

# VISION SDK on BIOS (v02.07.00)

**Data Sheet** 



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# **Table of Contents**

1	Introduction	9
1.1	Framework features	9
1.2	Supported Links	. 10
1.3	Features Not Supported and/or not Tested	. 11
2	Single Channel Capture Use Case	13
2.1	Overview	
2.2	DataFlow	
2.2.1	Configuration 1: Capture to Display on IPU 1-0	. 13
2.2.2	Configuration 2: Capture to Display via Frame Copy Algorithm DSP1	. 14
2.2.3	Configuration 3: Capture to Display via Frame Copy Algorithm EVE1	. 15
2.2.4	Configuration 4: Capture to Display via via Frame Copy Algorithm A15 (TDA2xx Only)	. 16
2.3	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	. 17
2.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)	. 17
2.4.1	Total CPU Load	
2.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
2.5	System Performance (TDA2xx)	
2.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	
2.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
2.6.2	Heap Memory Usage	
2.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	
2.7.1	Processing Latency	
2.7.2	Boot Time	
3	Subframe copy Use case	
3.1	Overview	. 22
3.1 3.2	OverviewDataFlow	. 22 . 22
3.1 3.2 <i>3.2.1</i>	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example	. 22 . 22 . <i>22</i>
3.1 3.2 <i>3.2.1</i> 3.3	Overview	. 22 . 22 . <i>22</i> . 23
3.1 3.2 <i>3.2.1</i> 3.3 3.4	Overview	. 22 . 22 . <i>22</i> . 23 . 23
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2	Overview	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5	Overview	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6	Overview	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 24
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 24 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7 3.7.1	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)  Processing Latency	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7 3.7.1 3.7.2	Overview DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)  Processing Latency  Boot Time	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7 3.7.1 3.7.2	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)  Processing Latency  Boot Time  Dense Optical Flow Usecase	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7.1 3.7.2 <b>4</b> 4.1 4.2	Overview  DataFlow  Subframe copy example  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance (TDA2xx)  System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)  Processing Latency  Boot Time  Dense Optical Flow Usecase  Overview	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25 . 25 . 25
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5 3.6 3.6.1 3.6.2 3.6.3 3.7 3.7.1 3.7.2 <b>4</b>	Overview DataFlow Subframe copy example System Parameters (TDA2xx). CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx). Total CPU Load Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load System Performance (TDA2xx). System Memory Usage (TDA2xx). Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage DDR Bandwidth. Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx). Processing Latency Boot Time.  Dense Optical Flow Usecase Overview DataFlow	. 22 . 22 . 23 . 23 . 23 . 24 . 24 . 25 . 25 . 25 . 25 . 26 . 26



4.4.1	Total CPU Load	
4.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
4.5	System Performance (TDA2xx)	
4.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	
4.6.1 4.6.2	Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage	
4.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	
4.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	
4.7.1	Processing Latency	
4.7.2	Boot Time	
5	Sparse Optical Flow Use case	32
5.1	Overview	. 32
5.2	DataFlow	. 32
5.2.1	Sparse Optical Flow example	. 32
5.3	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	. 33
5.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)	. 33
5.4.1	Total CPU Load	. 33
5.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	. 33
5.5	System Performance	. 34
5.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	. 35
5.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
5.6.2	Heap Memory Usage	
5.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	
5.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	
5.7.1 5.7.2	Processing Latency Boot Time	
<b>6</b> 6.1	Object(Pedestrian and Traffic Sign) Detect Use case  Overview	
6.2	DataFlow	
6.2.1	Object Detect example	
6.2 <i>.</i> 1	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	
6.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)	
6.4.1	Total CPU Load	
6.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
6.5	System Performance (TDA2xx)	
6.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	
6.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
	Heap Memory Usage	
6.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	
6.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	. 40
6.7.1	Processing Latency	. 40
6.7.2	Boot Time	. 41
7	Lane Detect Use case	42
7.1	Overview	. 42
7.2	DataFlow	. 42
7.2.1	Lane Detect example	. 42



7.3	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	
7.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)	
7.4.1	Total CPU Load	
7.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
7.5	System Performance (TDA2xx)	
7.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	44
7.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
7.6.2	Heap Memory Usage	
7.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	
7.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	45
7.7.1	Processing Latency	
7.7.2	Boot Time	45
8	Single Channel Analytics Usecase on TDA2xx	
8.1	Overview	
8.2	DataFlow	
8.2.1	Single channel analytics example	46
8.3	System Parameters	48
8.4	CPU Loading and Task Info	48
8.4.1	Total CPU Load	48
8.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	48
8.5	System Performance	50
8.6	System Memory Usage	51
8.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	51
8.6.2	Heap Memory Usage	51
8.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	51
8.7	Other Benchmarks	51
8.7.1	Processing Latency	51
8.7.2	Boot Time	52
9	Single Channel Analytics Usecase on TDA3xx	
9.1	Overview	53
9.2	DataFlow	53
9.2.1	Single channel analytics example	53
9.3	System Parameters	55
9.4	CPU Loading and Task Info	55
9.4.1	Total CPU Load	55
9.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	55
9.5	System Performance	57
9.6	System Memory Usage	57
9.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	57
9.6.2	Heap Memory Usage	57
9.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	58
9.7	Other Benchmarks	
9. <i>7.1</i> 9. <i>7.2</i>	Processing Latency	
		<i>э</i> ఠ
10	Multi-channel LVDS Surround view + Object DetectUse case on TDA2xx	50
10.1	Overview	
-0.1	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



10.2	Data Flow	59
10.2.1	5CH LVDS capture, Surround View demonstration	59
10.3	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	
10.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)	61
10.4.1	Total CPU Load	
	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
10.5	System Performance (TDA2xx)	63
10.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)	64
10.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	64
	Heap Memory Usage	
10.6.3	DDR Bandwidth	64
10.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	65
10.7.1	Processing Latency	65
10.7.2	Boot Time	65
11	Multi-channel LVDS Surround view Use case on TDA2Ex	66
11.1	Overview	66
11.2	Data Flow	66
11.2.1	4CH LVDS capture, Surround View demonstration	66
11.3	System Parameters (TDA2Ex)	
11.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2Ex)	
11.4.1	Total CPU Load	
	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
11.5	System Performance (TDA2Ex)	69
11.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2Ex)	
11.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
	Heap Memory Usage	
	DDR Bandwidth	
11.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2Ex)	71
	Processing Latency	
11.7.2	Boot Time	71
12	Multi-channel AVB Surround view Use case on TDA2xx & TDA2ex	72
12.1	Overview	72
12.2	Data Flow	72
12.2.1	Configuration 10: 4CH AVB capture, Surround View demonstration	72
12.3	System Parameters (TDA2xx)	
12.4	CPU Loading and Task Info(TDA2xx)	
12.4.1	Total CPU Load	
	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	
12.5	System Performance (TDA2xx and TDA2ex)	75
12.6	System Memory Usage (TDA2xx & TDA2ex)	77
12.6.1	Code/Data Memory Usage	
	Heap Memory Usage TDA2xx	
12.6.3	DDR Bandwidth TDA2xx	77
	Heap Memory Usage TDA2ex	
	DDR Bandwidth TDA2ex	
12.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)	
12.7.1	Processing Latency	<i>7</i> 9



12.7.2	Boot Time	<i>7</i> 9
13	ISS Capture Display Use case on TDA3xx	80
13.1	Overview	
13.2	DataFlow	80
13.2.1	ISS Capture Display example	80
13.3	System Parameters (TDA3xx)	81
13.4	CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA3xx)	81
	Total CPU Load	
13.4.2	Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	81
13.5	System Performance (TDA3xx)	
13.6	System Memory Usage (TDA3xx)	
	Code/Data Memory Usage	
	Heap Memory Usage	
13.7	Other Benchmarks (TDA3xx)	
	Processing Latency	
	Boot Time	
14	Fast boot ISS Capture + Object Detect + Display	
14.1	Over view	
14.2	Dataflow	
14.3	Usecase configuration for boot timer measurement	
14.4	Boot time	
	POR to Display time split POR to Object Detect	
14.4.2	FOR to Object Detect	05
15	Storeo Camerallecase on TDA2vv (MonsterCam)	26
<b>15</b> 15 1	Stereo CameraUsecase on TDA2xx (MonsterCam)	
15.1	Overview	86
15.1 15.2	Overview DataFlow	86 86
15.1 15.2 <i>15.2.1</i>	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example	86 86 <i>86</i>
15.1 15.2	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters	86 86 86 88
15.1 15.2 <i>15.2.1</i> 15.3 15.4	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example	86 86 86 88 88
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info	86 86 88 88 88
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	86 86 88 88 88
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load	86 86 88 88 88 88 90
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage	86 86 88 88 88 90 90
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 90
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 90 91
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3 15.7	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 90 91 91
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example System Parameters CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load System Performance System Memory Usage Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage DDR Bandwidth Other Benchmarks Processing Latency	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1	Overview DataFlow Stereo only usecase example System Parameters CPU Loading and Task Info Total CPU Load Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load System Performance System Memory Usage Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage DDR Bandwidth Other Benchmarks Processing Latency Boot Time	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1 15.7.2	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks  Processing Latency  Boot Time  Inter processor communication (IPC) latency	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91 91
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.2 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1 15.7.2 <b>16</b>	Overview  DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks  Processing Latency  Boot Time  Inter processor communication (IPC) latency  System Parameters (TDA2xx)	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91 91 92
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.1 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1 15.7.2 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example System Parameters CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load System Performance System Memory Usage Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage DDR Bandwidth Other Benchmarks Processing Latency Boot Time  Inter processor communication (IPC) latency System Parameters (TDA2xx) IPC Latency measurements	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91 91 92 92
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1 15.7.2 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.2.1	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example  System Parameters  CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load  Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load  System Performance  System Memory Usage  Code/Data Memory Usage  Heap Memory Usage  DDR Bandwidth  Other Benchmarks  Processing Latency  Boot Time.  Inter processor communication (IPC) latency  System Parameters (TDA2xx)  IPC Latency measurements  IPC Buffer Passing Latency measurement (TDA2xx)	86 86 88 88 90 90 91 91 91 92 92 92
15.1 15.2 15.2.1 15.3 15.4 15.4.1 15.4.2 15.5 15.6 15.6.3 15.7 15.7.1 15.7.2 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.2.1	Overview DataFlow  Stereo only usecase example System Parameters CPU Loading and Task Info  Total CPU Load Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load System Performance System Memory Usage Code/Data Memory Usage Heap Memory Usage DDR Bandwidth Other Benchmarks Processing Latency Boot Time  Inter processor communication (IPC) latency System Parameters (TDA2xx) IPC Latency measurements	86 86 88 88 88 90 90 91 91 91 92 92 92 93



17.2	Code/Data Memory Usage	97
17.3	App Image Size	
18	TDA2xx-MC Common System Parameters	98
18.1	System Parameters	
18.2	Code/Data Memory Usage	100
18.3	App Image Size	100
19	TDA2Ex- Common System Parameters	101
19.1	System Parameters	101
19.2	Code/Data Memory Usage	103
19.3	App Image Size	103
20	TDA3xx Common System Parameters	104
20.1	System Parameters	104
20.2	Code/Data Memory Usage	
20.3	App Image Size	107
21	Revision History	108



### 1 Introduction

### **IMPORANT NOTE:**

 This datasheet has performance and feature information about use-cases running on TDA2xx (EVM and Multi-sensor fusion platform a.k.aMonstercam platforms), TDA2Ex (EVM)andTDA3xx (EVM). Many use-cases can be run on multiple SOC/Platforms however the measurement of performance and other metrics is done only on one of these as indicated in the use-case details.

### 1.1 Framework features

- Compile and build for all CPUs
  - TDA2xx system (IPU1-0, IPU1-1, DSP1, DSP2, EVE1, EVE2, EVE3, EVE4, A15\_0).
  - o TDA3xx system (IPU1-0, IPU1-1, DSP1, DSP2, EVE1).
  - TDA2Ex system (IPU1-0, IPU1-1, DSP1, A15 0).
  - o TDA3xx system (IPU1-0, IPU1-1, DSP1, DSP2, EVE1).
- Debug and release build profiles.
- Single place to setup memory map
  - o default 1GB DDR memory map in TDA2xx
  - o default 1GB DDR memory map in TDA2Ex
  - default 512MB DDR in TDA3xx
- Ability to create and control links on any CPU.
- Remote log feature with ability to print logs from all CPUs to UART controlled by IPU1-0.
- CPU load profiling for all cores.
- Memory usage log for all cores.
- Run time use-cases performance statistics like frame-rate, latency, frame-drop.
- Exception handler log for IPU, DSP.
- EDMA support on all cores, wherever applicable
  - A15, IPU uses system EDMA (via EDMA3LLD library)
  - DSP uses system EDMA or local EDMA (via EDMA3LLD library)
  - EVE uses local EDMA (via EDMA3LLD library and/or EVE SW library)
- Global timestamp to keep track of common time across all CPUs.
- Buffer allocation APIs for DDR, OCMC memory, L2 memory (DSP/EVE).
- Use-Case Auto Generation tool which generates C code for Vision SDK use-cases from config file.



