Party details | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Party details Under the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA), you must provide certain details as part of your application to register a political party. This includes: The party's headquarters (or correspondence address) Whether you do not wish to field candidates at UK Parliamentary general elections – this will impact on which financial returns you may have to submit to the Commission ahead of those elections. You must provide your party's headquarters address. If you do not have a party headquarters, you must provide an address where the party can receive correspondence. This must be a physical address, and not an email address. It is important to note that this address will be available on our public register. You should avoid using any home addresses if you do not want them to be publicly available. You may therefore wish to consider using a PO Box address instead of a home address. You should also provide the Commission with your email address and a contact number to enable us to be able to contact with you about important information about your application and in future about important statutory deadlines. Making changes If later your party is registered and wishes to change any of its registered details, you can make an application to amend your register entry at any time. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Party details What you need to do to register Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections?

How do you object to our decision? | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration How do you object to our decision? If we refuse your application as a whole, or we refuse a particular identity mark, you can choose to submit a fresh application. All applications are assessed against the statutory tests in the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA). We will always explain the reasons why we have rejected an application. If you have questions about the reasons for our refusal, please contact us. There is no statutory right of appeal against our decision. If you disagree with our decision and the reasons for it you can seek a remedy through the courts by applying for a judicial review of our decision. If you believe that we have not adhered to our stated administrative procedures when considering your application you could enquire if the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman would be prepared to consider the matter. Before you do so you would need to first proceed under our complaints process referred to below. This covers: a failure to gather or properly to consider certain information bias in arriving at a decision unreasonable delay You must be explicit about the nature of your complaint, providing evidence where possible, rather than simply making an assertion based on disagreement with the outcome of a decision. Our complaints web page has information about how to make a complaint. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for How do you object to our decision? Stage 4 After registration

Before you register | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Before you register Before you register, you need to set up your political party. You should make sure you have a constitution, and that your financial processes are in place. You also need to think about where your party intends to stand candidates. This will affect which register you will need to apply to be included on. Your intention to stand candidates Your party must intend to field at least one candidate in at least one election in the UK. If you intend to contest elections in both Great Britain and Northern Ireland, you will need to register two separate political parties, one on each register. They are two separate parties for the purposes of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA). You can register parties on both registers in a single application. You must ensure the financial affairs of both parties are conducted separately and this must also be reflected in each party's financial scheme. The reason the registered parties must be legally separate is that your NI and GB parties will have separate financial reporting requirements. If you register on the GB register, you must specify if you wish to contest elections in England, Scotland and/or Wales. Please remember you will only be able to field candidates as a party in those parts of the UK your register entry specifies. As part of the application process we may ask you what the party has done or will do to realise its intention to contest elections. One way of doing this is to outline what specific elections your party intends to contest in your party's constitution. Minor parties Minor parties can only register in Great Britain and must also specify if they intend to field candidates at parish council elections, Welsh community elections or both. Making changes If your party is registered and later wishes to change where it intends to field candidates, you can make an application to amend these details. An application to change your registration from a minor party to a political party requires a £150 application fee. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Before you register How to register your political party What you need to do to register

Your financial scheme | Electoral Commission How to register You are in the How to register your political party your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme What must your financial scheme include? Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Your financial scheme Your party must submit a financial scheme as part of your application to register which sets out how the party will comply with the legal controls of the political finance rules under the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act (PPERA). The financial scheme you provide must have been adopted by the party. We produce a template scheme that you can use to create your party's own financial scheme. You do not have to use this template scheme. It is a template only and the scheme that the party submits with its application must accurately reflect how the party actually operates in practice. Model financial scheme (DOC) If you use our template scheme, you should check carefully that it accurately reflects the party's own procedures. For example, if the party has a campaigns officer, you should include their name at the appropriate places in the scheme in addition to the party treasurer. If your financial year will not run from 1 January to 31 December then you should amend this within the template scheme as well. We must be satisfied that your financial scheme sets out the arrangements for regulating the financial affairs of the party for the purposes of PPERA, and that it has been adopted by the party, for your application to be approved. One way you can demonstrate that the scheme has been adopted is to have all of the proposed registered officers of the party sign the scheme. Minor parties are not required to adopt a financial scheme or submit one as part of their application. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Your financial scheme What are prohibited words? What must your financial scheme include?

