

MODULE NAME:	MODULE CODE:
TEACHING FOUNDATION PHASE MATHEMATICS 3A	TMSS6311

ASSESSMENT TYPE: POE (PAPER)

TOTAL MARK ALLOCATION: 100 MARKS

TOTAL HOURS: 24 HOURS

By submitting this assignment, you acknowledge that you have read and understood all the rules as per the terms in the registration contract, in particular the assignment and assessment rules in The IIE Assessment Strategy and Policy (IIE009), the intellectual integrity and plagiarism rules in the Intellectual Integrity Policy (IIE023), as well as any rules and regulations published in the student portal.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- No material may be copied from original sources, even if referenced correctly, unless it is a direct quote indicated with quotation marks. No more than 10% of the assignment may consist of direct quotes.
- 2. Make a copy of your assignment before handing it in.
- 3. Assignments must be typed unless otherwise specified.
- 4. All work must be adequately and correctly referenced.
- 5. Begin each section on a new page.
- 6. Follow all instructions on the assignment cover sheet.
- 7. This is an individual or a group assignment For group assignments, the group may not exceed 4 members, and all will be awarded the same mark.

Referencing Rubric

Providing evidence based on valid and referenced academic sources is a fundamental educational principle and the cornerstone of high-quality academic work. Hence, The IIE considers it essential to develop the referencing skills of our students in our commitment to achieve high academic standards. Part of achieving these high standards is referencing in a way that is consistent, technically correct and congruent. This is not plagiarism, which is handled differently.

Poor quality formatting in your referencing will result in a penalty of a maximum of ten percent being deducted from the mark awarded, according to the following guidelines. Please note, however, that evidence of plagiarism in the form of copied or uncited work (not referenced), absent reference lists, or exceptionally poor referencing, may result in action being taken in accordance with The IIE's Intellectual Integrity Policy (0023).

Markers are required to provide feedback to students by indicating (<u>circling/underlining</u>) the information that <u>best</u> <u>describes the student's work.</u>

<u>Minor technical referencing errors: 5% deduction from the overall mark</u> – the student's work contains <u>five or more errors</u> listed in the minor errors' column in the table below.

<u>Major technical referencing errors: 10% deduction from the overall mark</u> – the student's work contains <u>five or more errors</u> listed in the major errors' column in the table below.

If both minor and major errors are indicated, then 10% is deducted from the overall mark.

The examples provided below are not exhaustive but are provided to illustrate the error.

Required:	Minor errors	Major errors
Technically correct referencing style	in technical correctness of referencing	In technical correctness of referencing
recommend to recover continue of the	style	style
	Deduct 5% from mark awarded	Deduct 10% from mark awarded
Consistency	Minor inconsistencies.	Major inconsistencies.
	The referencing style is generally	Poor and inconsistent referencing style
The same referencing format has been	consistent, but there are one or two	used in-text and/or in the bibliography/
used for all in-text references and in the	changes in the format of in-text	reference list.
bibliography/reference list.	referencing and/or in the bibliography.	Multiple formats for the same type of
	For example, page numbers for direct	referencing have been used.
	quotes (in-text) have been provided for	For example, the format for direct quotes
	one source, but not in another instance.	(in-text) and/or book chapters
	Two book chapters (bibliography) have	(bibliography/ reference list) is different
	been referenced in the bibliography in two	across multiple instances.
	different formats.	·
<u>Technical correctness</u>	Generally, technically correct with some	Technically incorrect.
	minor errors.	The referencing format is incorrect.
Referencing format is technically correct	The correct referencing format has been	Concepts and ideas are typically
throughout the submission.	consistently used, but there are one or	referenced, but a reference is missing from
	two errors.	small sections of the work.
	Concepts and ideas are typically	Position of the references: references are
Position of the reference: a reference is	referenced, but a reference is missing	only given at the beginning or end of large
directly associated with every concept or	from one small section of the work.	sections of work.
idea.	Position of the references: references are	For example, incorrect author information
	only given at the beginning or end of every	is provided, no year of publication is
	paragraph.	provided, quotation marks and/or page
For example, quotation marks, page	For example, the student has incorrectly	numbers for direct quotes missing, page
numbers, years, etc. are applied correctly,	presented direct quotes (in-text) and/or	numbers are provided for paraphrased
sources in the bibliography/reference list	book chapters (bibliography/reference	material, the incorrect punctuation is used
are correctly presented.	list).	(in-text); the bibliography/reference list is
		not in alphabetical order, the incorrect
		format for a book chapter/journal article is
		used, information is missing e.g. no place
		of publication had been provided
		(bibliography); repeated sources on the
		reference list.
Congruence between in-text referencing	Generally, congruence between the in-text	A lack of congruence between the in-text
and bibliography/reference list	referencing and the bibliography/	referencing and the bibliography.
Allerance	reference list with one or two errors.	No relationship/several incongruencies
All sources are accurately reflected and	There is largely a match between the	between the in-text referencing and the
are all accurately included in the	sources presented in-text and the	bibliography/reference list.
bibliography/reference list.	bibliography.	For example, sources are included in-text,
	For example, a source appears in the text,	but not in the bibliography and vice versa,
	but not in the bibliography/reference list	a link, rather than the actual reference is
In summany the recording of references	or vice versa.	provided in the bibliography.
In summary: the recording of references	In summary, at least 80% of the sources	In summary, at least 60% of the sources
is accurate and complete.	are correctly reflected and included in a reference list.	are incorrectly reflected and/or not included in reference list.
	reference list.	included in reference list.