# 1.2 Supported Links

		TDA2xx-	TDA2xx-		
No.	Links	EVM	MC	TDA2Ex	TDA3xx
Fran	nework related links				
1	VIP Capture	√	√	√	√
2	Display	√	√	√	√
3	Display controller	√	√	√	√
4	IPC OUT/IN	√	√	√	√
5	Dup	√	√	√	√
6	Merge	√	√	√	√
7	Sync	√	√	√	√
8	Select	√	√	√	√
9	Null	√	√	√	√
10	Null Source	√	√	√	√
11	ISS Capture	Х	Х	Х	√
12	ISS M2M ISP	Х	Х	Х	√
13	ISS M2M Simcop	Х	Х	Х	√
14	VPE	√	√	√	√
15	AVB receiver	√	√	Х	Х
16	MJPEG decoder	√	√	Х	Х
17	MJPEG encoder	√	√	Х	Х
18	H264 decoder	√	√	Х	Х
19	H264 encoder	√	√	Х	Х
20	Gate	√	√	√	√
Othe	er Sample link's				
1	Graphics Source	√	√	√	√
2	Ultrasonic Capture	√	Х	Х	Х
3	Network Ctrl	√	√	√	√
4	Split	√	√	√	√
Algo	rithm plugin's				•
1	Alg plugin for Frame Copy	√	√	√	√
2	Alg plugin for Color to gray	√	√	√	√
3	Alg plugin for DMA Software	√	√	√	√



		TDA2xx-	TDA2xx-		
No.	Links	EVM	MC	TDA2Ex	TDA3xx
	Mosaic				
4	Alg plugin for Edge detection	√	√	Х	√
5	Alg plugin for Dense Optical Flow	√	√	Х	<b>√</b>
6	Alg plugin for Object detection	√	√	X	√
7	Alg plugin for Sparse optical flow	√	√	Х	√
8	Alg plugin for SubFrame Copy	√	√	Х	√
9	Alg plugin for ISS AEWB	Х	Х	Х	√
10	Alg plugin for Synthesis	√	X	√	√
11	Alg plugin for Photometric Alignment	√	Х	√	<b>√</b>
12	Alg plugin for Geometric Alignment	√	Х	√	√
13	Alg plugin for Ultrasound	√	X	Χ	Х
14	Alg plugin Soft ISP	X	√	Χ	Х
15	Alg plugin Census	Χ	√	X	Х
16	Alg plugin Disparity	Χ	√	X	Х
17	Alg plugin Stereo Post Process	X	√	X	Х
18	Alg plugin Remap Merge	Х	√	Х	Х
19	Alg Plugin Lane Detect	√	√	√	√
20	Alg Plugin CRC	X	X	X	√

# 1.3 Features Not Supported and/or not Tested

- Exception handler log for EVE's
- Capture link
  - Multiple instances of capture link (NOTE: Single capture instance can control multiple HW VIP ports)
  - Enabling multiple VIP ports when subframe capture is enabled.
- VPE link
  - o VPE link in DEI mode
  - Dual output mode NOT supported by VPE HW
  - o RGB input mode NOT supported by VPE HW



- Algorithm link
  - o Multi-channel mode NOT supported in Algorithm plugin's
- Algorithm link: Subframe copy plugin
  - o Multiple instances of this algplugin NOT supported
- TDA2xx-Monstercam
  - o AVB not validated.
  - Linux not supported.

For detailed list refer to \docs\vision\_sdk\_feature\_list.xlsx.



# 2 Single Channel Capture Use Case

### 2.1 Overview

This use case consists of continuous capture and display with optional frame copyusing DSP/EVE/A15 in between or edge detect algorithm using EVE.

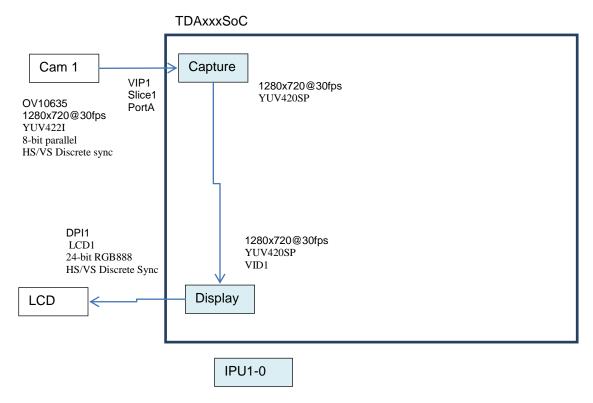
Frame copy/Edge Detect is used to show how an algorithm can be integrated in a capture to display data flow.

Capture can be done at 720p@30fps (OV Sensor)or 1080p@60fps (HDMI capture)via the VIP1 Slice1 PortA. Display can be on LCD via DPI1 output port or on HDMI display via HDMI output port. If required, a scalar is enabled as part of the capture path to match display resolution. The output interface runs at 60fps. In case incoming frames to display are at 30fps (when using OV Sensors), then the Display driver will repeat frames.

### 2.2 DataFlow

### 2.2.1 Configuration 1: Capture to Display on IPU 1-0

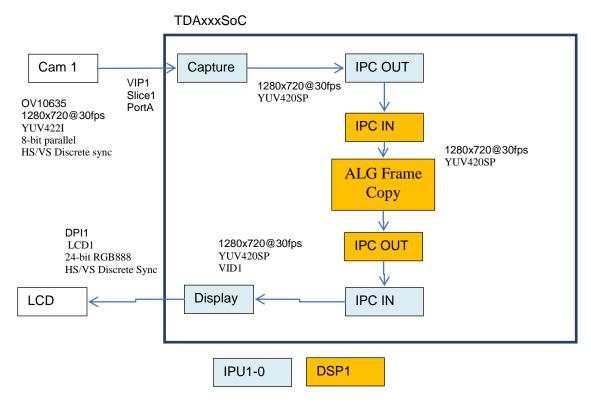
This configuration is useful for board checkout. Since only IPU1-0 CPU is required to run this use-case so it is easy to build and load and run. The data flow below shows a 720p30 capture with display on LCD. Alternately HDMI capture and HDMI display are also supported.





### 2.2.2 Configuration 2: Capture to Display via Frame Copy Algorithm DSP1

Frame copy algorithm on DSP uses DSP local EDMA for frame copy. EDMA3LLD library is used to access EDMA. The data flow below shows a 720p30 capture with display on LCD. Alternately HDMI capture and HDMI display are also supported.





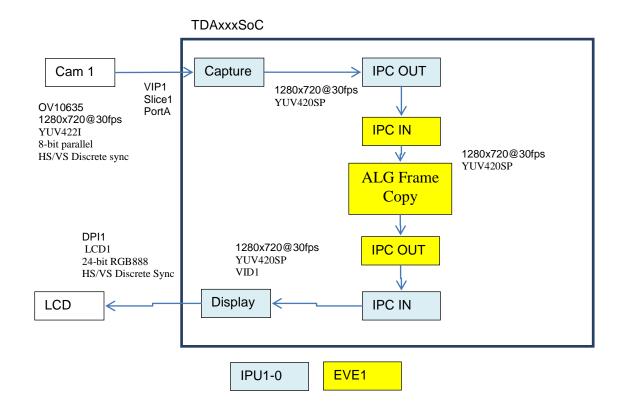
### 2.2.3 Configuration 3: Capture to Display via Frame Copy Algorithm EVE1

This is same as configuration 2 except EVE1 is used for frame copy instead of DSP1.

EVE1 uses its local DMA for frame copy. EVE SW library is used to do the EDMA.

EDMA3LLD is not used since normally algorithms on EVE will use the EVE SW library for EDMA.

The data flow below shows a 720p30 capture with display on LCD. Alternately HDMI capture and HDMI display are also supported.





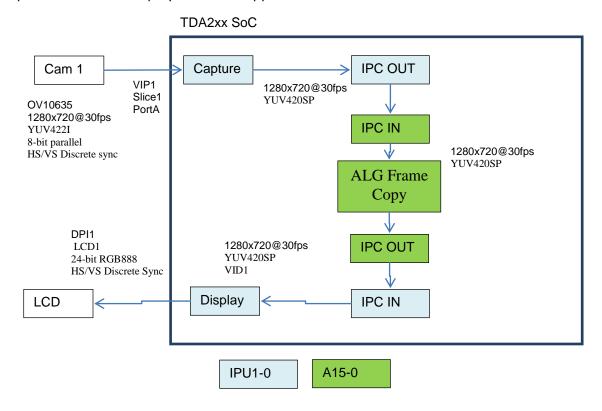
### 2.2.4 Configuration 4: Capture to Display via via Frame Copy Algorithm A15 (TDA2xx Only)

This is same as configuration 2 except A15 is used for frame copy instead of DSP1.

A15 uses CPU copy via cache for frame copy. Cache invalidates and write back are done as required in the process.

EDMA is not used since normally algorithms on A15 prefer to use CPU access via cache. System EDMA APIs via EDMA3LLD are however available for access via A15.

The data flow below shows a 720p30 capture with display on LCD. Alternately HDMI capture and HDMI display are also supported.





# 2.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for 720p30fps capture and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 2.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

### 2.4.1 Total CPU Load

NOTE: DSP and EVE use frame copy EDMA in polled mode, since normally in between DMA, algorithm computation is done.

NOTE: A15 uses frame copy in CPU mode (via cache) hence its CPU load is higher than DSP/EVE.

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD (CONFIGI1 IPU ONLY)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG2 DSP FC ALG)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG3 EVE FC ALG)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG4 A15 FC ALG)
	HWI	1.3%	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%
IPU1-0	SWI	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
	Total	5.5%	8.0%	6.8%	7.6%
	HWI	NA 0.2% NA		NA 0.2% N	
DSP1	SWI		0.0%		
	Total		4.7%		
	HWI	١	NA .	0.6%	NA
EVE1	SWI			0.3%	
	Total			5.9%	
	HWI	NA NA			0.2%
A15-0	SWI				0.1%
	Total				28.6%



# 2.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU CPU LOAD (CONFIG1 IPU 2 DSP ONLY) FC ALG)		CPU LOAD (CONFIG 3 EVE FC ALG)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG 4 A15 FC ALG)
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.0%	2.1%	1.3%	1.6%
	Capture	Capture frames via VIP port	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
	Display	Display frames via DSS	0.3%	0.4%	0.8%	0.4%
IPU 1-0	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	2.9%	4.8%	1.4%	4.9%
	IPC OUT	To send frame to another processor	NA	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor		0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
	*IPC + ALG Frame Copy	Frame copy + IPC	NA	4.2%	N	A
DSP 1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load		0.5%		
	*IPC + ALG Frame Copy	Framecopy + IPC	NA		5.0%	NA
EVE 1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load			0.8%	
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor		NA		0.1%
A15-	*IPC + ALG Frame Copy	Copy frames from input buffer to output buffer Using CPU copy via cache				26.8%
0	IPC OUT	To send frame to another processor				0.1%
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load				

\*NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity.



NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 2.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	CONFIG1 IPU ONLY	CONFIG2 DSP FC ALG	CONFIG3 EVE FC ALG	CONFIG4 A15 FC ALG
Capture	Output FPS	30fps	30fps	30fps	30fps
ALG Frame	Output FPS	NA	30fps	30fps	30fps
Copy (DSP / A15 / EVE)	Avg copy time per frame		1.4ms	1.3ms	9ms
Display	Input FPS	30fps	30fps	30fps	30fps
ызріау	VENC FPS	60fps	60fps	60fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

NOTE: The above benchmarks are computed for 720p30 fps captureand HDMI display (1080p60)



# 2.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

### 2.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage.

### 2.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

СРИ	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG1 IPU ONLY)	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG2 DSP FC ALG)	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG3 EVE FC ALG)	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG4 A15 FC ALG)
	Local Heap	256 KB	16KB	16KB	16KB	16KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB	705KB	705KB	0 KB
DSP1	L2	223KB	NA 0 KB NA		٨	
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB		23KB		
EVE1	L2	24 KB	NA 0 K		0 KB	NA
EVEI	Local Heap	256 KB			21 KB	
A15	Local Heap	4096KB		NA		57KB
	SR0 DDR	128KB	0KB	0KB	0 KB	0KB
Shared	SR1 Frame Buffer	256MB	256 MB	0 MB	0 KB	0 KB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB	0 KB	0 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158 KB	158 KB	158 KB	0KB

### NOTE:

• SR1 Frame Buffer now static memory allocation .map file show all memory used but in actual we don't know how much memory used. This is applicable all usecase.

# 2.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

### 2.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY (CONFIG1 IPU ONLY)	LATENCY (CONFIG2 DSP FC ALG)	LATENCY (CONFIG3 EVE FC ALG)	LATENCY (CONFIG4 A15 FC ALG)
Capture to	Avg	0.56 ms	2.2ms	2.5 ms	9.8ms
Display	Min	0.06 ms	1.7ms	1.9 ms	9.3ms
Latency	Max	61 ms	57.9ms	54ms	54.7ms

### NOTE:

• This latency is as measured inside the system by software.



- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

### 2.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	VALUE
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059s
main() to Use-case create	0.340s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display (max value from all 4 configurations)	0.065 s
Total Boot time	2.464s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



# 3 Subframe copy Use case

### 3.1 Overview

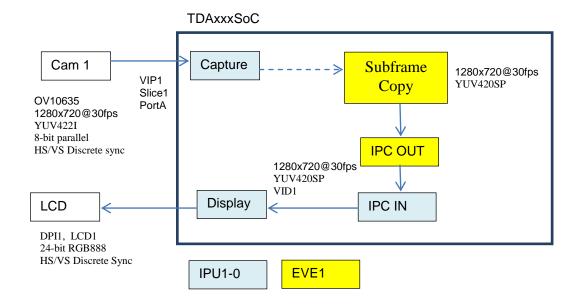
This configuration is used to demonstrate a low-latency path which utilizes the subframe capture feature.

### 3.2 DataFlow

### 3.2.1 Subframe copy example

The Capture can be either OV10635 Sensor @720p30 or HDMI @1080p60 via the VIP1 Slice1 PortA. Scalar is required to be enabled for this feature. The Capture link enables subframe-capture mode and configures the VIP but does not process any frame data. Hence no IPC link is required between the capture link on IPU1\_0 and Subframe copy link on EVE1. The Subframe copy link registers interrupts with VIP at subframe and frame boundaries. Whenever a sub-frame is received an EDMA transfer for the data is initiated onto display buffer. Subframe copy algorithm on EVE uses local EDMA for subframe copy. EDMA3LLD library is used to access EDMA. The display link processes data at frame boundaries. Display can be on LCD via DPI1 output port or on HDMI display via HDMI output port. The output interface runs at 60fps. In case incoming frames to display are at 30fps (when using OV Sensors), then the Display driver will repeat frames.

The data flow below shows OV Sensor capture and LCD display. Alternately HDMI capture and HDMI display are also supported.