What you need to do to register | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration What you need to do to register Registration of a political party is not automatic upon submission of an application to us. We will assess your application against certain tests and criteria set out in law. If the party's application does not meet the statutory tests then it will be refused. You must ensure that all the information you provide is accurate. It may be a criminal offence if you include information which you know (or reasonably ought to have known) is false. Your application must include: your completed application form your party's constitution your party's financial scheme a non-refundable fee of £150 lt is quick and easy to apply online. To get started, you will need to set up a PEF Online account. You can pay your fee electronically when you apply online. There are also paper forms available. PEF Online - getting started Form RP1 GB - Register a political party in Great Britain (PDF) Form RP1 NI - Register a political party in Northern Ireland (PDF) Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for What you need to do to register Before you register Party details

Your party's constitution | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution What should your party's constitution include? Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Your party's constitution You must submit your party's constitution as part of your application to register a political party. Political parties must have a written constitution that sets out the structure and organisation of their party. This should set out the arrangements for your party's governance and the rules for carrying out its business. The constitution must show that the party can comply with the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA) – i.e., nothing in it can contradict legal requirements. It is possible that your party's constitution will comprise more than one document. For example, your party may have a set of Rules and Standing Orders for meetings. Any document which determines the party's structure and organisation will be part of the party's constitution under PPERA and must also, therefore, be provided to us as part of the application. It is important your financial scheme and constitution correspond and do not conflict with each other. For example, the two documents should agree on how your accounts are signed off, who is responsible for the accounts and who can authorise campaign expenditure at elections. Your constitution must include sufficient information about the structure and organisation of your party for your application to be approved. A party does not need to be registered as a company so that it can register with us. If your party is structured in this way then the constitution should include details of how the company registration impacts on, or interacts with, the party's structure and organisation. Any relevant information should also be reflected in the processes outlined in the party's financial scheme. Minor parties are not required to have a constitution or submit one as part of their application. Equalities law You must ensure that your constitution and how your party operates complies with equalities law. In particular, you should ensure that your constitution does not unduly discriminate against persons with protected characteristics from becoming party members. Otherwise, your constitution will not be lawful and your application will be refused. You should read the guidance for political parties produced by the Equality and Human Rights Commission which is available on their website. As with the other requirements for registration, the fact that your application must be compliant with equalities law does not mean that your party cannot campaign on policies to change the law. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Your party's constitution What must your financial scheme include? What should your party's constitution include?

Your declaration of assets and liabilities | Electoral Commission You are in the How to register your How to register your political party political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities What is a record of assets and liabilities? What should your record of assets and liabilities include? Parties registering in Great Britain and Northern Ireland What happens to the record of assets and liabilities after you submit your party registration application? Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Your declaration of assets and liabilities Under the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA). when you make an application to register a political party, the proposed treasurer must also make a declaration regarding the assets and liabilities held by the party. This declaration must state whether your party meets, or does not meet, the assets/liabilities condition. Your party will meet the assets/liabilities condition if both the total value of the party's assets and total amount of the party's liabilities are £500 or less. If you meet the assets/liabilities condition, you are not required to provide us with any further detail. However, if either the total value of the party's assets, or total amount of the party's liabilities, are more than £500, your party will not meet the assets/liabilities condition. Parties that do not meet the assets/liabilities condition must submit a record of assets and liabilities to the Electoral Commission with their application to register a party. For example, Party A has £50 in assets and no liabilities. Party A meets the assets/liabilities condition as it does not hold assets or liabilities that meet the reporting threshold of more than £500. It is not required to submit a record of assets and liabilities. Party B has no assets and no liabilities. Party B also meets the assets/liabilities condition as it does not hold assets or liabilities that meet the reporting threshold of more than £500. It is not required to submit a record of assets and liabilities. Party C has £700 in assets and £600 in liabilities. Party C does not meet the assets/liabilities condition as both the assets and liabilities are more than £500. Party C is therefore required to submit a record of assets and liabilities. Party D has £100 in assets and £600 in liabilities. Party D does not meet the assets/liabilities condition as it holds more than £500 in liabilities. Party D is also required to submit a record of assets and liabilities. The Commission will include whether your party meets or does not meet the assets and liabilities condition as part of the details published on the public register of political parties. We will also publish a copy of the record on the register. Please see What is a record of assets and liabilities? for information on how to complete a record of assets and liabilities. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Your declaration of assets and liabilities What should your party's constitution include? What is a record of assets and liabilities?

Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? | Electoral Commission How to register your political party in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Under the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA), registered political parties are required to report (including nil reports) donations they receive or loans they enter into in the run up to a general election, unless they are exempt. We call these reports pre-poll reports. These reporting requirements are in addition to the guarterly reporting requirements for political parties. If you do not intend to contest UK Parliamentary general elections (UKPGEs), you are able to exempt yourself from pre-poll reporting. You can do this by declaring your intention not to field candidates at a UKPGE on your application to register a political party. Form RP6: Declaration of exemption of a registered political party - integrated notes You must re-confirm the declaration every time the party delivers its annual renewal notification in order to maintain the exemption. By making this declaration, you will not be required to submit weekly pre-poll donation and loan reports for a general election. If your party subsequently fields candidates at a general election, this exemption will not apply for that election. This means the party will be required to submit pre-poll donation and loan reports in the run-up to that general election. This does not apply to minor parties, who are unable to contest UKPGEs. If later your party is registered and wishes to amend a declaration you have previously made, you can make an application to amend this at any time. Form RP7: Withdrawal of declaration of exemption made by a registered political party - integrated notes Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Party details Your party's officers

