Introduction to ROS

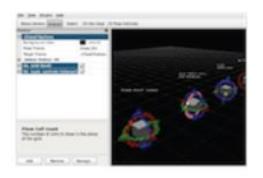


Slides modified from Programming for Robotics – ROS Course of ETHZ http://www.rsl.ethz.ch/education-students/lectures/ros.html

What is ROS

ROS = Robot Operating System









ros.org

Plumbing

- Process management
- Inter-process communication
- Device drivers

Tools

- Simulation
- Visualization
- Graphical user interface
- Data logging

Capabilities

- Control
- Planning
- Perception
- Mapping
- Manipulation

Ecosystem

- Package organization
- Software distribution
- Documentation
- Tutorials

Master Node

- Manages the communication between nodes
- Every node registers at startup with the master

Start a master with

> roscore

ROS Master

Nodes

- Single-purpose, executable program
- Individually compiled, executed, and managed
- Organized in packages

Run a node with

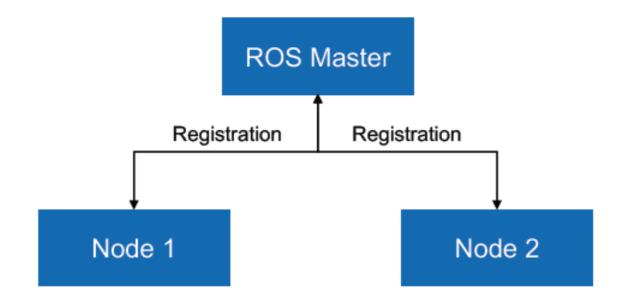
> rosrun package_name node_name

See active nodes with

> rosnode list

Retrieve information about a node with

> rosnode info node_name



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rosnode

Topics

- Nodes communicate over topics
 - Nodes can publish or subscribe to a topic
 - Typically, 1 publisher and n subscribers
- Topic is a name for a stream of messages

List active topics with

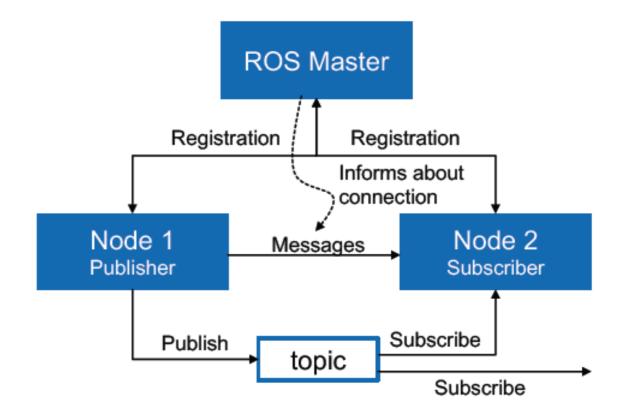
> rostopic list

Subscribe and print the contents of a topic with

> rostopic echo /topic

Show information about a topic with

> rostopic info /topic



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rostopic

Messages

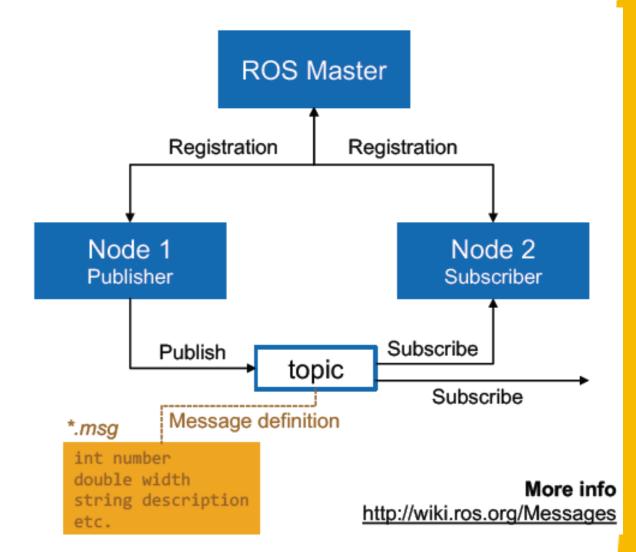
- Data structure defining the type of a topic
- Compromised of a nested structure of integers, floats, booleans, strings etc. and arrays of objects
- Defined in *.msg files

See the type of a topic

> rostopic type /topic

Publish a message to a topic

> rostopic pub /topic type args



Catkin Build System – File Structure

The catkin workspace contains the following spaces

Work here



The source space contains the source code. This is where you can clone, create, and edit source code for the packages you want to build.

Don't touch



The build space is where CMake is invoked to build the packages in the source space. Cache information and other intermediate files are kept here.

Don't touch



devel

The development (devel) space is where built targets are placed (prior to being installed).

ROS Launch

- launch is a tool for launching multiple nodes (as well as setting parameters)
- Are written in XML as *.launch files
- If not yet running, launch automatically starts a roscore

Browse to the folder and start a launch file with

> roslaunch file_name.launch

Start a launch file from a package with

> roslaunch package_name file_name.launch

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch

ROS Launch – File Structure (Necessary?)

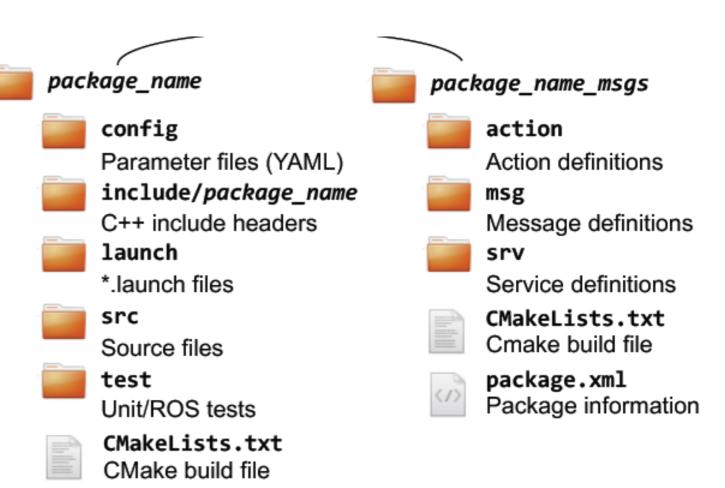
talker listener.launch

- Notice the syntax difference for self-closing tags:
 - <tag></tag> and <tag/>

- launch: Root element of the launch file
- node: Each <node> tag specifies a node to be launched
- name: Name of the node (free to choose)
- pkg: Package containing the node
- type: Type of the node, there must be a corresponding executable with the same name
- output: Specifies where to output log messages (screen: console, log: log file)

Packages

- ROS software is organized into packages, which can contain source code, launch files, configuration files, message definitions, data, and documentation
- A package that builds up on/requires other packages (e.g. message definitions), declares these as dependencies
 To create a new package, use
 - > catkin_create_pkg package_name
 {dependencies}



package.xml

Package information

More info http://wiki.ros.org/Packages