



BRENT OZAR
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Fundamentals of Columnstore

Recap

Columnstore has 4 advantages:

1. Batch mode processing
2. Read less rows (row group & segment elimination)
3. Read less columns (especially from wide tables)
4. Compression

The more of these you can use,
the better of a fit compression can be.



Stored in row groups & segments

Best visualized with sp_BlitzIndex:

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	0	-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	0	1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	0	1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822289 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	0	2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015568	0	3917716 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030248	0	4993283 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535986852194 to 182295599153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	0	6075398 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304926579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB



Stored in row groups & segments

Best visualized with sp_BlitzIndex:

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170325813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 775332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822289 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015568	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030240	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535986852194 to 182295599153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304926579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

Row groups:
max ~1M rows



Row groups may be “aligned”

Based on how the source data was sorted when the columnstore index was initially created:

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	0	-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	0	1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 172, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	176725041511585 to 182129813024768, 8 MB	13 to 902148, 0 MB	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	0	1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 172, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	182129813024768 to 18753389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	0	2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 172, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	18753389 to 19293829, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015560	0	3917716 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 854, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	19293829 to 19834269, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030248	0	4993283 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 737, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	19834269 to 20374709, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	0	6075398 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 582, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	20374709 to 20915149, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 508, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	20915149 to 21455589, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 430, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	21455589 to 21996029, 8 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	21996029 to 22536469, 8 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

Small Users table,
source was the
clustered index
sorted by Id



But other columns aren't distinct

They're sorted, but think of it as 10 1M-row indexes each on the same column:

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	0	-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	0	1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	0	1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	0	2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015560	0	3917716 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030248	0	4993283 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	0	6075398 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

Looking for Users
with 1 DownVote?
They could be in all
of these row groups.



Integer columns are stored as-is

The integers can be stored directly in the indexes.

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0			-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813	2, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1			1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133		0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2			1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123		0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3			2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434		0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4			3917716 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397		0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5			4993283 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535906		0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6			6075398 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842		0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596346833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

Id INT,
stored
as-is

DownVotes
INT, stored
as-is



Other data types get dictionaries

The columnstore index holds integer values, and if you're looking for a specific value, you have to go look it up in the dictionary to find its ID:

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	0		4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150521	0		4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	0		4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822289 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	0		4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015560	0		4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030240	0		4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535906852194 to 182295599153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	0		4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304926579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	0	7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	0	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832582, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	0	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

AboutMe
string



As rows get deleted...

They still take up space in the columnstore indexes.

```
199 DELETE dbo.Users_columnstore
200     WHERE DisplayName = 'alex';
201
202 sp_BlitzIndex @TableName = 'Users_columnstore'
```

200 %

Results Messages

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	id	SpoolMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	2208		to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	147		to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	909		to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822289 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	769		to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5	1	4	1015568	1181		to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6	1	5	1030248	1145		to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535906052194 to 182295599153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7	1	6	1010484	941		to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304926579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8	1	7	1006297	1006		to 7127329 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	8	978221	925		to 8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	702		to 9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB

Extra overhead

As rows get inserted...

In small quantities: they go into a heap (delta store)

In larger quantities: go into their own columnstores

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	2208	-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	147	1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	909	1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822209 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	769	2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5					3 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6					3 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535886852194 to 182295589153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7					3 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304826579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8					3 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1		978221	925	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	702	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB
11	1	10	1000	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
12	1	11	10000	0	9888119 to 9898118, 0 MB	4 to 5633, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 170544585813660, 0 MB	4 to 9326, 0 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB

I inserted 1,000 rows
in one statement

Then 10,000 rows in
another statement

Updates just plain ol' suck

They work like delete + insert:

- The rows are deleted in their original row group
- Then inserted as a new rows

But they don't *perform* as well as delete + insert.

Microsoft may change that in the future,
but right now, updates are a bad idea in columnstore.