### 3.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for OV10635capture and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 3.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

### 3.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	1.3%
IPU1_0	SWI	0.5%
	Total	6.9%
	HWI	2.3 %
EVE1	SWI	0.2%
	Total	7.5%

### 3.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	1.3%
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.0 %
	Display	Display via DSS	0.4%
IPU1-0	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	2.9%
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.2%
	IPC +ALG Subframe copy	Algsubframe copy + IPC	5.3 %
*EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	2.3 %

\*NOTE: On EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load calculations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor



- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 3.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	
ALG-	Input fps	30fps
SubframeCopy (EVE1)	Output fps	30fps
Dianloy	Input fps	30fps
Display	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: The ALG subframe copy link processes ISRs from VIP for subframe and frame complete events. When the alg plugin link is in running state no other command except data command is processed, to ensure the low latency path functions effectively. Hence the stats for this link are not queries/printed on UART. The figures mentioned above have been interpreted from other logs and performance of IPC and Display links.

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

# 3.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

### 3.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

### 3.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	15KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
EVE1	L2	24 KB	0 KB
	Local Heap	256 KB	13 KB
	SR0	128 KB	0 MB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	255MB	12 MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160 KB	158 KB

Note: Subframes are allocated from OCMC RAM1 - 512KB



### 3.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	
EMIE Bood Only	Avg	348 MB/s
EMIF Read Only	Peak	477 MB/s
EMIE Write Only	Avg	46 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Peak	86 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	394 MB/s
Elviir Read + Wille	Peak	477 MB/s

# 3.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

### 3.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	0.8ms
Latency	Min	0.4 ms
(Display VID 1)	Max	57 ms

### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

### 3.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059 s
main() to Use-case create	0.340s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.050 s
Total Boot time	2.449s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



# 4 Dense Optical Flow Usecase

### 4.1 Overview

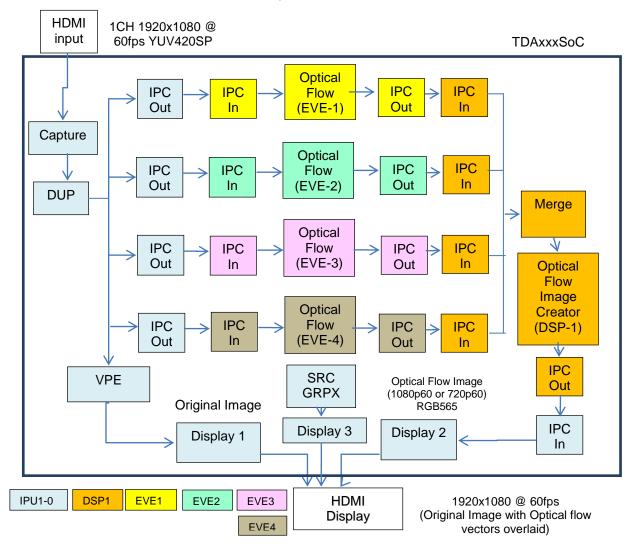
This configuration is used to demonstrate the capability of EVE. The display type is restricted to HDMI alone.

### 4.2 DataFlow

### 4.2.1 Dense Optical Flow example

The Capture can be either OV10635 Sensor @720p30 or HDMI @1080p60. The captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on IPU1-0 and sent to all 4 EVEs. A Dense optical flow algorithm runs on the EVEs. An algorithm setting is available by which one can choose to run a 1 pyramid (1080p60) or 2 pyramid (720p60) mode. All 4 EVEs are used in this use-case for frame processing. Each EVE processes 1 out of 4 frames. The output from the 4 EVEs is merged on DSP1 and post an Optical Flow Image creator sent to HDMI display. The original image after scaling using VPE is also displayed alongwith some overlaid graphics. The data flow below shows an HDMI capture. Alternately OV Sensor capture is also supported. This configuration supports ONLY HDMI display.

NOTE: VPE, EVE2, EVE3, EVE4 only valid in TDA2xx





# 4.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI capture (1080p60) and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 4.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

### 4.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD (CONFIG - ALG 1 PYRAMID)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG - ALG 2 PYRAMID)
	HWI	4.2 %	4.0
IPU1_0	SWI	0.8 %	0.8
	Total	17.5 %	17.3 %
	HWI	0.3	0.4
DSP1	SWI	0.1	0.1
	Total	64.7 %	27.6%
	HWI	1.1	1.0
EVE1	SWI	0.2	0.1
	Total	78.4 %	53.3%
	HWI	1.2	1.2
EVE2	SWI	0.6	0.1
	Total	78.5 %	56.6%
	HWI	1.2	1.0
EVE3	SWI	0.2	0.1
	Total	78.3 %	53.3 %
	HWI	1.2	1.0
EVE4	SWI	0.2	0.1
	Total	78.2 %	54.4 %

### 4.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (CONFIG ALG 1 PYRAMID)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG ALG 2 PYRAMID)
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	1.9 %	2.0 %
IPU1-0	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.4 %	0.3 %
	Display1	Display scaled frames via DSS	0.9 %	0.8 %
	Display2	Display DOF frame via DSS	0.7 %	0.7 %



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (CONFIG ALG 1 PYRAMID)	CPU LOAD (CONFIG ALG 2 PYRAMID)
	DUP	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	0.7 %	0.6 %
	VPE	Frame scaling	2.0 %	2.0 %
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	7.3 %	7.0 %
	IPC OUT 0	To send frame to another processor	0.8 %	0.8 %
	IPC OUT 1	To send frame to another processor	0.6 %	0.7 %
	IPC OUT 2	To send frame to another processor	0.6 %	0.7 %
	IPC OUT 3	To send frame to another processor	0.6 %	0.6 %
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.5 %	0.5 %
	IPC + ALGVector to Image	To receive frames from another processor	64.1 %	27.0 %
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.7 %	0.3 %
	IPC + Optical Flow	IPC Load + Dense Optical Flow Algorithm	76.6 %	54.0 %
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.5 %	1.3 %
	IPC + Optical Flow	IPC Load + Dense Optical Flow Algorithm	76.4 %	55.1 %
EVE2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.6 %	1.3 %
	IPC + Optical Flow	IPC Load + Dense Optical Flow Algorithm	76.6 %	54.0 %
EVE3	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.6 %	1.3 %
	IPC + Optical Flow	IPC Load + Dense Optical Flow Algorithm	76.2%	55 %
EVE4	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.5 %	1.2 %



NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 4.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	(CONFIG ALG 1 PYRAMID)	(CONFIG ALG 2 PYRAMID)
Capture	Output FPS	60fps	60fps
ALG DOF	Output FPS	15 fps per EVE	15 fps per EVE
(EVE)	Avg time per frame	54ms	36ms
ALG Vector	Output FPS	60fps	60fps
to Image (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	11ms	5ms
Display	Input FPS	60fps	60fps
(DOF image)	VENC FPS	60fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer NOTE: The figures are for HDMI capture scenario.



# 4.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

# 4.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

# 4.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG ALG PYRAMID 1)	MEMORY SIZE USED (CONFIG ALG PYRAMID 2)
	Local Heap	256 KB	15KB	15KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB	705KB
DSP1	L2	223KB	109 KB	45 KB
DSPT	Local Heap	512 KB	13 KB	13 KB
EVE1	L2	24 KB	3 KB	3 KB
	Local Heap	256 KB	10 KB	10 KB
EVE2	L2	24 KB	3 KB	3 KB
LVLZ	Local Heap	256 KB	10 KB	10 KB
EVE3	L2	24 KB	3 KB	3 KB
EVE3	Local Heap	256 KB	10 KB	10 KB
EVE4	L2	24 KB	3 KB	3 KB
EVE4	Local Heap	256 KB	10 KB	10 KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB	158KB

### 4.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	ALG PYRAMID 1	ALG PYRAMID 2
EMIE Bood Only	Avg	1167 MB/s	937 MB/s
EMIF Read Only	Peak	1448 MB/s	1428 MB/s
EMIE Write Only	Avg	653 MB/s	325 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Peak	779 MB/s	552 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	1819 MB/s	1263 MB/s
Elviir Read + Wille	Peak	2130 MB/s	1841 MB/s



# 4.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

### 4.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY (CONFIG ALG PYRAMID 1)	LATENCY (CONFIG ALG PYRAMID 2)
Capture to Display	Avg	67 ms	43 ms
Latency	Min	66 ms	42 ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	75 ms	60 ms

### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

### 4.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION (CONFIG 6 ALG PYRAMID 1)	DURATION (CONFIG 6 ALG PYRAMID 2)
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059 s	2.059 s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.456 s	0.255 s
Total Boot time	2.855s	2.654s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



# 5 Sparse Optical Flow Use case

### 5.1 Overview

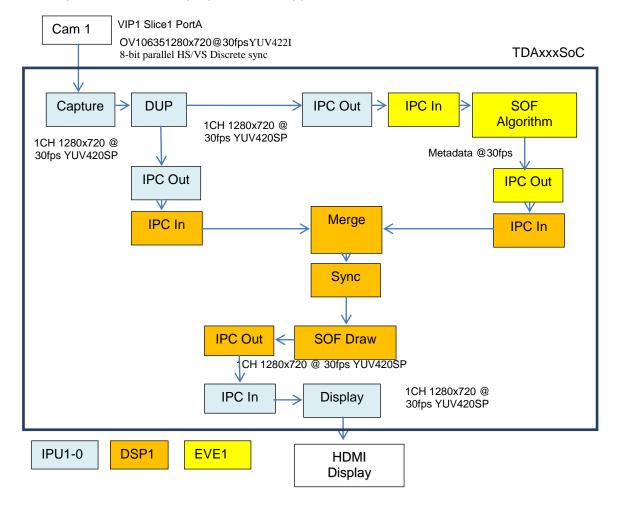
This configuration is used to demonstrate the sparse optical algorithm running on EVE and DSP.

### 5.2 DataFlow

### 5.2.1 Sparse Optical Flow example

The Capture can be either OV10635 Sensor @720p30 or HDMI @1080p60. The captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on IPU1-0. One output of DUP goes to a sparse optical flow algorithm running on EVE1. This generates metadata output which is subsequently merged along-with the original captured video frames and synced on DSP. The output of sync link is a composite buffer consisting of two channels - Channel 0 consists of original video frame buffer while channel 1 consists of metadata. The SOF draw link running on DSP takes this as input and draws feature point tracking on the video to depict the optical flow. This frame is then fed to the display

The data flow below shows OV Sensor capture and HDMI display. Alternately HDMI capture and LCD display are also supported.





# 5.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for 720p30 capture and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 5.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

### 5.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	1.8
IPU1_0	SWI	1.1
	Total	10.0
	HWI	0.4
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	4.2 %
	HWI	0.8
EVE1	SWI	0.2
	Total	66.9 %

### 5.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.0 %
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.2 %
	Display	Display via DSS	0.4 %
	DUP	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	0.2 %
IPU1-0	UNKNOWN  IPC OUT 0	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	4.4 %
		To send frame to another processor	0.5 %
	IPC OUT 1	To send frame to another processor	0.3 %
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.2 %
*DSP1	ALG SOF Draw + Sync + Merge + IPC	Major processing on DSP	3.5%



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.7%
	IPC + Optical Flow	Sparse Optical Flow Algorithm + IPC	65.7%
*EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.2%

\*NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

### 5.5 System Performance

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	
Capture	Output FPS	30fps
ALG SOF	Output FPS	30fps
(EVE1)	Avg time per frame	15ms
ALG SOF	Output FPS	30fps
Draw (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	8ms
Display	Input FPS	30fps
(DOF image)	VENC FPS	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer



# 5.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

### 5.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

### 5.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	15KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705 MB
DSP1	L2	223KB	0 KB
DSP1	Local Heap	512 KB	12 KB
EVE1	L2	24 KB	13 KB
EVEI	Local Heap	256KB	26 KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158 KB

### 5.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	DOF
EMIF Read Only	Avg	622 MB/s
Elviir Read Only	Peak	1409 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Avg	147 MB/s
Elviir Write Orliy	Peak	703 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	770 MB/s
EIVIIF Read + Write	Peak	2080 MB/s

# 5.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

### 5.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	30ms
Latency (Display VID 1)	Min	12ms
	Max	102ms

### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.



 Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps - 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

### 5.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059 s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.382 s
Total Boot time	2.781 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples. GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



## 6 Object(Pedestrian and Traffic Sign) Detect Use case

#### 6.1 Overview

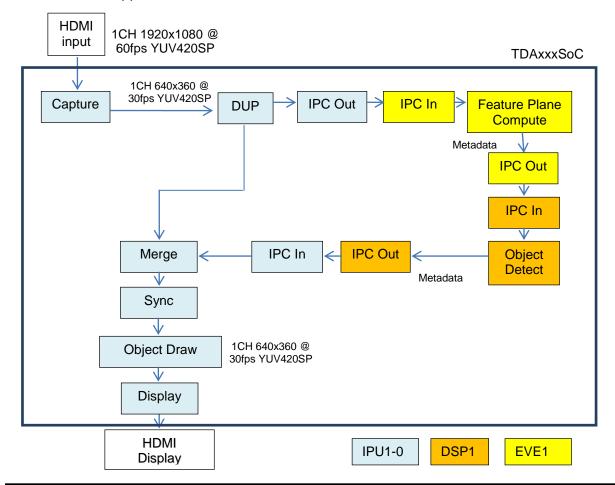
This configuration is used to demonstrate the capability of EVE and DSP in running aobject detection (Pedestrian and traffic sign) algorithm.

#### 6.2 DataFlow

#### 6.2.1 Object Detect example

The Capture is HDMI@1080p60 (pre-recorded data). The capture output is configured to 640x360 @30fps. This captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on IPU1-0 and sent to Merge link. A feature plane compute runs on EVE1 which generates metadata output buffer. The Object Detect link running on DSP utilizes this metadata information to generate co-ordinates of objectsi.e. pedestrians or traffic signs are present in the frame. These co-ordinates are merged and synced with captured frames on IPU1\_0. The output of sync link is a composite buffer consisting of two channels - Channel 0 consists of video frame buffer while channel 1 consists of meta data. This buffer is processed by Object draw algorithm plugin link. If the identified object is a pedestrian then it draws a rectangle around the detected pedestrian. If the identified object is a traffic sign, it finds corresponding bitmap and draws it adjacent to the sign location. This frame is then fed to the display, where it is up-scaled based on display type.

