## **Lecture 05 - Open Ecosystems and Governance**

# **Open Ecosystems and Governance**

Mali Konstad Brødreskift - IN 4150 - 18.09.2023

malikb@ifi.uio.no

## **©**\* Agenda

- The story of Wikipedia and the Wikimedia movement
- Governance in open ecosystems
- Challenges & opportunities in global digital platform ecosystems

## Course Learning Goals

- · Analyze and evaluate digital ecosystems
- · Reflect critically on socially relevant challenges with global platforms

## The Birth of Wikipedia

### From Books to Wikis

- Encyclopedic knowledge used to be confined to books
- · Challenges:
  - Accessibility
  - Bias: Who decides what's "encyclopedic"?

## **Key Innovators**

- · Ward Cunningham: Invented wiki tech (collaborative editing)
- Jimmy Wales & Larry Sanger: Combined wiki with idea of open encyclopedia → Wikipedia (2001)

## Wikipedia & the Wikimedia Ecosystem

## Wikipedia

- · The encyclopedia
- Exists in independent language versions, each with its own community and governance

### Wikimedia

- The ecosystem
- Includes 13 sibling platforms (e.g., Wikidata, Commons)
- Managed by the Wikimedia Foundation (WMF)
- Supported by:
  - Donations
  - Endowment fund
  - Wikimedia Enterprise
- Value creation: Done by volunteers (280,000+)

# → What is an Open Ecosystem?

· Open: Anyone can participate

- · Relies on volunteers
- · Governed by interactions and architecture, not hierarchy

## **Our Contract of C**

### What is Governance?

A complex framework of rules, functions, and power dynamics that shapes behavior, decision-making, and resource allocation in groups.

## Wikipedia's Governance Challenge:

How to coordinate 280,000 volunteers?

## **■ Governance in Online Social Production**

(Aaltonen & Lanzara, 2001-2009)

### **Research Question:**

How does collective governance capability emerge and evolve?

### Method:

- Descriptive stats from 350 M edits (2001–2010)
- Narrative based on 3 development phases

## Three Governance Phases

- 1. Quantity over Quality (Early stage)
  - · "Ignore all rules"
  - Focus on contribution
  - · Routines: writing, reverting, discussion
- 2. Sharpening Routines (Rapid growth)
  - Avoid editing wars
  - Featured articles to boost quality
- 3. Maintenance & Quality Control (Stabilization)
  - Flagged revisions
  - Bots for automation

## **Q** Governance Through Interaction

- Rules and norms emerged from user interaction
- Governance is:
  - Embedded in platform architecture
  - Driven by volunteer routines
  - · Dependent on sustained community effort

## What's Missing on Wikipedia?

- Only ~20% of biographies are about women
- Geographic imbalance (e.g., more articles on Paris than Africa)
- · Colonial bias in descriptions of Indigenous cultures
- · Oral knowledge not easily integrated

## ? Who Decides What's Encyclopedic?

- How to encourage contributions in missing languages and topics?
- How to support knowledge equity?

# 🌻 Governance as Gardening (Poetic Analogy)

Like a garden, an ecosystem requires nurturing, patience, and respect We can till, water, remove weeds—but we can't force it to grow

## **Two Types of Governance**

### 1. Content Governance

- · Happens on-platform
- · Rules for creating and moderating content
- May vary across language communities

### 2. Contributor Governance

- · Happens off-platform
- Includes:
  - Events
  - Courses
  - Tech development
  - Supporting new communities

## inclusive Participation

What enables or limits participation of underrepresented groups?

### **Example:**

- Wayuu & Dagbani Wikimedians
  - Adapting practices to local culture can encourage inclusion
  - · Some embedded routines inhibit new contributors unnecessarily

## Transnational Communities of Practice

### **Research Question:**

How do global digital communities scale and address grand challenges?

### **Example:**

- · Three gender gap initiatives:
  - · Same goal, different governance strategies
  - All succeeded in different ways

## **Insight:**

- · Different communities need different approaches
- No "one-size-fits-all" governance model

## Reflection Questions

- · What is Wikipedia to new generations who never used physical encyclopedias?
- How will Wikipedia evolve with the global expansion of its communities?
- · What is the role of Wikipedia in the age of Al?

# **▼** Key Takeaways

- An ecosystem = network of platforms, contributors, and governance
- Open ecosystems evolve organically through practice and need
- Governance is both relational and collaborative
- The structure must adapt to support diversity and inclusion

# **Coming Up:**

Seminar on Friday – to be continued!

Thank you!