
Support
         /^\n\{3}
                                       : find 3 empty lines
VIM
          /^str.*\nstr
         /^str.*\nstr : find 2 successive lines starting with str
/\(^str.*\n\)\{2} : find 2 successive lines starting with str
                                       : find 2 successive lines starting with str
Submit to Social " using rexexp memory in a /\((fred\).*\((joe\)).*\2.*\1
           using rexexp memory in a search find fred.*joe.*joe.*fred *C*
           Repeating the Regexp (rather than what the Regexp finds)
Websites /^\([^,]*,\)\{8}
" visual searching
          :vmap // y/<C-R>"<CR>
                                      : search for visually highlighted text
          :vmap <silent> // y/<C-R>=escape(@", '\\/.*$^~[]')<CR><CR> : with spec chars " \zs and \ze regex delimiters :h /\zs
          /<\zs[^>]*\ze>
                                       : search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons
           zero-width :h /\@=
          /<\@<=[^>]*>\@= : search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons
/<\@<=\_[^>]*>\@= : search for tags across possible multiple lines
          searching over multiple lines \_ means including newline
          /<!--\_p\{-}-->
                                              : search for multiple line comments
          /fred\\ s*joe/
                                              : any whitespace including newline *C*
          /bugs\(\_.\)*bunny
                                              : bugs followed by bunny anywhere in file
          :h \_
                                              : help
          ' search for declaration of subroutine/function under cursor
          :nmap gx yiw/^\csub<bar>function)\s+<C-R>"<CR>
           multiple file search
          :bufdo /searchstr/
                                              : use :rewind to recommence search
           multiple file search better but cheating
          :bufdo %s/searchstr/&/gic : say n and then a to stop
           How to search for a URL without backslashing
          ?http://www.vim.org/ : (first) search BACKWARDS!!! clever huh!
           Specify what you are NOT searching for (vowels)
         find str but not on lines containing tongue
          ^\(.*tongue.*\)\@!.*nose.*$
         \v^((tongue)@!.)*nose((tongue)@!.)*$
.*nose.*\&^\%(\%(tongue\)\@!.\)*$
          :v/tongue/s/nose/&/gic
          'a,'bs/extrascost//gc
                                       : trick: restrict search to between markers (answer n) [N]
          " *best-substitution*
          :%s/fred/joe/igc
                                       : general substitute command
          :%s//joe/igc
                                       : Substitute what you last searched for [N]
          :%s/~/sue/igc
                                        : Substitute your last replacement string [N]
                                        : Delete DOS returns ^M
          " Is your Text File jumbled onto one line? use following
                                       : Turn DOS returns ^M into real returns
          :%s/\r/\r/q
          :%s= *$==
                                        : delete end of line blanks
          :%s= \+$==
                                        : Same thing
          :%s#\s*\r\?$##
                                       : Clean both trailing spaces AND DOS returns
          :%s#\s*\r*$##
                                        : same thing
          " deleting empty lines
         :%s/^\n\{3}//
:%s/^\n\+/\r/
                                       : delete blocks of 3 empty lines
                                       : compressing empty lines
                                      : delete html tags, leave text (non-greedy)
          :%s#<[^>]\+>##g
         : \$s\#<\_.\_.\_.\_.\ : delete html tags possibly multi-line (no: \$s\#.*\_.\ (\d\+hours\).*#\1# : Delete all but memorised string (\1) [N]
                                       : delete html tags possibly multi-line (non-greedy)
           parse xml/soap
          %s#><\([^/]\)#>\r<\1#g
                                        : split jumbled up XML file into one tag per line [N]
          %s/</\r&/g
                                        : simple split of html/xml/soap [N]
```

```
:%s#<[^/]#\r&#gic
                            : simple split of html/xml/soap but not closing tag [N]
:%s#<[^/]#\r&#gi
                            : parse on open xml tag [N]
:%s#\[\d\+\]#\r&#g
                            : parse on numbered array elements [1] [N]
                            : rejoin XML without extra spaces (gJ) [N]
ggVGgJ
%s=\\n#\d=\r&=q
                            : parse PHP error stack [N]
 VIM Power Substitute
:'a,'bg/fred/s/dick/joe/igc : VERY USEFUL " duplicating columns
:%s= [^ ]\+$=&&=
                            : duplicate end column
:%s= \f\+$=&&=
                            : Dupicate filename
:%s= \S\+$=&&
                            : usually the same
 ' memory
:%s#example#& = &#gic
                             : duplicate entire matched string [N]
:%s#.*\(tbl_\w\+\).*#\1#
                            : extract list of all strings tbl_* from text [NC]
                           : reverse fields separated by :
:s/\(.*\):\(.*\)/\2 : \1/
:%s/^\(.*\)\n\1$/\1/
                            : delete duplicate lines
:%s/^\(.*\)\(\n\1\)\+$/\1/
                            : delete multiple duplicate lines [N]
" non-greedy matching \{-}
:%s/^.\{-}pdf/new.pdf/
                             : delete to 1st occurence of pdf only (non-greedy)
s\#^.\{-}\([0-9]\{3,4}\) = ial\) \#1 \# c: delete up to 123 serial or 123 4 serial [N]
 use of optional atom \?