The data flow below shows HDMI capture and HDMI display. Alternately LCD display arealso supported.





# 6.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI capture (1080p30) and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 6.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

#### 6.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	2.1
IPU1_0	SWI	0.7
	Total	12.4 %
DSP1	HWI	0.3
	SWI	0.1
	Total	36.0 %
	HWI	0.8
EVE1	SWI	0.4
	Total	65 %

#### 6.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.1 %
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.2%
	DUP	Duplicate frame to send to merge link	0.1 %
	Sync	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	0.5%
	Merge	Merge frames from SW Mosaic and original capture output	0.2%
IPU1-0	Display1	Display scaled frames via DSS	0.7%
	ALG – Object Draw	Object detection algorithm	5.4%
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	4.3%
	IPC OUT	To send frame to another processor	0.3%
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.2%
DSP1	IPC + ALG Object Detect	IPC+ Object detection algorithm	35.4%



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.2 %
5)/54	ALG – Feature Plane Compute + IPC	Feature plane compute algorithm + IPC	64.1%
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.2 %

NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

## 6.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	
Capture	Output fps	30fps
ALG-Feature Plane	Avg time per frame	31ms
compute (EVE1)	Output fps	30fps
ALG- Object Detect (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	27ms
(DSF1)	Output fps	30fps
ALG Object Draw (IPU1-0)	Avg time per frame	1ms
(101-0)	Output fps	30fps
Diamlass	Input fps	30fps
Display	VENC fps	60fps



NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer NOTE: The figures are for HDMI capture scenario.

## 6.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

#### 6.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

### 6.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	17 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
DSP1	L2	223 KB	224 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	13 KB
FVF1	L2	24 KB	19 KB
CVCI	Local Heap	256KB	64KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256 MB	256 MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB

#### 6.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	DOF
EMIF Read Only	Avg	772 MB/s
Elviir Read Only	Peak	1585 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Avg	200 MB/s
Elviir Write Only	Peak	483 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	973 MB/s
EMIF Read + White	Peak	2011 MB/s

# 6.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

#### 6.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display Latency	Avg	62ms
	Min	57ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	98ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.



- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 6.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059 s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.282s
Total Boot time	2.681sec

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.



#### 7 Lane Detect Use case

#### 7.1 Overview

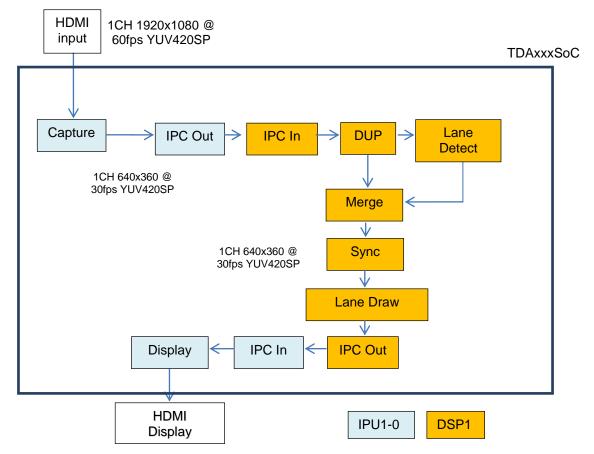
This configuration is used to demonstrate the capability of DSP in running a lane detection algorithm.

#### 7.2 DataFlow

#### 7.2.1 Lane Detect example

The Capture is HDMI @1080p60 (pre-recorded data). The capture output is configured to 640x360@30fps. This captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on DSP1 and one of the output's is sent to Merge link. A lane detect algorithm runs on DSP1 which generate co-ordinates of where lanes are present in the frame. These co-ordinates are merged and synced with captured frames on DSP1. The output of sync link is a composite buffer consisting of two channels - Channel 0 consists of video frame buffer while channel 1 consists of meta data. This buffer is processed by Lanedetect draw algorithm plugin, which draws a linewhere lane is present. This frame is then fed to the display, where it is up-scaled based on display type.

The data flow below shows HDMI capture and HDMI display. Alternately LCD display are also supported.





# 7.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI capture (1080p60) and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 7.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

#### 7.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	1.8
IPU1_0	SWI	0.5
	Total	9.8%
	HWI	0.5
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	20.5%

#### 7.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	1.9%
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.2%
	Display	Display frames via DSS	0.3%
IPU1-0	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	3.6%
	IPC OUT	To send frame to another processor	0.4%
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.2%
DSP1	IPC+ Dup+ Sync+ Merge+ Lane Detect+ Lane Draw	All major processing on DSP1	19.4%
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.8%

NOTE: On DSP all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case



NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 7.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	
Capture	Output fps	30fps
ALG-Lane Detect (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	4ms
(DSF1)	Output fps	30fps
ALG- Lane Draw	Avg time per frame	0.2ms
(DSP1)	Output fps	30fps
Dianlass	Input fps	30fps
Display	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer NOTE: The figures are for 720p30fps capture scenario.

# 7.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

#### 7.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

#### 7.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	16KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
DCD4	L2	223 KB	22KB
DSP1	Local Heap	512 KB	15KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB



#### 7.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	DOF
EMIF Read Only	Avg	337 MB/s
Elviir Read Only	Peak	689 MB/s
EMIE Write Only	Avg	54 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Peak	283 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	391 MB/s
Elviir Read + vviile	Peak	966 MB/s

# 7.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

## 7.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	6ms
Latency	Min	5ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	9ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 7.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.063 s
Total Boot time	2.462 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



## 8 Single Channel Analytics Usecase on TDA2xx

#### 8.1 Overview

This configuration is used to demonstrate the system performance for running multialgo demo TDA2xx.

#### 8.2 DataFlow

#### 8.2.1 Single channel analytics example

The Capture is HDMI @1080p60. The capture output is set to 640x360. This captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on IPU1-0. One output of Dup goes to a sparse optical flow algorithm running on EVE2. This generates metadata output which is subsequently merged along-with the original captured video frames and synced on A15. The output of sync link is sent to SOF draw link running on A15, which draws arrows on the video to depict the optical flow.

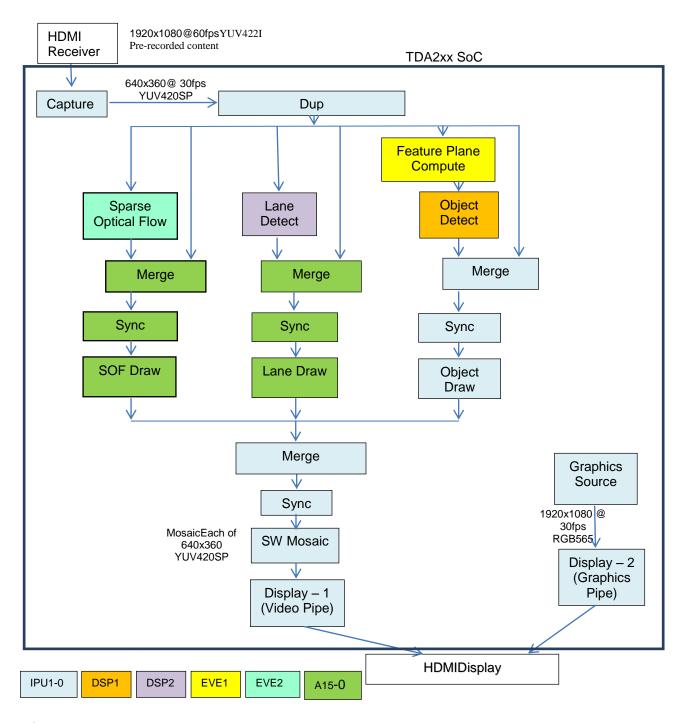
Another output of Dup goes to lane detect algorithm running on DSP2. This generates metadata output which is subsequently merged along-with the original captured video frames and synced on A15. The output of sync link is sent to lane draw link running on A15, which draws lines on the video to depict lanes.

Another output of Dup goes to feature plane compute running on EVE1 which generates metadata output buffer. The Object Detect link running on DSP1 utilizes this metadata information to generate co-ordinates where Objects i.e. pedestrians and traffic signs are present in the frame. These co-ordinates are merged and synced with captured frames on IPU1\_0. The output of sync link is processed by Object draw algorithm plugin link. If the identified object is a pedestrian then it draws a rectangle around the detected pedestrian. If the identified object is a traffic sign, it finds corresponding bitmap and draws it adjacent to the sign location.

The above three outputs are merged, synced and made into a 3x1 SW mosaic and sent to Display.

The data flow below shows HDMI pre-recorded data fed to chain and HDMI display.





<sup>\*</sup>IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability.



# 8.3 System Parameters

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI capture (1080p60) of prerecorded content and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 8.4 CPU Loading and Task Info

#### 8.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	TDA2XX CPU LOAD
	HWI	3.6
IPU1_0	SWI	0.8
	Total	22.7 %
	HWI	0.3
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	32.8 %
	HWI	0.7
DSP2	SWI	0.1
	Total	30.7 %
	HWI	1.0
EVE1	SWI	0.3
	Total	74.7 %
	HWI	1.0
EVE2	SWI	0.2
	Total	40.5 %
	HWI	0.2
A15	SWI	0.1
	Total	11.5

#### 8.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	TDA2XX CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.8%
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.3 %
	DUP	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	0.3 %
IPU1-0	Sync (2 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	1.5 %
	Merge (2 links)	Merge frames from SW Mosaic and original capture output	0.6 %
	Display	Display frames via DSS	0.4 %
	ALG – Object Draw	Object detection algorithm	2.9 %



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	TDA2XX CPU LOAD
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	6.2 %
	IPC OUT	To send frame to another processor	1.3 %
	IPC IN	To receive frames from another processor	0.6%
	IPC + ALG Object Detect	IPC + Object detection algorithm	31.3 %
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.7 %
	IPC + ALG Lane Detect	IPC + multiple algorithms	29.1 %
DSP2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.1 %
	IPC + Feature plane compute	Feature plane compute algorithm + IPC	73.0 %
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.6 %
	IPC + ALG SOF	Sparse Optical Flow algorithm	38.7 %
EVE2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.5 %
	ALG SOF Draw	SOF draw algorithm	0.7 %
	ALG Lane Draw	Lane detect draw algorithm	8.0 %
A15	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	2.3 %

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load calculations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics Load is not accounted for in these measurements.

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor



- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 8.5 System Performance

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	TDA2XX
Capture	Output fps	30fps
	Output fps	30fps
ALG – SOF (EVE2)	Avg time per frame	12ms
ALG – SOF Draw	Output fps	30fps
(A15)	Avg time per frame	7ms
ALG – Lane Detect	Output fps	30fps
(DSP2)	Avg time per frame	6ms
ALG – Lane Draw	Output fps	30fps
(A15)	Avg time per frame	0.2ms
Feature Plane	Output fps	30fps
Compute (EVE1)	Avg time per frame	24ms
Object Detect	Output fps	30fps
Object Detect (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	15ms
Object Draw	Output fps	30fps
Object Draw (IPU1-0)	Avg time per frame	0.5ms
Display VID 1	Input fps	30fps
Display VID 1	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer NOTE: The figures are for HDMI capture scenario.



# 8.6 System Memory Usage

## 8.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

#### 8.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	TDA2XX MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	20 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
DSP1	L2	223 KB	223 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	13 KB
DSP2	L2	223 KB	2 KB
DSFZ	Local Heap	512 KB	13 KB
EVE1	L2	24 KB	19 KB
	Local Heap	256KB	64 KB
EVE2	L2	24 KB	13 KB
EVEZ	Local Heap	256 KB	16 KB
A15	Local Heap	4096 KB	56 KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB

#### 8.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	TDA2XX
EMIF Read Only	Avg	1077 MB/s
Elviir Read Offiy	Peak	2309 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Avg	390 MB/s
Elviir Write Orliy	Peak	1281 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	1465 MB/s
EMIF Read + White	Peak	2886 MB/s

## 8.7 Other Benchmarks

#### 8.7.1 Processing Latency

		TDA2XX LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	40ms
Latency	Min	32ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	49ms

## NOTE:

• This latency is as measured inside the system by software.



- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### •

#### 8.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	TDA2XX DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059 s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.575 s
Total Boot time	2.974 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



## 9 Single Channel Analytics Usecase on TDA3xx

#### 9.1 Overview

This configuration is used to demonstrate the system performance of running multiple algorithms on TDA3xx.

#### 9.2 DataFlow

#### 9.2.1 Single channel analytics example

The Capture is HDMI @1080p60. The capture output is set to 640x360. This captured buffer is duplicated by DUP link running on IPU1-0. One output of Dup goes to a sparse optical flow algorithm running on EVE1. This generates metadata output which is subsequently merged along-with the original captured video frames and synced on DSP2. The output of sync link is sent to SOF draw link running on DSP2, which draws arrows on the video to depict the optical flow.

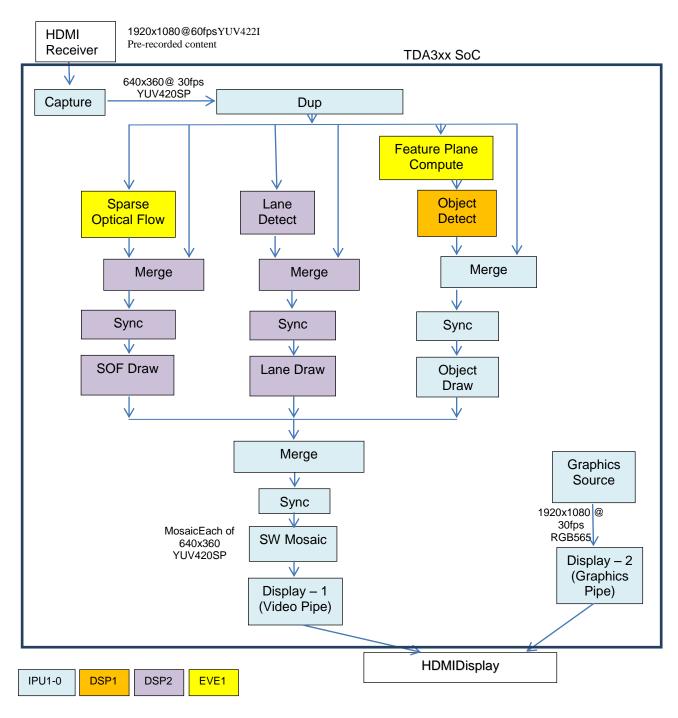
Another output of Dup goes to lane detect algorithm running on DSP2. This generates metadata output which is subsequently merged along-with the original captured video frames and synced on DSP2. The output of sync link is sent to lane draw link running on DSP2, which draws lines on the video to depict lanes.

