

U.S. Department of Justice

Executive Office for Immigration Review

Board of Immigration Appeals
Office of the Clerk

5107 Leesburg Pike, Suite 2000 Falls Church, Virginia 22041

Lamb, Robert William Hatch Law Office P.O. Box 1847 Durham, NC 27702 DHS/ICE Office of Chief Counsel - CHL 5701 Executive Ctr Dr., Ste 300 Charlotte, NC 28212

Name: P B B B A A A A 863

Date of this notice: 8/31/2016

Enclosed is a copy of the Board's decision and order in the above-referenced case.

Sincerely.

Donna Carr

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Donna Carr Chief Clerk

Enclosure

Panel Members: O'Herron, Margaret M Greer, Anne J. Kendall-Clark, Molly

Userteam: **Docket**

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DHS/ICE Office of Chief Counsel - CHL 5701 Executive Ctr Dr., Ste 300 Charlotte, NC 28212

Name: Planta James Barres Alexand A 863

Date of this notice: 8/31/2016

Enclosed is a copy of the Board's decision in the above-referenced case. This copy is being provided to you as a courtesy. Your attorney or representative has been served with this decision pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 1292.5(a). If the attached decision orders that you be removed from the United States or affirms an Immigration Judge's decision ordering that you be removed, any petition for review of the attached decision must be filed with and received by the appropriate court of appeals within 30 days of the date of the decision.

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Sincerely,

Donna Carr Chief Clerk

Enclosure

Panel Members: O'Herron, Margaret M Greer, Anne J. Kendall-Clark, Molly

Userteam: The taken

U.S. Department of Justice Executive Office for Immigration Review

Falls Church, Virginia 22041

File: A 863 – Charlotte, NC

Date:

AUG 3 1 2016

In re: B A P J

IN REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS

APPEAL

ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT: Robert Lamb, Esquire

ON BEHALF OF DHS: Hilary Rainone

Assistant Chief Counsel

CHARGE:

Notice: Sec. 212(a)(6)(A)(i), I&N Act [8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(6)(A)(i)] -

Present without being admitted or paroled

APPLICATION: Reopening

The respondent, a native and citizen of Guatemala, appeals the Immigration Judge's April 18, 2016, decision denying the respondent's motion to reopen to rescind an in absentia removal order. See section 240(b)(5)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1229a(b)(5)(C); 8 C.F.R. § 1003.23(b)(4)(ii). The Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") opposes the appeal, which will be sustained.

We review for clear error the findings of fact, including the determination of credibility, made by the Immigration Judge. 8 C.F.R. § 1003.1(d)(3)(i). We review de novo all other issues, including whether the parties have met the relevant burden of proof, and issues of discretion. 8 C.F.R. § 1003.1(d)(3)(ii).

Considering the totality of the circumstances presented in this case, we conclude that the respondent has presented an exceptional situation sufficient to warrant sua sponte reopening of his removal proceedings. See 8 C.F.R. § 1003.2(a); Matter of G-D-, 22 I&N Dec. 1132 (BIA 1999); Matter of J-J-, 21 I&N Dec. 976 (BIA 1997). In his motion, the respondent, who has been designated as an Unaccompanied Alien Child ("UAC"), and who was an 18-year-old high school student when the in absentia order of removal was issued, presented a copy of an application for asylum and related relief (Form I-589) along with evidence supporting his claim. The respondent further presented a receipt notice demonstrating that he filed his I-589 with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services ("USCIS") on April 18, 2016.

Under the circumstances presented in this case, particularly in light of the evidence that the respondent now has an asylum application pending before USCIS, we will grant reopening of the respondent's removal proceedings, and the proceedings will be administratively closed while the respondent's asylum application is pending before USCIS. If either party to this case wishes to reinstate the proceedings, a written request to reinstate the proceedings may be made to the

Board of Immigration Appeals ("Board"). The Board will take no further action in the case unless a request is received from one of the parties. The request must be submitted directly to the Clerk's Office, without fee, but with certification of service on the opposing party.

Accordingly, the following orders will be entered.

ORDER: The responent's appeal is sustained.

FURTHER ORDER: The in absentia order is rescinded and the respondent's motion to reopen is granted.

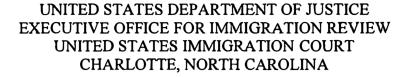
FURTHER ORDER: The proceedings before the Board of Immigration Appeals in this case are administratively closed.

FOR THE BOARD



5701 Executive Center Drive, Suite 400 Charlotte, North Carolina 28212

IN THE MATTER OF:	CASE NO. 6-863
ALIEN ATTORNEY: LAMB, ROBERT W	'ILLIAM, ESQ.
DECISION ON A	MOTION TO REOPEN.
IN	
[] DEPORTATION [] EXCLUSION [X]	REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS [] AOC ASYLUM ONLY
A MOTION TO REOPEN has been filed in duly considered and it appears to the Court the	n the above captioned case. The Motion has been at:
[] The request is timely and reasonable. The Motion be GRANTED.	erefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the
	d it appears to the Court that no substantial grounds refore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion
[] Adjourn to individual / master calendar h	nearing onatam/pm.
	Dated this day of April, 2016
	Hon. THERESA HOLMES-SIMMONS U.S. Immigration Judge
This document was served to: [X] District Counsel [X] Counsel for Respondent / Applicant [] Respondent / Applicant	



IN THE MATTER OF	IN REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS
P B A	863
Respondent.	
	April 18, 2016,

APPLICATION:

Motion to Reopen

ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT:

Robert W. Lamb, Esq.