After registration | Electoral Commission How to register your You are in the How to register your political party section political party Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration After registration Once you have registered successfully we will send you information about your obligations as a registered political party. Under the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA), a registered political party must, for example: make sure all donations and loans over £500 come from mainly UK-based sources report donations and loans every quarter, and report weekly during a UK Parliamentary general election keep to campaign spending limits at elections, and report campaign spending to us keep accurate accounts and records send us annual accounts if the party's income or expenditure is over £250,000 a year, also send an auditor's report on your annual accounts operate consistently with your constitution and financial scheme, and keep them current keep the party's details up to date, and confirm them annually These rules are to ensure the integrity and transparency of party political finance. If you don't follow them, you may be subject to fines or other enforcement action by us or the police. You have significant responsibilities as an officer of a political party, so it's important that you understand these fully before you register with us. You should make sure you familiarise yourself with the quidance available for political parties on our website. In addition we also provide guidance to candidates and agents on how to stand for election and their rights and responsibilities. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for After registration How do you object to our decision?

Accounting units | Electoral Commission How to register your You are in the How to register your political party section political party Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Accounting units Most parties operate as a single unit, which means the treasurer of the party has oversight over the finances of the entire party. However, you may wish to register party branches that have financial autonomy. These are called "accounting units" and each unit is responsible for its own finances. Registering accounting units is optional. Your financial scheme must specify if your party will have accounting units. Please note that our standard template scheme is not suitable for parties with accounting units. If you have branches that are not financially autonomous, you do not need to register them as accounting units and they do not need to appear in your financial scheme. However you may still want to refer to them in your constitution. If you choose to register accounting units, each unit must have their own treasurer and Second Officer. You must also register the accounting unit's headquarters address or a correspondence address if the accounting unit does not have a headquarters. We can provide further advice on what is required, so please contact us in the first instance if you need more advice on accounting units. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Accounting units What happens to the record of assets and liabilities after you submit your party registration application? Submitting your application

How to register your political party | Electoral Commission How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration How to register your political party This guidance tells you what you will need to know and do to register a political party or a minor party for the first time. We highly recommend you submit your application via our PEF Online system. We also have paper forms you can download from our website. The Electoral Commission maintains the registers of political parties for Great Britain and Northern Ireland. These are separate registers. Registered political parties and their officers must comply with the law, in particular as set out in the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA). These rules include continuous controls on donations, loans, campaign spending, annual accounts, keeping your registered details up to date and annual renewal of your registration. Before deciding to apply, it is important that you read all our published guidance on registering a political party and our guidance for party treasurers to get an understanding of the registration process and the financial reporting obligations. If you fail to comply with the law, you may be subject to civil or criminal sanctions. It is therefore an important part of the registration process that your party demonstrates that it has suitable arrangements and processes to enable the party to comply with the legal framework. In this guidance, we use 'must' when we refer to a specific legal or regulatory requirement. We use 'should' for items we consider to be minimum good practice, but which are not legal requirements. You do not have to follow this guidance, but if you do, you will normally be doing enough to comply with the law. Minor parties You can choose to register either a political party or a minor party. A political party can field candidates in all elections in the area they are registered - some or all parts of Great Britain, or in all of Northern Ireland. A minor party can only contest parish council elections in England and/or community council elections in Wales. Minor parties cannot contest elections in Scotland or Northern Ireland. Independent candidates at parish and community council elections can, at the discretion of the Returning Officer, use a description not registered with us provided that the description does not exceed six words in length and cannot be confused with a registered political party. Minor parties are not subject to the same financial reporting obligations that political parties are. Book traversal links for How to register your political party Before you register

Submitting your application | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Submitting your application Before you submit your application, you should review the details of what you are submitting to ensure your application is complete and contains all mandatory and relevant information in accordance with our guidance. If you are applying using PEF Online, once you are satisfied with your application, your system administrator will be able to send your application online to all relevant officers to authorise. Your party's officers must approve the application and accept their role within the party. If they hold more than one officer role, please ensure they authorise for each position they hold. It must be clear in what capacity they are authorising. Your party's administrator will be unable to submit your application until all relevant officers of the party have completed their authorisation. If you are applying offline, all relevant officers of the party must sign the application form. Once all officers have authorised the application, your party administrator can submit your application and pay your £150 non-refundable application fee. You can pay your fee online by card payment. You can also make a payment by post via cash, cheque or postal order. If you send the payment by cheque please make the payment to 'The Electoral Commission'. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Submitting your application Accounting units How we assess your application