\label{eq:continuity} $$ s^{\left([y]\right)?tbl_{a-z_}}+\stylength{\cite{Continuity}} = 0. $$
 over possibly many lines
:%s/<!--\ .\{-}-->//
                            : delete possibly multi-line comments
:help /\{-}
                            : help non-greedy
 substitute using a register
                            : sub "fred" with contents of register "a"
:s/fred/<c-r>a/g
:s/fred/<c-r>asome_text<c-r>s/g
:s/fred/\=@a/g
                             : better alternative as register not displayed (not *) [C]
 multiple commands on one line
:%s/\f\+\.gif\>/\r&\r/g | v/\.gif$/d | %s/gif/jpg/
:%s/a/but/gie|:update|:next : then use 0: to repeat
" ORing
:%s/goat\|cow/sheep/gc
                            : ORing (must break pipe)
:'a,'bs#\[\|\]##g
                            : remove [] from lines between markers a and b [N]
%s/\v(.*\n){5}/\&\r
                            : insert a blank line every 5 lines [N]
" Calling a VIM function
:s/__date__/\=strftime("%c")/ : insert datestring
:inoremap \zd <C-R>=strftime("%d%b%y")<CR>
                                              : insert date eg 31Jan11 [N]
  Working with Columns sub any strl in col3
:%s:\(\(\w\+\s\+\)\{2}\)str1:\1str2:
 Swapping first & last column (4 columns)
:%s:\(\w\+\)\(.*\s\+\)\(\w\+\)$:\3\2\1:
 format a mysql query
:s#\<from\>\|\<\
" filter all form elements into paste register
:redir @*|sil exec 'g#<\(input\|select\|textarea\|/\=form\)\>#p'|redir END
:nmap ,z :redir @*<Bar>sil exec 'g@<\(input\\Sar>select\\Sar>textarea\\Sar>/\=form\)\>@p'<Bar>redir END<CR>
 substitute string in column 30 [N]
:%s/^\(.\{30\}\)xx/\1yy/
 decrement numbers by 3
:%s/\d\+/\=(submatch(0)-3)/
" increment numbers by 6 on certain lines only
:g/loc\|function/s/\d/\=submatch(0)+6/
  better
:%s#txtdev\zs\d#\=submatch(0)+1#g
:h /\zs
 increment only numbers gg\d\d by 6 (another way)
:%s/\(gg\)\@<=\d\+/\=submatch(0)+6/
:h zero-width
 rename a string with an incrementing number
:let i=10 | 'a,'bg/Abc/s/yy/\=i/ |let i=i+1 # convert yy to 10,11,12 etc
 as above but more precise
:let i=10 | 'a,'bg/Abc/s/xx\zsyy\ze/\=i/ |let i=i+1 # convert xxyy to xx11,xx12,xx13
find replacement text, put in memory, then use \zs to simplify substitute
:%s/"\([^.]\+\).*\zsxx/\1/
" Pull word under cursor into LHS of a substitute
:nmap <leader>z :%s#\<<c-r>=expand("<cword>")<cr>\>#
 Pull Visually Highlighted text into LHS of a substitute
:vmap <leader>z :<C-U>%s/\<<c-r>*\>/
  substitute singular or plural
:'a,'bs/bucket\(s\)*/bowl\1/gic
" all following performing similar task, substitute within substitution
  Multiple single character substitution in a portion of line only
:%s,\(all/.*\)\@<=/,_,g
                           : replace all / with _ AFTER "all/
 Same thing
:s#all/\zs.*#\=substitute(submatch(0), '/', '_', 'g')#
 Substitute by splitting line, then re-joining
:s#all/#&^M#|s#/#_#g|-j!
  Substitute inside substitute
\verb|:%s/.*/='cp'.submatch(0).'all/'.substitute(submatch(0),'/','_','g')/|
" *best-global* command
                            : display with line numbers (YOU WANT THIS!)
:g/gladiolli/#
:g/fred.*joe.*dick/
                            : display all lines fred, joe & dick
:g/\<fred\>/
                            : display all lines fred but not freddy
                            : delete all blank lines
:g/^\s*$/d
:g!/^dd/d
                           : delete lines not containing string
```

```
:v/^dd/d
                                : delete lines not containing string
                                : not line based (very powerfull)
:g/joe/,/fred/d
:g/fred/,/joe/j
:g/----/.-10,.d
                                : Join Lines [N]
                                : Delete string & 10 previous lines
:g/{/,/}/- s/n+/r/g
                                : Delete empty lines but only between {...}
: Delete empty lines (and blank lines ie whitespace)
:v/\s/d
:v/./,/./-j
                                : compress empty lines
:g/^$/,/./-j
                                : compress empty lines
:g/<input\|<form/p</pre>
                                : ORing
:g/^/put_
:g/^/m0
                                : double space file (pu = put)
                                : Reverse file (m = move)
:g/^/m$
                                : No effect! [N]
:'a,'bg/^/m'b
                                : Reverse a section a to b
:g/^/t.
                                : duplicate every line
:g/fred/t$
                                : copy (transfer) lines matching fred to EOF
:g/stage/t'a
                                : copy (transfer) lines matching stage to marker a (cannot use .) [C]
:g/^Chapter/t.|s/./-/g
                                : Automatically underline selecting headings [N]
:g/\(^I[^^I]*\)\{80}/d
                               : delete all lines containing at least 80 tabs
 perform a substitute on every other line
:g/^/ if line('.')%2|s/^/zz /
" match all lines containing "somestr" between markers a & b " copy after line containing "otherstr"
:'a,'bg/somestr/co/otherstr/: co(py) or mo(ve)
 as above but also do a substitution
:'a,'bg/str1/s/str1/&&&/|mo/str2/
                                : delete every other line
:%norm jdd
" incrementing numbers (type <c-a> as 5 characters)
:.,$g/^\d/exe "norm! \<c-a>": increment numbers
  'a,'bg/\d\+/norm! ^A
                             : increment numbers
 storing glob results (note must use APPEND) you need to empty reg a first with qaq.
