Home Exam D7050E

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1 Rubigo-lang Syntax

1.1 EBNF

```
(* Definition of Program *)
Program = Module ;
(* Definition of Module *)
Module = { Statement } ;
(* Definition of Statement *)
    Function = "fn", Identifier, "(", [ Identifier, ":",
        \label{type_Declaration, { ",", Identifier, ":", }} \\
        Type_Declaration } ], ")", "->", Type_Declaration,
        "{", { Statement }, "}";
    While = "while", Expression, "{", { Statement }, "}";
    If = "if", Expression, "{", { Statement }, "}", [ "else",
        "{", { Statement }, "}" ] ;
    Let = "let", [ Mutable ], Identifier, ":", Type_Declaration,
        "=", Expression, ";";
    Assignment = [ Dereference ], Identifier, "=",
        Expression, ";";
    Return = "return", Expression, ";";
    Function_Call = E_Function_Call, ";";
    Statement = Function | While | If | Let | Assignment |
        Return | Function_Call ;
(* Definition of Expression (E stands for expression) *)
    E_Binary_Operation = Expression, Binary_Operator,
        Expression;
    E_Unary_Operation = Unary_Operator, Expression ;
    E_Function_Call = Identifier, "(", [ Expression, { ",",
        Expression } ], ")" ;
```

```
E_Variable = Identifier ;
   E_Borrowed = "&", Expression ;
   E_Dereferenced = "*", Expression ;
   E_Mutable = Mutable, Expression ;
   Expression = E_Binary_Operation | E_Unary_Operation |
        E_Function_Call | E_Variable | Literal | E_Borrowed |
        E_Dereferenced | E_Mutable ;
(* Definition of Type_Declaration *)
   Mutable = "mut" ;
   Borrow = "\&";
   Dereference = "*";
   Type_Declaration = [ Borrow ], [ Mutable ], Type ;
(* Definition of Binary_Operator *)
   Add = "+" ;
   Sub = "-";
   Div = "/" ;
   Multi = "*" ;
   Mod = "%" ;
   And = "&&" ;
   0r = "||";
   Equal = "==" ;
   Not_Equal = "!=" ;
   Less_Then = "<" ;</pre>
   Larger_Then = ">" ;
   Less_Equal_Then = "<=" ;</pre>
   Larger_Equal_Then = ">=" ;
   Binary_Operator = Add | Sub | Div | Multi | Mod | And |
        Or | Not | Equal | Not_Equal | Less_Then |
        Larger_Then | Less_Equal_Then | Larger_Equal_Then ;
(* Definition of Unary Operator *)
   Sub = "+";
   Not = "!" ;
```

```
Unary_Operator = Sub | Not ;
(* Definition of Literal (L stands for literal) *)
   L_{I32} = Integer;
   L_F32 = Integer, ".", Natural_Number ;
   L_Bool = True | False ;
   L_Char = "'", Character, "'";
   L_String = """, { Character }, """;
   Literal = L_I32 | L_F32 | L_Bool | L_Char | L_String;
(* Definition of Type (T stands for type) *)
   T_{Int32} = "i32";
   T_Float32 = "f32";
   T_Bool = "bool" ;
   T_Char = "Char";
   T_String = "String" ;
   Type = T_Int32 | T_Float32 | T_Boolean | T_Char |
       T_String;
(* General definitions *)
   Digit_Excluding_zero = r[1-9] ;
   Digit = "0" | Digit_Excluding_Zero ;
   Natural_Number = Digit_Excluding_Zero, { Digit } ;
   Integer = "0" | [ "-" ], Natural_Number ;
   Letter = r[ a-ö ] ;
   Symbol = "[" | "]" | "{" | "}" | "(" | ")" | "<" | ">"
        | "'" | '"' | "=" | "|" | "." | "," | ";" | "_" | "-" ;
   Character = Letter | Symbol | " " ;
   Identifier = ( Letter | "_" ), { Letter | "_" };
```

1.2 Example explination

Code example of a program that prints the 10 first prime numbers.

TODO

```
fn is_prime(num: &i32) -> bool {
    if *num < 2 {
        return false;
    let half: i32 = *num/2;
    let mut count: i32 = 2;
    while count <= half {</pre>
        if (*num % count) == 0 {
            return false;
        }
        count = count + 1;
    }
    return true;
}
fn print_n_prime(n: &mut i32) -> () {
    let mut count: i32 = 1;
    while *n > 0 {
        if is_prime(&count) {
            print(count);
            *n = *n - 1;
        count = count + 1;
    }
}
let mut number: i32 = 10;
print_n_prime(&mut number);
```

1.3 Solution compared to requirements

TODO

2 Rubigo-lang Semantics

2.1 SOS

General Defenitions:

i = Integer f = Float $n \in \{i, f\}$ b = Boolean $v \in \{n, b\}$ uop = Unary Operator bop = Binary Operator x = Variable p = Pointer e = Expression stmt = Statement $\sigma = \text{State}/\text{Memory}$ fc = Function Call

Program:

$$\frac{\langle stmt_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle void, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle stmt_1; stmt_2; \cdots; stmt_n, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle stmt_2; \cdots; stmt_n, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Block:

$$\frac{\langle stmt_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle void, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle stmt_1; stmt_2; \cdots; stmt_n, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle stmt_2; \cdots; stmt_n, \sigma' \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle stmt_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle stmt_1; stmt_2; \cdots; stmt_n, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Statement:

$$\frac{\langle stmt, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{void}, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle stmt, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\frac{\langle stmt, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle stmt, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}$$

