HLS: Park Inverse

1.0

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Contents

1	Intro	duction	n	1
2	Viva	do HLS	S Report for 'Park_Inverse'	3
3	File	Index		9
	3.1	File Lis	st	9
4	File	Docum	pentation	11
	4.1	doxyge	en/src/main_page.dox File Reference	11
	4.2	doxyge	en/src/Park_Inverse_csynth.dox File Reference	11
	4.3	park_ii	nverse.cpp File Reference	11
		4.3.1	Detailed Description	11
		4.3.2	Function Documentation	12
			4.3.2.1 Park_Inverse()	12
	4.4	park_ii	nverse.h File Reference	13
		4.4.1	Detailed Description	13
		4.4.2	Macro Definition Documentation	14
			4.4.2.1 MAX_LIM	14
			4.4.2.2 MIN_LIM	14
		4.4.3	Function Documentation	14
			4.4.3.1 Park_Inverse()	14
	4.5	sin_co	os_table.h File Reference	16
		4.5.1	Detailed Description	16
		4.5.2	Variable Documentation	16
			4521 cos table	16

ii CONTENTS

		4.5.2.2	sin_table				 	 		 					 16
4.6	test_pa	ark_inverse	.cpp File	Referer	nce .		 	 		 					 16
	4.6.1	Detailed [Descriptio	n			 	 		 					 17
	4.6.2	Macro De	finition Do	ocumer	ntation	١	 	 		 					 17
		4.6.2.1	M_PI .				 	 		 					 18
		4.6.2.2	TEST_S	IZE .			 	 		 					 18
	4.6.3	Function I	Documen	tation			 	 		 					 18
		4.6.3.1	main()				 	 		 					 18
	4.6.4	Variable D	Oocument	ation			 	 		 					 19
		4.6.4.1	Vd				 	 		 					 19
		4.6.4.2	Vq				 	 		 					 19
Index															21

Chapter 1

Introduction

Function

This IP core, implemented in the form of a C function with Vivado HLS, realizes the inverse Park's transform used in the field-oriented control (FOC) method. It transforms the input AXI4-Stream, consisting of values V_d , V_q and θ , to the output AXI4-Stream, consisting of values V_α , V_β and θ by using the following equations:

$$V_{\alpha} = V_d \cos \theta - V_q \sin \theta, \tag{1.1}$$

$$V_{\beta} = V_d \sin \theta + V_q \cos \theta, \tag{1.2}$$

Implementation

Applicable Devices

This HLS C function and generated IP core can be used on any Xilinx devices supported by Vivado HLS.

Synthesis Report

The target device used for synthesis is xc7z020clg400-1.

See the chapter Vivado HLS Report for 'Park_Inverse' for the synthesis report, including the following:

- · Estimates of the used primitives in the section "Utilization Estimates".
- Timing performance estimates in the section "Performance Estimates" for the following:
 - Maximum clock frequency.
 - Latency, both minimum and maximum.
 - Interval, both minimum and maximum.
- RTL interfaces, including AXI4-Stream interfaces and additional RTL ports added by the HLS synthesis, in the section "Interface".

2 Introduction

Interface

The interface described in the form of a C function is as follows:

```
void Park_Inverse(
    hls::stream<int64_t> &inputStream,
    hls::stream<int64_t> &outputStream);
```

See the description of the function Park_Inverse() for the encoding of the input and output streams.

Simulation

A C-based testbench for C/RTL cosimulation is in the file test_park_inverse.cpp.

Tools

Vivado HLS is needed for C to RTL synthesis, for C simulation and for IP packaging (export). The function itself can be implemented with Vivado.

Doxygen is used for generating documentation from the comments included in the C source code.

Tool	Version	Notes
Vivado HLS	2017.1	Synthesis, C simulation, RTL export
Vivado	2017.1	Implementation
Doxygen	1.8.11	Documentation extraction
MiKTeX	2.9	PDF generation

Chapter 2

Vivado HLS Report for 'Park_Inverse'

Date:	Wed Jun 14 15:16:43 2017
Version:	2017.1 (Build 1846317 on Fri Apr 14 19:19:38 MDT 2017)
Project:	Park_Inverse
Solution:	solution1
Product	zynq
family:	
Target	xc7z020clg400-1
device:	

Performance Estimates

Timing (ns)

Table 2.2 Summary

Clock	Target	Estimated	Uncertainty
ap_clk	10.00	8.45	1.25

Latency (clock cycles)