"save results to a register/paste buffer
:y/rred/y A | :let @*=@a : put into paste buffer :g//y A | :let @*=@a : put last glob into paste buffer [N] :let @a=''|g/Barratt/y A |:let @*=@a " filter lines to a file (file
:g/fred/y A
                               : append all lines fred to register a
 filter lines to a file (file must already exist)
:'a,'bg/^Error/ . w >> errors.txt
 duplicate every line in a file wrap a print '' around each duplicate
:g/./yank|put|-1s/'/"/g|s/.*/Print '&'.
  replace string with contents of a file, -d deletes the "mark"
:g/^MARK$/r tmp.txt | -d
 display prettily
:g/<pattern>/z#.5
 \begin{array}{lll} : \texttt{g/<pattern>/z\#.5} & : \texttt{display with context} \\ : \texttt{g/<pattern>/z\#.5} | \texttt{echo} & "=======" : \texttt{display beautifully} \\ \end{array} 
  Combining g// with normal mode commands
:g/|/norm 2f|r*
                                          : replace 2nd | with a star
"send output of previous global command to a new window
:nmap <F3> :redir @a<CR>:g//<CR>:redir END<CR>:new<CR>:put! a<CR><CR>
" *Best-Global-combined-with-substitute* (*power-editing*)
:'a,'bg/fred/s/joe/susan/gic : can use memory to extend matching
:/fred/,/joe/s/fred/joe/gic : non-line based (ultra)
:/biz/,/any/g/article/s/wheel/bucket/gic: non-line based [N]
" Find fred before beginning search for joe
:/fred/;/joe/-2,/sid/+3s/sally/alley/gIC
" create a new file for each line of file eg 1.txt,2.txt,3,txt etc:g/^/exe ".w ".line(".").".txt"
" chain an external command
:.g/^/ exe ".!sed 's/N/X/'" | s/I/Q/ [N]
" Operate until string found [N]
d/fred/
                                             :delete until fred
y/fred/
                                              :yank until fred
                                             :change until fred end
c/fred/e
                                             : visualise/change/delete to column 12 [N]
v12|
" Summary of editing repeats [N]
       last edit (magic dot)
: &
        last substitute
        last substitute every line
:%&gic last substitute every line confirm
       normal mode repeat last substitute
q۶
        last substitute on all lines
q&
a a
        last recording
a :
        last command-mode command
:!!
       last :! command
        last substitute
:help repeating
" Summary of repeated searches
        last f, t, F or T
        last f, t, F or T in opposite direction
        last / or ? search
        last / or ? search in opposite direction
N
" *Absolutely-essential*
```

```
: find word under cursor (<cword>) (forwards/backwards)
                     : match brackets {}[]()
: repeat last modification
                     : colour syntax in Perl, HTML, PHP etc
:set syntax=perl : force syntax (usually taken from file extension)
:h regexp<C-D> : type control-D and get a list all help topics containing
                     regexp (plus use TAB to Step thru list)
" MAKE IT EASY TO UPDATE/RELOAD vimrc
:nmap ,s :source $VIM/ vimrc
:nmap ,v :e $VIM/_vimrc
:e $MYVIMRC
 e $MYVIMRC : edits your _vimrc whereever it might be [N] How to have a variant in your .vimrc for different PCs [N]
if $COMPUTERNAME == "NEWPC"
ab mypc vista
else
ab mypc dell25
endif
" splitting windows
:vsplit other.php
                         # vertically split current file with other.php [N]
"VISUAL MODE (easy to add other HTML Tags)
:vmap sb "zdi<b><C-R>z</b><ESC> : wrap <b>>/b> around VISUALLY selected Text
:vmap st "zdi<?= <C-R>z ?><ESC> : wrap <?= ?> around VISUALLY selected Text
"vim 7 tabs
vim -p fred.php joe.php
                                      : open files in tabs
:tabe fred.php
                                      : open fred.php in a new tab
:tab ball
                                      : tab open files
                                       : close a tab but leave the buffer *N*
:close
" vim 7 forcing use of tabs from .vimrc
:nnoremap gf <C-W>gf
:cab
          e tabe
:tab sball
                                       : retab all files in buffer (repair) [N]
" Exploring
:e .
                                  : file explorer
                                  : file explorer note capital Ex
:Exp(lore)
:Sex(plore)
                                  : file explorer in split window
:browse e
                                  : windows style browser
:ls
                                  : list of buffers
:cd ..
                                  : move to parent directory
:args
                                  : list of files
                                  : Print Working Directory (current directory) [N] : open list of files (you need this!)
: pwd
:args *.php
:lcd %:p:h
                                  : change to directory of current file
:cd :h
                             : change to directory of current file [N]
:autocmd BufEnter * lcd %:p:h : change to directory of current file automatically (put in _vimrc)
" Changing Case
quu
                                  : lowercase line
aUU
                                  : uppercase line
Vu
                                  : lowercase line
VII
                                  : uppercase line
                                  : flip case line
                                   : Upper Case Word
vEU
                                  : Flip Case Word
ggguG
                                  : lowercase entire file
  Titlise Visually Selected Text (map for .vimrc)
vmap ,c :s/<(..)/(k*)/>/u/1/L/2/g<CR>
  Title Case A Line Or Selection (better)
\label{local_vnoremap} $$ \sin 1^{\c} : s/\%V\<\(\w\)\(\w*\)\>/\u\1\L\2/ge\<cr> [N]
  titlise a line
nmap ,t :s/.*/\L&/<bar>:s/\<./\u&/g<cr> [N]
 Uppercase first letter of sentences
:%s/[.!?]\_s\+\a/\U&\E/g
                                  : open file name under cursor (SUPER)
:nnoremap gF :view <cfile><cr> : open file under cursor, create if necessary
                                  : display hex,ascii value of char under cursor
ggVGg?