Overall Feedback about the consistency, technical correctness and congruence between in-text referencing and bibliography:

Portfolio of Evidence (PoE) — Background

Portfolio of Evidence: Teaching Foundation Phase Mathematics: Numbers and Operations

Introduction

For this module it is important that you demonstrate your understanding of TFP Mathematics 3A: Space and Shape as it applies to your context and experience.

This Portfolio of Evidence needs to be developed as you progress through this module. The questions in this assignment all form part of a single Portfolio of Evidence (POE) to be submitted at the end of the module.

<u>Module Assessment — Background and Instructions</u>

As explained in your Module Guide, this modules assessment structure is comprised of: three activities. In order to prepare you for these activities, there will be two Compulsory ICE tasks that must be submitted for marking to your lecturer as per their timeline. These need not be included in the POE and will be done through the course of your module at various times decided by your lecturer. The aim of the two Compulsory ICE tasks is to render additional support to you so that you can be able to complete your Summative PoE effectively.

You will have three lecturer facilitated touch points which will be scheduled prior to the expected completion of the POE activities as per pacer. This is an opportunity for you to receive developmental feedback for your three POE activities which you will be working on throughout the module and will submitting as a summative at the end of the module.

PS: Activities will only be marked on the final summative submission.

The assessment weighting for this PoE is as follows:

Assessment Name	Weighting
ICE	10%
Summative POE	90%

NB: Failure to submit your final portfolio of evidence by the prescribed time and date (as per PAS) will be treated as an absence from an examination, and not as a late assignment. Please refer to the IIE 009 Assessment Strategy and Policy (updated January 2015) for further details. The final portfolio will be required to be submitted through Turn It In/ Safe Assign.

COMPULSORY ICE TASKS

COMPULSORY ICE TASK 1

Consult the prescribed textbook. Briefly describe the three kinds of knowledge according to Piaget.

Submit your brief descriptions of the knowledge types through learn.

Your lecturer will decide on a time for the completion of this task.

COMPULSORY ICE TASK 2

Section A

Consult CAPS Mathematics Gr R-3. Make sure that you are aware of the time allocation for teaching Space and Shape Grade 2 Term 3. How much time can be allocated to the teaching of the lesson below?

Section B

When teaching space and shape it is important to develop vocabulary as part of social knowledge. Give a brief definition of each of the following:

What is space?

What is shape?

What is the face of an object?

What is an edge?

What is the vertex?

What is the base?

