

# Mastering Large NDArray Handling with Blosc2 and Caterva2

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Intro



NDArray: Blosc2's N-dim data container



**LazyArray:** Computing expressions and UDFs



Caterva2: Access to Blosc2 data from network



Conclusions

#### **A Climate Warning**









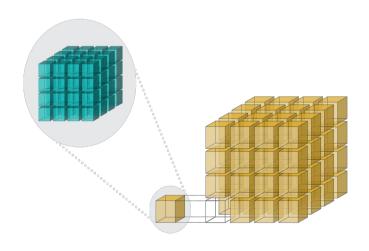
- Catastrophic rain in València area a month ago
- More that 200 deaths
- Tens of thousands Meuros in loses
- Global Warming is real!
- Act and reduce you carbon footprint!

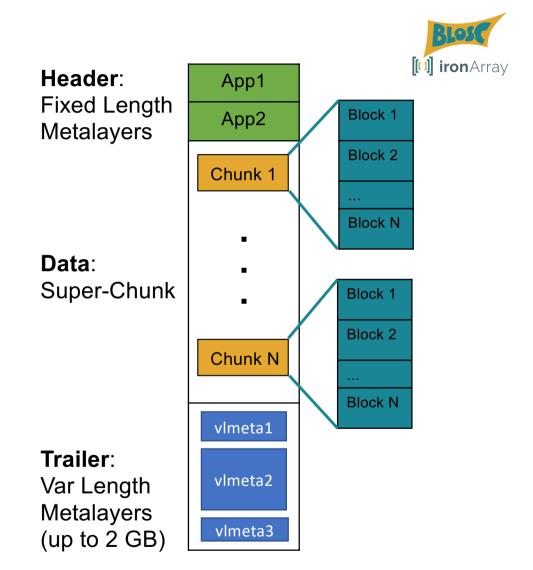


## Intro

#### What is Blosc2?

- Adds 63-bit containers.
- Metalayers for adding info for apps and users.
- Multidimensional blocks and chunks.





#### Who is ironArray SLU?



- We are the developers of PyTables, numexpr and Blosc ecosystems
- Team of experts empowering you to harness the full potential of compression for big data: we are here to help!









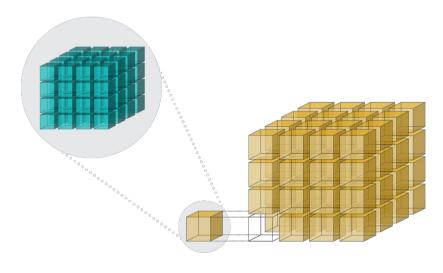








# NDArray: N-Dim and compressed data

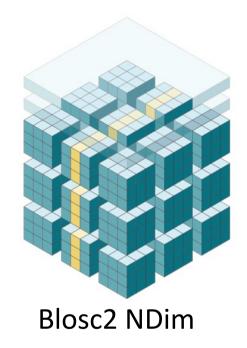




## Leveraging the second partition in Blosc2 NDim



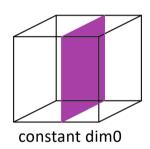
Much more selective and hence, faster queries!

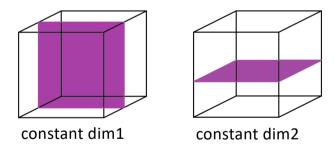


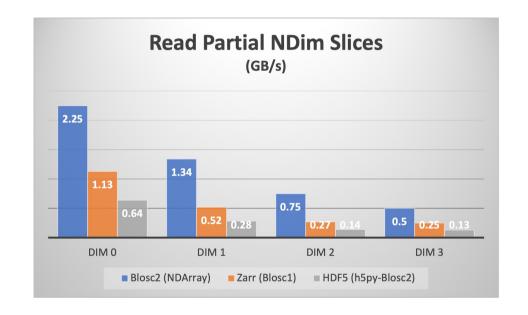


### Reading orthogonal slices









Faster slicing due to higher data selectivity in double partitioning

#### Hands-on time



Do these actions in command line:

- git clone <a href="https://github.com/Blosc/Python-Blosc2-3.0-tutorial">https://github.com/Blosc/Python-Blosc2-3.0-tutorial</a>
- conda create -n blosc2-tutorial python=3.12
- conda activate blosc2-tutorial
- pip install -r requirements.txt
- jupyter lab

And let's start with the first tutorial.



# LazyArray: Computing expressions and UDFs





#### **Computing expressions**



You can perform a rich variety of mathematical expressions:

The result (la) is an object that follows the <u>LazyArray interface</u>.

This allows to operate with your NDArray objects on a lazy manner.





If expressions are not flexible enough, you can define your own function and use it for doing computations with arbitrary inputs. E.g.

```
def myudf(inputs_tuple, output, offset):
    x, y = inputs_tuple
    output[:] = x**3 + np.sin(y) + 1

# a and b can be NDArrays or NumPy arrays
la = blosc2.lazyudf(myudf, (a, b), a.dtype)
```





- Let's continue with tutorial 2 (expressions)
- And then tutorial 3 (User Defined Functions)



Caterva2: On-demand access to remote Blosc2 datasets



#### Hands-on time



- Go to <u>cat2.cloud/demo</u> and try the interface with me.
- Three groups:
  - @personal: only you can see or remove files here
  - @team: all your team can see or remove files
  - @public: the world can see everything (not remove)
- Try upload anything, from .b2nd files to .png, .pdf or .md, and visualize them.



### Conclusion





With recently published 3.0.0 rc2 release, you can:

- Work with large NDArrays, be in-memory, disk or on the network
- Compute arbitrarily complex expressions (including reductions!) on a lazy manner
- Support for User Defined Functions
- With **Caterva2**, you can share your Blosc2 data in internet with easy and efficiency.

Blosc2: a highly efficient and flexible tool for compressing and computing your data, your way

### Thanks! Questions?













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**Compress Better, Share Faster**