Simple Statistics Calculator

Part 1: Console Input

Pseudocode

```
Total = 0
Inputstore = 0
Get user input
While ( input != Carriage return key)
{
Input = 0
While(input != space && input> = 0 input <= 9)
{
Shift value of total one to left eg.(1 becomes 10,0 stays 0)
Inputstore = input(in decimal form) total = total +
inputstore
}
</pre>
```

The program takes values between 0 and 9 and resets the input if space is entered and terminates if enter is entered with the result stored in r4.Extra formatting to prevent user entering negative numbers or non valid symbols.

Testing

INPUT 1234	RESULT(in R4) 4D2	RESULT CONDITION correct	REASON FOR INPUT Reasonable medium sized input
0	0	correct	unique number
-12	fffffee0	could not input	negative number
Values after	same as value	correct	to check if return quits program
return	before		

5000000000 2A05F200 incorrect Very large number unique value 1 1 correct

Part 2: Stat Evaluation

}

```
Pseudocode
Initialise all registers to be used
Set R5 as 10 to shift values by one decimal place later
label:consoleinputstage reset r4 to get next value get
input while(input != cr){
        while(input!= space){ if(input> '0' &&
                input< '9'){ do steps in console
                input stage
                }
       }
Reset r11 to calculate new mean
Sum = total + sum
Count++
If(count == 1){
Max =total
Min = total
}
Else if(total > max) max = total
If(total < min) min = total
Remainder = sum%count
Mean = sum/count
Calculate variance
```

Extra code used to calculate variance and prevent empty spaces counting towards sum and count.

Testing

_ = space

INPUT	COUNT	SUM	MAX	MIN	MEAN	T/F
1_1_	2	2	1	1	1	t
2_	1	2	2	2	2	Т
0_	1	0	0	0	0	t
2_1_	2	3	2	1	1	f

Reasons for testing each input

1_1_: Reasonable small input, easy to check and contains more than one term

2_: To compare against 1_1_

0_: Unique value

2_1_: Mean is non integer

Part 3: Console output

Final Program usage instructions

Enter numbers separated by space and then enter when u wish to calculate answer

Handles Sums up to 7 significant decimal places

Does not allow negative values

Displays mean up to one decimal place and all other values except range to whole number rounded down

Cant input decimal values

Calculates variance ,mean ,min ,max ,sum ,count and range *Pseudocode/logic*

Initialise registers

Label: userInput

Reset register total

```
Use register as Boolean nextNumber =false
Label: read
If(userinput == cr or space skip this section and branch)
If(userinput < asci 0 or > asci 9 then branch to read to ignore result and get next char)
Set nextNumber = true
Do computation as described in previous parts b
read and repeat till enter or space char is inputted
}
Label: carriage return
output linefeed and ME_ for formatting purposes
Set another register as Boolean finalvalue = true
Check if nextNumber = true
If(nextnumber) branch to statCalc
Else branch to redirection
}
Label: space
If(nextnumber) branch to read
Else display a space char
Set finalvalue = false
}
statCalc
```

Same as previous pseudocode but extra bits for variance calculation

```
Label: redirection
Only reachable through cr key and just calculates mean and then skips variance calculations. Usefull
to avoid overwriting certain registers
}
If (Boolean finalvalue = false) branch to userInput for next numbers entered
;display part
Multiplies remainder of sum%count by 10
Then divides by count and result is added to 10*mean and stored in register mean
Use register power to get highest power of 10 that gives a non zero answer when mean%power
Label: display
R0 = mean % power
Sendchar to display char
Power = power /10
If(power ==10) display . char
If(power == 1) break loop
B display
Repeat similar steps to display all other values
Range = max value - min value
```

Extra code to calculate range, display mean as to one decimal place and display additional statistical measures.

Testing

_ = space

NOTE: I didn't bother checking range every time as it is automatically correct if max and min are correct. Also due to space constraints I have changed layout of table. Negative numbers could be tested as the – sign could not inputted, same with decimals/fractions.

INPUTS	9999999	99999999	1 to 9	no value	0
MEAN	9999999.0	Failed	5.0	failed	0
VARIANCE	0	-	6	-	0
COUNT	1	-	9	-	1
SUM	9999999	-	45	-	0
MAX	9999999	-	9	-	0
MIN	9999999	-	1	-	0
T/F	t	f	t	f	t
REASON	large value	larger value	varied numbers	unique	unique

User and system limitations

As per results above it can handle up to 7 significant digits for sum before it breaks

Can't handle no value(ie. Just enter)

Doesn't allow negative values or decimal values/fractions

Displays mean up to one decimal place only and always rounds down. Similar with other stats