

Subject : Second Language English (SLE)
MODEL QUESTION SET – 3

OBJECTIVE

Time : 1 Hour

Full Marks : 50

1. Which seasons are described in 'All Things Bright and Beautiful' ?
(A) Summer and rain
(B) Rain and winter
(C) Summer and winter
(D) Summer and spring
2. "He made their tiny wings."
In this sentence 'He' refers to _____.
(A) God
(B) Human being
(C) The bird
(D) The flower
3. When did Lencho write the first letter to God ?
(A) At day break on sunday
(B) At noon on sunday
(C) At day break on monday
(D) In the moning on monday
4. Why did Lencho request God for 100 Pesos ?
(A) to live the whole year
(B) to sow his field again
(C) to manage this family
(D) to sow his field and to live untill the crop comes.
5. Whose song, according to William Wordsworth, breaks the silence of the sea in spring-time ?
(A) The nightingale's song
(B) The solitary reaper's song
(C) The Cuckoo's song
(D) The Girl's song

6. Which expression of the following means 'the song of the Solitary Repear was a sad song' ?
- (A) Weary bands (B) Shady haunt
(C) Humble lay (D) Melancholy strain
7. When Gandhiji got scholarships in his study, he thanked _____ more than his merit.
- (A) his parents
(B) his school
(C) his teachers
(D) his good luck
8. Who was Mr. Krishnashankar Pandya ?
- (A) Gandhiji's Sanskrit Teacher
(B) Gandhiji's Persian Teacher
(C) Gandhiji's Science Teacher
(D) Gandhiji's Head Master
9. In the poem, 'Village Song', Mother wants to convince her daughter by telling her that the world is full of _____.
- (A) Suffering (B) Sorrows
(C) Worries (D) Pleasure
10. 'The laughter of the sun to-day' in 'Village Song' refers to _____.
- (A) life full of pain (B) life full of happiness
(C) life with suffering (D) life with activities
11. Sikkim is geographically separated from the north-east by _____.
- (A) the river Brahmaputra (B) the Himalays
(C) siligudi corridor (D) tibetan corridor

12. During Cheiraoba Festival, the people of Manipur Village Climb the nearest hilltops because _____.
- (A) they sing and dance there
 - (B) they enjoy the beautiful sights there
 - (C) they believe they can improve in their life
 - (D) they worship their God there
13. According to Rabindranath Tagore the flower children enjoy their holidays when _____.
- (A) the summer comes
 - (B) the rain comes
 - (C) the winter comes
 - (D) the spring comes
14. Who, according to the poet in 'The flower-school', clap their giant hands ?
- (A) The black clouds
 - (B) The thunder clouds
 - (C) The leaves
 - (D) The wind
15. When _____ gets reduced or irritating gases enter the atmosphere, then the air is said to be polluted ?
- (A) the oxygen level
 - (B) the nitrogen level
 - (C) the argon level
 - (D) the carbon dioxide
16. Dipper fish has vanished from _____.
- (A) The rivers of Sweden
 - (B) The river of Japan
 - (C) The river of Central Wales
 - (D) The Norwegian Lakes

17. Who says about himself in the first stanza of the poem, 'From the Formalin Jar' ?
- (A) Vicky (B) Vicky's brain
(C) Vicky's father (D) Vicky's mother
18. Which of the following expressions say that the accident was very serious and blood shed ?
- (A) Truly insane (B) to my chagrin
(C) gory and inhumane (D) crushed with pain
19. What, according to Lord Eustace Percy, clouds the brain ?
- (A) Smoking (B) Idling
(C) Drinking (D) Gambling
20. What does the author in 'School's Goodbye' hope from the school leaving children ?
- (A) They will not forget their school and their teachers.
(B) They will not forget their school and think that education is finished.
(C) They will not forget their teachers and their advice
(D) They will not forget their teachers and friends
21. The tiger cub was discovered by Grandfather on the hunting expedition in _____.
- (A) The Terai Jungle near the Himalays
(B) The Village Jungle near Dehra
(C) The Terai Jungle near Dehra
(D) The Terai Jungle near the Siwalik hills
22. The tiger cub was named Timothy by _____.
- (A) The writer
(B) The writer's father
(C) The Writer's grandfather
(D) The writer's grandmother

23. Which of the following stories teach us that the wild animals can also be tamed ?
- (A) A Tiger in the House
 - (B) The Beggar
 - (C) The Village Judge
 - (D) A Grain As Big As A Hen's Egg
24. When the beggar met Sergei first, he said that he had been _____ for eight years.
- (A) A school teacher
 - (B) A singer
 - (C) A notary
 - (D) A musician
25. Why did Sergei hire Lushkoff at the time of moving to another house ?
- (A) to pull the carrier
 - (B) to clean the room
 - (C) to clean the furniture
 - (D) to help in packing and hauling of the furniture
26. Begging can be abolished by providing the beggars _____.
- (A) shelter for living
 - (B) job for earning
 - (C) money for fooding
 - (D) clothes for wearing
27. "Money does not grow on the trees here." Who said this ?
- (A) Jumman
 - (B) Algu
 - (C) Samjhoo
 - (D) Kariman