                                  : rot13 whole file
ggg?G
                                  : rot13 whole file (quicker for large file)
:8 | normal VGq?
                                  : rot13 from line 8
:normal 10GVGg?
                                  : rot13 from line 8
<C-A>,<C-X>
                                  : increment, decrement number under cursor
                                    win32 users must remap CNTRL-A
< C-R > = 5 * 5
                                  : insert 25 into text (mini-calculator)
```

[&]quot; Make all other tips superfluous

```
:h 42
                : also http://www.google.com/search?q=42
:h holy-grail
" disguise text (watch out) [N]
                                 : rot13 whole file (toggles)
aqVGq?
:set rl! :g/^/m0
                                 : reverse lines right to left (toggles)
:g/^/m0 : reverse lines top to bottom (toggles) :%s/\(\<.\{-}\>\)/\=join(reverse(split(submatch(1), '.\zs')), '')/g : reverse all text *N*
" History, Markers & moving about (what Vim Remembers) [C]
                  : jump to last modification line (SUPER)
                  : jump to exact spot in last modification line
                  : cycle thru recent changes (oldest first)
g;
                  : reverse direction
:changes
:h changelist
               : help for above
                 : retrace your movements in file (starting from most recent)
                 : retrace your movements in file (reverse direction)
: list of your movements
<C-I>
:ju(mps)
:help jump-motions
: history : list of all your commands
:his c
                 : commandline history
:his s
                 : search history
                 : Search history Window (puts you in full edit mode) (exit CTRL-C)
q/
                 : commandline history Window (puts you in full edit mode) (exit CTRL-C)
q:
                 : history Window (exit CTRL-C)
:<C-F>
" Abbreviations & Maps
" Maps are commands put onto keys, abbreviations expand typed text [N] " Following 4 maps enable text transfer between VIM sessions
:map <f7> :'a,'bw! c:/aaa/x : save text to file x
       <f8>
              :r c:/aaa/x
                                       : retrieve text
:map
      <f11> :.w! c:/aaa/xr<CR>
                                       : store current line
: retrieve current line
:map
:map
      <f12> :r c:/aaa/xr<CR>
:ab php
                 : list of abbreviations beginning php
                 : list of maps beginning ,
:map ,
" allow use of F10 for mapping (win32)
                : :h winaltkeys
set wak=no
 ' For use in Maps
<CR>
                 : carriage Return for maps
<ESC>
                 : Escape
<LEADER>
                 : normally \
<BAR>
                 : | pipe
<BACKSPACE>
                 : backspace
                 : No hanging shell window
"display RGB colour under the cursor eg #445588
:nmap <leader>c :hi Normal guibg=#<c-r>=expand("<cword>")<cr><cr>
map <f2> /price only\\|versus/ :in a map need to backslash the \
  type table,,, to get  ### Cool ###
imap ,,, <esc>bdwa<<esc>pa><cr></esc>pa><esc>kA
 list current mappings of all your function keys
:for i in range(1, 12) | execute("map <F".i.">") | endfor
 for your .vimrc
"chain commands in abbreviation
cabbrev vrep tabe class.inc \| tabe report.php ## chain commands [N]
" Simple PHP debugging display all variables yanked into register a
iab phpdb exit("<hr>>Debug <C-R>a ");
" Using a register as a map (preload registers in .vimrc)
:let @m=":'a,'bs/'
:let @s=":%!sort -u"
" Useful tricks
          : execute "Vim command" in a text file
"ayy@a
AA6,
                 : same thing using unnamed register
u@.
                 : execute command JUST typed in
"ddw
                 : store what you delete in register d [N]
                 : store what you change in register c [N]
"ccaw
" Get output from other commands (requires external programs)
:r!ls -R : reads in output of ls
:put=glob('**') : same as above
:r lgree "a"
r !grep "^ebay" file.txt : grepping in content [N]
:20,25 !rot13 : rot13 lines 20 to 25 [N]
                 : same thing (but replaces/filters current line)
!!date
 ' Sorting with external sort
                 : use an external program to filter content
:%!sort -u
:'a,'b!sort -u
                : use an external program to filter content
!1} sort -u : sorts paragraph (note normal mode!!)
:g/^$/;/^$/-1!sort : Sort each block (note the crucial ;)
" Sorting with internal sort
 Sorting with internal sort
:sort /.*\%2v/ : sort all lines on second column [N]
 number lines (linux or cygwin only)
:new | r!nl #
" Multiple Files Management (Essential)
```

```
:bn
                 : goto next buffer
                 : goto previous buffer
:bp
                 : save file and move to next (super)
:wn
                 : save file and move to previous
aw:
                 : remove file from buffer list (super)
:bd
                 : Buffer unload (remove window but not from list)
:bun
:badd file.c
                 : file from buffer list
:b3
                 : go to buffer 3 [C]
                 : go to buffer with main in name eg main.c (ultra)
: Save current file as php.html and "move" to php.html
:b main
:sav php.html
                : Save Current file to alternative extension (old way)
:sav! %<.bak
                 : Save Current file to alternative extension
:sav! %:r.cfm
:sav %:s/fred/joe/ : do a substitute on file name :sav %:s/fred/joe/:r.bak2 : do a substitute on file name & ext.