PO Box 1847

Durham, NC 27701

ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT:

Cori White, Esq.

Office of Chief Counsel

Department of Homeland Security

WRITTEN DECISION OF THE IMMIGRATION JUDGE

I. Procedural History

On October 11, 2014, Respondent was served with a Notice to Appear (NTA). The NTA is dated October 11, 2014. The Respondent was served with notice to appear at Master Calendar hearing on August 5, 2015. That notice was served on the Respondent on February 20, 2015.

On August 5, 2015, the Respondents and their Counsel failed to appear at their master hearing. DHS made a motion to order Respondents removed *in absentia*. Thereafter, the Court ordered Respondents removed *in absentia*.

On February 16, 2016, Respondent filed a motion to reopen the *in absentia* order of removal. Motion to Reopen an *In Absentia* Order and for Stay of Removal (February 16, 2016) (hereinafter "Mot. to Reopen *In Absentia*"). Thereafter, on March 1, 2016, the Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") filed their response in opposition to Respondents' motion. Department of Homeland Security's Opposition to the Respondent's Motion to Reopen (March 1, 2016) (hereinafter "DHS Opp'n").

Upon review and consideration of Respondent's Motion to Reopen an *In Absentia* Order and the DHS response in opposition, the Court enters the following written decision.

II. Evidence Presented

The Court reviewed and considered all evidence submitted by the parties, whether or not it is expressly referenced in this decision.

A. Documentary Evidence

Exhibit 1: Notice to Appear, filed October 11, 2014¹

Exhibit 2: Respondent's Hearing Notice for August 5, 2015, served February 20, 2015

Exhibit 3: Respondent's Inabsentia Order dated August 5, 2015²

Exhibit 4: Respondent's Motion to Re-Open, filed February 16, 2016³ and attached Form I-

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Exhibit 5: Government's Response to Motion to Re-Open dated March 1, 2016

III. Motion to Reopen

A. Law

"Motions for reopening immigration proceedings are disfavored for the same reasons as are petitions for rehearing, and motions for a new trial on the basis of newly discovered evidence. This is especially true in a deportation proceeding where, as a general matter, every delay works to the advantage of the deportable alien who wishes merely to remain in the United States." *Matter of Coleho*, 20 I&N Dec. 464, 472 (BIA 1992) (quoting *INS v. Doherty*, 502 U.S. 314, 315-16 (1992)). A respondent who seeks to reopen his case must establish that the ultimate relief he seeks would be merited as a matter of discretion. *Id.*

An *in absentia* order of removal may be rescinded only if: (i) a motion to reopen is filed within 180 days of the order and the person demonstrates there were exceptional circumstances or (ii) a motion to reopen is filed at any time and the person can demonstrate that failure to appear was due to a lack of proper notice in accordance with INA § 239(a)(1) or (2) of the Act. INA § 240(b)(5)(C); 8 C.F.R. 1003.23(b)(4)(ii).

B. Analysis

In this case, Respondent seeks to reopen his August 5, 2015, in absentia order of removal. To prevail, Respondent must show that his failure to appear was due to exceptional circumstances or that he failed to receive proper notice of their hearing. INA § 240(b)(5)(C); 8 C.F.R. §1003.23(b)(4)(ii). In his motion, Respondent argues that his failure to appear was due to the Respondents inability to hire an attorney. Mot. to Reopen In Absentia at ¶II. Specifically, Respondents cites in paragraph 2 of his father's affidavit ".. He was caught at the border when he entered the country and I believe he was given a court date but we did not have the funds to hire an attorney. Before we knew it, his court date had passed and I figured there was nothing we could do about the situation." This was the reason why Respondents failed to appear. This is not an exceptional circumstance.

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The Respondent was aware and on notice of his hearing date, scheduled for the August 5, 2015. INA §239(a)(1), INA § 240(b)(5)(A). This is evident from the affidavit.

The Court further notes that Respondent made no effort to re-open this matter until February 1016. This was more than six months after he was ordered in absentia. Therefore his motion is untimely. 8 C.F.R. Section 1003.23 (b) (1).

In addition, the filing of the application for asylum does not warrant re-opening, C.F.R. Section 1003.23 (b) (3) provides, in pertinent part that motions to reopen:

Shall be supported by affidavits and other evidentiary material... A motion to reopen will not be granted unless the Immigration Judge is satisfied that the evidence is material and could not have been discovered or presented at the former hearing.

The affidavit or statement of the Respondent's father states he came to the United States because of an incident that occurred in September 2014. (See statement of Emilio Pujoy de Leon). Therefore, this evidence was available and could have been presented if the Respondent had appeared in Court.

The Court finds that the Respondent has not articulated any exceptional circumstances that excuse his absence, nor has he shown that he failed to receive notice of his hearing. For the foregoing reasons, the Court denies the Respondents' motion to reopen.

Accordingly, the Court enters the following:

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERD that Respondents' February 16, 2016, motion to reopen is DENIED.

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Date

Theresa Holmes-Simmons U.S. Immigration Judge Charlotte, North Carolina

A 863