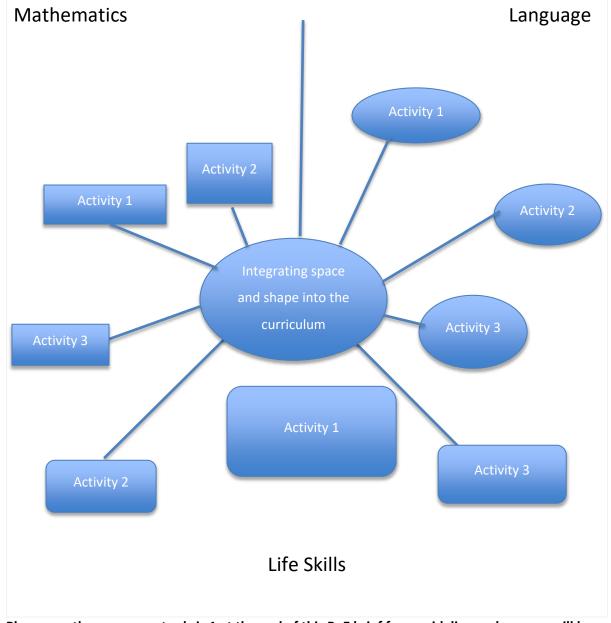
Create a 3D shape that could be used to teach a Grade 2 class in the 3rd Term using any material of your choice. Submit the picture of your 3D shape on Learn.

Your lecturer will inform you when this task must be completed.

POE ACTIVITIES

POE Activity 1 — Integrating Space and Shape into the curriculum through play. (Marks: 30)

Draw up a curriculum web in which you demonstrate how a learner can be given the opportunity to discover shapes in all areas of the curriculum. In each section of the curriculum web, describe 3 activities that will enhance the physical, social and conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape. Consult a variety of sources for ideas. Give a brief, yet clear description of each activity. These activities must be suitable for Grade 2 Term 1 learners. You may use any format for your curriculum web. Below is an example. Remember to reference your sources.



Please see the assessment rubric 1 at the end of this PoE brief for a guideline on how you will be assessed.

POE Activity 2: Preparing a learning experience on Space and Shape

(Marks: 40)

You must consult CAPS Mathematics Grade R – 3 (Grade 2 Term 3), Space and Shape.

Create **3 opportunities** for learners to develop their concept of 3D objects and their features.

Use the lesson plan template TE305a.

Complete all sections of the lesson plan.

The lesson plan must include:

- A <u>whole class introductory activity</u> use an activity where learners physically learn about shapes.
- For the teaching and learning phase consult various sources for ideas to make the 3
 activities exciting and physically engaging.
- The emphasis is not on differentiation but rather on introducing the concepts to all the children. Your activities should be structured so that the children can practically engage with the concepts.
- You as the "guide on the side" will ask questions to develop the social aspect of learning.
 Write down the questions you will ask. Think of the vocabulary you will develop for each activity.
- By the end of the lesson, the learners will have completed each activity.
- This lesson plan must conclude with a <u>written</u> exercise that all the children complete. This activity must consolidate what they have learnt.
- Briefly describe how the teacher will assess the learning.

Please see the assessment rubric 2 at the end of this PoE brief for a guideline on how you will be assessed.

POE Activity 3 — The levels of development in learning about Space and Shape (Marks: 30)

Pierre and Dina van Hiele suggested a five-level hierarchical model that explains the steps through which learners must progress, in sequence, as they develop their mathematical thinking in geometry. (Van der Walle, 2007:409)

(Compton et al., 2007:59) states that It is important to note that development from one level to the next is not related to age, but to mathematical experience.

Write a 500 – 600-word essay in which you explain the levels of understanding a Foundation Phase learner might achieve according to the van Hieles levels of geometric development. Discuss how these levels of development can be linked to Piaget's thoughts on constructivism.

Please see the assessment rubric 3 at the end of this PoE brief for a guideline on how you will be assessed.

