

Logic(s) for computer science - Week 14
Unification and Resolution for FOL
Tutorialr

1. Solve the following unification problems:

- (a) $\{f(x, y) \doteq f(y, x), g(x) \doteq g(z)\};$
- (b) $\{f(x, y) \doteq f(y, x), g(x) \doteq a\};$
- (c) $\{f(f(x, y), z) \doteq f(y, x), g(z) \doteq g(a)\};$
- (d) $\{f(g(x), y) \doteq f(y, z), z \doteq h(a)\};$
- (e) $\{x_1 \doteq f(x_2, x_2), x_2 \doteq f(x_3, x_3), x_3 \doteq f(x_4, x_4)\}.$

2. Show that the following formulae in CSNF are unsatisfiable, using resolution for FOL:

- (a) $\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. \left((\neg P(x, z) \vee R(x, x, z)) \wedge (\neg R(e, x, e)) \wedge (P(e, y)) \right);$
- (b) $\forall x. \forall y. \left((\neg P(x, y) \vee Q(x) \vee Q(y)) \wedge (\neg Q(i(i(e)))) \wedge (P(i(x), i(x))) \right).$

3. Show using the resolution for FOL that the following formulae are valid:

- (a) $\left((\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. (P(x, y) \wedge P(y, z) \rightarrow P(x, z))) \wedge P(x, y) \wedge P(y, x) \right) \rightarrow P(x, x);$
- (b) $(\forall x. Q(x)) \rightarrow (\exists x. Q(x));$
- (c) $(\neg \forall x. Q(x)) \leftrightarrow (\exists x. \neg Q(x));$
- (d) $(\neg \exists x. Q(x)) \leftrightarrow (\forall x. \neg Q(x));$
- (e) $(\exists y. \forall x. P(x, y)) \rightarrow (\forall x. \exists y. P(x, y));$
- (f) $(\forall x. (P(x, x) \leftrightarrow Q(x))) \rightarrow (P(e, e) \rightarrow Q(e)).$