Table 2.3 Summary

Latency			Interv	Pipeline		
min	max		min	max		Туре
6	6		7	7		none

Detail

Instance: N/A

Loop: N/A

Utilization Estimates

Table 2.4 Summary

Name	BRAM_18K	DSP48E	FF	LUT
DSP	-	4	-	-
Expression	-	-	0	104
FIFO	-	-	-	-
Instance	-	-	-	-
Memory	2	-	0	0
Multiplexer	-	-	-	107
Register	-	-	515	-
Total	2	4	515	211
Available	280	220	106400	53200
Utilization (%)	~0	1	~0	~0

Detail

Instance: N/A

Table 2.5 DSP48

Instance	Module	Expression
Park_Inverse_mac_eOg_U2	Park_Inverse_mac_eOg	i0 - i1 * i2
Park_Inverse_mac_fYi_U3	Park_Inverse_mac_fYi	i0 + i1 * i2
Park_Inverse_mul_dEe_U0	Park_Inverse_mul_dEe	i0 * i1
Park_Inverse_mul_dEe_U1	Park_Inverse_mul_dEe	i0 * i1

Table 2.6 Memory

Memory	Module	BRAM_18K	FF	LUT	Words	Bits	Banks	W∗Bits∗⊷
								Banks
cos_table <i>←</i> _U	Park_← Inverse_cos← _bkb	1	0	0	1000	16	1	16000
sin_table_U	Park_← Inverse_sin← _cud	1	0	0	1000	16	1	16000
Total		2	0	0	2000	32	2	32000

FIFO: N/A

Table 2.7 Expression

Variable Name	Operation	DSP48E	FF	LUT	Bitwidth P0	Bitwidth P1
m_axis_V_1_load_A	and	0	0	2	1	1
m_axis_V_1_load_B	and	0	0	2	1	1
s_axis_V_0_load_A	and	0	0	2	1	1
s_axis_V_0_load_B	and	0	0	2	1	1
icmp3_fu_179_p2	icmp	0	0	1	2	1
icmp_fu_164_p2	icmp	0	0	1	2	1
m_axis_V_1_state_cmp_full	icmp	0	0	1	2	1
s_axis_V_0_state_cmp_full	icmp	0	0	1	2	1
tmp_7_fu_191_p2	icmp	0	0	13	17	16

Variable Name	Operation	DSP48E	FF	LUT	Bitwidth P0	Bitwidth P1
tmp_s_fu_203_p2	icmp	0	0	13	17	16
Valpha_fu_185_p3	select	0	0	17	1	15
Vbeta_fu_197_p3	select	0	0	17	1	15
tmp_12_fu_225_p3	select	0	0	16	1	16
tmp_17_cast_fu_213_p3	select	0	0	16	1	16
Total		0	0	104	50	102

Table 2.8 Multiplexer

Name	LUT	Input Size	Bits	Total Bits
ap_NS_fsm	41	8	1	8
m_axis_V_1_data_out	9	2	64	128
m_axis_V_1_state	15	3	2	6
m_axis_V_TDATA_blk↔	9	2	1	2
_n				
s_axis_V_0_data_out	9	2	64	128
s_axis_V_0_state	15	3	2	6
s_axis_V_TDATA_blk↔	9	2	1	2
_n				
Total	107	22	135	280

Table 2.9 Register

Name	FF	LUT	Bits	Const Bits
Vd_cos_reg_320	32	0	32	0
Vd_reg_310	32	0	32	0
Vq_cos_reg_325	32	0	32	0
Vq_reg_315	32	0	32	0
ap_CS_fsm	7	0	7	0
cos_table_load_reg_300	16	0	16	0
icmp3_reg_345	1	0	1	0
icmp_reg_340	1	0	1	0
m_axis_V_1_payload↔ _A	64	0	64	0
m_axis_V_1_payload↔ _B	64	0	64	0
m_axis_V_1_sel_rd	1	0	1	0
m_axis_V_1_sel_wr	1	0	1	0
m_axis_V_1_state	2	0	2	0
s_axis_V_0_payload_A	64	0	64	0
s_axis_V_0_payload_B	64	0	64	0
s_axis_V_0_sel_rd	1	0	1	0
s_axis_V_0_sel_wr	1	0	1	0
s_axis_V_0_state	2	0	2	0
sin_table_load_reg_305	16	0	16	0
tmp_2_reg_330	17	0	17	0
tmp_3_reg_280	16	0	16	0
tmp_4_reg_335	17	0	17	0
tmp_5_reg_285	16	0	16	0
tmp_reg_275	16	0	16	0