:!mv % %:r.bak : rename current file (DOS use Rename or DEL)
:help filename-modifiers
                 : return to unmodified file
                : save file elsewhere
:w c:/aaa/%
:e #
                 : edit alternative file (also cntrl-^)
                 : return to beginning of edited files list (:args)
:rew
:brew
                 : buffer rewind
:sp fred.txt
                 : open fred.txt into a split
               : Split all buffers (super)
:sball,:sb
:scrollbind
                 : in each split window
      <F5> :ls<CR>:e # : Pressing F5 lists all buffer, just type number
:set hidden : Allows to change buffer w/o saving current buffer
" Quick jumping between splits
map <C-J> <C-W>j<C-W>
map <C-K> <C-W>k<C-W>
" Recording (BEST Feature of ALL)
qq # record to q
your complex series of commands
q # end recording @q to execute
00 to Repeat
500 to Repeat 5 times
                                   : Make an existing recording q recursive [N]
  editing a register/recording
"qp
                                   :display contents of register q (normal mode)
                                   :display contents of register q (insert mode)
<ctrl-R>q
 you can now see recording contents, edit as required
                                   :put changed contacts back into q
                                   :execute recording/register q
" Operating a Recording on a Visual BLOCK (blockwise)
1) define recording/register
qq:s/ to/ from/g^Mq
2) Define Visual BLOCK
V}
3) hit : and the following appears
4)Complete as follows
:'<,'>norm @q
"combining a recording with a map (to end up in command mode)
"here we operate on a file with a recording, then move to the next file [N]
:nnoremap ] @q:update<bar>bd
" Visual is the newest and usually the most intuitive editing mode
" Visual basics
                                 : enter visual mode
                                 : visual mode whole line
<C-V>
                                 : enter VISUAL BLOCKWISE mode (remap on Windows to say C-Q *C*
gv
                                 : reselect last visual area (ultra)
                                 : navigate visual area
"*y or "+y
                                 : yank visual area into paste buffer [C]
V۶
                                 : visualise what you match
V}J
                                 : Join Visual block (great)
V}gJ
                                 : Join Visual block w/o adding spaces
                                 : Highlight last insert
:%s/\%Vold/new/q
                                 : Do a substitute on last visual area [N]
" Delete 8th and 9th characters of 10 successive lines [C]
081<c-v>10j2ld (use Control Q on win32) [C]
 how to copy a set of columns using VISUAL BLOCK
" visual block (AKA columnwise selection) (NOT BY ordinary v command)
<C-V> then select "column(s)" with motion commands (win32 <C-Q>)
then c,d,y,r etc
" how to overwrite a visual-block of text with another such block [C]
" move with hjkl etc
Pick the first block: ctrl-v move y
Pick the second block: ctrl-v move P <esc>
" text objects :h text-objects
                                       : delete contiguous non whitespace
di< yi< ci<
                                       : Delete/Yank/Change HTML tag contents
```

```
da< ya< ca<
                                        : Delete/Yank/Change whole HTML tag
dat
      di+
                                        : Delete HTML tag pair
diB
                                        : Empty a function {}
      daB
das
                                        : delete a sentence
  vimrc essentials
:imap <TAB> <C-N>
                                        : set tab to complete [N]
:set incsearch : jumps to search word as you type (annoying but excellent)
:set wildignore=*.o,*.obj,*.bak,*.exe : tab complete now ignores these
:set shiftwidth=3
                                        : for shift/tabbing
                                        : set silent (no beep)
:set vb t_vb=".
:set browsedir=buffer
                                       : Maki GUI File Open use current directory
set iminsert=0 (or toggle CTRL-^) : reset "stuck" caps lock key [N]
" launching Win IE
:nmap ,f :update<CR>:silent !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe file://%:p<CR>
:nmap ,i :update<CR>: !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe <cWORD><CR>
" FTPing from VIM
cmap ,r :Nread ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
cmap ,w :Nwrite ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
gvim ftp://www.somedomain.com/index.html # uses netrw.vim
" appending to registers (use CAPITAL)
 yank 5 lines into "a" then add a further 5
"а5уу
10j
"A5yy
[I : show lines matching word under cursor <cword> (super)
" Conventional Shifting/Indenting
:'a,'b>>
" visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
:vnoremap < <gv
:vnoremap > >gv
" Block shifting (magic)
>i{
>a{
" also
>% and <%
                               : index current line same as line above [N]
_____
" Redirection & Paste register *
                              : redirect commands to paste buffer
:redir @*
:redir END
                              : end redirect
:redir >> out.txt
                              : redirect to a file
 Working with Paste buffer
"*уу
                              : yank current line to paste
                               : insert from paste buffer
" yank to paste buffer (ex mode)
:'a,'by*
                              : Yank range into paste
:%y*
                              : Yank whole buffer into paste
: · y*
                              : Yank Current line to paster
 filter non-printable characters from the paste buffer
" useful when pasting from some gui application
:nmap <leader>p :let 0* = substitute(0*,'[^[:print:]]','','g')<cr>"*p
                              : prevent vim from formatting pasted in text *N*
:set paste
" Re-Formatting text
                               : Format a paragraph
qq}
                              : Format a paragraph
ggap
ggVGgq
                               : Reformat entire file
" break lines at 70 chars, if possible after a;
:s/.\{,69\};\s*\|.\{,69\}\s\+/&\r/g
" Operate command over multiple files
:argdo %s/foo/bar/e
                              : operate on all files in :args
:bufdo %s/foo/bar/e
:windo %s/foo/bar/e
:argdo exe '%!sort'|w! : include an external command :bufdo exe "normal @q" | w : perform a recording on open files
:silent bufdo !zip proj.zip %:p : zip all current files
" Command line tricks
gvim -h
                            : help
ls | gvim - : edit a stream!! cat xx \mid gvim - -c \ "v/^dd|^[3-9]/d \ " : filter a stream
gvim -o file1 file2 : open into a horizontal split (file1 on top, file2 on bottom) [C]
gvim -O file1 file2
                            : open into a vertical split (side by side, for comparing code) [N]
  execute one command after opening file
gvim.exe -c "/main" joe.c : Open joe.c & jump to "main"
" execute multiple command on a single file
vim -c "%s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" file1.c
  execute multiple command on a group of files
vim -c "argdo %s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" *.c
 remove blocks of text from a series of files
```

```
vim -c "argdo /begin/+1,/end/-1g/^/d | update" *.c
 Automate editing of a file (Ex commands in convert.vim)
vim -s "convert.vim" file.c
"load VIM without .vimrc and plugins (clean VIM) e.g. for HUGE files
gvim -u NONE -U NONE -N
 Access paste buffer contents (put in a script/batch file)
gvim -c 'normal ggdG"*p' c:/aaa/xp
 print paste contents to default printer
gvim -c 's/^/\=@*/|hardcopy!|q!'
