

# Pneumonia Image Classification Project

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# Preface

- Pneumonia causes 1.5 million visits to the E.R in the United States (2018)
- Pneumonia causes 13.4 deaths per 100,000 / 43,881 deaths.
  - <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/fastats/pneumonia.htm>
- Using machine learning and deep neural networks we can teach a computer how to recognize pneumonia and give our doctors another tool in their toolbelt for combating this deadly disease.

# Data & Models

- The pneumonia image data was sourced from Kaggle and was packaged with a heavy class imbalance but I resorted the images into balanced groups.
- 3 models with a finetune on each were performed. A baseline fully connected model. A convoluted model and a pretrained model.
- These models extrapolate weighted data from each pixel and use it to compare against the classes.
- The finetune models are set to jump off with the best metrics it has achieved so far, and to stop learning if no progress is made after 10 attempts.

# Results

- All of our models improved on their finetune
- MLP was used as a baseline model
- CNN can understand spatial relation as it performed better than MLP
- Pretrain model to test transfer learning.

Metrics	Loss	Accuracy	Precision	Recall
MLP Original	26.40%	88.40%	87.30%	89.87%
MLP Finetune	25.46%	89.87%	89.87%	89.87
CNN Original	17.15%	94.09%	93.36%	94.94%
CNN Finetune	12.09%	96.20%	96.60%	95.78%
Pretrain Original	18.42%	92.83%	94.32%	91.14%
Pretrain Finetune	16.23%	94.09%	99.06%	89.03%

# Recommendations

- CNN Finetune Model recommend for deployment
- Use in conjunction with licensed medical practitioner
- Technology can be further used for other types of image classification

# Future Work

- Explore more dimensionality in image augmentation to see if any more useful data can be extrapolated
- Explore in greater depth the tuning of the model and how each metric and loss function impacts the result
- Input more image data to see how this model performs on a larger dataset
- Create a function to evaluate whether or not someone has pneumonia with a confidence and accuracy rating. Greater understanding of decision metrics needed.

# Thank You

Any Questions???