

# boost::out\_ptr – a scalable output pointer abstraction for smart pointers

IMPLEMENTING C++20'S P1132 – TARGETING BOOST 1.71

ThePhD

[phdofthehouse@gmail.com](mailto:phdofthehouse@gmail.com); [@thephantomderp](#)

[https://thephd.github.io/vendor/future\\_cxx/papers/d1132.html](https://thephd.github.io/vendor/future_cxx/papers/d1132.html)

[https://github.com/ThePhD/out\\_ptr](https://github.com/ThePhD/out_ptr)



# PRELIMINARY CODE

## Shared Code

### From libavformat

```
#include <memory>
#include <avformat.h>

struct AVFormatContextDeleter {
    void operator() (AVFormatContext* c) noexcept {
        avformat_close_input(&c);
        avformat_free_context(c);
    }
};

typedef std::unique_ptr<AVFormatContext, AVFormatContextDeleter> AVFormatContext;
// Signature from libavformat:
// int avformat_open_input(AVFormatContext **ps, const char *url, AVInputFormat *fmt, AVDictionary **options);
```

# BEFORE/AFTER

## Current Code

```
int main (int, char* argv[]) {
    AVFormatContext context(avformat_alloc_context());
    // ...
    // used, need to reopen
    AVFormatContext* raw_context = context.release();
    if (avformat_open_input(&raw_context,
        argv[0], nullptr, nullptr) != 0) {
        std::stringstream ss;
        ss << "ffmpeg_image_loader could not open file '"
            << path << "'";
        throw FfmpegInputException(ss.str().c_str());
    }
    context.reset(raw_context);

    // ... off to the races !

    return 0;
}
```

## With Proposal

```
int main (int, char* argv[]) {
    AVFormatContext context(avformat_alloc_context());
    // ...
    // used, need to reopen

    if (avformat_open_input(std::inout_ptr(context),
        argv[0], nullptr, nullptr) != 0) {
        std::stringstream ss;
        ss << "ffmpeg_image_loader could not open file '"
            << argv[0] << "'";
        throw FfmpegInputException(ss.str().c_str());
    }

    // ... off to the races!

    return 0;
}
```

# MOTIVATION I – STANDARDIZE EXISTING PRACTICE

- The Most Existing-iest Practice there has ever Been
  - Microsoft: `CComPtr`, circa before I knew what a computer was
  - Fortune 100 Companies, small hobby developers, game studios, etc. have this abstraction (including VMWare, co-authors)
  - `std::retain_ptr` (<http://wg21.link/p0468>) was going to overload operator& - this paper solves their problem
  - Microsoft: got a better idea and have `WRL::ComPtrRef` instead of overloading unary & which behaves exactly like `std::out_ptr/std::inout_ptr`

# MOTIVATION II

- Remove the destructive urge people have to overload unary operator& on smart pointers
  - Let them not fall as Microsoft has in ye olden days: `CComPtr`
  - <https://groups.google.com/a/isocpp.org/forum/#!topic/std-proposals/8MQhnL9rXBI>
- Remove the only reason anyone wants to overload unary operator&
  - Pave the way for `std::addressof` to become obsolete
  - Prevent defensive programming by library programmers

# DESIGN

```
■ namespace std {  
    template <class Pointer, class Smart, class... Args>  
    out_ptr_t<Smart, Pointer, Args...>  
    out_ptr(Smart& s, Args&&... args) noexcept;  
  
    template <class Smart, class... Args>  
    out_ptr_t<Smart, POINTER_OF(Smart), Args...>  
    out_ptr(Smart& s, Args&&... args) noexcept;  
  
    template <class Pointer, class Smart, class... Args>  
    inout_ptr_t<Smart, Pointer, Args...>  
    inout_ptr(Smart& s, Args&&... args) noexcept;  
  
    template <class Smart, class... Args>  
    inout_ptr_t<Smart, POINTER_OF(Smart), Args...>  
    inout_ptr(Smart& s, Args&&... args) noexcept;  
}
```