Name	FF	LUT	Bits	Const Bits
Total	515	0	515	0

Interface

Table 2.10 Summary

RTL Ports	Dir	Bits	Protocol	Source Object	C Type
ap_clk	in	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
ap_rst_n	in	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
ap_start	in	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
ap_done	out	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
ap_idle	out	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
ap_ready	out	1	ap_ctrl_hs	Park_Inverse	return value
s_axis_V_TDATA	in	64	axis	s_axis_V	pointer
s_axis_V_TVALID	in	1	axis	s_axis_V	pointer
s_axis_V_TREADY	out	1	axis	s_axis_V	pointer
m_axis_V_TDATA	out	64	axis	m_axis_V	pointer
m_axis_V_TVALID	out	1	axis	m_axis_V	pointer
m_axis_V_TREADY	in	1	axis	m_axis_V	pointer

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

park_inverse.cpp	
Implementation of the inverse Park's transform	11
park_inverse.h	
Header file for the inverse Park's transform	13
sin_cos_table.h	
Sinus and cosinus tables for foc function	16
test_park_inverse.cpp	
Testbench for the inverse Park's transform	16

10 File Index

Chapter 4

File Documentation

- 4.1 doxygen/src/main_page.dox File Reference
- 4.2 doxygen/src/Park_Inverse_csynth.dox File Reference
- 4.3 park_inverse.cpp File Reference

Implementation of the inverse Park's transform.

```
#include "park_inverse.h"
#include "sin_cos_table.h"
```

Functions

void Park_Inverse (hls::stream< int64_t > &s_axis, hls::stream< int64_t > &m_axis)
 Inverse Park's transform as an AXI4-Stream IP core.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of the inverse Park's transform.

Author

Oleksandr Kiyenko

Version

1.0

Date

2017

Copyright

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4.3.2 Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 Park_Inverse()

Inverse Park's transform as an AXI4-Stream IP core.

It calculates the values V_{α} and V_{β} in the output AXI4-Stream m_axis by using the following equations:

$$V_{\alpha} = V_d \cos \theta - V_q \sin \theta, \tag{4.1}$$

$$V_{\beta} = V_d \sin \theta + V_q \cos \theta, \tag{4.2}$$

where $V_d,\,V_q$ and θ are from the input AXI4-Stream <code>s_axis</code>

Parameters

s_axis	Input AXI4-Stream with the following layout:
	• Bits 015: V_d .
	• Bits 1631: V_q .
	• Bits 3247: Angle θ , in encoder steps.
	• Bits 4863: Not used.
	All values are 16-bit signed integers.
m_axis	Output AXI4-Stream with the following layout:
	• Bits 015: V_{lpha}
	• Bits 1631: V_eta
	• Bits 3247: Angle $ heta$, in encoder steps.
	• Bits 4863: 0.

Returns

void - functions implementing an IP core do not return a value.

Definition at line 23 of file park_inverse.cpp.

```
23
24
25 #pragma HLS interface axis port=m_axis
26 #pragma HLS interface axis port=s_axis
27 int64_t in_data, res;
28 int32_t Vd, Vq, Theta;
29 int32_t Vd_cos, Vq_sin, Vq_cos, Vd_sin;
```

```
30
        int32_t Valpha, Vbeta;
        int32_t cos_theta, sin_theta;
32
33
        // Decode Input stream
34
        in_data = s_axis.read();
                                                                 // Read one value from AXI4-Stream
                                                                // Extract Vd - bits[15..0] from input stream
// Extract Vq - bits[32..16] from input stream
        Vd = int16_t(in_data & 0xFFFF);
35
        Vq = int16_t((in_data >> 16) & 0xFFFF);
        Theta = int16_t((in_data >> 32) & 0xFFFF); // Extract Theta - bits[47..32] from input stream
38
39
        // Process data
        cos_theta = (int32_t)cos_table[Theta];
sin_theta = (int32_t)sin_table[Theta];
40
41
        Vd_cos = Vd * cos_theta;
Vq_sin = Vq * sin_theta;
42
        Vq_cos = Vq * cos_theta;
Vd_sin = Vd * sin_theta;
44
45
        Valpha = (Vd_cos - Vg_sin) >> 15;
Vbeta = (Vg_cos + Vd_sin) >> 15;
Valpha = (Valpha > MAX_LIM) ? MAX_LIM : Valpha; // Clip max
46
47
48
        Valpha = (Valpha < MIN_LIM) ? MIN_LIM : Valpha; // Clip min

Vbeta = (Vbeta > MAX_LIM) ? MIN_LIM : Vbeta; // Clip max

Vbeta = (Vbeta < MIN_LIM) ? MIN_LIM : Vbeta; // Clip min
51
52
        // Write output stream
5.3
        res = (((int64_t)Theta << 32)
                   54
55
                   ( (int64_t)Valpha
57
        m_axis.write(res);
                                                                      // Write result to the output stream
58 }
```