How we assess your identity marks | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks What we mean by "likely to confuse" What we mean by "likely to mislead a voter" What we mean by 'likely to contradict or hinder instructions or guidance given for voting' What we mean by "offensive" What is a "protected" identity mark? Copyright and trade marks Can acronyms or abbreviations be used? What languages can I use in party identity marks? Other things to consider if you intend to contest elections in Wales Can numerals be used? Can links to online material be used? Can an individual's name be used? What are prohibited words? Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration How we assess your identity marks The law says that we will register your identity mark unless in our opinion it does not meet certain tests. We therefore have to assess your identity marks against those tests. We look at how the proposed identity marks can be used on ballot papers. including the different ways in which they can be used on the ballot paper at different elections, and the need for every voter to be able to cast their vote with confidence. We will register your identity mark unless in the Commission's opinion it: is the same as another registered or protected identity mark which is on the same register is likely to result in voters confusing it with another party identity mark that is already registered or protected is likely to mislead voters as to the effect of their vote is likely to contradict or hinder instructions or guidance given for voting is obscene or offensive contains certain prohibited words contains more than six words is not in Roman script is likely to amount to an offence if published As a guide, we are unlikely to register your identity mark if it: is, or contains an acronym or abbreviation that is not well known and widely used and not spelt out is a description that does not identify your party links in any way to online material or contains reference to online content, such as a Twitter hashtag or a QR code in most cases, if it contains a reference to a person's name is an emblem that contains text which cannot be read at the size emblems appear on ballot papers (2cm square) – at this size, we suggest that any text in an emblem is at least 1.2mm in height We cannot confirm whether your application will be successful in advance of you submitting it. It is your responsibility to determine the details of your application and to ensure that it complies with the requirements of the Political Parties. Elections and Referendums Act 2000 (PPERA). If your application is refused, we will notify you of our reasons in writing. Last updated: 2 June 2023 Book traversal links for How we assess your identity marks Joint party descriptions What we mean by "likely to confuse"

Identity marks on ballot papers | Electoral Commission How to register your political party You are in the How to register your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Identity marks on ballot papers Party name Party emblems on ballot papers Party descriptions on ballot papers Joint party descriptions How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Identity marks on ballot papers "Identity Marks" are how we refer collectively to your party name, descriptions and emblems. These are how a party may be identified on a ballot paper at elections. Some identity marks are mandatory whilst others are optional. You must register a party name. This is a mandatory identity mark. You may register up to three emblems and 12 descriptions. These are optional identity marks. You do not need to register any party identity marks that you intend to use on campaign materials, unless you also intend to use them on a ballot paper. There are certain statutory tests and requirements which identity marks must meet in order to be registered. We will assess your application to register identify marks against these tests. From time to time, the Commission will also carry out reviews of identity marks on our registers. This is part of our duty to ensure we are maintaining the register of political parties. You can apply to change your party name, descriptions, and emblems and add joint descriptions at a later date if you wish for an additional non-refundable fee of £25 per application. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Identity marks on ballot papers Officer responsibilities Party name

Your party's officers | Electoral Commission How to register You are in the How to register your political party your political party section Home How to register your political party View the navigation tree Go to main guidance section: How to register your political party Before you register What you need to do to register Party details Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Your party's officers Officer responsibilities Identity marks on ballot papers How we assess your identity marks Your financial scheme Your party's constitution Your declaration of assets and liabilities Accounting units Submitting your application How we assess your application How do you object to our decision? After registration Your party's officers Political parties must have people registered in certain official roles. These roles are: party leader party treasurer (not applicable for minor parties) nominating officer You must provide the names and home addresses for your officers. You do not need to have three separate individuals in each role, but you must have at least two people as officers for the party. If one person fills all of the official roles you must register someone as an additional officer. The additional officer must hold a specified office or role within the party. If your party has a campaigns officer then they may be registered as the additional officer. The treasurer and nominating officer cannot be the same person unless they are also the leader. Please be aware that these are statutory roles that carry legal responsibilities. Optional officer roles Campaigns officer - who will be responsible for your party's compliance with the financial laws for campaign expenditure instead of the treasurer. They cannot also be the treasurer Additional officer - you must apply to have an additional officer if the party leader is also the treasurer and nominating officer and your party does not have a campaigns officer. Minor parties If you are a minor party, you must register a party leader and nominating officer. You must have at least two people in officer roles. If one person fills both roles, you must register someone as an additional officer. Minor parties cannot be registered with a treasurer or campaigns officer. Last updated: 24 November 2022 Book traversal links for Your party's officers Are you intending to contest UK Parliamentary general elections? Officer responsibilities

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