

baseline_crossing

May 2, 2021

1 Filecoin Baseline Crossing Data & Model

Notebook for data analytics and simulations regarding Filecoin Baseline Function & associated metrics like rewards and share of the world storage

Authors: - Danilo Lessa Bernardineli (danilo@block.science) - Gabriel Lefundes (gabriel@block.science)

```
[1]: %load_ext autotime
      %load_ext autoreload
      %autoreload 2
```

time: 8.25 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:52:57 +00:00)

```
[2]: # External dependences
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import plotly.express as px
from prophet import Prophet
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objects as go

# Move path to parent folder
import sys
sys.path.insert(1, '../')

import plotly
plotly.offline.init_notebook_mode()
```

time: 788 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:52:57 +00:00)

1.1 Data Analytics

```
[3]: NETWORK_LAUNCH = '2020-08-24 22:00+00:00'
      MAINNET_LAUNCH = '2020-10-15 14:44+00:00'
      BASELINE_CROSSING = '2021-04-02 05:00+00:00'
```

```

FIL_ISSUANCE = 2 * 1e9 # FIL
FIL_BASE = 0.55 * FIL_ISSUANCE # FIL
SIMPLE_FRACTION = 0.3
SIMPLE_ISSUANCE = SIMPLE_FRACTION * FIL_BASE
BASELINE_ISSUANCE = (1 - SIMPLE_FRACTION) * FIL_BASE

```

time: 14.1 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:52:58 +00:00)

```

[4]: # Create a connection object from a conn string
from filecoin_metrics.connection import get_connection, get_connection_string
conn_string = get_connection_string('../config/sentinel-conn-string.txt')
connection = get_connection(conn_string)

```

time: 274 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:52:58 +00:00)

```

[5]: QUERY = f"""
select
    date_trunc('HOURL', to_timestamp(height_to_unix(cr.height))) as
    ↳timestamp,
    date_trunc('HOURL', to_timestamp(height_to_unix(avg(cr.
    ↳effective_network_time)::int8))) as effective_network_time,
    avg(cr.new_baseline_power::numeric / 1024^5) as baseline_power, /* PiB_
    ↳*/
    avg(cp.total_raw_bytes_power::numeric / 1024^5) as
    ↳raw_bytes_network_power, /* PiB */
    avg(cr.total_mined_reward::numeric / 1e18) as total_mined_reward /* FIL_
    ↳*/
FROM chain_rewards cr
join chain_powers cp on cp.height = cr.height
where cr.height > 148888 /* Mainnet Launch Block Height */
group by timestamp
"""

query_df = (pd.read_sql(QUERY, connection))

```

time: 3.98 s (started: 2021-05-02 00:52:58 +00:00)

```

[6]: df = (query_df.copy())

```

time: 13.8 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:02 +00:00)

```

[7]: fig = px.line(df,
    x='timestamp',
    y=['baseline_power', 'raw_bytes_network_power'],
    title='Baseline Power (PiB) vs RB Network Power (PiB)',
    labels={'value': 'RB Storage Power (PiB)',
        'timestamp': 'Timestamp'})

```

```
fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text='Baseline Crossing')

# fig.add_vrect(NETWORK_LAUNCH,
#               MAINNET_LAUNCH,
#               fillcolor='green',
#               opacity=0.15)

fig.show()
```

time: 724 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:02 +00:00)

```
[8]: crossing_ind = np.argmin(np.abs(df.baseline_power - df.raw_bytes_network_power))
     print(f"Baseline crossed at {df.iloc[crossing_ind].timestamp}")
```

Baseline crossed at 2021-04-02 05:00:00+00:00

time: 22 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:03 +00:00)

```
[9]: y = (df.timestamp - df.effective_network_time).dt.days
     fig = px.line(df,
                  x='timestamp',
                  y=y,
                  title='Discrepancy Between Effective Network Time and Real Time',
                  labels={'y': 'Difference in Days from Effective Network Time'})

     fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
                  annotation_text='Baseline Crossing')

# fig.add_vrect(NETWORK_LAUNCH,
#               MAINNET_LAUNCH,
#               fillcolor='green',
#               opacity=0.15)

fig.show()
```

