Combinatorics HW5 Daniel Son

Counting Derangements A derangement is a permutation of the set where no elements are fixed. We define D_n to be the number of derangements of the cannonical set [n]. By the inclusion-exclusion principle, we derive

$$D_n = n! \left(1 - \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{1}{n!} \right)$$

By the alternating series test, we conclude

$$D_n = \left\{ \frac{n!}{e} \right\}$$