# Requirement life Cycle for customer segmentation model for a telecommunications company

#### 1. Elicitation:

- Identify stakeholders: Internal teams (marketing, sales, data scientists) and external customers.
- Gather requirements: Conduct interviews, surveys, and workshops to understand customer segmentation needs, current pain points, and goals for segmentation.
- Define goals: Understand what the company hopes to achieve with segmentation (e.g., personalized marketing, customer retention, cross-selling).

## 2. Analysis and Documentation:

- Analyze business and data requirements: Define the scope of segmentation (demographics, usage behavior, billing history, etc.).
- Document findings: Capture requirements in business requirement documents (BRDs), data requirement sheets, and user stories.
- Model outline: Provide a conceptual model of the segmentation approach, methods, and tools.

#### 3. Validation and Verification:

- Verify requirements: Ensure that requirements align with business goals, are complete, consistent, and feasible.
- Validate with stakeholders: Cross-check the requirements with stakeholders for accuracy and approval.
- Risk assessment: Identify potential risks or gaps in data and feasibility.

## 4. Prioritization and Negotiation:

- Prioritize requirements: Based on business impact, customer value, and technical complexity.
- Negotiate trade-offs: Balance competing demands and limitations (budget, time, technology).

## 5. Change Management:

- Manage requirement changes: Track and manage changes to the requirements through a formal change control process.
- Assess impact: Evaluate how changes will impact the project timeline, cost, and scope.

#### 6. Communication and Collaboration:

- Stakeholder communication: Ensure ongoing collaboration between technical teams, business stakeholders, and external partners.
- Document updates: Regularly update requirement documents and share progress.

## 7. Traceability and Impact Analysis:

- Track requirements: Maintain a traceability matrix to map requirements through the development lifecycle.
- Impact analysis: Anal yze how changes or new requirements will affect other components of the system.

# 8. Implementation and Testing:

- Develop and implement the model: Implement the customer segmentation model using the chosen algorithms and data.
- Test the model: Conduct unit testing, system testing, and user acceptance testing to ensure the model meets business and technical requirements.

# 9. Validation and Acceptance:

- Validate the segmentation model: Ensure that the output of the model matches the expected business outcomes.
- Obtain stakeholder acceptance: Present the results to stakeholders and obtain formal approval.

## 10. **Deployment and Maintenance**:

- **Deploy the model**: Roll out the customer segmentation model to production.
- Monitor and maintain: Continuously monitor model performance, retrain
  if necessary, and handle any issues that arise.

#### 11. Retirement and Archival:

- **Model decommissioning**: When the model becomes obsolete (e.g., new technology, changes in customer behavior), plan for its retirement.
- Archive data and documentation: Ensure all relevant data, documents, and model versions are archived for future reference or regulatory compliance.