time: 244 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:03 +00:00)

```
[10]: def rewards(t,
                 t_0,
                 issuance):
    dt_seconds = (t - t_0).total_seconds()
    dt = dt_seconds / (60 * 60 * 24 * 365.25) # Years
    lamb = np.log(2) / 6
    rewards = issuance * (1 - np.exp(-lamb * dt))
```

```

    return rewards

f = lambda x: rewards(x, pd.Timestamp(NETWORK_LAUNCH), SIMPLE_ISSUANCE)
g = lambda x: rewards(x, pd.Timestamp(NETWORK_LAUNCH), BASELINE_ISSUANCE)
h = lambda df: df.simple_rewards + df.baseline_rewards
k = lambda df: df.total_mined_reward - df.expected_rewards
df = (df.assign(simple_rewards=df.timestamp.map(f),
               baseline_rewards=df.effective_network_time.map(g))
      .assign(expected_rewards=h)
      .assign(rewards_error=k)
      .assign(simple_fraction=lambda df: df.simple_rewards / df.
→expected_rewards,
               baseline_fraction=lambda df: df.baseline_rewards / df.
→expected_rewards)
      .assign(hourly_simple_rewards=lambda df: df.simple_rewards.diff(),
               hourly_baseline_rewards=lambda df: df.baseline_rewards.diff())
      )

```

time: 28.9 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:04 +00:00)

```

[11]: fig = px.line(df,
                  x='timestamp',
                  y=['simple_rewards', 'baseline_rewards'],
                  title='Total Rewards over Time according to Minting Function')

fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text='Baseline Crossing')

# fig.add_vrect(NETWORK_LAUNCH,
#               MAINNET_LAUNCH,
#               fillcolor='green',
#               opacity=0.15)
print("Total distributed rewards")
print(f"Simple: {df.simple_rewards.max() :.3g} FIL")
print(f"Baseline: {df.baseline_rewards.max() :.3g} FIL")
print(f"Total: {df.expected_rewards.max() :.3g} FIL")

fig.show()

```

Total distributed rewards

Simple: 2.51e+07 FIL

Baseline: 3.66e+07 FIL

Total: 6.17e+07 FIL

time: 474 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:04 +00:00)

```
[12]: fig = px.line(df,
                    x='timestamp',
                    y=['simple_fraction', 'baseline_fraction'],
                    title='Total Rewards over Time according to Minting Function_
                    ↳(relative)')

fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text='Baseline Crossing')

# fig.add_vrect(NETWORK_LAUNCH,
#               MAINNET_LAUNCH,
#               fillcolor='green',
#               opacity=0.15)
fig.add_hline(0.3, annotation_text='Long-Term Expected Simple Issuance_
                    ↳Fraction')
fig.show()
```

time: 483 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:04 +00:00)

1.2 Modelling

On the following block, we'll build a cadCAD model for the Filecoin Minting Function

```
[13]: import numpy as np

SIMULATION_YEARS = 6
Timesteps_per_YEAR = 365
N_t = SIMULATION_YEARS * Timesteps_per_YEAR

## Logic

def years_passed(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    timesteps = v['timestep']
    years_per_timestep = p['years_per_timestep']
    return ('years_passed', timesteps * years_per_timestep)

def network_power(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    t = v['timestep']
    value = p['network_power_signal'][t]
    return ('network_power', value)

def baseline_function(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    b = (1 + p['baseline_growth_rate'])
    b **= v['years_passed']
```

```

b *= p['initial_baseline']
return ('baseline_function', b)

def cumulative_baseline_function(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    dt = p['years_per_timestep']
    value = min(v['network_power'], v['baseline_function']) * dt
    value += v['cumulative_baseline_function']
    return ('cumulative_baseline_function', value)

def effective_years_passed(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    g = np.log(1 + p['baseline_growth_rate'])

    R_sigma = v['cumulative_baseline_function']

    theta = np.log(1 + g * R_sigma / p['initial_baseline']) / g

    return ('effective_years_passed', theta)

def simple_block_reward(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    t = v['years_passed']
    value = p['simple_issuance'] * (1 - np.exp(-p['halving_rate'] * t))
    return ('simple_block_reward', value)

def baseline_block_reward(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    t = v['effective_years_passed']
    value = p['baseline_issuance'] * (1 - np.exp(-p['halving_rate'] * t))
    return ('baseline_block_reward', value)

def block_reward(p, s, h, v, p_i):
    value = v['baseline_block_reward'] + v['simple_block_reward']
    return ('block_reward', value)

## Structure

partial_state_update_blocks = [
    {
        'policies': {

        },
        'variables': {
            'years_passed': years_passed
        }
    }