 gvim's use of external grep (win32 or *nix)
:!grep somestring *.php : creates a list of all matching files [C]
 use :cn(ext) :cp(rev) to navigate list
:h grep
' Using vimgrep with copen
                                                           [N]
:vimgrep /keywords/ *.php
" GVIM Difference Function (Brilliant)
gvim -d file1 file2
                      : vimdiff (compare differences)
                            : "put" difference under cursor to other file
ďρ
                            : "get" difference under cursor from other file
do
[ C
                            : jump backwards to change
                            : jump forwards to change
]C
:set diffopt+=icase
                            : switch case sensitivity on and off
" complex diff parts of same file [N]
:1,2yank a | 7,8yank b
:tabedit | put a | vnew | put b
:windo diffthis
" Vim traps
In regular expressions you must backslash + (match 1 or more)
In regular expressions you must backslash | (or)
In regular expressions you must backslash ( (group) In regular expressions you must backslash { (count)
/fred\+/
                           : matches fred/freddy but not free
/\(fred\)\{2,3}/
                            : note what you have to break
" \v or very magic (usually) reduces backslashing
/codes((n)/s)*where : normal regexp
/\vcodes(\n|\s)*where
                        : very magic
" pulling objects onto command/search line (SUPER)
<C-R><C-W>: pull word under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R><C-A> : pull WORD under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R>-
                         : pull small register (also insert mode)
(C-R)[0-9a-z]
                        : pull named registers (also insert mode)
<C-R>%
                         : pull file name (also #) (also insert mode)
                        : pull contents of a variable (eg :let sray="ray[0-9]")
<C-R>=somevar
" List your Registers
          : display contents of all registers
                 : display content of register a
:reg a
:reg 12a
                 : display content of registers 1,2 & a [N]
                 : retrieve 5th "ring"
"5p
"1p....
                 : retrieve numeric registers one by one
"lp.... : retrieve numeric legisters one 21
:let @y='yy@"' : pre-loading registers (put in .vimrc)
qqq : empty register "q"
qaq : empty register "a"
:reg .-/%:*"
                 : the seven special registers [N]
:reg 0
                 : what you last yanked, not affected by a delete [N]
                 : Delete to blackhole register "_ , don't affect any register [N]
" manipulating registers
:let @a=@_
:let @a=""
                        : clear register a
                        : clear register a
:let @a=@"
                         : Save unnamed register [N]
:let @*=@a
                        : copy register a to paste buffer
:let @*=@:
                         : copy last command to paste buffer
                        : copy last search to paste buffer
:let @*=@/
                        : copy current filename to paste buffer
:let @*=@%
" help for help (USE TAB)
:h quickref
                         : VIM Quick Reference Sheet (ultra)
                        : Vim's own Tips Help
:h tips
:h visual<C-D><tab>
                         : obtain list of all visual help topics
                        : Then use tab to step thru them
                        : list help of all control keys
: grep HELP Files use :cn, :cp to find next
:h ctrl<C-D>
:helpg uganda
:helpgrep edit.*director: grep help using regexp
                         : help for :ex command
:h CTRL-R
                         : normal mode
:h /\r
                         : what's \r in a regexp (matches a <CR>)
:h \\zs
                        : double up backslash to find \zs in help
                        : help for say <C-R> in insert mode
: help for say <C-R> in command mode
:h i CTRL-R
:h c CTRL-R
:h v_CTRL-V
                        : visual mode
:h tutor
                         : VIM Tutor
                        : jump to {keyword} under cursor in help file [C]
<C-1>
                : Move back & Forth in HELP History
<C-[>, <C-T>
```

```
qvim -h
                     : VIM Command Line Help
:cabbrev h tab help
                     : open help in a tab [N]
" where was an option set
:scriptnames
                      : list all plugins,
                                          vimrcs loaded (super)
:verbose set history? : reveals value of history and where set
" making your own VIM help
:helptags /vim/vim64/doc : rebuild all *.txt help files in /doc
:help add-local-help
 save this page as a VIM Help File [N]
                                      _BEGIN__/d|:/^__END__/,$d|:w!|:helptags $VIMRUNTIME/doc
:sav! $VIMRUNTIME/doc/vimtips.txt|:1,/
" running file thru an external program (eg php)
    <f9>
           :update<CR>:!c:/php/php.exe %<CR>
:update<CR>:!perl -c %<CR>
    <f2>
map
" capturing output of current script in a separate buffer
                      : opens new buffer, read other buffer
:new | r!perl #
:new! x.out | r!perl #
                                : same with named file
:new+read!ls
" create a new buffer, paste a register "q" into it, then sort new buffer
:new +put q|%!sort
" Inserting DOS Carriage Returns
automatically delete trailing Dos-returns, whitespace
autocmd BufRead * silent! %s/[\r \t]\+$//
autocmd BufEnter *.php :%s/[ \t\r]\+$//e
' perform an action on a particular file or file type
autocmd VimEnter c:/intranet/note011.txt normal! ggVGg?
autocmd FileType *.pl exec('set fileformats=unix')
" Retrieving last command line command for copy & pasting into text
 Retrieving last Search Command for copy & pasting into text
i<c-r>/
" more completions
<C-X><C-F>
                                :insert name of a file in current directory
 Substituting a Visual area
 select visual area as usual (:h visual) then type :s/Emacs/Vim/ etc
:'<,'>s/Emacs/Vim/g
                             : REMEMBER you dont type the '<.'>
                                : Re-select the previous visual area (ULTRA)
" inserting line number into file
:g/^/exec "s/^/".strpart(line(".")."