While:

$$\frac{\langle e,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{true},\sigma'\rangle \ \langle block,\sigma'\rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}{\langle \mathbf{while} \ e \ \mathbf{do} \ block,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{while} \ e \ \mathbf{do} \ block,\sigma''\rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{false}, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{while} \ e \ \mathbf{do} \ block, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}$$

If:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{true}, \sigma' \rangle \ \langle block_1, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ e \ \mathbf{then} \ block_1 \ \mathbf{else} \ block_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}$$

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{false}, \sigma' \rangle \ \langle block_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ e \ \mathbf{then} \ block_1 \ \mathbf{else} \ block_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}$$

Return:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{return} \ e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Let/Assignment:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle x := e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma' [x := v] \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle x := e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma' [x := p] \rangle}$$

Function Call:

$$\frac{\langle fc, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \mathbf{void}, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle fc, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\frac{\langle fc, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle fc, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Expression:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Binary Operations:

$$\frac{\langle e_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v_1, \sigma' \rangle \quad \langle e_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle v_2, \sigma'' \rangle \quad \langle v_1 \text{ bop } v_2, \sigma'' \rangle \Downarrow \langle v_3, \sigma'' \rangle}{\langle e_1 \text{ bop } e_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v_3, \sigma'' \rangle}$$

Unary Operations:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v, \sigma' \rangle \ \langle uop \ v, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle v', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle uop \ e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle v', \sigma' \rangle}$$

Borrow Variable:

$$\overline{\langle \&x, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p, \sigma \rangle}$$

Dereference Pointer:

$$\frac{\langle p, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p', \sigma \rangle}{\langle p, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle p', \sigma \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle p,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle v,\sigma\rangle}{\langle p,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle v,\sigma\rangle}$$

Variable:

$$\overline{\langle x,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle v,\sigma\rangle}$$

Value:

$$\overline{\langle v,\sigma\rangle \Downarrow \langle v,\sigma\rangle}$$

2.2 Example explination

TODO

2.3 Solution compared to requirements

TODO

3 Rubigo-lang Type Checker

3.1 Type Checking Rules

General Defenitions:

i = 32 bit Integer Type

f = 32 bit Float Type

 $n \in \{i, f\}$

b = Boolean Type

uop = Unary Operator

bop = Binary Operator

x = Variable

e = Expression

 $\sigma = \text{State/Memory}$

While:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{while} \ e \ \mathbf{do} \ block, \sigma \rangle}$$

If:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ e \ \mathbf{then} \ block_1 \ \mathbf{else} \ block_2, \sigma \rangle}$$

Let/Assignment:

$$\frac{\langle x, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma \rangle \quad \langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle x := e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma' [x := n] \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle x, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma \rangle \quad \langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle x := e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma' [x := b] \rangle}$$

Arithmetic Binary Operation:

$$\frac{\langle e_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle \quad \langle e_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma'' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle bop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle op \in \{+, -, *, /, \%\}, \sigma \rangle}{\langle n \ op \ n, \sigma'' \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma''' \rangle}}{\langle e_1 \ bop \ e_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma''' \rangle}$$

Boolean Binary Operation:

$$\frac{\langle e_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle \quad \langle e_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle bop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle op \in \{\&\&, ||\}, \sigma \rangle}{\langle b \ op \ b, \sigma'' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}}{\langle e_1 \ bop \ e_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}$$

Comparison Binary Operation:

$$\frac{\langle e_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle \quad \langle e_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma'' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle bop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle op \in \{==, !=, <=, >=, <, >\}, \sigma \rangle}{\langle n \ bop \ n, \sigma'' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}}{\langle e_1 \ bop \ e_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle e_1, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle \quad \langle e_2, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle bop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle op \in \{==,!=\}, \sigma \rangle}{\langle b \ bop \ b, \sigma'' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}}{\langle e_1 \ bop \ e_2, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle}$$

Arithmetic Unary Operation:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle uop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle -, \sigma \rangle}{\langle uop \ n, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle}}{\langle uop \ e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle n, \sigma' \rangle}$$

Boolean Unary Operation:

$$\frac{\langle e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle \quad \frac{\langle uop, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle !, \sigma \rangle}{\langle uop \ b, \sigma' \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle}}{\langle uop \ e, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow \langle b, \sigma' \rangle}$$

3.2 Example explination

TODO

3.3 Solution compared to requirements

TODO

4 Rubigo-lang Borrow Checker

4.1 Borrow Checking Rules

TODO

4.2 Example explination

TODO

4.3 Solution compared to requirements

TODO

5 Rubigo-lang LLVM backend

Currently the LLVM backend has not been implemented for Rubigo-lang.

6 Overall course goals and learning outcomes

I have learnt a lot from implementing a parser and EBNF because I encountered a lot of problems when doing so. I learnt a lot about lexical analysis from those problems, like the order the tokens are parsed is very important.

And a good way to order them is by longest parser first. I didn't learn as much about syntax analysis because my compiler doesn't support context free grammar.

From implementing the type checker I feel i haven't learnt a lot, execpt how complicated it can be to organize the symbol table and keep track of all the identifiers. But I have definitely learnt a lot from making the borrow checker because it was very hard to implement and I have never used Rust before. So I learnt a lot about pointers and how Rust borrow rules work.

The interpreter also made me learn a lot because of how hard it can be to keep track of all the scopes, variables and functions. It made me think of how i could improve my parser, typechecker and borrowchecker so that it could interpret more complex features like pointers.

Overall I think I have learnt a lot about what not to do when designing a compiler and what the challenges are. But I fell that I haven't learned a lot about the theory and solutions to those hard and complex problems. I have also learnt a lot about Rust and how borrowing works.