Contents

\mathbf{Fiz}	ika Termike
9.1	Ndryshimi i Gjendjes dhe Energjise .
9.2	Energjia e Brendshme
9.3	Energjia Kinetike
9.4	Ligji i gazeve
9.5	Parimi i pare i Termodinamikes
9.6	Izoproceset
	9.6.1 Procesi Ciklik
	9.6.2 Procesi Izotermik
	9.6.3 Izobarik
	9.6.4 Izohorik
	9.6.5 Procesi Adiabatik
9.7	Parimi i dyte i Termodinamikes

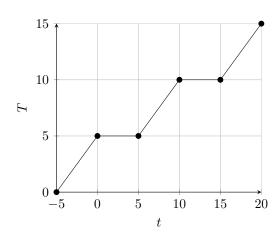
Permbledhje: Tremujori - 2

Kristian Blido

13-03-2021

9 Fizika Termike

9.1 Ndryshimi i Gjendjes dhe Energjise



$$\begin{array}{lll}]-5,0[& \rightarrow & \text{Ngrohje} & Q=c \cdot m \cdot \Delta T \\]0,5[& \rightarrow & \text{Shkrirje} & Q=\lambda \cdot m \\]5,10[& \rightarrow & \text{Ngrohje} & Q=c \cdot m \cdot \Delta T \\]10,15[& \rightarrow & \text{Avullim} & Q=q \cdot m \\]15,20[& \rightarrow & \text{Ngrohje} & Q=c \cdot m \cdot \Delta T \end{array}$$

9.2 Energjia e Brendshme

$$U = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{2} \cdot R \cdot T \cdot n, & 1 & \text{atom} \\ \\ \frac{5}{2} \cdot R \cdot T \cdot n, & 2 & \text{atome} \\ \\ 3 \cdot R \cdot T \cdot n, & 3+ & \text{atome} \end{cases}$$

$$R = N_A \cdot k_B$$

$$= 6.02 \cdot 10^{23} \frac{1}{mol^{1}} \cdot 1.38 \cdot \frac{m^{2}kg}{10^{23} \cdot s^{2} \cdot K^{1}}$$

$$= 8.31 \frac{m^{2} \cdot kg}{s^{2} \cdot K \cdot mol}$$

$$= 8.31 \frac{J}{mol \cdot K}$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{N}{N_A}$$

$$T(K) = T(^{\circ}C) + 273.15$$

9.3 Energjia Kinetike

$$\epsilon_k = \frac{3}{2} \cdot k_B \cdot T$$

9.4 Ligji i gazeve

$$P \cdot V = N \cdot k_b \cdot T$$

$$P \cdot V = n \cdot (N_A \cdot k_B) \cdot T$$

$$P \cdot V = n \cdot R \cdot T$$

9.5 Parimi i pare i Termodinamikes

$$Q = \Delta U + A$$

"Sasia e nxehtesise qe merr nje sistem shkon pjeserisht per ndryshimin e energjise se brendshme dhe pjeserisht per kryerjen e punes"

9.6 Izoproceset

9.6.1 Procesi Ciklik

- 2 rruge Termodinamike
- \bullet Sisteme Quasi-Statike

$$\begin{cases}
T_1 &= T_2 \\
\Delta U &= 0 \\
Q &= A
\end{cases}$$

9.6.2 Procesi Izotermik

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_1 &= T_2 \\ \Delta U &= 0 \\ Q &= A \end{cases}$$

9.6.3 Izobarik

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$\begin{cases} P_1 &=& P_2\\ Q &=& \Delta U + A \end{cases}$$

9.6.4 Izohorik

$$\frac{P_1}{T_2} = \frac{P_2}{T_2}$$

$$\begin{cases} V_1 &= V_2 \\ A &= 0 \\ Q &= \Delta U \end{cases}$$

9.6.5 Procesi Adiabatik

$$\begin{cases}
Q &= 0 \\
A &= -\Delta U
\end{cases}$$

9.7 Parimi i dyte i Termodinamikes

"Nuk mund te ekzistoje motorri i perjetshem"

$$A = Q_i - Q_f$$

$$A = T_i - T_f$$

Rendimenti $\rightarrow \eta$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \eta = \frac{A}{Q_i} \\ \eta < 1 \end{matrix} \right\} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \eta = \frac{A}{T_i} \\ \eta < 1 \end{matrix} \right\}$$