```

```

    },
    {
      'policies': {

      },
      'variables': {
        'baseline_function': baseline_function,
        'network_power': network_power
      }
    },
    {
      'policies': {

      },
      'variables': {
        'cummulative_baseline_function': cummulative_baseline_function
      }
    },
    {
      'policies': {

      },
      'variables': {
        'effective_years_passed': effective_years_passed
      }
    },
    {
      'policies': {

      },
      'variables': {
        'simple_block_reward': simple_block_reward,
        'baseline_block_reward': baseline_block_reward,
      }
    },
    {
      'policies': {

      },
      'variables': {
        'block_reward': block_reward
      }
    }
  ]

```

time: 20.7 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:05 +00:00)

```
[14]: START_NP = 500
      END_NP = 10000

      NP_1 = np.linspace(START_NP, END_NP, int(2 * N_t / 10))
      NP_2 = END_NP * np.ones(int(8 * N_t / 10) + 1)
      NP = np.concatenate([NP_1, NP_2])
```

time: 20 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:05 +00:00)

```
[15]: ## Params

      HALVING_PERIOD = 6 # Years

      # N_t: number of timesteps
      params = {

          # Input Signals
          'network_power_signal': [NP], # PiB

          # Parameters
          'initial_baseline': [2888], # PiB
          'baseline_growth_rate': [1.0], # Percent per year
          'simple_issuance': [0.3], # FIL
          'baseline_issuance': [0.7], # FIL
          'halving_rate': [np.log(2) / HALVING_PERIOD], # Years

          # Unit conversion
          'years_per_timestep': [1 / TIMESTEPS_PER_YEAR],

      }

      ## Initial Conditions

      initial_conditions = {
          'years_passed': 0,
          'network_power': None,
          'baseline_function': None,
          'cumulative_baseline_function': 0,
          'effective_years_passed': 0,
          'simple_block_reward': 0,
          'baseline_block_reward': 0,
          'block_reward': 0
      }
```

time: 19.5 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:05 +00:00)


```
[16]: %%capture
from cadCAD_tools import easy_run

sim_df = easy_run(initial_conditions,
                  params,
                  partial_state_update_blocks,
                  N_t,
                  1,
                  assign_params=True,
                  drop_substeps=True)
```

time: 940 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:05 +00:00)

```
[17]: sim_df.head(5)
```

```
[17]:
```

	years_passed	network_power	baseline_function \
0	0.000000	NaN	NaN
6	0.000000	521.739130	2888.000000
12	0.002740	543.478261	2893.489619
18	0.005479	565.217391	2898.989673
24	0.008219	586.956522	2904.500182

	cummulative_baseline_function	effective_years_passed \
0	0.000000	0.000000
6	1.429422	0.000495
12	2.918404	0.001010
18	4.466945	0.001546
24	6.075045	0.002102

	simple_block_reward	baseline_block_reward	block_reward	simulation \
0	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0
6	0.000000	0.000040	0.000040	0
12	0.000095	0.000082	0.000177	0
18	0.000190	0.000125	0.000315	0
24	0.000285	0.000170	0.000455	0

	subset	run	timestep	network_power_signal	initial_baseline \
0	0	1	0	500.000000	2888
6	0	1	1	521.739130	2888
12	0	1	2	543.478261	2888
18	0	1	3	565.217391	2888
24	0	1	4	586.956522	2888

	baseline_growth_rate	simple_issuance	baseline_issuance	halving_rate \
0	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.115525
6	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.115525
12	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.115525

18	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.115525
24	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.115525

	years_per_timestep
0	0.00274
6	0.00274
12	0.00274
18	0.00274
24	0.00274

time: 38 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```
[18]: fig_df = sim_df.query('years_passed < 2.5 & years_passed > 0.0')

x = fig_df.years_passed

fig = make_subplots(rows=1,
                    cols=3,
                    shared_xaxes=True,
                    x_title='Years Passed Since Mainnet',
                    subplot_titles=['Network Power vs Baseline Function',
                                    'Instantaneous Share of Baseline Rewards',
                                    'Effective Network Time Lag'])

fig.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=x,
               y=fig_df.network_power,
               name='RB Network Power (PiB)'),
    row=1, col=1
)

fig.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=x,
               y=fig_df.baseline_function,
               name='Baseline Function (PiB)'),
    row=1, col=1
)

fig.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=x,
               y=fig_df.baseline_block_reward.diff() / fig_df.block_reward.
               ↪diff(),
               name='Baseline Reward Fraction'),
    row=1, col=2
)
```