Appendix A: Assessment Sheet (Marking Rubric)

Please note: Tear off this section and attach it to your work when you submit it.

MODULE NAME: TEACHING FOUNDATION PHASE MATHEMATICS 3A	MODULE CODE: TMSS6311
STUDENT NAME:	STUDENT NUMBER:

POE Activity 1 – Integrating Space and Shape into the curriculum through play.

_(30 marks)

SECT	SECTION A:						
	Does not meet the	Approaches the required	Meets the minimum	Exceeds the minimum	Greatly exceeds the		
	required minimum to	minimum to pass	requirement to pass	required pass: Good	minimum required to	S	
	pass	3 - 4	5 - 6	solid performance	pass: Excellent	MARKS	
	0 - 2			7 - 8	performance	Σ	
					9 - 10		
	The subject areas have	The concept of a	The curriculum web	The curriculum web	The curriculum web is		
	not been identified.	curriculum web is	demonstrates the	demonstrates the	designed to clearly		
	Layout of the task is poor.	developing. Although	integration of subject	integration of subject	demonstrate the		
	There is no clear	activities have been	areas. There is an effort	areas. There is an	integration of subject		
	integration between the	provided, they appear to	to link activities with the	understanding of the	areas. Shows excellent		
eb	subject areas when	be rather isolated not	required outcomes for	content to be taught to	understanding of the		
Curriculum web	teaching Space and	providing any integration	Grade 2 Term 1. There is	Grade 2 Term 1. There is	content to be taught to		
直	Shape. There is little or	between subjects.	a fair attempt to link the	a good choice of activities	Grade 2 Term 1 Space		
ric	no evidence of		different subject areas.	and a good effort has	and Shape. There is a		
ā	knowledge of the content			been made to show the	distinct flow between the		
	to be taught in Grade 2			integration between the	various activities in each		
	Term 1. There is no			subject areas.	subject introducing,		
	attempt to link the				developing or		
	different subject areas.				consolidating concepts.	/10	

	Does not meet the required minimum to pass 0 - 1	Approaches the required minimum to pass 2	Meets the minimum requirement to pass 3	Exceeds the minimum required pass: Good solid performance	Greatly exceeds the minimum required to pass: Excellent performance 5	
Physical Activity	There is no clear description of this activity. It does not enhance the physical development of the learner concerning space and shape.	An attempt has been made to describe the activity. An attempt has been made to enhance the physical development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a description of this activity. It enhances the physical development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a clear description of this activity. It enhances the physical development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is an exceptionally clear description of this activity. It is original and very creative whilst enhancing the physical development of the learner concerning space and shape.	/5
Social Activity	There is no clear description of this activity. It does not enhance the social development of the learner concerning space and shape.	An attempt has been made to describe the activity. An attempt has been made to enhance the social development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a description of this activity. It enhances the social development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a clear description of this activity. It enhances the social development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is an exceptionally clear description of this activity. It is original and very creative whilst enhancing the social development of the learner concerning space and shape.	/5
Conceptual Activity	There is no clear description of this activity. It does not enhance the conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape.	An attempt has been made to describe the activity. An attempt has been made to enhance the conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a description of this activity. It enhances the conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is a clear description of this activity. It enhances the conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape.	There is an exceptionally clear description of this activity. It is original and very creative whilst enhancing the conceptual development of the learner concerning space and shape.	/5

Ī		Inadequate	Developing	Good	Excellent	
		0 - 1	2 - 3	4	5	
		Language utilisation is often	Some colloquialisms are used,	No colloquialisms are used, and	No colloquialisms are used, and	
	ρū	inappropriate or incorrect*,	and language utilisation is often	good quality language utilisation	high-quality language utilisation is	
	writing	and sometimes	inappropriate or incorrect.	is present. Care has been taken	present. Care has been taken with	
	W	incomprehensible. Editing is	Editing is required. Referencing	with spelling, but editing is	spelling. Referencing is correct*.	
	Academic	required. Referencing is	is generally incorrect*. Answer	required. Referencing is generally	Answer is of an appropriate length,	
	ade	altogether incorrect. Answer	is either too long or too short.	correct*. Answer is of a	sticking to the point but enough	
	Ac	is either too long or too		somewhat appropriate length,	space to show the students'	
		short (1).		with some deviation from the	understanding and engagement.	
				point but enough space to show		/5
				the students' understanding and		
				engagement.		