Selects

In small quantities: they go into a heap (delta store)

In larger quantities: go into their own columnstores

	partition_number	row_group_id	total_rows	deleted_rows	Id	AboutMe	Age	CreationDate	DisplayName	DownVotes
1	1	0	1048576	2208	-1 to 1631413, 3 MB	4 to 173191, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 176725041511585, 8 MB	4 to 779332, 3 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB
2	1	1	150621	147	1631414 to 1794633, 0 MB	4 to 17281, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170407133214379 to 177008503420248, 1 MB	13 to 902148, 0 ...	0 to 10830, 0 MB
3	1	2	983835	909	1794634 to 2847022, 3 MB	4 to 98108, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170334123822209 to 178451611813389, 8 MB	4 to 865824, 3 MB	0 to 35834, 0 MB
4	1	3	997427	769	2847023 to 3917715, 3 MB	4 to 100565, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170411434566073 to 179770161401029, 8 MB	4 to 913127, 3 MB	0 to 51237, 0 MB
5					3 to 4993282, 3 MB	4 to 85464, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170527397921729 to 181088711577554, 8 MB	4 to 844422, 3 MB	0 to 25915, 0 MB
6					3 to 6075397, 3 MB	4 to 73757, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170535986852194 to 182295589153300, 8 MB	4 to 852335, 3 MB	0 to 16756, 0 MB
7					3 to 7127328, 3 MB	4 to 58227, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172193842904823 to 183304926579629, 8 MB	4 to 851327, 3 MB	0 to 17546, 0 MB
8					3 to 8160389, 3 MB	4 to 50871, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172279731490829 to 184245520282471, 8 MB	4 to 845259, 3 MB	0 to 3357, 0 MB
9	1	9	978221	925	8160390 to 9175559, 2 MB	4 to 43076, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	172155190811281 to 185125978054512, 7 MB	4 to 832592, 2 MB	0 to 6719, 0 MB
10	1	9	696230	702	9175560 to 9887118, 2 MB	4 to 27221, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	171596846833396 to 185765931215757, 5 MB	4 to 605728, 2 MB	0 to 1133, 0 MB
11	1	10	1000	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
12	1	11	10000	0	9888119 to 9898118, 0 MB	4 to 5633, 0 MB	0 to 0, 0 MB	170329813024768 to 170544585813660, 0 MB	4 to 9326, 0 MB	0 to 956712, 0 MB

I inserted 1,000 rows
in one statement

Then 10,000 rows in
another statement

This is why columnstore degrades.

You do a proof-of-concept by building a new columnstore index once.

The data's packed nicely into big row groups.

Performance is super fast when you demo.

Over time, as you insert/update/delete data, you have a ton of small, non-aligned row groups, and select performance degrades.



Index maintenance is a big deal.

Index maintenance can get you:

- Fewer row groups (especially important if you're inserting/modifying/deleting <1M rows at a time)
- Segment elimination for one column (if you plan)

But it's way harder because:

- Rebuilds are much more CPU-intensive
- Multi-threaded rebuilds aren't aligned
- The source data needs to be sorted on the column where you want segment elimination



Ways to work around it

If you just want batch mode, try an empty filtered nonclustered columnstore index.

If you're on 2019, go into 2019 compat level for batch mode execution on rowstore.

If you only need analytics on a subset of columns, and their contents don't change frequently, try a nonclustered columnstore index.

But if you have ~1B rows or 100GB+ data...



Partitioning helps big data, big time

Gets you partition elimination if you filter by a date

Gets you way, way easier index maintenance by letting you export/sort/rebuild 1 partition at a time

But in 2020, there aren't community tools yet to make this process easier.



Don't let your implementation fail

Start with the quiz: <https://ColumnScore.com>

Make a list of the queries that need to perform

Design which column will need segment elimination

Do the initial table load with sorted data

Run your typical insert/update/delete workloads

Do your index maintenance

Test selects AFTER the loads & maintenance too



Next steps for learning

Niko Neugebauer: <http://www.nikoport.com/columnstore/>

Joe Obbish:

<https://www.erikdarlingdata.com/author/joe-obbish/>

My bookmarks:

<https://pinboard.in/u:brento/t:columnstore/>

The documentation, seriously:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/indexes/columnstore-indexes-overview>



You can do this.

For questions, leave comments on the relevant module.

For private help after the class, email Help@BrentOzar.com with:

- A note that you were in this class
- sp_Blitz @CheckServerInfo = 1
- sp_BlitzFirst @SinceStartup= 1



Slides, scripts, and videos:
BrentOzar.com/go/columnfund

Thanks, and I hope you
had a great time!

