Exercise 8: Clustering stocks using KMeans

In this exercise, you'll cluster companies using their daily stock price movements (i.e. the dollar difference between the closing and opening prices for each trading day). You are given a NumPy array movements of daily price movements from 2010 to 2015, where each row corresponds to a company, and each column corresponds to a trading day.

Some stocks are more expensive than others. To account for this, include a Normalizer at the beginning of your pipeline. The Normalizer will separately transform each company's stock price to a relative scale before the clustering begins.

Normalizer vs StandardScaler

Note that Normalizer() is different to StandardScaler(), which you used in the previous exercise. While StandardScaler() standardizes features (such as the features of the fish data from the previous exercise) by removing the mean and scaling to unit variance, Normalizer() rescales each sample - here, each company's stock price - independently of the other.

This dataset was obtained from the Yahoo! Finance API.

From the course *Transition to Data Science*. Buy the entire course for just \$10 for many more exercises and helpful video lectures.

Step 1: Load the data (written for you)

Step 2: Inspect the first few rows of the DataFrame stocks_df by calling its head () function.

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Step 3: Extract the NumPy array movements from the DataFrame and the list of company names (*written for you*)

Step 4: Make the necessary imports:

- Normalizer from sklearn.preprocessing.
- KMeans from sklearn.cluster.
- make_pipeline from sklearn.pipeline.

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Step 3: Create an instance of Normalizer called normalizer.

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Step 4: Create an instance of KMeans called kmeans with 14 clusters.

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Step 5: Using make_pipeline(), create a pipeline called pipeline that chains normalizer and kmeans.

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Step 6: Fit the pipeline to the movements array.

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In the next exercise: Let's check out your clustering!