:%s/^/\=strpart(line(".")." ", 0, 5)
                                    ", 0, 4)
:%s/^/\=strpart(line(".")."
:%s/^/\=line('.').
" *numbering lines VIM way*
                                : show line numbers
:set number
"numbering lines (need Perl on PC) starting from arbitrary number :'a,'b!perl -pne 'BEGIN{$a=223} substr($_,2,0)=$a++'
 Produce a list of numbers
" Type in number on line say 223 in an empty file
qqmnYP`n^Aq
                                : in recording q repeat with @q
 increment existing numbers to end of file (type <c-a> as 5 characters)
:.,$g/^\d/exe "normal! \<c-a>"
 advanced incrementing
http://vim.sourceforge.net/tip_view.php?tip_id=150
" *advanced incrementing* (really useful)
" put following in _vimrc
let g:I=0
function! INC(increment)
let g:I =g:I + a:increment
return q:I
endfunction
 eg create list starting from 223 incrementing by 5 between markers a,b
:let I=223
:'a,'bs/^/\=INC(5)/
" create a map for INC
*generate a list of numbers* 23-64
o23<ESC>qqYp<C-A>q40@q
                                : get the original vim command on a mapped key [N]
```

```
" editing/moving within current insert (Really useful)
<C-U>
                                : delete all entered
<C-W>
                                : delete last word
<HOME><END>
                               : beginning/end of line
<C-LEFTARROW><C-RIGHTARROW>
                                : jump one word backwards/forwards
                                : scroll while staying put in insert
<C-X><C-E>, <C-X><C-Y>
#encryption (use with care: DON'T FORGET your KEY)
                                : you will be prompted for a key
:h :X
" modeline (make a file readonly etc) must be in first/last 5 lines
// vim:noai:ts=2:sw=4:readonly:
 vim:ft=html:
                                : savs use HTML Syntax highlighting
:h modeline
" Creating your own GUI Toolbar entry
amenu Modeline.Insert\ a\ VIM\ modeline <Esc><Esc>ggOvim:ff=unix ts=4 ss=4<CR>vim60:fdm=marker<esc>gg
" A function to save word under cursor to a file
function! SaveWord()
  normal viw
  exe ':!echo '.@0.' >> word.txt'
endfunction
map ,p :call SaveWord()
" function to delete duplicate lines
function! Del()
if getline(".") == getline(line(".") - 1)
  norm dd
 endif
endfunction
:g/^/ call Del()
" Digraphs (non alpha-numerics)
:digraphs
                                : display table
:h dig
                                : help
i<C-K>e'
                                : enters é
i<C-V>233
                                : enters é (Unix)
                                : enters é (Win32)
i<C-Q>233
                                : View hex value of any character
#Deleting non-ascii characters (some invisible)
:%s/[€-ÿ]//gi
                                : Should see a black square & a dotted y
:%s/[<C-V>128-<C-V>255<C-V>01-<C-V>31]//gi : All pesky non-asciis
:exec "norm /[\x00-\x1f\x80-\xff]/"
                                        : same thing
#Pull a non-ascii character onto search bar
y1/<C-R>
/[^a-zA-Z0-9_[:space:][:punct:]] : search for all non-ascii
" All file completions grouped (for example main_c.c)
:e main_<tab>
                               : tab completes
gf
                                : open file under cursor (normal)
main_<C-X><C-F>
                                : include NAME of file in text (insert mode)
" Complex Vim
" swap two words
swap two words
:vnoremap <C-X> <Esc>`.``qvP``P
 Swap word with next word
nmap <silent> gw "_yiw:s/\(\%#\w\+\)\(\_W\+\)\(\w\+\)/\3\2\1/<cr><c-o><c-l> [N]
" Convert Text File to HTML
:runtime! syntax/2html.vim
                               : convert txt to html
" VIM has internal grep
:grep some_keyword *.c
                               : get list of all c-files containing keyword
:cn
                               : go to next occurrence
" Force Syntax coloring for a file that has no extension .pl
:set syntax=perl
 Remove syntax coloring (useful for all sorts of reasons)
:set syntax off
 change coloring scheme (any file in ~vim/vim??/colors)
:colorscheme blue
:colorscheme morning
                       : good fallback colorscheme *N*
 Force HTML Syntax highlighting by using a modeline
# vim:ft=html:
" Force syntax automatically (for a file with non-standard extension)
au BufRead,BufNewFile */Content.IE?/* setfiletype html
 make cursor standout against highlighted text for vim terminal (linux) [N]
:highlight search term=reverse ctermbg=5 \,
:highlight Normal guibg=white
                               : restore white background [N]
:set noma (non modifiable) : Prevents modifications
```

```
: Protect a file from unintentional writes
:set ro (Read Only)
" Sessions (Open a set of files)
gvim file1.c file2.c lib/lib.h lib/lib2.h : load files for "session"
                                 : Make a Session file (default Session.vim)
:mksession MySession.vim
                                  : Make a Session file named file [C]
gvim -S
                                 : Reload all files (loads Session.vim) [C]
gvim -S MySession.vim
                                 : Reload all files from named session [C]
#tags (jumping to subroutines/functions)
                                  : popular plugin
:Tlist
                                  : display Tags (list of functions)