POE Activity 2 Rubric: Preparing learning experience on Space and Shape

(40 marks)

Please insert TE 304 Lesson Plan feedback report. Marks to be adjusted to meet with mark allocation for this lesson plan.

SECTION A: LESSON PLANNING						
	Not yet coping 0 - 2	Emerging teaching competence 3 - 4	Developing skilled teaching competence 5 - 6	Capably skilled teaching competence 7 - 8	Thoughtful, insightful teaching competence 9 - 10	MARKS
	Vaguely written or	Some consideration given	Adequate reference	A skilled entry of all	Artful writing up of all	
ن	generic write up of	to supporting factors for	made to elements to	factors to consider in	elements with precise	
to	factors to consider when	lesson design but missing	consider prior to lesson	lesson planning with	reference to CAPS.	
Y S	planning a lesson.	certain elements to	design but lacks the	good reference to CAPS	Meaningful lesson	
ion		ensure a meaningful	depth of understanding	and other considerations.	objectives and a sincere	
Sections		lesson plan.	and somewhat generic.		understanding of the	
S					requirements of lesson	
					planning.	/10

SECTIO	SECTION B: EXECUTION OF LESSON AS PER THE LESSON PLAN					
	Not yet coping 0 - 2	Emerging teaching competence 3 - 4	Developing skilled teaching competence 5 - 6	Capably skilled teaching competence 7 - 8	Thoughtful, insightful teaching competence 9 - 10	MARKS
Introduction Phase	Introduction lacks thought and fails to engage and enthuse learners. Introduction does not include a physical activity.	Introduction is limited to asking questions to determine prior knowledge. Introduction does not include a physical activity to assist in developing geometric concepts.	There is some attempt to get learners enthusiastic about the lesson. The student has encouraged some form of physical participation to develop the geometric concept.	An interesting activity that captures the attention of learners. The learners are physically involved.	A creative and meaningful introductory 'hook' that excites and engages learners. The learners physically involved.	/10
Teaching and Learning Phase	This phase fails to meet the lesson objectives. The lesson plan does not meet the requirements. Activities are not physically engaging.	The selected strategy is limited in promoting learner engagement to meet the objectives. Obvious lack of disciplinary knowledge. Some resources used to support learning.	The lesson unfolds with some structure and provides an opportunity for active participation. The chosen strategies meet the lesson objectives although there is some impracticality in execution. The use of suitable resources supports the lesson.	The three activities have been planned with careful consideration. There is an opportunity for active participation promoting the understanding of geometric concepts. Good use of resources enhances the learning experience.	The three activities are exciting and creative. They meet the requirements of an interactive and engaging lesson. The activities are original, resourceful and map to the lesson objectives. Excellent use of resources.	/10

	Not yet coping	Emerging teaching	Developing skilled	Capably skilled teaching		
		competence	teaching competence	competence	Thoughtful, insightful	
	0-2	3	4	5	teaching competence	
					6	
	Written exercise not suitable –	Written exercise	The written exercise	The written exercise	A well-planned written	
	does not consolidate learning.	attempts to consolidate	consolidates learning.	consolidates the	exercise that	
Phase	Does not meet with the	learning but does not	The lesson is drawn to a	learning effectively	consolidates the	
Ph	objectives of the lesson.	necessarily meet the	meaningful close.	allowing the learners to	learning. An exciting	
Closure	Lesson ends abruptly or just	objectives of the lesson.		collate their thoughts	end to the lesson that	
Clos	fizzles out.	There may be an		about the lesson and	re-energizes learners.	
		attempt to draw the		prepare for the next		
		lesson to a close.		lesson.		/6
	Not yet coping	Emerging teaching	Developing skilled	Capably skilled teaching	Thoughtful, insightful	
		competence	teaching competence	competence	teaching competence	
	0	1	2	3	4	
	No assessment conducted or	A simple assessment	Assessment is	An interesting	Carefully crafted and	
	unsuitable assessment.	strategy used that bears	conducted but may not	assessment task/s that	engaging assessment/s	
		little value to determine	necessarily determine if	meets the LO's.	that meet the LO's. Also	
		learning.	LOs are being met.		informs the teacher on	
					the degree of learning	
					and further planning.	/4