4.4 park_inverse.h File Reference

Header file for the inverse Park's transform.

```
#include <hls_stream.h>
#include <ap_axi_sdata.h>
#include <ap_int.h>
#include <ap_cint.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Macros

• #define MAX LIM 32767

Maximum positive value for saturated arithmetic.

• #define MIN LIM -32767

Minimum negative value for saturated arithmetic.

Functions

void Park_Inverse (hls::stream< int64_t > &s_axis, hls::stream< int64_t > &m_axis)
 Inverse Park's transform as an AXI4-Stream IP core.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the inverse Park's transform.

Author

Oleksandr Kiyenko

Version

1.0

Date

2017

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4.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.4.2.1 MAX_LIM

```
#define MAX_LIM 32767
```

Maximum positive value for saturated arithmetic.

Definition at line 20 of file park_inverse.h.

4.4.2.2 MIN_LIM

```
#define MIN_LIM -32767
```

Minimum negative value for saturated arithmetic.

Definition at line 23 of file park_inverse.h.

4.4.3 Function Documentation

4.4.3.1 Park_Inverse()

Inverse Park's transform as an AXI4-Stream IP core.

It calculates the values V_{α} and V_{β} in the output AXI4-Stream m_axis by using the following equations:

$$V_{\alpha} = V_d \cos \theta - V_q \sin \theta, \tag{4.3}$$

$$V_{\beta} = V_d \sin \theta + V_q \cos \theta, \tag{4.4}$$

where $V_d,\,V_q$ and θ are from the input AXI4-Stream <code>s_axis</code>

Parameters

s_axis	Input AXI4-Stream with the following layout:
	• Bits 015: V_d .
	• Bits 1631: V_q .
	• Bits 3247: Angle $ heta$, in encoder steps.
	• Bits 4863: Not used.
	All values are 16-bit signed integers.
m_axis	Output AXI4-Stream with the following layout:
	• Bits 015: V_{lpha}
	• Bits 1631: V_{eta}
	• Bits 3247: Angle $ heta$, in encoder steps.
	• Bits 4863: 0.
	All values are 16-bit signed integers.

Returns

void - functions implementing an IP core do not return a value.

Definition at line 23 of file park_inverse.cpp.

```
2.3
25 #pragma HLS interface axis port=m_axis
26 #pragma HLS interface axis port=s_axis
      int64_t in_data, res;
       int32_t Vd, Vq, Theta;
29
       int32_t Vd_cos, Vq_sin, Vq_cos, Vd_sin;
      int32_t Valpha, Vbeta;
30
31
      int32_t cos_theta, sin_theta;
      // Decode Input stream
       in_data = s_axis.read();
                                                     // Read one value from AXI4-Stream
      35
36
37
38
39
       // Process data
       cos_theta = (int32_t)cos_table[Theta];
sin_theta = (int32_t)sin_table[Theta];
40
41
      42
43
44
45
47
      Valpha = (Valpha > MAX_LIM) ? MAX_LIM : Valpha;
Valpha = (Valpha < MIN_LIM) ? MIN_LIM : Valpha;
Valpha = (Vbeta > MAX_LIM) ? MAX_LIM : Vbeta;
Vbeta = (Vbeta < MIN_LIM) ? MIN_LIM : Vbeta;
48
                                                         // Clip min
// Clip max
49
50
                                                          // Clip min
       // Write output stream
      res = (((int64_t)Theta << 32)
                                         & 0x0000FFFF00000000) | // Put Theta bits[47:32]
54
                                          (((int64_t)Vbeta << 16)
( (int64_t)Valpha
5.5
56
57
                                                         // Write result to the output stream
       m_axis.write(res);
58 }
```

4.5 sin_cos_table.h File Reference

Sinus and cosinus tables for foc function.

Variables

```
    short sin_table [1000]
        Lookup table for the sine function in the Q16.16 format.

    short cos_table [1000]
```

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Sinus and cosinus tables for foc function.

This file contains the lookup tables used by the foc() function.

Important: This file has to be updated whenever encoder has been changed to another one with different resolution.

4.5.2 Variable Documentation

```
4.5.2.1 cos_table
```

```
short cos_table[1000]
```

Definition at line 70 of file sin_cos_table.h.

4.5.2.2 sin_table

```
short sin_table[1000]
```

Lookup table for the sine function in the Q16.16 format.

Important: Update this table whenever encoder has been changed to another one with different resolution.

Definition at line 18 of file sin_cos_table.h.

4.6 test_park_inverse.cpp File Reference

Testbench for the inverse Park's transform.