Another output of Dup goes to feature plane compute running on EVE1 which generates metadata output buffer. The Object Detect link running on DSP1 utilizes this metadata information to generate co-ordinates where Objects i.e. pedestrians and traffic signs are present in the frame. These co-ordinates are merged and synced with captured frames on IPU1\_0. The output of sync link is processed by Object draw algorithm plugin link. If the identified object is a pedestrian then it draws a rectangle around the detected pedestrian. If the identified object is a traffic sign, it finds corresponding bitmap and draws it adjacent to the sign location.

The above three outputs are merged, synced and made into a 3x1 SW mosaic and sent to Display.

The data flow below shows HDMI pre-recorded data fed to chain and HDMI display.





<sup>\*\*</sup>IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability.



# 9.3 System Parameters

Refer to section 20.1for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI capture (1080p60) of prerecorded content and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

# 9.4 CPU Loading and Task Info

#### 9.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD (%)
	HWI	2.9
IPU1_0	SWI	0.6
	Total	14.8
	HWI	0.3
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	32.6 %
	HWI	0.9
DSP2	SWI	0.1
	Total	64.7
	HWI	1.1
EVE1	SWI	0.2
	Total	98.2

#### 9.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	TDA3XX CPU LOAD
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	Na
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.2 %
IPU1-0	DUP	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	0.2 %
	Sync (2 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	1.0 %
	Merge (2 links)	Merge frames from SW Mosaic and original capture output	0.4 %
	Display (2 links)	Display scaled frames via DSS	0.6 %
	ALG – Object Draw	Object detection algorithm	2.1 %
	Alg- SW Mosaic		0.6 %



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	TDA3XX CPU LOAD
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	5.3 %
	IPC OUT (5 links)	To send frame to another processor	1.1 %
	IPC IN (3 links)	To receive frames from another processor	0.5 %
	IPC + ALG Object Detect	IPC + Object detection algorithm	32.1 %
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.6 %
	IPC + ALG Lane Detect + Lane Draw + SOF draw	IPC + multiple algorithms	63.7 %
DSP2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.2 %
	IPC + Feature plane compute	Feature plane compute algorithm + IPC	96.4 %
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.5 %

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load calculations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm$ 0.1% CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements.

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log



# 9.5 System Performance

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	TDA3XX
Capture	Output fps	28.2fps
	Output fps	28.75fps
ALG – SOF (EVE1)	Avg time per frame	10.0ms
ALG – SOF Draw	Output fps	22fps
(DSP2)	Avg time per frame	0.7ms
ALG – Lane Detect	Output fps	22fps
(DSP2)	Avg time per frame	7ms
ALG – Lane Draw	Output fps	22fps
(DSP2)	Avg time per frame	0.7ms
Feature Plane	Output fps	22fps
Compute (EVE1)	Avg time per frame	33ms
Object Detect	Output fps	22fps
Object Detect (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	21ms
Object Draw	Output fps	22fps
Object Draw (IPU1-0)	Avg time per frame	0.3ms
Display VID 1	Input fps	22fps
Display VID 1	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer NOTE: The figures are for HDMI capture scenario.

# 9.6 System Memory Usage

## 9.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section20.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

## 9.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	TDA3XX MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	14 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	256 KB	106KB
DSP1	L2	223KB	223KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	10 KB
DSP2	L2	223 KB	22 KB
DSFZ	Local Heap	512 KB	13 KB
FVF1	L2	24 KB	19 KB
EVEI	Local Heap	256 KB	78 KB
	SR0	12 MB	2 MB
Shared Memory	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256 MB	256 MB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB



#### 9.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

These numbers are currently not available for TDA3xx

#### 9.7 Other Benchmarks

#### 9.7.1 Processing Latency

		TDA3XX LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	65ms
Latency	Min	36ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	152ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### •

## 9.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	TDA3XX DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	0. 908 s
main() to Use-case create	0.222 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.689 s
Total Boot time	2.011s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



# 10 Multi-channel LVDS Surround view + Object DetectUse case on TDA2xx

#### 10.1 Overview

This use case consists of capture from multiple OV10635 camera's. The camera's are connected to TDA2xx via FPD link with serializer and de-serializers in between. This configuration demonstrates a Surround View on 4 Channels input and Analytics on single channel in parallel. Only HDMI display is supported by this use-case.

#### 10.2 Data Flow

#### 10.2.1 5CH LVDS capture, Surround View demonstration

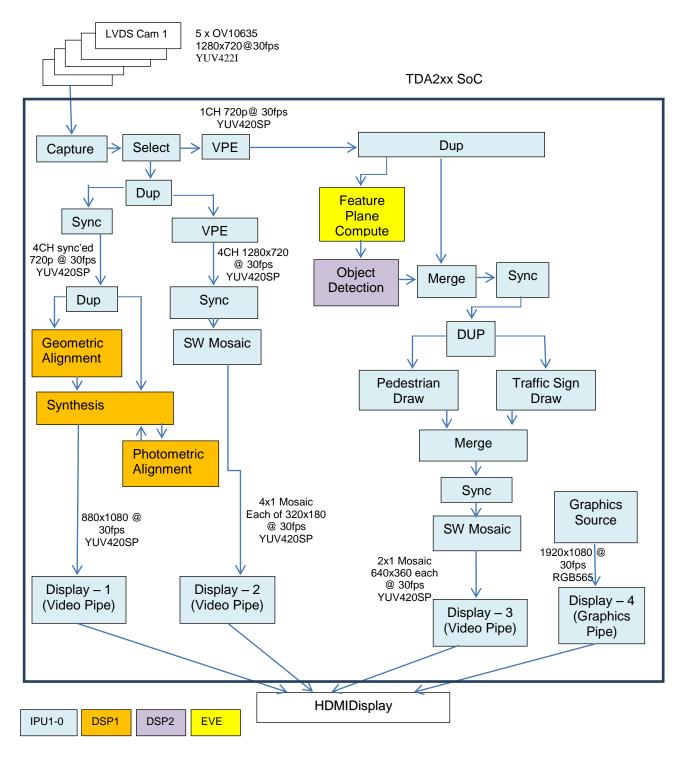
In this configuration we capture 5 Channel video from 5 OV1063x sensors @ 720p 30fps.

Of these, 1 Channel data is dup'ed into 2 outputs using DUP link. On this data Feature plane compute (EVE1) and Object detect (DSP2) algorithms are applied. Object detect output is merged with original channel data. This merged data is sync'ed and dup'ed, and objects i.e. Pedestrians and traffic signs are respectively indicated using two object Draw alg plugins (IPU1\_0). These are finally Merged, Synced and displayed onto HDMI as a 2x1 Mosaic.

The other 4 Channels data is sent to Sync Link where these captured frames are synced based on time stamps. After syncing we get a "group of sync'ed frames", one frame from each camera. This "group of sync'ed frames" is passed on to algorithm links of Geometric alignment and synthesis link. Geometric alignment link provides look up table for geometric alignment among multiple views. Further Photometric alignment provides look up table for pixel transformations to compensate for the difference in lighting among different cameras. Based on these two look up tables, the Synthesis stage generates surround view which is shown on the display. The original image from these 4 Channels is downscaled using a VPE and displayed as a 4x1 mosaic of 320x180 @30fps.

Please note in dataflow diagram below IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability. Please assume these whenever CPU changes in the flow.





<sup>\*\*</sup>IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability.



IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability

# 10.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The parameters in this section are computed for HDMI display.

# 10.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2xx)

#### 10.4.1 Total CPU Load

СРИ	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	6.4 %
IPU1_0	SWI	1.6 %
	Total	40.0%
	HWI	0.9 %
DSP1	SWI	0.1 %
	Total	88.6%
	HWI	0.6 %
DSP2	SWI	0.1 %
	Total	51.2%
	HWI	1.0 %
EVE1	SWI	0.2 %
	Total	75.8 %

#### 10.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

СРИ	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (SRV 5CH)
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	3.4 %
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	1.0%
	Display (4 links)	Display frames/graphics via DSS	2.2%
	Object Draw (2 links)	Pedestrian and TSR draw	18.0 %
	VPE (2 links)	Scale frames	4.4%
	SYNC (4 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	3.1%
IPU1-0	DUP (4 links)	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	1.0%
	MERGE (2 links)	Merge frames from SW Mosaic and original capture output	0.5%
	Select	Selects specific channel data from i/p queue	0.8%
	SW Mosaic (2 links)	Composite synced frames from multiple channels to form a single composite frame	1.3%



СРИ	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (SRV 5CH)
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	10.0%
	IPC OUT (4 links)	To send frame to another processor	1.5%
	IPC IN (2 links)	To receive frames from another processor	0.4%
	IPC +GAlign+PAli gn+Synthesis +	All DSP1 Processing algorithms	89.4
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.4%
	IPC + ALG Object Detect	IPC+Object detect algorithm	50.3%
DSP2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.0%
	ALG Feature Plane COmpute+IP C	Feature Plane compute algorithm + IPC	84.1%
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.4%

\*NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm$ 0.1% CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log



# 10.5 System Performance (TDA2xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	SRV 5CH FOR Capture to Display1 path ONLY
Capture	Output fps	30fps on each Channels
Feature Plane	Output fps	30fps
Compute (EVE1)	Avg time per frame	27ms
Object Detect	Output fps	30fps
Object Detect (DSP2)	Avg time per frame	20ms
Object Draw	Output fps	30fps
Object Draw (IPU1-0)	Avg time per frame	3.8ms
ALC Synthonia	Output fps	30fps
ALG Synthesis (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	28ms
ALG – Photometric	Output fps	30fps
Align(DSP1)	Avg time per frame	0.9ms
Display VID 1	Input fps	30fps
Display VID 1	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

NOTE: The above figures are for HDMI display.



# 10.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx)

# 10.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage.

## 10.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	15 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
DSP1	L2	223 KB	128 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	9 KB
DSP2	L2	223 KB	223 KB
DSF2	Local Heap	512 KB	16 KB
FVF1	L2	24 KB	19 KB
EVEI	Local Heap	256 KB	64 KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB

#### 10.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BAND	WIDTH
EMIF1 Read Only	Avg	1400 MB/s
Elviir i Read Only	Peak	2126 MB/s
EMIF1 Write Only	Avg	472 MB/s
EMIFT Write Only	Peak	765 MB/s
EMIF1 Read + Write	Avg	1871 MB/s
EIVIIF I Neau + Wille	Peak	2714 MB/s



## 10.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

## 10.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	157 ms
Latency (Display VID 1)(SV)	Min	81 ms
	Max	275 ms
Capture to Display	Avg	71 ms
Latency	Min	56 ms
(Display VID 3)(FC ANalytics)	Max	112 ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 10.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	VALUE
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059s
main() to Use-case create	0.340 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	2.546s
Total Boot time	4.945s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.0 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



#### 11 Multi-channel LVDS Surround view Use case on TDA2Ex

#### 11.1 Overview

This use case consists of capture from multiple OV10635 camera's. The camera's are connected to TDA2Ex via FPD link with serializer and de-serializers in between. This configuration demonstrates a Surround View on 4 Channels input. Only HDMI display is supported by this use-case.

#### 11.2 Data Flow

#### 11.2.1 4CH LVDS capture, Surround View demonstration

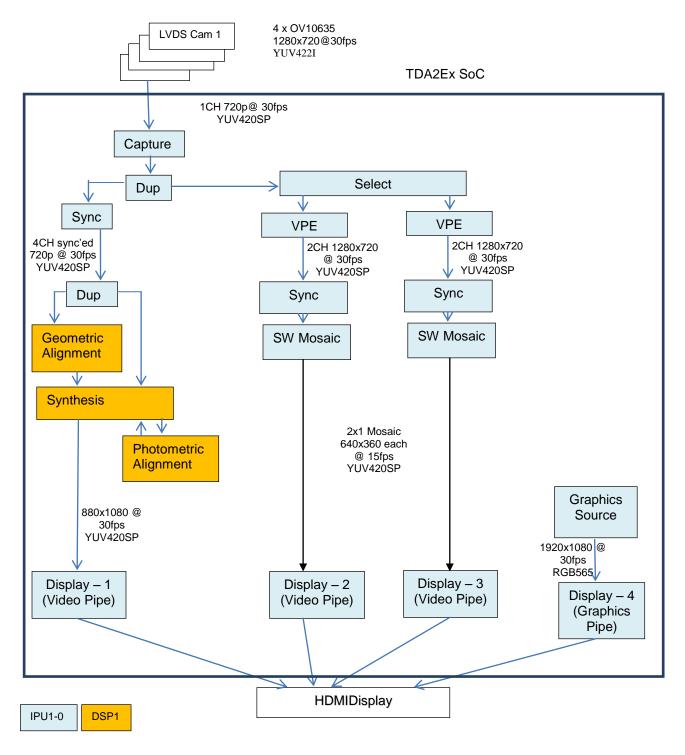
In this configuration we capture 4 Channel video from 4 OV1063x sensors @ 720p 30fps.

This 4 Channel data is duped. Using Select, VPE, Sync and Mosaic links the original data is downscaled and displayed as two 2x1 Mosaics.

The 4 Channels data via second path on DUP is sent to Sync Link where these captured frames are synced based on time stamps. After syncing we get a "group of sync'ed frames", one frame from each camera. This "group of sync'ed frames" areDup'ed. One set is passed on to algorithm links of Geometric alignment and synthesis link. Geometric alignment link provides look up table for geometric alignment among multiple views. Further Photometric alignment provides look up table for pixel transformations to compensate for the difference in lighting among different cameras. Based on these two look up tables and original 4 Ch Data, the Synthesis stage generates surround view which is shown on the display.