## DESIGN: WELL-DEFINED AS ARGUMENT

- `std::unique_ptr<int, resource_deleter> resource(nullptr);`

```
error_num err = c_api_create_handle(24, std::out_ptr(resource));  
if (err == C_API_ERROR_CONDITION) {  
    // handle errors  
}
```

```
// resource.get() the out-value from the C API function
```

# DESIGN: SHARED\_PTR SAFETY

- When used with `std::shared_ptr`, it **requires** that additional arguments are passed so it can reset the deleter too:
- `std::shared_ptr<int> resource(nullptr);`

```
error_num err = c_api_create_handle(42, std::out_ptr(resource));  
// ERROR: deleter was changed  
// to an equivalent of std::default_delete!!
```



# DESIGN: CASTING SUPPORT I

- Consider the following function:
- `HRESULT EnumAdapterByGpuPreference(UINT Adapter, DXGI_GPU_PREFERENCE GpuPreference, REFIID riid, void** ppvAdapter);`
- The desired type is `IDXGIAdapter`, but it takes `void**`
  - Very common in “polymorphic” C APIs with single stable allocation function and an integer/enumeration that switches on allocation type

## DESIGN: CASTING SUPPORT II

- Converts implicitly to `void**`
- ```
HRESULT result = dxgi_factory.EnumAdapterByGpuPreference(0,
    DXGI_GPU_PREFERENCE_MINIMUM_POWER, IID_IDXGIAdapter,
    std::out_ptr<void*>(adapter));

if (FAILED(result)) {
    // handle errors
}
// adapter.get() contains strongly-typed pointer
```

## DESIGN: CASTING SUPPORT III

- Also can `static_cast` to the proper type if you provide an explicit casting parameter

- `std::unique_ptr<int, fd_deleter> my_unique_fd;`

```
auto err = fopen_s( std::out_ptr<FILE*>(my_unique_fd), "prod.csv", "rb" );
```

```
// check err, then work with raw fd
```

- Full example available here:

[https://github.com/ThePhD/out\\_ptr/blob/master/examples/source/std.custom\\_unique\\_ptr.cpp](https://github.com/ThePhD/out_ptr/blob/master/examples/source/std.custom_unique_ptr.cpp)

# DESIGN: OVERRIDABLE AND SCALABLE

- Works with non-standard pointers just as much as standard pointers through well-defined customization points
  - `class std::out_ptr_t<Smart, Pointer, Args...>`
  - `class std::inout_ptr_t<Smart, Pointer, Args...>`

# IMPLEMENTATION EXPERIENCE

- Lots of it
  - VMWare for a long time
  - My own code for a long time
  - Others for a long time: <https://groups.google.com/a/isocpp.org/forum/#!topic/std-proposals/8MQhnL9rXBI>
- Public implementation: [https://github.com/ThePhD/out\\_ptr](https://github.com/ThePhD/out_ptr)
  - Already in use from others

**King\_DuckZ** <notifications@github.com>  
to State, ThePhD/out\_ptr, me ▾

Sep 25, 2018, 6:16 AM



ThePhD thanks for the detailed explanation, it makes lots of sense indeed.

You're right that code shouldn't be using `shared_ptr`, I was trying to make it work with as little change as possible but after that and other more recent problems I'm finding a huge refactoring less and less avoidable. I'll make sure to turn everything into `unique_ptr` (there is no shared ownership anyways). Your `out_ptr` will still be massively helpful.

# FUN FOR THE WEEK

- Polishing...
  - implementation; C++11 only
  - examples – simple and complex
- Writing....
  - formal documentation
  - colloquial documentation
- At: [https://github.com/ThePhD/out\\_ptr/issues](https://github.com/ThePhD/out_ptr/issues)

# THANK YOU!

- For listening,
  - And for (eventual) contributions!
- Find me at
  - the #include<c++> Discord, C++Now 2019 Channel (*cppnow2019*):  
<https://discord.gg/ZPErMGW>
  - the CppLang Slack, Library in a Week Channel (*cppnow-liaw*):  
<https://cpplang.slack.com/archives/CAJQY2YBS/p1557203114009100>