### Arduino - ez switch lib Crib Sheet

### **Library Class Initiation**

Class Name: Switches

Class Initiation Syntax: Switches my switches (num switches);

where 'my\_switches' is <u>any</u> name you wish to use for your project and 'num\_switches' is the number of switches you will be defining. For example:

```
    Switches my_switches(1); // define 1 switch
    #define max_switches 8
        Switches console(max_switches);
    #define num_buttons 4
        #define num_toggles 3
        Switches ms(num_buttons + num_toggles);
    etc
```

declare the class instance early in your code, for example after any switch data but prior to the setup() function

#### Available User Accessible Library Macros Definitions

#define	Value	Associated Functions	Comments	
button_switch	1	-	differentiates switch type	
toggle_switch	2	-	differentiates switch type	
circuit_C1	INPUT	-	switch circuit requires an external pull down 10k ohm resistor	
circuit_C2	INPUT_PULLUP	_	switch circuit requires no other components beyond the switch	
switched	true	read_switch,	signifies switch has been pressed/switch cycle complete; note the not switched is	
		read_button_switch,	!switched	
		read_toggle_switch		
on	true	_	used for toggle switch status; note that off is !on	
not_used	true	_	helps self document code	
add_failure	-1	add_switch	add_switch could not insert a given switch, i.e. no space left	
bad_params	-2	add_switch	invalid add_switch parameters	
link_success	0	link_switch_to_output	output successfully linked to given switch	
link_failure	-1	link_switch_to_output	output pin could not be linked to given switch	

# Available User Accessible Library Variables

Switch Control Sruct(ure)	Purpose	
struct switch_control {	the core of the library – configs and current status of all declared switches	
<pre>byte switch_type;</pre>	type of switch connected	
<pre>byte switch_pin;</pre>	digital input pin assigned to the switch	
<pre>byte switch_circuit_type;</pre>	the type of circuit wired to the switch	
<pre>bool switch_on_value;</pre>	used for BUTTON SWITCHES only - defines what "on" means	
<pre>bool switch_pending;</pre>	records if switch in transition or not	
<pre>long unsigned int switch_db_start;</pre>	records debounce start time when associated switch starts transition	
<pre>bool switch_status;</pre>	used for TOGGLE SWITCHES only - current state of toggle switch	
<pre>byte switch_out_pin;</pre>	the digital output pin mapped to this switch, if any	
<pre>bool switch_out_pin_status;</pre>	the status of the mapped output pin	
} *switches;	memory will be created when class is initiated	

Other Variables	Purpose		
<pre>byte last_switched_id;</pre>	the switch_id of the last switch to be actuated. Use this in any interrupt service routine to know which		
	switch has been actuated		

# Available User Accessible Library Functions

Function	Parameters	Value(s) Returned By Functions	Comments	
int add_switch	<pre>(byte sw_type,   byte sw_pin,   byte circ_type);</pre>	add_failure (-1), bad_params (-2)	will add the specified switch to the switch control struct(ure), after which it will be available for reading	
<pre>int link_switch_to_output</pre>	<pre>(byte switch_id,   byte output_pin,   bool HorL);</pre>	<pre>link_success ( 0), link_failure (-1)</pre>	will link the specified digital output pin to the specified switch_id, setting the output to the specified initial value (Horl)	
<pre>int num_free_switch_slots</pre>	none	>= 0	number of free switch slots remaining unused in the switch control structure	
bool read_switch	(byte sw_id);	<pre>switched (true), !switched(!true)</pre>	will read the specified switch, irrespective of its type; will also switch(invert) ant linked output pin	
bool read_button_switch	(byte sw_id);	<pre>switched (true), !switched(!true)</pre>	will read the specified button switch.  NO linked output switching(inverting) will occur	
bool read_toggle_switch	(byte sw_id);	<pre>switched (true), !switched(!true)</pre>	will read the specified toggle switch.  NO linked output switching(inverting) will occur	
<pre>void print_switch</pre>	(byte sw_id);	_	prints the switch control data for the specified switch_id	
<pre>void print_switches</pre>	none	_	prints the switch control data for all declared switches	
<pre>void set_debounce</pre>	(int period);	_	sets global debounce period to given millisecs	

```
1.
     Switches my switches (1); // define 1 switch
     byte switch id = my switches.add switch(toggle switch, 8, circuit C1);
     if (switch id < 0) {
       // error creating a switch!
        . . .
     } else {
       if (my switches.link switch to output(switch id, LED BUILTIN, LOW)) == link failure {
         // error linking to output!
     // switch successfully created and linked
2.
     #define max switches 8
     byte switch ids[max switches];
     Switches console(max switches);
     for (byte sw = 0;sw < max switches;sw++) {</pre>
       byte switch id = console.add switch(button switch, 2 + sw, circuit C2);
       if (switch id \geq 0) {
         // switch added
         switch ids[sw] = switch id; // record switch's id for later use
       } else {
         // error creating a switch!
3.
       if (my switches.read switch(switch id) == switched) {
         // switch has been actuated
     } while (true);
4.
     do{
       if (my switches.read button switch(switch id) == switched) {
         // switch has been actuated
     } while (true);
   if (console.switches[switch id].switch pending == true) {
5.
       // switch is in transition, waiting for completion of switching cycle
6.
    if (console.switches[switch id].switch type == toggle switch &&
         console.switches[switch id].switch status == on) {
       // this is a toggle switch which is currently on
     }
```