Trusts | Electoral Commission donations and loans in Great You are in the Who can you accept donations and loans from? section Home donations and loans in Great Britain Who can you accept donations and loans from? View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: donations and loans in Great Britain Terms we use in this guidance Which donations are covered by the rules? What do you need to do when you receive a donation? How do you work out the value of a donation? Crowdfunding Auction prizes Sponsorship What must you record when you accept a donation? What do you do if you receive a donation from an impermissible or unidentifiable source? Which loans are covered by the rules? What do you need to do before you enter into a loan? How do you work out the value of a loan? What must you record when you enter into a loan? What do you do if you have a loan from an impermissible source? Who can you accept donations and loans from? Individuals Companies Limited liability partnerships Unincorporated associations Trusts Public funds and visits outside the UK Other sources Which donations and loans do you need to report? How to report donations and loans Trusts What makes a trust permissible? Trusts created before 27 July 1999 A trust created before 27 July 1999 is permissible if no property has been transferred to the trust since this date, and the terms of the trust have not varied since this date If the trust is a pre-1999 trust, then you must report: that the donation was from a trustee; the date on which the trust was created; the full name of the creator of the trust; and every individual or organisation by whom, or under whose will, property was transferred to the trust before 27 July 1999 Permissible donor trusts Permissible donor trusts may have been created before or after 27 July 1999. A permissible donor trust is permissible if the trust was created by an individual or organisation that was a permissible source at the time; and only transfers of property from permissible sources have been made to the trust If a trust was created by an individual's will, that individual must have been on a UK electoral register at any time within five years prior to the date of their death. A trust cannot be a permissible donor trust if it has ever received property from an impermissible or unidentifiable source. If the trust is a permissible donor trust, then you must report: that the donation was from a trustee; the required permissibility details of the individual or organisation that created the trust; and every other individual or organisation by whom, or under whose will, property has been transferred to the trust Last updated: 31 March 2022 Book traversal links for Trusts Unincorporated associations Public funds and visits outside the UK