```

fig.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=x,
               y=fig_df.years_passed - fig_df.effective_years_passed,
               name='Lag (Years)'),
    row=1, col=3
)

# Plot Baseline Crossings

# Find roots
from scipy import interpolate
from scipy.optimize import fsolve

x = fig_df.years_passed
y = fig_df.baseline_function - fig_df.network_power
f = f = interpolate.interp1d(x, y)
roots = fsolve(f, [0.1, 2.1])

# Visualize Baseline Crossings lines
for root in roots:
    fig.add_vline(root,
                  line_color='green',
                  annotation_text='Baseline Crossing',
                  annotation_textangle=-90,
                  annotation_yanchor='top')

fig.update_layout(title_text="Behaviour When Crossing Baseline Funtion",
                  width=1600,
                  height=600)

fig.show()

```

time: 298 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```

[19]: T_0 = pd.Timestamp(MAINNET_LAUNCH)
f = lambda df: T_0 + df.years_passed.map(lambda x: pd.Timedelta(x * 365.25,
    ↪unit='day'))

sim_df = sim_df.assign(timestamp=f)

```

time: 44.6 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```

[20]: fig = px.line(sim_df,
                  x='timestamp',
                  y=sim_df.baseline_function / 1024,
                  title='Projected Baseline Function for the next 6 years',
                  labels={'y': 'Storage in EiB'})

```

```
fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text="Baseline Crossing")
fig.show()
```

time: 175 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```
[21]: ZiB = 1024 ** 2

cols = ('timestamp', 'data_sphere_size', 'core_store_fraction')

DATA_SPHERE_RECORDS = [
    ('2020-07-01 00:00+00:00', 50 * ZiB, 0.28),
    ('2021-07-01 00:00+00:00', 65 * ZiB, 0.33),
    ('2022-07-01 00:00+00:00', 80 * ZiB, 0.38),
    ('2023-07-01 00:00+00:00', 102 * ZiB, 0.42),
    ('2024-07-01 00:00+00:00', 130 * ZiB, 0.45),
    ('2025-07-01 00:00+00:00', 175 * ZiB, 0.48),
    ('2026-07-01 00:00+00:00', 190 * ZiB, 0.50)
]

ds_df = (pd.DataFrame.from_records(DATA_SPHERE_RECORDS, columns=cols)
        .assign(core_store_size=lambda df: df.data_sphere_size * df.
        ↪core_store_fraction))
```

time: 26.1 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```
[22]: z_df = (pd.concat([ds_df, sim_df])
            .assign(timestamp=lambda df: pd.to_datetime(df.timestamp, utc=True))
            .sort_values('timestamp')
            .assign(core_store_size=lambda df: df.core_store_size.interpolate())
            .assign(baseline_vs_world=lambda df: df.baseline_function / df.
            ↪core_store_size))
```

time: 40.1 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```
[23]: px.line(z_df,
              x='timestamp',
              y=['core_store_size', 'baseline_function'],
              labels={'value': 'PiB'},
              log_y=True)
```

time: 293 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:06 +00:00)

```
[24]: fig = px.line(z_df,
                    x='timestamp',
                    y='baseline_vs_world',
```

```

        title='Baseline Function Growth in terms of the Projected World_
↪Storage (Public Cloud)',
        labels={'baseline_vs_world': 'Baseline as fraction of the World_
↪Storage'})

fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text="Baseline Crossing")

fig.layout.yaxis.tickformat = ',.2%'
fig.show()

```

time: 175 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:07 +00:00)

```

[25]: WORLD_MAX_CAPACITY = 50000

proj_df = (df.resample('1w', on='timestamp')
           .mean()
           .reset_index()
           .assign(ds=lambda df: df.timestamp.dt.tz_localize(None))
           .assign(y=lambda df: df.raw_bytes_network_power)
           .assign(cap=WORLD_MAX_CAPACITY))

m = Prophet(growth = 'logistic')
m.fit(proj_df)
future = m.make_future_dataframe(periods=180)
future['cap'] = WORLD_MAX_CAPACITY
forecast = m.predict(future)

```

INFO:prophet:Disabling yearly seasonality. Run prophet with yearly_seasonality=True to override this.

INFO:prophet:Disabling weekly seasonality. Run prophet with weekly_seasonality=True to override this.

INFO:prophet:Disabling daily seasonality. Run prophet with daily_seasonality=True to override this.

