# **Exercises: Functional Programming**

This document defines the exercises for the "Java Advanced" course @ Software University. Please submit your solutions (source code) to all below-described problems in Judge.

#### 1. Consumer Print

Write a program that reads a collection of strings, separated by one or more whitespaces, from the console and then prints them onto the console. Each string should be printed on a new line. Use a Consumer<T>.

# **Examples**

Input	Output
Peter George Alex	Peter
	George Alex
	Alex
John Sam Sara	John
	Sam
	Sara

# 2. Knights of Honor

Write a program that reads a collection of names as strings from the console and then appends "Sir" in front of every name and prints it back onto the console. Use a **Consumer<T>**.

# **Examples**

Input	Output	
Peter George Alex Stan	Sir Peter	
	Sir George	
	Sir Alex	
	Sir Stan	
Alex George Peter	Sir Alex	
	Sir George	
	Sir Peter	

### 3. Custom Min Function

Write a simple program that reads a set of numbers from the console and finds the smallest of the numbers using a simple Function<Integer[], Integer>.

# **Examples**

Input	Output
1 4 3 2 1 7 13	1













# 4. Applied Arithmetic

On the first line, you are given a list of numbers. On the next lines you are passed different commands that you need to apply to all numbers in the list: "add" -> adds 1; "multiply" -> multiplies by 2; "subtract" -> subtracts 1; "print" -> prints all numbers on **a new line**. The input will end with an "**end**" command, after which the result must be printed.

### **Examples**

Input	Output	
1 2 3 4 5	3 4 5 6 7	
add		
add		
print		
end		

Input	Output
5 10	9 19
multiply	
subtract	
print	
end	

# 5. Reverse and Exclude

Write a program that reverses a collection and removes elements that are divisible by a given integer n.

# **Examples**

Input	Output	
1 2 3 4 5 6	5 3 1	
20 10 40 30 60 50	50 40 10 20	

# 6. Predicate for Names

Write a predicate. Its goal is to check a name for its length and to return true if the length of the name is less or equal to the passed integer. You will be given an integer that represents the length you have to use. On the second line, you will be given a **string** array with some names. Print the names, passing the **condition** in the predicate.

# **Examples**

Input	Output	Input	Output
4 Sara Sam George Mark John	Sara Sam Mark John	4 George Peter Zara Sara	Zara Sara









#### 7. Find the Smallest Element

Write a program that is using a custom function (written by you) to find the smallest integer in a sequence of integers. The input could have more than one space. Your task is to collect the integers from the console, find the smallest one and print its index (if more than one such elements exist, print the index of the rightmost one).

#### Hints

Use a **Function<List<Integer>**, **Integer>** or something similar.

### **Examples**

Input	Output
1 2 3 0 4 5 6	3
123 10 11 3	3

# 8. Custom Comparator

Write a custom comparator that sorts all even numbers before all odd ones in ascending order. Pass it to an **Arrays.sort()** function and print the result.

#### **Examples**

Input	Output	
1 2 3 4 5 6	2 4 6 1 3 5	
-3 2	2 -3	

# 9. List of Predicates

Find all **numbers** in the range **1..N** that is **divisible** by the numbers of a given sequence. Use **predicates**.

# **Examples**

Input	Output
10	2 4 6 8 10
1 1 1 2	
100	20 40 60 80 100
2 5 10 20	

# 10. Predicate Party!

The Wire's parents are on vacation for the holidays, and he is planning an epic party at home. Unfortunately, his organizational skills are next to non-existent, so you are given the task of helping him with the reservations.

On the first line, you get a list of all the people that are coming. On the next lines, until you get the "Party!" command, you may be asked to double or remove all the people that apply to the given criteria. There are three different options:

Everyone that has a name starts with a given string.











- Everyone that has a name **ending** with a given string.
- Everyone has a name with a given length.

When you print the guests that are coming to the party, you have to print them in ascending order. If nobody is going, print "Nobody is going to the party!". See the examples below:

#### **Examples**

Input	Output		
Peter Misha Stephan	Misha, Misha, Stephan are going to the party!		
Remove StartsWith P			
Double Length 5			
Party!			
Peter	Peter, Peter, Peter are going to the party!		
Double StartsWith Pete			
Double EndsWith eter			
Party!			
Peter	Nobody is going to the party!		
Remove StartsWith P			
Party!			

# \* The Party Reservation Filter Module

You are a young and talented developer. The first task you need to do is to implement a filtering module to a party reservation software. First, The Party Reservation Filter Module (TPRF Module for short) is passed a list with invitations. Next, the TPRF receives a sequence of commands that specify if you need to add or remove a given filter.

TPRF Commands are in the given format "{command; filter type; filter parameter}".

You can receive the following TPRF commands: "Add filter", "Remove filter" or "Print". The possible TPRF filter types are: "Starts with", "Ends with", "Length", and "Contains". All TPRF filter parameters will be a string (or an integer for the length filter).

The input will end with a "**Print**" command. See the examples below:

# **Examples**

Input	Output	Input	Output
Peter Misha Slav Add filter;Starts with;P Add filter;Starts with;M Print	Slav	Peter Misha John Add filter;Starts with;P Add filter;Starts with;M Remove filter;Starts with;M Print	Misha John