28. Who became the judge in the second panch ?
- (A) Jumman Sheikh
 - (B) Algu Choudhuri
 - (C) Sarajhoo Sahu
 - (D) Jumman's aunt
29. What was the only thing men called their own during the period of the grandfather of the old peasant ?
- (A) Money
 - (B) Labour
 - (C) Land
 - (D) Food
30. Who came to the king's court without crutches ?
- (A) The traveller
 - (B) The old man
 - (C) The old man's father
 - (D) The old man's grandfather
31. Aditya scored a goal in the second half of the game. He was very fortunate combine the above pair of sentence.
- (A) Aditya scored a goal in the second-half of the game who was very fortunate.
 - (B) Aditya who scored a goal in the second-half of the game was very fortunate.
 - (C) Aditya, who scored a goal in the second-half of the game, was very fortunate.
 - (D) Aditya scored a goal in the second-half of the game, who was very fortunate.
32. An extremely strong wind is called _____.
- (A) gale
 - (B) whirlwind
 - (C) cyclone
 - (D) tornado

33. Gandhiji's Persian teacher was not strict.

Use a single word from among the following.

(A) Vivalary

(B) Disciplinarian

(C) Lenient

(D) Considerate

34. If the farmer _____, he couldn't have reaped a rich harvest.

(A) worked hard

(B) had worked hard

(C) did not work hard

(D) had not worked hard

35. India consists _____ 28 States and 9 Union Territories.

(A) in

(B) with

(C) on

(D) of

36. Use a single word for - 'the habits, traditions and beliefs of a country'.

(A) Prosperity

(B) Icon

(C) Culture

(D) Generation

37. Without our knowledge, our lungs slowly become garbage dumps for these _____.

(A) Pollution

(B) Pollutes

(C) Pollutants

(D) Polluted

38. A person who studies weather conditions is called a _____.

(A) Meteorologist

(B) Weatherist

(C) Meterologist

(D) Astrologer

39. A person will be known by the company he _____.

(A) puts

(B) meets

(C) keeps

(D) lives

40. Which of the following is a correct sentence ?
- (A) Although he is learning at school he will not forget his school days.
(B) Although he is leaving school he will forget his school days.
(C) Although he is leaving school, he will not forget his school days.
(D) Although he is leaving school, he will forget his school days.
41. India _____ free in 1947.
- (A) become (B) became
(C) had become (D) have become
42. He is a very stupid boy.
The exclamatory form of the above sentence is :
- (A) How stupid he is ! (B) How a stupid boy he is !
(C) What a stupid boy is he ! (D) What a stupid boy he is !
43. The police _____ on duty.
- (A) is (B) are
(C) was (D) has
44. You had better _____ this place.
- (A) leave (B) to leave
(C) leaving (D) left
45. It has been raining _____ 6 O'Clock this morning.
- (A) from (B) for
(C) since (D) at
46. My friend is trying to _____ smoking.
- (A) give in (B) give over
(C) give on (D) give up

47. I asked Radha how she felt.

In this sentence, the underlined part is _____ clause.

- (A) a relative
- (B) a noun
- (C) an adverb
- (D) a conditional

48. If wishes were horses beggars _____ them.

- (A) will ride
- (B) would ride
- (C) will be riding
- (D) would have ridden

49. English _____ all over the world.

- (A) speaks
- (B) is speaking
- (C) is spoken
- (D) had spoken

50. The teacher said, "Spring comes after winter."

The indirect speech of the above sentence is :

- (A) The teacher said that spring comes after winter.
- (B) The teacher said that spring is coming after winter.
- (C) The teacher said that spring had come after winter.
- (D) The teacher said that spring would come after winter.



Subject : Second Language English (SLE)
MODEL QUESTION SET – 3

SUBJECTIVE

Time : 1 Hour 30 minutes

Full Marks : 50

1. Answer the following questions :

- (a) Why did Lencho write the second letter to God ? 5

OR

What advice does he give to the children to maintain good health ?

- (b) How does the mother in 'Village Song' try to convince her daughter to get married ? 5

OR

How does the poet narrate Vicky's accident in "From the Formalin Jar" ?

2. (a) How do the people of Manipur celebrate Ningol Chakouba ? $2\frac{1}{2}$

OR

What is the impact of acid rain on soil ?

- (b) Why has God given us eyes and lips ? $2\frac{1}{2}$

OR

How do flower children observe their holidays ?