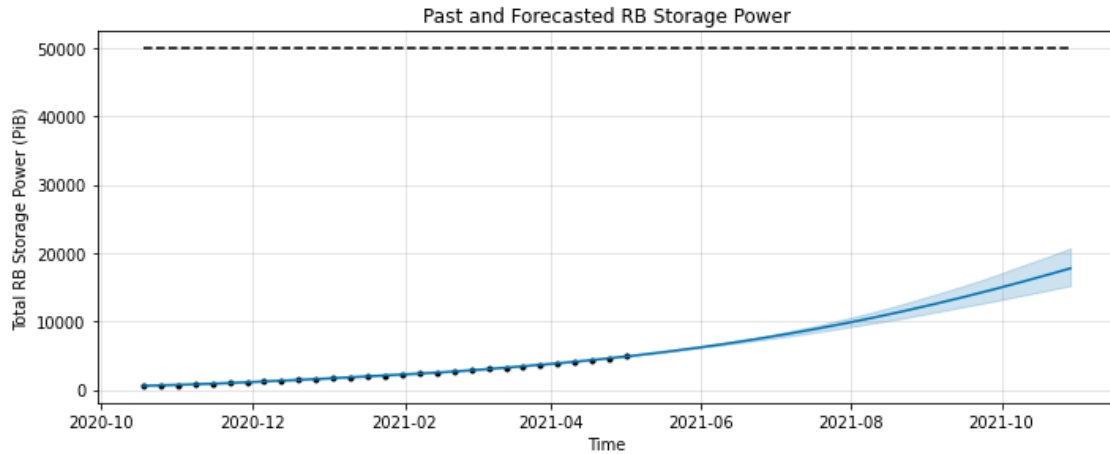
INFO:prophet:n_changepoints greater than number of observations. Using 22.

time: 4.08 s (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:07 +00:00)

```

[26]: fig = m.plot(forecast, figsize=(10, 4))
plt.title('Past and Forecasted RB Storage Power')
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Total RB Storage Power (PiB)")
plt.show()

```



time: 222 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```
[27]: f = lambda df: df.ds
      f_df = pd.concat([forecast.assign(timestamp=f), z_df])
```

time: 36.1 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```
[28]: x = forecast.ds
      x_rev = x[::-1]
      y = forecast.yhat
      y_upper = forecast.yhat_upper
      y_lower = forecast.yhat_lower
      y_lower_rev = y_lower[::-1]

      fig = go.Figure()
      fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
          x=x,
          y=y,
          line_color='rgb(0,176,246)',
          name='RB Network Power',
      ))

      fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
          x=pd.concat([x, x_rev]),
          y=pd.concat([y_upper, y_lower_rev]),
          fill='toself',
          name='RB Network Power (uncertainty)',
          fillcolor='rgba(0,176,246,0.2)',
          line_color='rgba(255,255,255,0)',
```

```

))

fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
    x=z_df.timestamp,
    y=z_df.baseline_function,
    name='Baseline Function',
    line_color='coral',
))

fig.update_layout(title='Projection of RB Network Power vs Baseline Function',
                  yaxis_title='Storage (PiB)',
                  xaxis_title='Timestamp')

fig.update_traces(mode='lines')

fig.add_vline(pd.Timestamp(BASELINE_CROSSING).timestamp() * 1000,
              annotation_text="Baseline Crossing")

fig.show()

```

time: 155 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```

[29]: t = 1
      g_0 = 1
      (np.log((1 + g_0) ** t + 1) + np.log(1 / 2)) / np.log(1 + g_0)

```

[29]: 0.5849625007211564

time: 24.4 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```

[30]: t = 0
      (np.log(2 ** t + 1) + np.log(1 / 2)) / np.log(2)

```

[30]: 0.0

time: 23.8 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```

[31]: np.log(1/2) / np.log(2)

```

[31]: -1.0

time: 23.3 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```

[32]: 1 / np.log(2)

```

[32]: 1.4426950408889634

time: 22.4 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

```

[33]: theta = lambda t: np.log(2 ** t + 1) - 1
      t = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

```

```
dt = 0.01
y = (theta(t + dt) - theta(t)) / dt
px.line(x=t,
        y=y,
        title="Effective Network Power as Fraction of Real Time (RB-NP = 50%_
↪Baseline)",
        labels={'x': 'Years Passed',
                'y': 'Fraction of Real Time'})
```

time: 76.7 ms (started: 2021-05-02 00:53:11 +00:00)

[]: