

Data Analytics with Python

Assignment 3: Advanced Python Programming

Objective:

By the end of this assignment, you will gain a solid understanding of advanced Python programming concepts, including object-oriented programming, exception handling, and utilizing external libraries for data analysis.

Task 1: Deep Dive into Object-Oriented Programming

Instructions:

- Extend the Employee class from Assignment 2 by adding the following:
 - A method `give_raise(self, amount)` that increases the employee's salary by the specified amount.
 - A method `change_position(self, new_position)` that changes the employee's position.
- Create an object `employee2` of the Employee class, with the name "John Smith", position "Analyst", and salary 65000.
- Give `employee2` a raise of 5000 and change his position to "Senior Analyst". Use the `display_info()` method to verify the changes.

Expected Output:

- Updated employee details displayed.

Task 2: Handling Exceptions

Instructions:

- Write a function `divide_numbers(a, b)` that takes two arguments and returns the result of dividing `a` by `b`.
- Use a try and except block to handle the `ZeroDivisionError`. If the error occurs, print "Cannot divide by zero!".
- Test the function with `a = 10` and `b = 0` to verify that the exception handling works.

Expected Output:

- Error message displayed when attempting to divide by zero.

Task 3: Working with External Libraries (NumPy and Pandas)

Instructions:

- Import the numpy library and create a 2D array matrix with the following values: `[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]`.
- Use numpy to calculate and print the sum of all elements in the array.
- Import the pandas library and create a DataFrame df with the following data:

Name	Age	Department
John	28	HR
Jane	34	IT
Doe	22	Marketing
Smith	45	Sales

- Print the DataFrame and calculate the average age of the employees.

Expected Output:

- Sum of elements in the matrix displayed.
- DataFrame displayed along with the average age.

Task 4: Working with JSON Data

Instructions:

- Create a Python dictionary `employee_data` with the following structure:

python

Copy code

```
employee_data = {  
    "employees": [  
        {"name": "John", "position": "Manager", "salary": 80000},  
        {"name": "Jane", "position": "Engineer", "salary": 75000},  
        {"name": "Doe", "position": "Analyst", "salary": 65000}  
    ]  
}
```

- Import the json module and convert the dictionary to a JSON string.

- Save the JSON string to a file named `employee_data.json`.
- Read the JSON data from the file and convert it back to a dictionary. Print the dictionary to verify the content.

Expected Output:

- JSON data saved and read back correctly, with the dictionary content displayed.

Task 5: Advanced Data Handling with Pandas

Instructions:

- Load the `employee_data.json` file into a Pandas DataFrame.
- Add a new column `bonus` to the DataFrame, with a bonus of 10% of the salary for each employee.
- Print the updated DataFrame.

Expected Output:

- DataFrame with the `bonus` column displayed.

Task 6: Visualization with Matplotlib

Instructions:

- Import the `matplotlib.pyplot` library.
- Create a bar chart that shows the salaries of employees from the `df` DataFrame created in Task 3.
- Label the axes and give the chart a title "Employee Salaries".
- Display the chart.

Expected Output:

- Bar chart displaying employee salaries.

Task 7: Handling Dates and Times with datetime

Instructions:

- Use the `datetime` module to create a variable `current_time` that stores the current date and time.
- Print `current_time` in the format `YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS`.
- Calculate the date 10 days from today and print it.

Expected Output:

- Current date and time displayed in the specified format.
- Date 10 days from today displayed.