Please note in dataflow diagram below IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability. Please assume these whenever CPU changes in the flow.





<sup>\*\*</sup>IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability.



# 11.3 System Parameters (TDA2Ex)

Refer section 19.1for common system parameters.

The parameters in this section are computed for HDMI display scenario and \*\*Dual EMIF.

# 11.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA2Ex)

#### 11.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD (%)
	HWI	4.5
IPU1_0	SWI	1.4
	Total	20.0
	HWI	0. 6
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	87.0

#### 11.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (%)
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.7
	Display (4 links)	Display frames/graphics via DSS	1.4
	VPE (2 links)	Scale frames	3.3
	SYNC (3 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	2.1
	DUP (2 links)	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	0.8
	Select	Selects specific channel data from i/p queue	0.4
	SW Mosaic (2 links)	Composite synced frames from multiple channels to form a single composite frame	1.0
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	1.7
	IPC OUT (2 links)	To send frame to another processor	0.9
	IPC IN (2 links)	To receive frames from another processor	0.2
DSP1	IPC +GAlign+PAli gn+Synthesis +	All DSP1 Processing algorithms	86.2



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (%)
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.8

\*NOTE: On DSP and similarly on EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm$ 0.1% CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

# 11.5 System Performance (TDA2Ex)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	SRV 5CH FOR Capture to Display1 path ONLY
Capture	Output fps	26fps each on 4 Channels for SV
ALC Synthonia	Output fps	26fps
ALG Synthesis (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	26ms
ALG – Photometric	Output fps	26fps
Align(DSP1)	Avg time per frame	0.89ms
Diaplay VID 1	Input fps	26fps
Display VID 1	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

NOTE: The above figures are for HDMI display.



# 11.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2Ex)

# 11.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 19.2for common Code/Data Memory usage.

## 11.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	27 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	2MB	1 MB
DSP1	L2	224 KB	128 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	10 KB
	SR0	12 MB	1 MB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256 MB	256 MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	511 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160 KB	158 KB

#### 11.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	
EMIF1 Read Only	Avg	981 MB/s
	Peak	1434 MB/s
ENNEA White Only	Avg	306 MB/s
EMIF1 Write Only	Peak	450MB/s
EMIF1 Read + Write	Avg	1287 MB/s
EWIFT Read + White	Peak	1865 MB/s



## 11.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2Ex)

## 11.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	10 ms
Latency	Min	9 ms
(Display VID 1)(SV)	Max	22 ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 11.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	VALUE
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	0.775 s
main() to Use-case create	0.849 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	2.428 s
Total Boot time	4.050 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2Ex ES1.0 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



#### 12 Multi-channel AVB Surround view Use case on TDA2xx & TDA2ex

#### 12.1 Overview

This use case consists of AVB capture (Ethernet based input). The received data is in MJPEG format and decoded. This configuration demonstrates a Surround View on 4 Channels input and Edge Detect on single channel in parallel. Only HDMI display is supported by this use-case.

#### 12.2 Data Flow

#### 12.2.1 Configuration 10: 4CH AVB capture, Surround View demonstration

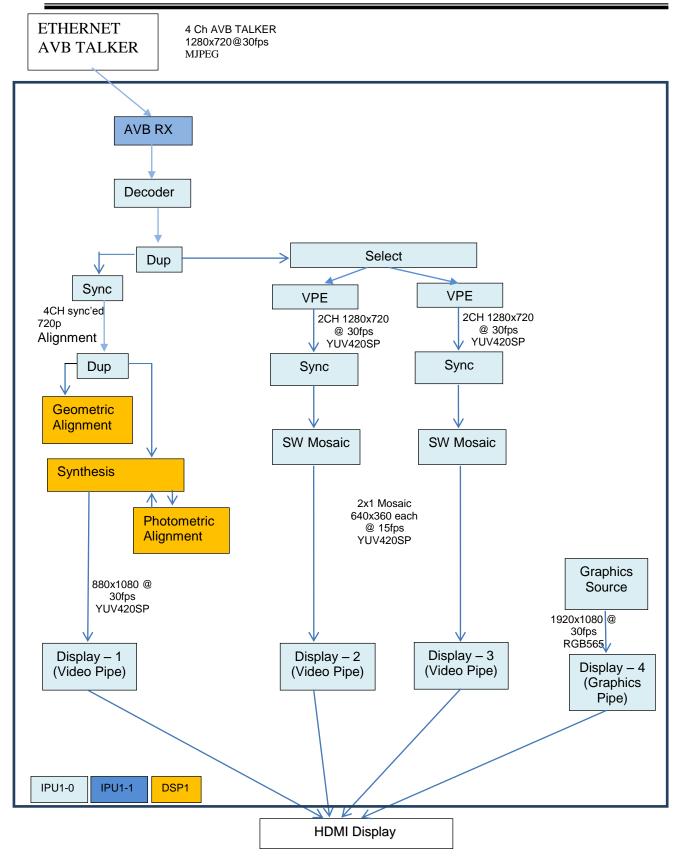
In this configuration we receive 4 Channel video from AVB Talker @ 720p 30fps per channel. These streams are decoded using MJPEG decoder. The original image from this channel is then Merged, Synced and displayed onto HDMI as a 2x1 Mosaic.

This 4 Channel data is duped. Using Select, VPE, Sync and Mosaic links the original data is downscaled and displayed as two 2x1 Mosaics.

The 4 Channels data via second path on DUP is sent to Sync Link where these captured frames are synced based on time stamps. After syncing we get a "group of sync'ed frames", one frame from each camera. This "group of sync'ed frames" are Dup'ed. One set is passed on to algorithm links of Geometric alignment and synthesis link. Geometric alignment link provides look up table for geometric alignment among multiple views. Further Photometric alignment provides look up table for pixel transformations to compensate for the difference in lighting among different cameras. Based on these two look up tables and original 4 Ch Data, the Synthesis stage generates surround view which is shown on the display.

Please note in dataflow diagram below IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability. Please assume these whenever CPU changes in the flow.







# 12.3 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer section 17.1 for common system parameters.

The parameters in this section are computed for HDMI display scenario.

## 12.4 CPU Loading and Task Info(TDA2xx)

#### 12.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD TDA2XX	CPU LOAD TDA2EX
		(%)	(%)
	HWI	6.2	4.8
IPU1-0	SWI	2.4	1.5
	Total	46.4	39.8
	HWI	9.4	8.0
IPU1-1	SWI	1.0	0.7
	Total	69	58.9
	HWI	0.8	0.6
DSP1	SWI	0.1	0.1
	Total	87.9%	88.3

#### 12.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

СРИ	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (SRV 4CH) TDA2XX	CPU LOAD (SRV 4CH) TDA2EX
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.3%	2.6%
	Decoder	Decoder the mjpeg frame	12.8%	12.8%
	Display (4 links)	Display frames	2.8%	2.3%
	Sync (3 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	3.4%	3.9%
IPU1-0	Select	Selects an input channel from queue	0.8%	0.8%
" 01 0	VPE (two links)	Scale frames	7.3%	5.8%
	DUP (2 links)	Duplicate frame to send to display without scaling as well as to VPE to scale	1.2%	1.4%
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	2.3%	8.2%
IPU1-1	AVB	Receives frames from network		57%



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (SRV 4CH) TDA2XX	CPU LOAD (SRV 4CH) TDA2EX
	IPC OUT (2 links)	To send frame to another processor	1.8%	1. 8%
	IPC IN (2 links)	To receive frames from another processor	1.1%	0.9%
	IPC + ALG GALIGN + ALG PALIGN	IPC+ Alg processing	3.0%	90%
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.3%	0.9%

\*NOTE: On EVE all links run in a single thread.

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load calculations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements.

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

## 12.5 System Performance (TDA2xx and TDA2ex)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	SRV 4CH FOR Capture to Display1 path ONLY TDA2xx	SRV 4CH FOR Capture to Display1 path ONLY TDA2ex
AVB	Output FPS	160fps over 4 channels	160fps over 4 channels
(IPU1-1)	Data Rate	360 Mbps	360 Mbps
Decoder	Output FPS	160fps over 4 channels	160fps over 4 channels
Decoder	Avg time per frame	27ms	32ms
ALG	Output fps	30fps	32fps



Synthesis (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	27ms	27ms
ALG –	Output fps	30fps	30fps
Photometric Align(DSP1)	Avg time per frame	0.9ms	0.9ms
Dioploy	Input FPS	30fps	30fps
Display	VENC FPS	60fps	60fps

NOTE: Since a AVB talker is used instead of live camera feed the fps on each channel is not fixed NOTE: Only numbers for the AVB Capture to Display 1 path i.e. path for Surround view is shown above

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer.

NOTE: The above figures are for HDMI display.



# 12.6 System Memory Usage (TDA2xx & TDA2ex)

### 12.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 17.2for common Code/Data Memory usage.

### 12.6.2 Heap Memory Usage TDA2xx

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	37 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	2MB	1 MB
IPU1-1	Local Heap	256 KB	44 KB
DSP1	L2	224 KB	128 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	14 KB
	SR0	12 MB	4 MB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256 MB	256 MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	1023 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160 KB	158 KB

#### 12.6.3 DDR Bandwidth TDA2xx

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	
EMIE Bood Only	Avg	1230 MB/s
EMIF Read Only	Peak	2000 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Avg	463 MB/s
Elviir Write Orliy	Peak	749 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	1691 MB/s
Elviir Read + vviite	Peak	2748 MB/s



## 12.6.4 Heap Memory Usage TDA2ex

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	16 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	2MB	1 MB
IPU1-1	Local Heap	256 KB	28 KB
DSP1	L2	224 KB	128 KB
DSF1	Local Heap	512 KB	9 KB
	SR0	12 MB	4 MB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	255 MB	129 MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160 KB	158 KB

### 12.6.5 DDR Bandwidth TDA2ex

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	
EMIF Read Only	Avg	1148 MB/s
Elviir Read Offiy	Peak	1776 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Avg	469 MB/s
Elviir Write Only	Peak	773 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	1617 MB/s
Elviir Read + Wille	Peak	2446 MB/s



## 12.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA2xx)

### 12.7.1 Processing Latency

This benchmark has not been measured for this configuration due to a known issue in Vision SDK stack where the latency figures are not initialized correctly.

#### 12.7.2 **Boot Time**

PARAMETER	VALUE
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	2.059s
main() to Use-case create	1.30 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	2.23s (Talker should be started immediately)
Total Boot time	5.592s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.0 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



### 13 ISS Capture Display Use case on TDA3xx

#### 13.1 Overview

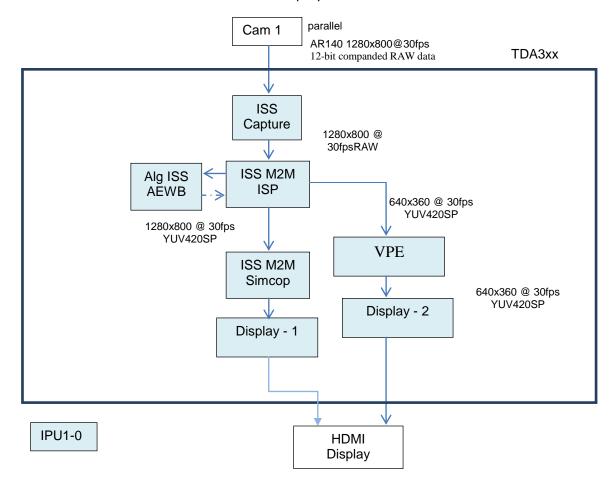
This configuration is used to demonstrate the ISS on TDA3xx.

#### 13.2 DataFlow

#### 13.2.1 ISS Capture Display example

In the ISS use-case, raw bayer data is captured from image sensor, like OV10640 or AR0140, by the ISS capture link. For OV10640 sensor capture is at 1280x720, whereas for AR140 it is at 1280x800. The sensor interface can be CSI2 or parallel. The bits/pixel of the raw data depends on the sensor and sensor mode being used, e.g. with AR140, 12-bit companded mode is used. The raw bayer data is fed to M2M (memory-to-memory) ISP (Image Signal Processor) link to convert it to YUV data. The ISP can operate in 2-pass WDR mode or 1-pass linear mode depending on sensor mode. There are two outputs from M2M ISP – Resizer A output of 1280x800 given to M2M SIMCOP, and Resizer B output of 640x360 sent to HDMI display. The M2M SIMCOP which performs optional LDC (Lens Distortion Correction) and/or VTNF (Video Temporal Noise Filter). The output of M2M SIMCOP is semt to HDMI display. The M2M ISP also outputs statistical data for the AE/AWB algorithm plugin. The AE/AWB algorithm feedback is applied to the M2M ISP link and/or sensor.

The data flow below shows HDMI display.





### 13.3 System Parameters (TDA3xx)

Refer to section 20.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for AR0140 Parallel sensor and HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

### 13.4 CPU Loading and Task Info (TDA3xx)

#### 13.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD
	HWI	2.5 %
IPU1_0	SWI	0.5 %
	Total	21.2%

#### 13.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD
	ISSCapture	ISS Capture	0.1 %
	ISSM2MISP	ISS memory to memory ISP	1.7 %
	ISSM2MSIM COP	ISS memory to memory LDC+VTNF	0.7 %
	Display	Display via DSS	0.4 %
IPU1_0	Alg ISS AEWB	ISS Auto White Balance	6.9 %
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	4.3 %

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load caclulations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm -0.1\%$  CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics load is not accounted for in these measurements.

