## Unit 3

**重点单词短语用法**

*(A)*

1. be about to do sth 正要做某事,即将做某事

2. “see+宾语+being done”结构

3. “with+宾语+介词短语”作状语

4. where…,there be… 意为“在……的地方,就有……”

*(B)*

1.witness

*vt.*(to see sth happen)当场见到;目击 *vi.*(to provide or serve as evidence of)做证 *n.*(a person who sees sth happen and is able to describe it to other people)目击者;证人

(1)witness sth 　　　　　目击、目睹某事

witness to(=give witness to) 为……做证/证明

1. be (a) witness to 是……的目击者; 目击,看见
2. opposite

*adj.* 相反的;相对的 *n.* 相反的事物,对立的人(或物);反面 *prep.*与……相对

be opposite to 　　在……对面;与……相反

3.urge　*vt.* (to push for something)催促;极力主张;驱策

(1)urge sb to do sth 　　　力劝某人做某事;怂恿某人做某事

urge that sb (should) do sth 主张/力劝某人做某事（虚拟语气）

It is/was urged that sb /sth should do… 有人主张……

(2)have an urge to do sth 渴望做某事 （虚拟语气）

(3)urgent *adj.* 紧急的

1. abandon

*vt.*[to give up or bring an end to (sth.) or leave completely and forever] 遗弃;抛弃

(1)abandon (doing) sth. 　　放弃(做)某事

abandon oneself to(=be abandoned to) 沉湎于……(to为介词)

1. abandoned *adj.* 被遗弃的;放纵的

5 .reflect

*vt.* (to throw back light, heat, sound or an image)映射;反射;思考 *vi.*思考

(1)reflect on 思考;反省

(2)reflection *n.* 反射;反映;沉思;倒影;影像 be lost in reflection 陷入沉思中

1. scare

*vt.*& *vi.* (to become frightened)恐吓;受惊吓

(1)scaring *adj.*令人害怕的;吓人的 scared *adj.* 受惊吓的;感到害怕的

(2)be scared of… 害怕…… be scared to do… 不敢做…… be scared to death 吓死了

*(C)*

1 .help out　帮助……解决困难;帮助……渡过难关

(1)help sb with sth=help sb (to) do sth 帮助某人某事

help oneself to(介词) 请自便;自己动手(夹菜吃/用……)

can’t help doing sth 禁不住做某事 can’t help but do sth 只得做某事;不得不做某事

1. with the help of 在……的帮助下, 借助= with one’s help

2.sb be/become aware of sth/ that　某人意识到某事, 知道……

make sb aware that…/of… 让某人意识、注意到…

raise awareness of 　　　　提高……的意识

*(D)*

1.As we drew closer,I could see a whale being attacked by a pack of about six other killers. 当我们靠近时,我能看到一条鲸鱼正在被一群虎鲸攻击,其数量大约为六条。

分析：此句运用了“see+宾语+being done”结构,意为“看到……正被……”,being attacked作宾语补足语,表示动作正在被进行。

[提示] being done是doing的被动形式,用作现在分词时,表示被动和正在进行的动作,常作定语和补语;

用作动名词时,只表示被动而不表示进行的动作,常作宾语和主语。

2 .The water was quite shallow but where the reef ended, there was a steep drop to the sandy ocean floor. 水很浅,但是到了珊瑚礁的尽头,就有一个陡坡,一直下降到满是沙子的海底。

where…, there be…在……的地方,有... where此处引导地点状语从句,