POE Activity 3 Rubric – The levels of development in learning about Space and Shape

(30 Marks)

	Levels of Achievement				
Van Hiele's	Does not meet the	Approaches the	Meets the minimum	Exceeds the minimum	Greatly exceeds the
level of	required minimum to	required minimum to	requirement to pass	required pass: Good solid	minimum required to pass:
development	pass	pass	5 - 6	performance	Excellent performance
	0 -2	3 - 4		7 - 8	9 - 10
	The written attempt	An attempt has been	The relevant levels of	The student	A clear written description
	shows lack of	made to describe and	geometric development	demonstrates an	showing an exceptional
	understanding of van	identify van Hiele's	have been identified	understanding of the van	understanding of the van
	Hiele's levels of	levels of development	and the student has	Hiele's levels of	Hiele's levels of development.
	development. There is	relevant to the	given a satisfactory	development and shows	The level of development
	little or no evidence of	Foundation Phase.	explanation of van	good insight of how this	relevant to the Foundation
	research.	There is little	Hiele's theory. The	can be used to explain	Phase has been identified.
		evidence of research.	student has consulted a	the development of	The student has consulted a
			variety of sources.	geometric understanding	variety of sources.
				in the Foundation Phase.	
				The student has	
				consulted a variety of	
				sources.	
Similarities	0 - 2	3 - 4	5 - 6	7 - 8	9 - 10
	The student is unable	The student shows an	The student	A good attempt has been	The student has shown an
	to find the similarities	understanding of the	understands the	made to identify the	excellent understanding and
	between the two	two theories by	theories because	similarities and a good	skill in linking the theories of
	theories. There is a lack	finding the similarities	similarities have been	link of the theories of van	van Hiele and Piaget and how
	of general	but is unable to make	identified and has tried	Hiele and Piaget has been	they can be used in laying a
	understanding of the	a link between them.	to draw a link between	made.	good foundation for the
	theories of Piaget and		them.		understanding of space and
	van Hiele.				shape.

Academic Writing	0 - 2	3 - 5	6 - 8	9 - 10
	The student's answer is not in	The student presents an answer	The student presents a logical	The student presents a
	the format of an answer (this	with introductory, body and	answer with clear introductory,	logical and well-structured
	includes having bullet points or	concluding elements. Some	body and concluding elements.	answer with clear
	no paragraphs) (0). OR	colloquialisms are used, and	No colloquialisms are used, and	introductory, body and
	The student presents an answer	language utilisation is often	good quality language	concluding elements. No
	with introductory, body and	inappropriate or incorrect.	utilisation is present. Care has	colloquialisms are used, and
	concluding elements (or some	Editing is required. Referencing	been taken with spelling, but	high-quality language
	combination thereof) Language	is generally incorrect*. Answer	editing is required. Referencing	utilisation is present. Care
	utilisation is often	is either too long or too short.	is generally correct*. Answer is	has been taken with spelling.
	inappropriate or incorrect*,		of a somewhat appropriate	Referencing is correct*.
	and sometimes		length, with some deviation	Answer is of an appropriate
	incomprehensible. Editing is		from the point but enough	length, sticking to the point
	required. Referencing is		space to show the students'	but enough space to show
	altogether incorrect. Answer is		understanding and	the students' understanding
	either too long or too short		engagement.	and engagement.
	ACTIVITY	/ 1/30 + ACTIVITY 2	/40 + ACTIVITY 3/30 = TOT	TAL MARKS:/100