



U N I K A S S E L  
V E R S I T Ä T

# Getting Started with Python: Syntax, Functions, and Classes

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# Agenda

- ▶ Importing Packages
- ▶ Using 'os'
- ▶ Using 'glob'
- ▶ Using 'numpy'
- ▶ Using 'scipy'
- ▶ Using 'matplotlib'
- ▶ Using 'pandas'
- ▶ Summary and Questions

# Importing Packages

- ▶ Use the `import` statement
- ▶ Example:

## Import Example

```
import os
import pandas as pd
import glob
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
```

# Using 'os' Package

- ▶ Interact with the operating system
- ▶ Example: Listing files in a directory

## List Files

```
import os
files = os.listdir(".")
print(files)
```

# Using 'os' - Check File Existence

- ▶ Check if a file exists
- ▶ Example:

## Check File

```
if os.path.exists("file.txt"):
    print("File exists")
```

# Using 'os' - Create a Directory

- ▶ Create a new directory
- ▶ Example:

## Create Directory

```
os.mkdir("new_folder")  
print("Directory created")
```

# Using 'os' - Remove a File

- ▶ Delete a file
- ▶ Example:

## Remove File

```
os.remove("file.txt")  
print("File removed")
```

# Using 'os' - Get Current Working Directory

- ▶ Get the current working directory
- ▶ Example:

## Current Directory

```
cwd = os.getcwd()  
print(cwd)
```



# Using 'glob' Package

- ▶ Find all the pathnames matching a specified pattern
- ▶ Example: List all .txt files

## Glob Example

```
import glob  
files = glob.glob("*.txt")  
print(files)
```

# Using 'glob' - Recursively Finding Files

- ▶ Search for files in subdirectories
- ▶ Example:

## Recursive Search

```
files = glob.glob("**/*.txt", recursive=True)  
print(files)
```

# Using 'numpy' Package

- ▶ Fundamental package for numerical computing
- ▶ Example: Creating an array

## Create Array

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3])
print(arr)
```

# Using 'numpy' - Array Operations

- ▶ Perform operations on arrays
- ▶ Example: Element-wise addition

## Array Addition

```
arr1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])  
arr2 = np.array([4, 5, 6])  
result = arr1 + arr2  
print(result)
```

# Using 'numpy' - Statistical Functions

- ▶ Perform statistical calculations
- ▶ Example: Mean and Standard Deviation

## Statistics

```
mean = np.mean(arr)
std_dev = np.std(arr)
print(mean, std_dev)
```

# Using 'numpy' - Reshape Array

- ▶ Change the shape of an array
- ▶ Example:

## Reshape Array

```
reshaped = arr.reshape(3, 1)  
print(reshaped)
```

# Using 'scipy' Package

- ▶ Library for scientific computing
- ▶ Example: Statistical tests

## Statistical Tests

```
from scipy import stats  
t_statistic, p_value = stats.ttest_ind(sample1,  
sample2)  
print(t_statistic, p_value)
```

# Using 'scipy' - Optimization

- ▶ Solve optimization problems
- ▶ Example:

## Optimization Example

```
from scipy.optimize import minimize  
result = minimize(fun, x0)  
print(result)
```



# Using 'scipy' - Interpolation

- ▶ Perform interpolation on data
- ▶ Example:

## Interpolation

```
from scipy.interpolate import interp1d  
f = interp1d(x, y)  
new_y = f(new_x)
```

# Using 'matplotlib' Package

- ▶ Create static, animated, and interactive visualizations
- ▶ Example: Simple Line Plot

## Line Plot

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
plt.plot([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])  
plt.show()
```

# Using 'matplotlib' - Scatter Plot

- ▶ Create scatter plots
- ▶ Example:

## Scatter Plot

```
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.title("Scatter Plot")
plt.xlabel("X-axis")
plt.ylabel("Y-axis")
plt.show()
```

# Using 'matplotlib' - Bar Plot

- ▶ Create bar charts
- ▶ Example:

## Bar Plot

```
plt.bar(["A", "B", "C"], [1, 2, 3])  
plt.title("Bar Plot")  
plt.show()
```



# Using 'pandas' Package

- ▶ Data manipulation and analysis
- ▶ Example: Reading a CSV file

## Read CSV

```
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
print(data.head())
```

# Using 'pandas' - DataFrame Operations

- ▶ Perform operations on DataFrames
- ▶ Example: Filtering Data

## Filter DataFrame

```
filtered = data[data["column"] > 10]  
print(filtered)
```

## Using 'pandas' - Group By

- ▶ Group data by a specific column
- ▶ Example:

## Group By

```
grouped = data.groupby("column").mean()
print(grouped)
```



# Using 'pandas' - Merging DataFrames

- ▶ Combine multiple DataFrames
- ▶ Example:

## Merging DataFrames

```
merged = pd.merge(df1, df2, on="key")  
print(merged)
```

# Using 'pandas' - Saving DataFrame

- ▶ Save DataFrame to CSV
- ▶ Example:

## Save DataFrame

```
data.to_csv("output.csv", index=False)
```

# Summary

- ▶ Covered essential Python packages
- ▶ Demonstrated code examples for each package
- ▶ Discussed practical applications

# Questions?

Thank you for your attention!  
Any questions?