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log



 Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log

## 13.5 System Performance (TDA3xx)

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	
ISS Capture	Output fps	30fps
	Input fps	30fps
ISS M2M ISP	Output fps	30fps
133 1412141 131	Avg time per frame	12ms
	Input fps	30fps
ISS M2M SIMCOP	Output fps	30fps
	Avg time per frame	11ms
	Input fps	30fps
Algorithm AEWB	Output fps	30fps
Algoritim ALVVB	Avg time per frame	2ms
Display	Input fps	30fps
Display	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

## 13.6 System Memory Usage (TDA3xx)

#### 13.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 20.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

### 13.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	10KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	256KB	106KB
	SR0	8KB	8KB
Shared Memory	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158 KB



### 13.7 Other Benchmarks (TDA3xx)

### 13.7.1 Processing Latency

		LATENCY
Capture to Display	Avg	12 ms
Latency	Min	11 ms
(Display VID 1)	Max	14 ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 13.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER	DURATION
SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot) The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.	0.952s
main() to Use-case create	0.222 s
Use-case create start to Live preview on display	0.581 s
Total Boot time	1.7555 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.0 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



#### 14 Fast boot ISS Capture + Object Detect + Display

#### 14.1 Over view

This usecase demonstrates fast boot feature that can be applied for any usecase in vision\_sdk. This section mentions performance numbers achieved for fast boot usecase from the boot time split perspective.

#### 14.2 Dataflow

The usecase dataflow same as the object detect data flow motioned in section 6.2.1 More details about boot time optimization techniques can be found in VisionSDK DevelopmentGuide.pdf

### 14.3 Usecase configuration for boot timer measurement

Please note following build configuration parameters for boot time measurement.

```
# Platform config,
   VSDK BOARD TYPE=TDA3XX EVM
                                   [options:
                                             TDA2XX EVM
                                                           TDA3XX EVM
TDA2XX_MC TDA2EX_EVM]
# PLATFORM=tda3xx-evm
# DDR MEM=DDR MEM 512M [options: DDR MEM 64M DDR MEM 512M]
# Build config,
# BUILD_OS=Linux [options: Windows_NT Linux]
# A15_TARGET_OS=Bios [options: Bios Linux]
# PROFILE=release [options: debug release]
# BUILD_DEPENDANCY_ALWAYS=yes
# BUILD_ALGORITHMS=no
#
# CPU config,
# PROC IPU1 0 INCLUDE=yes
# PROC_IPU1_1_INCLUDE=no
# PROC_DSP1_INCLUDE=yes
# PROC_DSP2_INCLUDE=no
# PROC_EVE1_INCLUDE=yes
# PROC_EVE2_INCLUDE=no
# PROC EVE3 INCLUDE=no
# PROC EVE4 INCLUDE=no
# PROC A15 0 INCLUDE=no
# Module config,
# NDK_PROC_TO_USE=none
# AVBRX_INCLUDE=no
# DCAN INCLUDE=no
```



- # IVAHD\_INCLUDE=no
- # VPE INCLUDE=no
- # ISS\_INCLUDE=yes
- # DSS\_INCLUDE=yes
- # HCF\_INCLUDE=no
- # CRC\_INCLUDE=yes
- # CPU\_IDLE\_ENABLED=yes
- # FAST\_BOOT\_INCLUDE=yes

#

Binary size - AppImage\_UcEarly\_BE 4.5MB AppImage\_UcLate\_BE 12.6 MB Boot media - QSPI Capture - OV10640P Display - LCD (10 inch) Algorithm - Object Detect

#### 14.4 Boot time

#### 14.4.1 POR to Display time split

No.	Description	Time
1.	SBL	167 ms
2.	Sensor initialization time with I2C 400 KHz	244 ms
3.	Time take by Framework	151 ms
	Power On Reset to Display Time	562 ms

As far as boot time is considered POR on to reset split is important which is mentioned above. If carefully observed measure time is spent in sensor initialization.

This can be further reduced by programming resister only needed, thus by reducing I2C read writes.

Overall vision\_sdk takes 167 + 151 = 318 ms only for capture + display usecase

### 14.4.2 POR to Object Detect

No.	Description	Time
1.	Power On to reset to Object Detect	1320 ms

This is the time when full Object Detect Usecase is functional since POR.



### 15 Stereo CameraUsecase on TDA2xx (MonsterCam)

#### 15.1 Overview

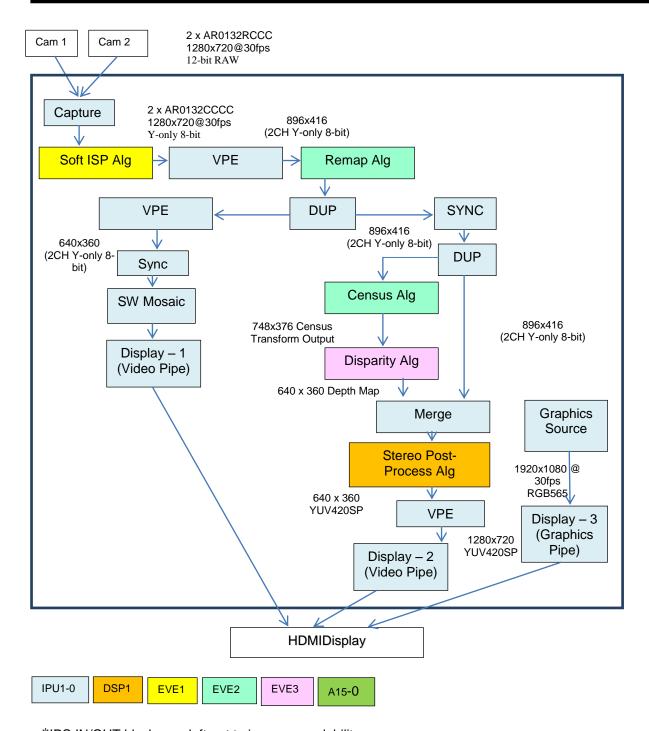
This configuration is used to demonstrate the system performance of running stereo demo on TDA2xx Monstercam platform

#### 15.2 DataFlow

#### 15.2.1 Stereo only usecase example

The Monstercam is equipped with 2 RCCC sensors used by the stereovision algorithm to produce a disparity map of the field of view of both sensors. Stereo data from two AR0132RCCC sensors is captured on 2 channels. The capture output is 720p, RCCC format. This 2 Channel data goes to Soft ISP linkwhich converts the 16 bit RCCC data to 8 bit 'C' frames. The output of Soft ISP is scaled down to 896x416 dimensions. This size is arrived at after taking into consideration the padded region required by all the downstream algorithms. The Remap Merge algorithm then uses rectification LUTs to correct lens distortions and misalignment between the data from left and right sensor. The output of Remap is Dup'ed and one of these is displayed as a 2x1 Mosaic. The other path is sent to Sync link which synchronizes the data on two channels. This is then Dupe'd and sent to Census link which applies a Census transform on both the channels. The output of Census link is 748x376 (2 channel data) goes to Disparity Haming Distance algorithm link which generates a 640x360 depth map. This depth map alongwith output of Remap algorithm is processed in Post-process link to remove artifacts. After scaling up to 720p using a VPE the depth map is then displayed on an HDMI display.





<sup>\*</sup>IPC IN/OUT blocks are left-out to improve readability.



## 15.3 System Parameters

Refer to section 18.1 for common system parameters.

The benchmarks in this section are computed for HDMI display (1080p60) scenario.

## 15.4 CPU Loading and Task Info

#### 15.4.1 Total CPU Load

CPU	LOAD TYPE	CPU LOAD (%)
	HWI	4.9
IPU1_0	SWI	1.2
	Total	23.4
	HWI	0.6
DSP1	SWI	0.1
	Total	85.0
	HWI	2.2
EVE1	SWI	0.6
	Total	27.9
	HWI	1.9
EVE2	SWI	0.2
	Total	37.4
	HWI	0.2
EVE3	SWI	0.1
	Total	100

#### 15.4.2 Task Level Information and Task Level CPU Load

CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (%)
	Stat Collector	Statistics collector	2.2
	Capture	Capture frames from sensor via VIP port	0.4
	DUP (2 links)	Duplicates frame	0.4
	VPE (3 links)	Scaling frames	4.4
	Sync (2 links)	Sync frames based on timestamp from multiple channels	1.1
IPU1-0	Merge	Merge frames	0.1
010	Display (3 links)	Display frames via DSS	1.3
	ALG – SW Mosaic	SW Mosaic ALgo	0.5
	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	8.3



CPU	TASK NAME	TASK DESCRIPTION	CPU LOAD (%)
	IPC OUT (4 links)	To send frame to another processor	2.8
	IPC IN (4 links)	To receive frames from another processor	0.9
	IPC + Stereo Post Process	IPC + Stereo Post process algorithm	84.1
DSP1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.7
	IPC + ALGSoft ISP	IPC + Soft ISP algorithm link	24.8
EVE1	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.3
	IPC + ALG Remap + ALG Census	Remap Merge algorithm + Census ALg plugin + IPC	37.5
EVE2	UNKNOWN	This is unaccounted CPU load after subtracting the individual task load from total CPU Load	0.3
EVE3	IPC + ALG SOF	Sparse Optical Flow algorithm	100.0%

NOTE: CPU load of 0.0% means the CPU load was so low it could not be measured with sufficient granularity in load calculations

NOTE: There could be minor variations of  $\pm$ 0.1% CPU load in different runs of the same use-case

NOTE: Graphics Load is not accounted for in these measurements.

NOTE: Other than above tasks few additional tasks as listed below are active in each processor

- Message Q task: This task is used to listen to control messages sent by any other core. Normally at run-time very few control messages are sent hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Processor link task: This task is used to send generic non-link specific messages to another CPU. Normally at run-time very few messages are sent to this task hence this task does not appear in the task load print log
- Remote log client task (on IPU1-0 only): This task looks at the shared remote log buffer and outputs any strings to UART terminal. Normally during run-time prints are not done hence this task does not appear in the task load log



## 15.5 System Performance

COMPONENT	PARAMETER	TDA2XX
Capture	Output fps	30fps on each of 2 channels
ALG – Soft ISP	Output fps	30fps
(EVE1)	Avg time per frame	3.7ms
ALG – Remap	Output fps	30fps
Merge (EVE2)	Avg time per frame	3.4ms
ALG – Census	Output fps	26fps
(EVE2)	Avg time per frame	5.4ms
ALG – Disparity	Output fps	26fps
(EVE3)	Avg time per frame	40ms
ALG – Stereo Post	Output fps	26fps
Process (DSP1)	Avg time per frame	35ms
Display VID 1	Input fps	25fps
Display VID 1	VENC fps	60fps

NOTE: FPS numbers are rounded off to nearest integer

## 15.6 System Memory Usage

## 15.6.1 Code/Data Memory Usage

Refer section 18.2for common Code/Data Memory usage

### 15.6.2 Heap Memory Usage

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	TDA2XX MEMORY SIZE USED
	Local Heap	256 KB	18 KB
IPU1-0	HDVPSS Descriptor Mem	1MB	705KB
DSP1	L2	223 KB	19 KB
DSPT	Local Heap	512 KB	17KB
EVE1	L2	24 KB	4 KB
	Local Heap	256KB	12 KB
EVE2	L2	24 KB	3 KB
	Local Heap	256KB	16 KB
EVE3	L2	24 KB	5 KB
EVES	Local Heap	256KB	11 KB
	SR0	128KB	128KB
Shared	Frame Buffer (SR1)	256MB	256MB
Memory	SR2 OCMC	512 KB	0 KB
	Remote Log Buffer	160KB	158KB



#### 15.6.3 DDR Bandwidth

PARAMETER	BANDWIDTH	TDA2XX
EMIF Read Only	Avg	1311 MB/s
Elviir Read Only	Peak	1871 MB/s
EMIE Write Only	Avg	452 MB/s
EMIF Write Only	Peak	1085 MB/s
EMIF Read + Write	Avg	1762 MB/s
Elviir Read + Wille	Peak	2489 MB/s

#### 15.7 Other Benchmarks

#### 15.7.1 Processing Latency

		TDA2XX LATENCY
Capture to Display Latency	Avg	225ms
	Min	108ms
(Display VID 2)	Max	263ms

#### NOTE:

- This latency is as measured inside the system by software.
- There will an additional 1/(capture rate) added on top of this from sensor/receiver itself.
- There will an additional 1/(display rate) added on top of this for the frame to actually get displayed on the screen.
- Thus e.g. in a scenario of display at 60fps and capture at 30fps 16.67ms + 33.33ms needs to be added to latency figures in above table to get true capture to display latency

#### 15.7.2 Boot Time

PARAMETER

SBL to App main() (QSPI Boot)
The boot time will change based on the mode of boot – SD, NOR flash or QSPI.

main() to Use-case create
Use-case create start to Live preview on display
Total Boot time

TDA2XX DURATION

2.059 s

0.335 s

0.466 s

QSPI Boot time measurement done with TDA2xx ES1.1 samples.

GUI and Sensor initialization time not accounted for.



### 16 Inter processor communication (IPC) latency

This section lists the latency measured when doing inter processor communication in Vision SDK

### 16.1 System Parameters (TDA2xx)

Refer to section 17.1 for common system parameters. The benchmarks in this section are computed for OV10635 capture (720p30) and LCD display scenario.

Other important system parameters are listed below

COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
IPC	Interrupt mechanism	Notify with SHM transport
IFC	Information exchange mechanism	Non-Cache shared region in DDR (SR0)
	Timer used	CLK32KHZ
Measurement mechanism	Measurement unit	usecs
	Duration of Measurement	30 secs
	Number of frame exchanges over which results are averaged	30*30 = 900

### 16.2 IPC Latency measurements

In order to measure latency from all CPUs to all CPUs, three use-cases were run as shown below. The color in measurement table shows the use-case in which the IPC latency was measured.

	Capture(IPU1_0) ->IPU1_0->DSP1->EVE1->EVE2->DSP2->EVE3->A15_0->EVE4->IPU1_1-
Usecase 1	>IPU1_0 -> Display(IPU1_0)
	Capture(IPU1_0) ->IPU1_0->A15_0->DSP1->DSP2->IPU1_1->EVE1->IPU1_0 ->
Usecase 2	Display(IPU1_0)
Usecase 3	Capture(IPU1_0) ->IPU1_0->DSP1->A15_0->IPU1_0 -> Display(IPU1_0)

#### 16.2.1 IPC Buffer Passing Latency measurement (TDA2xx)

This measures the time taken from the point a new buffer is received by IPC OUT link on SRC CPU to the point in IPC IN link on DSP CPU where the buffer is given to the next link in the processing chain.