```
#include "park_inverse.h"
#include <math.h>
```

Macros

```
    #define TEST_SIZE 10
        Number of values to test with.

    #define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
        Mathematical constant π.
```

Functions

• int main ()

Main function of the C testbench.

Variables

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Testbench for the inverse Park's transform.

Author

Oleksandr Kiyenko

Version

1.0

Date

2017

Copyright

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4.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.6.2.1 M_PI

```
#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
```

Mathematical constant π .

Definition at line 18 of file test_park_inverse.cpp.

4.6.2.2 TEST_SIZE

```
#define TEST_SIZE 10
```

Number of values to test with.

Definition at line 15 of file test_park_inverse.cpp.

4.6.3 Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 main()

```
int main ( )
```

Main function of the C testbench.

The function $Park_Inverse()$ will be called with the values of V_d and V_q in V_d and V_q and the results will be printed along with separately calculated values.

Definition at line 34 of file test_park_inverse.cpp.

```
34
35
         hls::stream<int32_t> inputStream;
         hls::stream<int32_t> outputStream;
         int32_t tx_data, rx_data;
int16_t Vdlpha, Vqeta;
int16_t Theta;
37
38
39
         float Vdf, Vqf, Thetaf;
40
41
42
         Theta = 100;
for(int i=0; i<TEST_SIZE; i++){
    tx_data = (int32_t(Vq[i]) << 16) | (int32_t(Vd[i]) & 0x0000FFFF);</pre>
43
44
45
              inputStream << tx_data;</pre>
46
47
48
              Park_Inverse(inputStream, outputStream, Theta);
49
              outputStream.read(rx_data);
50
              Vdlpha = int16_t(rx_data & 0xFFFF);
Vqeta = int16_t(rx_data >> 16);
51
52
               Thetaf = ((2*M_PI*2)/1000.0)*Theta;
              Vdf = float(Vd[i])*cos(Thetaf) - float(Vq[i]) * sin(Thetaf);
Vqf = float(Vq[i])*cos(Thetaf) + float(Vd[i]) * sin(Thetaf);
55
56
57
58
              printf("Values is Vd=%d Vq=%d (%f %f)\n", Vdlpha, Vqeta, Vdf, Vqf);
59
60 }
```

4.6.4 Variable Documentation

4.6.4.1 Vd

```
int Vd[TEST_SIZE] = {-600, 2000, 100, 555, -255, 3333, -765, 333, 200, -543}
```

Values of V_d to test Park_Inverse() with.

Definition at line 21 of file test_park_inverse.cpp.

4.6.4.2 Vq

```
int Vq[TEST\_SIZE] = \{-888, 3000, -500, 7000, 1000, -123, -800, 9000, 789, -444\}
```

Values of V_q to test $\operatorname{Park_Inverse}()$ with.

Definition at line 24 of file test_park_inverse.cpp.

Index

```
cos_table
    sin_cos_table.h, 16
doxygen/src/Park_Inverse_csynth.dox, 11
doxygen/src/main_page.dox, 11
M_PI
    test_park_inverse.cpp, 17
MAX_LIM
    park_inverse.h, 14
MIN_LIM
    park_inverse.h, 14
main
    test_park_inverse.cpp, 18
Park Inverse
    park_inverse.cpp, 12
    park_inverse.h, 14
park_inverse.cpp, 11
    Park_Inverse, 12
park_inverse.h, 13
    MAX_LIM, 14
    MIN_LIM, 14
    Park_Inverse, 14
sin_cos_table.h, 16
    cos_table, 16
    sin_table, 16
sin table
    sin_cos_table.h, 16
TEST_SIZE
    test_park_inverse.cpp, 18
test_park_inverse.cpp, 16
    M_PI, 17
    main, 18
    TEST_SIZE, 18
    Vd, 19
    Vq, 19
Vd
    test_park_inverse.cpp, 19
Vq
    test_park_inverse.cpp, 19
```