- (c) Imagine that you are Budhaditya Pradhan, the reporter of 'The Times of India' for Narasinghapur Block of Cuttack District. The recent rain has destroyed the paddy crops seriously in this block. Write a report to the Editor, in about 100 words, to publish it in the newspaper suggesting the government for financial help to the farmers. 5

OR

Read the passage below and write a summary of it.

Before the age of machine industries, silk and cotton goods from India dominated the international market in textiles. Coarser cottons were produced in many countries, but the finer varieties often came from India. American and Persian merchants took the goods from Punjab to Afghanistan, eastern Persia

and Central Asia. Bale of the fine textiles were carried on camle back via the north-west frontier, through mountain passes and across deserts. A vibrant sea trade operated through the main pre-colonial ports. Surat on the Gujarat coast connected India to the Gulf and Red Sea Ports; Masulipatam on the coromandel Coast and Hoogly in Bengal had trade links with southeast Asian ports. A variety of Indian merchants and bankers were involved in this network of export trade-financing production, carrying goods and supplying exporters. Supply merchants linked the port towns to the inland regions. They gave advances to weavers, produced the woven cloth from wearing villages and carried the supply to the ports.

3. Write an essay, in about **200** words, on any **one** of the following topics, keeping to the outlines given : 10

(a) **The Teacher I Like Most :**

Name, age, physical appearance – teaching subject, his hobby – qualities, daily work, performance and achievements – relation with students and teachers, with local people – why you like him.

(b) **Our School Annual Function :**

Date, time, place – guests, audience and others – cultural functions and entertainment – prize distribution and speech of the quests – your vies on the arrangements and how it ended.

(c) **Reading Books :**

Importance of reading – varieties of books and contents – benefits of reading books – your view on reading books how to develop the reading habits.

4. (a) Suppose you are Salila Mohanty, the monitor of Class – X in AJO High School, Phulbani. Write an application to the Headmaster requesting him to give permission to play a friendly hockey match with the students of Class – IX of your school. 5

OR

Imagine that you are Radhika Mandal staying in the school hostel of Government High School. Chandrapur of Rayagada District. Write a letter to your younger brother who is studying in your village school advising him to take care of his books and study materials properly.

- (b) Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow, each in one **or** two sentences : 1×5 = 5

Gutenberg was the son of a merchant and grew up on a large agricultural estate. From his childhood he had seen wine and olive presses. Subsequently, he learnt the art of polishing stones, became a master goldsmith, and also acquired the knowledge of creating lead moulds used for making trinkets. He got the idea of the printing press from the olive press and how to use moulds for alphabet. In 1448 he invented the printing machine and the first book he printed was the Bibel. About 180 copies were printed first and it took three years to print them.

- (i) Who invented the first printing machine ?
- (ii) What was the first printed book ?
- (iii) What gave him the idea of printing machine ?
- (iv) How did his own profession help him to invent the printing machine ?
- (v) How much time did he take to print 180 copies of Bibel ?

5. Translate the following sentences into English : 5×2 = 10

ବହି ଆମର ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଉପକାରୀ, ବହିଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଆମକୁ ଜ୍ଞାନ ଅର୍ଜନ କରିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରନ୍ତି । ବହି ପଢ଼ି ଆମେ ଆନନ୍ଦ ପାଉ । ଆମେ ବହିରୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର ଶିକ୍ଷା ଲାଭକରୁ । ତେଣୁ ଆମେ ବହିଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଯତ୍ନନେବା ଉଚିତ୍ ।

କିମ୍ବା

ଚିନ୍ତୁ – ମିନୁ, ତୁମେ ଆଜି କାହିଁକି ଡେରିରେ ଆସିଲ ?

ମିନୁ – ମୁଁ ଆଜିସକାଳେ ମାମୁଁଙ୍କ ଘରକୁ ଯାଇଥିଲି ।

ଚିନ୍ତୁ – ତୁମେ ମାମୁଁଙ୍କ ଘରକୁ ଏକ୍ସଟ୍ରା ଯାଇଥିଲ କି ?

ମିନୁ – ନା, ମୁଁ ବୋଉଙ୍କ ସହିତ ଯାଇଥିଲି ।

ଚିନ୍ତୁ – ଠିକ୍ ଅଛି, ତାଲ କ୍ଲାସ୍‌କୁ ଯିବା ।



SUBJECT – SECOND LANGUAGE ENGLISH (SLE)			
Scoring Keys Model Question Paper – (Objective) SET-3			
Question No	Answer Key	Question No	Answer Key
1	C	26	B
2	A	27	A
3	A	28	A
4	D	29	B
5	C	30	D
6	D	31	C
7	D	32	A
8	A	33	C
9	D	34	D
10	B	35	D
11	C	36	C
12	C	37	C
13	B	38	A
14	B	39	C
15	A	40	C
16	C	41	B
17	B	42	D
18	C	43	B
19	A	44	A
20	B	45	C
21	C	46	D
22	D	47	B
23	A	48	B
24	A	49	C
25	D	50	A