Roughly this corresponds to the IPC Notify latency + the time taken to copy / translate buffer information from one CPU to another CPU via shared memory

The IPC buffer passing latency is shown below (All numbers in units of **micro-secs**)

DST \ SRC	A15	DSP	IPU	EVE
A15	NA	34	74	126
DSP	33	35	77	142
IPU	98	145	156	232
EVE	223	227	264	343



#### 16.2.2 IPC Notify Latency Measurement (TDA2xx)

This measures the time taken from the point just before Notify\_sendEvent() API is called on SRC CPU (in IPN OUT link) to the point (in IPC IN link) when SYSTEM\_CMD\_NEW\_DATA command is received on DST CPU (NOTE: Notify callback (ISR) on DST CPU sends SYSTEM\_CMD\_NEW\_DATA to IPC IN link on DST CPU).

Roughly this corresponds to IPC Notify send + Notify ISR + Task switch overhead.

The IPC Notify latency is shown below (All numbers in units of **micro-secs**)

DST \ SRC	A15	DSP	IPU	EVE
A15	NA	23	45	54
DSP	20	21	45	57
IPU	66	109	135	134
EVE	152	159	179	201



## 17 TDA2xx Common System Parameters

## 17.1 System Parameters

The system parameters mentioned below are common across all configurations unless specified otherwise.

COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
000	SOC Name	TDA2xx
SOC	SOC revision	ES1.1 or ES1.0
EVM	EVM Name	TI TDA2xx EVM Vision Daughter card
	Clock	212.8Mhz
IDIT	L1-P cache	ENABLED
IPU	L1-D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	600Mhz
	L1-P cache	32KB ENABLED
DSP	L1 D cache	32KB ENABLED
	L2 P/D cache	32KB ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	ARP32 267.5MHz VCOP 535Mhz
EVE	L1-P cache	ENABLED
EVE	DMEM	USED FOR IPC and ALG TASK STACK
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	750Mhz
A15-0	P/D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
DDR Config	Clock	532Mhz
	Bus Width	32-bit
	Number of EMIFs	1
	DDR size	1 GB
Sensor	Part number	OV10635



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
	PCLK	74.25Mhz
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@30fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
	Bus width	8-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	SII 9127
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080@60fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
HDMI Receiver 1 *	Bus width	16-bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync with AVID and VBLK control signals
	Part number	ADV 7611
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080@60fps
HDMD : 04	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
HDMI Receiver 2 *	Bus width	16-bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync with AVID and VBLK control signals
	Part number	7-inch, WVGA LCD #703663
	DCLK	29.232Mhz
LCD 1 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	800x480 @ 60fps
	Data format	RGB888
	Bus width	24-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	10-inch, WXGA LCD #LG LP101WX2
	DCLK	74.5Mhz
LCD 2 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x800 @ 60fps
	Data format	RGB888
	Bus width	24-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
DSS Display	DSS pipe	VID1 VID2



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
		VID3
		GRPX
		Any or all of above used
		based on use-case
		DPI1 for LCD and
	DSS output port	HDMI for HDMI display
		type
		LCD1 or LCD2 for LCD
	DSS VENC	and HDMI for HDMI
		display type
		ENABLED or
	Inline scaling	DISABLED based on
		use-case

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE Above table lists all HDMI receivers and LCDs supported. But at a time only one type of LCD can be connected. Same applies to other devices.



## 17.2 Code/Data Memory Usage

NOTE: Code/data memory for data structures is same for all configurations and all use-cases since a single binary is used for all configurations and all use-cases. These configurations are with respect to 1GB Memory map.

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
IPU1-0	Initialized section (.text, .const)	6MB	5.1MB
1601-0	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	8.14MB
IPU1-1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	227 KB
11-01-1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	10MB	2.75MB
	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	670 KB
DSP1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack, .far, .fardata)	64MB	8.17 MB
DSP2	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	670 KB
DSF2	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	64MB	8.67 MB
EVE1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	538 KB
EVE	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
EVE2	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	487 KB
EVEZ	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	5.67 MB
EVE3	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	449.8 KB
EVES	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
EVE4	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	449.8 KB
EVE4	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
A15-0	Initialized section (.text, .const) Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	16 MB	11MB

## 17.3 App Image Size

PARAMETER	VALUE
App Image size (9 CPU images)	29.3 MB

This App Image contains images for all the 9 processors.



## 18 TDA2xx-MC Common System Parameters

## 18.1 System Parameters

The system parameters mentioned below are common across all configurations unless specified otherwise.

COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
SOC	SOC Name	TDA2xx
SOC	SOC revision	ES1.1
EVM	EVM Name	MonsterCam
	Clock	212.8Mhz
IDI	L1-P cache	ENABLED
IPU	L1-D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	600Mhz
	L1-P cache	32KB ENABLED
DSP	L1 D cache	32KB ENABLED
	L2 P/D cache	32KB ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	ARP32 267.5MHz VCOP 535Mhz
EVE	L1-P cache	ENABLED
EVE	DMEM	USED FOR IPC and ALG TASK STACK
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	750Mhz
A15-0	P/D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	532Mhz
DDP Config	Bus Width	32-bit
DDR Config	Number of EMIFs	1
	DDR size	1 GB
Sangar	Part number	AR0132AT6C00XPEA0
Sensor	PCLK	74.25MHz



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
	Resolution @ frame-rate	720p60
	Data format	Bayer
	Bus width	12 bits
	Sync Type	DSC
	Part number	AR0132AT6R00XPEA0
	PCLK	38.8 MHz
a a	Resolution @ frame-rate	720p30
Sensor	Data format	RCCC
	Bus width	12 bit
	Sync Type	DSC
	DSS pipe	VID1 VID2 VID3 GRPX Any or all of above used based on use-case
DSS Display	DSS output port	HDMI for HDMI display type
	DSS VENC	HDMI for HDMI display type
	Inline scaling	ENABLED or DISABLED based on use-case



## 18.2 Code/Data Memory Usage

NOTE: Code/data memory for data structures is same for all configurations and all use-cases since a single binary is used for all configurations and all use-cases. These configurations are with respect to 1GB Memory map.

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
IPU1-0	Initialized section (.text, .const)	6MB	5.16 MB
	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	8.14MB
IPU1-1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	227 KB
11 01-1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	10MB	2.75 MB
	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	669.5 KB
DSP1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack, .far, .fardata)	64MB	8.20 MB
DSP2	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	669.5KB
DSF2	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	64MB	8.67 MB
EVE1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	449.8 KB
EVET	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
EVE2	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	487 KB
EVEZ	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	5.7 MB
EVE3	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	449.8 KB
EVES	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
EVE4	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	449.8 KB
E V E 4	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	1.43 MB
A15-0	Initialized section (.text, .const) Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	16MB	11 MB

## 18.3 App Image Size

PARAMETER	VALUE
App Image size (9 CPU images)	29.3MB

This App Image contains images for all the 9 processors.



## 19 TDA2Ex- Common System Parameters

# 19.1 System Parameters

The system parameters mentioned below are common across all configurations unless specified otherwise.

COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
SOC	SOC Name	TDA2Ex
300	SOC revision	ES1.0
EVM	EVM Name	TI TDA2Ex EVM Vision Daughter card
	Clock	212.8MHz
IDIT	L1-P cache	ENABLED
IPU	L1-D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	600MHz
	L1-P cache	32KB ENABLED
DSP	L1 D cache	32KB ENABLED
	L2 P/D cache	32KB ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	800MHz
A15-0	P/D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	666Mhz
DDD Couffe	Bus Width	32-bit
DDR Config	Number of EMIFs	1
	DDR size	1 GB
	Part number	OV10635
	PCLK	74.25Mhz
Sensor	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@30fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
	Bus width	8-bit



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	SII 9127
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080@60fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
HDMI Receiver 1 *	Bus width	16-bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync with AVID and VBLK control signals
	Part number	ADV 7611
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080@60fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
HDMI Receiver 2 *	Bus width	16-bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync with AVID and VBLK control signals
	Part number	10-inch, WXGA LCD #LG LP101WX2
	DCLK	74.5Mhz
LCD 1 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x800 @ 60fps
	Data format	RGB888
	Bus width	24-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	DSS pipe	VID1 VID2 VID3 GRPX Any or all of above used based on use-case
DSS Display	DSS output port	DPI1 for LCD and HDMI for HDMI display type
	DSS VENC	LCD1 or LCD2 for LCD and HDMI for HDMI display type
	Inline scaling	ENABLED or DISABLED based on use-case

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE Above table lists all HDMI receivers and LCDs supported. But at a time only one type of LCD can be connected. Same applies to other devices.



# 19.2 Code/Data Memory Usage

NOTE: Code/data memory for data structures is same for all configurations and all use-cases since a single binary is used for all configurations and all use-cases. These configurations are with respect to 1GB Memory map.

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
IPU1-0	Initialized section (.text, .const)	6MB	5.16MB
1701-0	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14MB	6.36MB
IPU1-1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	226 KB
1601-1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	10MB	2.76 MB
	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2MB	669KB
DSP1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack, .far, .fardata)	64MB	8.17 MB
A15-0	Initialized section (.text, .const) Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	16MB	11 MB

## 19.3 App Image Size

PARAMETER	VALUE
App Image size (9 CPU images)	17.7 MB

This App Image contains images for all the 4 processors.



## 20 TDA3xx Common System Parameters

# 20.1 System Parameters

The system parameters mentioned below are common across all configurations unless specified otherwise.

COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
SOC	SOC Name	TDA3xx
SOC	SOC revision	1.0
EVM	EVM Name	TI TDA3xx EVM
	Clock	212.8Mhz
IDIT	L1-P cache	ENABLED
IPU	L1-D cache	ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	500Mhz
	L1-P cache	32KB ENABLED
DSP	L1 D cache	32KB ENABLED
	L2 P/D cache	32KB ENABLED
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	ARP32 250MHz VCOP 500Mhz
EVE	L1-P cache	ENABLED
EVE	DMEM	USED FOR IPC and ALG TASK STACK
	Code/Data Placement	DDR
	Clock	532Mhz
DDD Confin	Bus Width	32-bit
DDR Config	Number of EMIFs	1
	DDR size	512 MB
	Part number	OV10635
	PCLK	74.25Mhz
Sensor 1 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@30fps
	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
	Bus width	8-bit



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	OV10640 CSI2
	PCLK	90 MHz
C 2*	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@23fps
Sensor 2 *	Data format	RAW Bayer
	Bus width	4 lanes
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	OV10640 Parallel
	PCLK	90 MHz
Sensor 3 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@23fps
Sensor 3 *	Data format	RAW Bayer
	Bus width	12-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	AR0132
	PCLK	74.25 MHz
C 4*	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x720@60fps
Sensor 4 *	Data format	RAW Bayer
	Bus width	12-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	AR0140
	PCLK	74MHz
C 5*	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x800 @ 30fps
Sensor 5 *	Data format	Bayer
	Bus width	12bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync
	Part number	ADV 7611
	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080@60fps
AMD AMD	Data format	YUV422 interleaved
HDMI Receiver *	Bus width	16-bit
	Sync Type	Discrete sync with AVID and VBLK control signals



COMPONENT	PROPERTY	VALUE
	Part number	10-inch, WXGA LCD #LG LP101WX2
	DCLK	74.5Mhz
LCD 1 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1280x800 @ 60fps
	Data format	RGB888
	Bus width	24-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	SII 9022A
	DCLK	148.5Mhz
LIDMI TV 1 *	Resolution @ frame-rate	1920x1080 @ 60fps
HDMI TX 1 *	Data format	RGB888
	Bus width	24-bit
	Sync Type	HS/VS discrete sync
	Part number	On-Chip SDDAC
	DCLK	27Mhz
SD Display 1	Resolution @ frame-rate	NTSC: 720x240 @ 60 fps (Interlaced) PAL: 720x288 @ 50 fps (Interlaced)
	DSS pipe	VID1 VID2 GRPX Any or all of above used based on use-case
	DSS output port	DPI1 for LCD, HDMI (Off-Chip HDMI TX)
DSS Display	DSS VENC	LCD1 for LCD and HDMI (Off-Chip HDMI TX) SDDAC for NTSC/PAL Display
	Inline scaling	ENABLED or DISABLED based on use-case

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE Above table lists all Sensors, HDMI receivers and LCDs supported. But at a time only one type of sensor can be connected. Same applies to other devices.



## 20.2 Code/Data Memory Usage

NOTE: Code/data memory for data structures is same for all configurations and all use-cases since a single binary is used for all configurations and all use-cases. These configurations are with respect to 1GB Memory map.

CPU	MEMORY SECTION	MEMORY SIZE RESERVED	MEMORY SIZE USED
IPU1-0	Initialized section (.text, .const)	4.5 MB	3.27 MB
11-01-0	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14 MB	8.17 MB
IPU1-1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2 MB	219 KB
11-01-1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	12 MB	2.80 MB
DSP1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2 MB	631KB
DSP1	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	13 MB	7.25 MB
DSP2	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2 MB	631KB
DSF2	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	13 MB	7.75 MB
EVE1	Initialized section (.text, .const)	2 MB	400 KB
EVEI	Uninitialized section (.bss, .heap, .stack)	14 MB	1.39 MB

## 20.3 App Image Size

PARAMETER	VALUE
App Image size (5 CPU images)	17.3 MB

This App Image contains images for all the 5 processors.



# 21 Revision History

Version	Date	Revision History	
1.00	1 Oct 2013	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.01	
2.00	10 Mar 2014	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.02	
2.01	27 Mar 2014	Add section on IPC latency measurement	
2.02	4 <sup>th</sup> April 2014	Added Multi-channel AVB Surround view, Edge Detect Use case	
2.03	31 <sup>st</sup> July 2014	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.03	
2.04	14 <sup>th</sup> Nov 2014	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.05 for TDA2x and TDA3x usecases	
2.06	4 <sup>th</sup> March 2015	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.06 for TDA2x and TDA3x, TDA2Ex, TDA2x-MC usecases	
2.07	7 <sup>th</sup> July 2015	Updated for Vision SDK release v2.07 for TDA2x and TDA3x, TDA2Ex, TDA2x-MC usecases	