                                  : jump to function under cursor
<C-1>
" columnise a csv file for display only as may crop wide columns
:let width = 20
:let fill=' ' | while strlen(fill) < width | let fill=fill.fill | endwhile</pre>
:s/\([^;]*\);\=/\=strpart(submatch(1).fill, 0, width)/ge
:%s/\s\+$//ge
" Highlight a particular csv column (put in .vimrc)
function! CSVH(x)
   execute 'match Keyword /^\([^,]*,\)\{'.a:x.'}\zs[^,]*/' execute 'normal ^'.a:x.'f,'
endfunction
command! -nargs=1 Csv :call CSVH(<args>)
 call with
:Csv 5
                                   : highlight fifth column
zflG : fold everything before this line [N]
 folding : hide sections to allow easier comparisons
zf}
                                  : fold paragraph using motion
v}zf
                                  : fold paragraph using visual
zf'a
                                  : fold to mark
                                  : open fold
zo
                                  : re-close fold
 also visualise a section of code then type zf [N]
:help folding
zfG : fold everything after this line [N]
" displaying "non-asciis"
:set list
:h listchars
" How to paste "normal vim commands" w/o entering insert mode
:norm qqy$jq
" manipulating file names
:h filename-modifiers
                                  : help
:w %
                                  : write to current file name
:w %:r.cfm
                                  : change file extention to .cfm
:!echo %:p
                                  : full path & file name
:!echo %:p:h
                                  : full path only
:!echo %:t
                                  : filename only
:reg %
                                  : display filename
                                  : insert filename (insert mode)
<C-R>%
"%p
                                  : insert filename (normal mode)
/<C-R>%
                                  : Search for file name in text
" delete without destroying default buffer contents
                                  : what you've ALWAYS wanted
 d
" dw
                                  : eg delete word (use blackhole)
" pull full path name into paste buffer for attachment to email etc
nnoremap <F2> :let @*=expand("%:p")<cr> :unix
nnoremap <F2> :let @*=substitute(expand("%:p"), "/", "\\", "g")<cr> :win32
" Simple Shell script to rename files w/o leaving vim
$ vim
:r! ls *.c
:%s/\(.*\).c/mv & \1.bla
:w !sh
:a!
" count words/lines in a text file
                                       # counts words
:echo line("'b")-line("'a")
                                       # count lines between markers a and b [N]
:'a,'bs/^//n
                                       # count lines between markers a and b
:'a,'bs/somestring//gn
                                       # count occurences of a string
:s/,/,/gn
                                       # count commas in a line (csv/parameters)
" example of setting your own highlighting
:syn match DoubleSpace "
:hi def DoubleSpace guibg=#e0e0e0
" reproduce previous line word by word
imap ] @@@<ESC>hhkyWjl?@@@<CR>P/@@@<CR>3s
nmap ] i@@@<ESC>hhkyWjl?@@@<CR>P/@@@<CR>3s
" Programming keys depending on file type
```

```
:autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F1> :!latex %<CR>
:autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F2> :!xdvi -hush %<.dvi&<CR>
 allow yanking of php variables with their dollar [N]
:autocmd bufenter *.php :set iskeyword+=\$
" reading Ms-Word documents, requires antiword (not docx)
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set ro
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set hlsearch!
:autocmd BufReadPost *.doc %!antiword "%"
" a folding method
vim: filetype=help foldmethod=marker foldmarker=<<<,>>>
A really big section closed with a tag <<<
--- remember folds can be nested ---
Closing tag >>>
" Return to last edit position (You want this!) [N]
autocmd BufReadPost *
   \ if line("'\"") > 0 && line("'\"") <= line("$") |</pre>
        exe "normal! g`\"" |
     \ endif
" store text that is to be changed or deleted in register a
"act<
                                       : Change Till < [N]
"installing/getting latest version of vim on Linux (replace tiny-vim) [N]
yum install vim-common vim-enhanced vim-minimal
# using gVIM with Cygwin on a Windows PC
if has('win32')
source $VIMRUNTIME/mswin.vim
behave mswin
set shell=c:\\cygwin\\bin\\bash.exe shellcmdflag=-c shellxquote=\"
endif
" *Just Another Vim Hacker JAVH*
vim -c ":%s%s*%Cyrnfr)fcbafbe[Oenz(Zbbyranne%|:%s)[[()])-)Ig|norm Vg?"
vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:
"Read Vimtips into a new vim buffer
:silent r ! lynx -dump "http://zzapper.co.uk/vimtips.html" [N]
 read webpage source html into vim
gvim http://www.zzapper.co.uk/vimtips.html &
updated version at http://www.zzapper.co.uk/vimtips.html
Please email any errors, tips etc to
vim@rayninfo.co.uk
 Information Sources
www.vim.org
Vim Wiki *** VERY GOOD *** [N]
Vim Use VIM newsgroup [N]
comp.editors
groups.yahoo.com/group/vim "VIM" specific newsgroup
<u>VIM Webring</u>
VimTips PDF Version (PRINTABLE!)
<u>Vimtips in Belarusian</u>
" : commands to neutralise < for HTML display and publish
" use yy@" to execute following commands
:w!|sav! vimtips.html|:/^__BEGIN__/,/^__END__/s#<#\<#g|:w!|:!vimtipsftp
```