

# Monizi de cuvinte

monoid  $\rightarrow$  comutativ;  $\rightarrow$  asociativ

Def. cuvânt de lungime  $k \geq 1$  peste  $\Sigma$  este o funcție  $w: \{1, \dots, k\} \rightarrow \Sigma$

$w = w(1) \dots w(k)$ , dacă  $k \geq 1$ , atunci  $|w| = k$

$\lambda$  - cuvântul vid

Notatii  $\Sigma^0 = \{\lambda\}$

$$\Sigma^+ = \bigcup_{k \geq 1} \Sigma^k, \quad k \geq 1$$

$$\Sigma^* = \bigcup_{k \geq 0} \Sigma^k = \Sigma^+ \cup \{\lambda\}$$

2 cuv. sunt egale  $\mu, \nu \in \Sigma^k \Leftrightarrow |\mu| = |\nu|$  și  $\mu(i) = \nu(i), \forall i \in \overline{1, k}$

Thm. Levi  $x, y, \mu, \nu$  cuvinte, a.î.  $xy = \mu\nu$ ;  $|x| < |\mu|$ , at.  $\exists! z \in \Sigma^+$ , a.î.  $\mu = xz$   
 $|x| = |\mu| \Rightarrow x = \mu, y = \nu$   
 $|x| > |\mu|, \exists! z \Rightarrow x = \mu z$

Def.  $C$  cod,  $C \subseteq \Sigma^+ \Leftrightarrow \forall w \in C^+, w = \mu_1 \dots \mu_m = \nu_1 \dots \nu_m, \mu_i, \nu_i \in C \Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow (m = m) \wedge (\mu_i = \nu_i, \forall i)$   $\rightarrow$  o concatenare de cuvinte din  $C$

⚡  $\nexists$   $\text{daca } C \text{ e col!}$

$w =$

$w = 2 \ 1 \ 3 \ 4 \ 3 \ 4 = 4 \ 3 \ 4 \ 3 \ 4$

$ab|b|a|abb|a|abb = ab^2|a|ab^2|a|ab^2$

$(ab)^2 = abab$

$C_i = \{ \underset{1}{b}, \underset{2}{ab}, \underset{3}{a}, \underset{4}{abab} \}$

Ex1 Produsul a 2 coduri nu este întotdeauna cod.

$$C_1 = \{ \boxed{w_1} \boxed{w_2} \boxed{w_3} \} \quad \boxed{\phantom{w_1}} \boxed{\phantom{w_2}} \boxed{\phantom{w_3}} = w_1 w_2 w_3 w_1 \quad \xrightarrow{\text{scriere}} \text{unică} \quad (c_1\text{-cod})$$

$$C_2 = \{ \phantom{\boxed{w_1}} \phantom{\boxed{w_2}} \phantom{\boxed{w_3}} \}$$

$$C_1 C_2 = \{ \boxed{w_i} \boxed{u_j} \} \quad \rightarrow \forall w_i \in C_1^1 \text{ și } \forall u_j \in C_2^1$$

$$C_2 C_1 = \{ \boxed{u_j} \boxed{w_i} \}$$

$$C_1 = \{ \overset{w_1}{01}, \overset{w_2}{11} \} \rightarrow C_1 \text{ cod?}$$

$$C_2 = \{ \underset{u_1}{00}, \underset{u_2}{001} \} \rightarrow C_2 \text{ cod?}$$

$$C_1 C_2 = \{ 0100, 01001, 1100, 11001 \}$$

$$C_2 C_1 = \{ 0001, 0011, 00101, 00111 \}$$

$$\boxed{u_i w_j}$$

$$\boxed{u_{i+3} w_{j-1}}$$

Alg. Sardinas-Patterson

$$C = \{ \boxed{c}, \boxed{\phantom{c}}, \boxed{c\phantom{c}} \} \quad ? \text{ este ad?}$$

$$C_1 = \{ x \in \Sigma^+ \mid \exists c \in C, cx \in C \}$$

$$C_{i+1} = \{ x \in \Sigma^+ \mid (\exists c \in C, cx \in C_i) \vee (\exists c \in C_i, cx \in C) \}$$

$$C_k = C_j, j < k \rightarrow \text{oprire}$$

$$\text{dacă } C_i \cap C = \emptyset, \forall i \Rightarrow C \text{ cod}$$

Ex3 a)  $C = \{ab, ab^2, b^3a\}$

b)  $C = \{aba^2, ba^2, (ab)^2, aba^2bab\}$

c)  $C = \{ab, ab^m, b^ma\} \quad m, m \geq 1$

$$abbb = ab^3$$

a)  $C_1 = \{b\} \cap C = \emptyset \quad (ab, ab\underline{b})$

$C_2 = \{b^2a\} \cap C = \emptyset \quad (b, b\underline{bba})$

$C_3 = \emptyset$

$C_4 = \emptyset \Rightarrow C \text{ cod}$

b)  $C_1 = \{bab\} \cap C = \emptyset \quad (abaa, aba\underline{abab})$

$C_2 = \emptyset = C_3 \Rightarrow C \text{ cod}$

Ex2 Fie  $C$  cod,  $k \geq 2$ , dem. că  $C^k$  este cod;  $C^k = \{w_1 \dots w_k \mid w_i \in C\} \in C^k$   
 $w = u_1 u_2 \dots u_k$ ,  $u_i \in C$   $\boxed{1 \dots k} \rightarrow a_i = a_{i_1} a_{i_2} \dots a_{i_k}$

Pres  $c \in C^k$  nu e cod, ad  $\Rightarrow \exists x \in (C^k)^+$   $\bigcirc$   $x$  se scrie în 2 moduri:

$x = a_1 a_2 \dots a_m = b_1 b_2 \dots b_n \Rightarrow a_i \in C^k \Rightarrow a_i = a_{i_1} a_{i_2} \dots a_{i_k}$  concatenare de  $k$  cuvinte din  $C$ ;  $a_i, b_j$  are scriere (descompunere) unică în cuvinte din  $C$

Similar pt  $b_j$

$C^k$   
 $\swarrow \quad \searrow$   
 $x = \boxed{a_{1_1} \dots a_{1_k}} \boxed{a_{2_1} \dots a_{2_k}} \dots \boxed{a_{m_1} \dots a_{m_k}} = \boxed{b_{1_1} \dots b_{1_k}} \boxed{b_{2_1} \dots b_{2_k}} \dots \boxed{b_{n_1} \dots b_{n_k}}$   
 $a_{ij} \in C \qquad \qquad \qquad b_{ij} \in C$

$C$  cod  $\Rightarrow a_{ij} = b_{ij}, \forall i, j \mid \Rightarrow m = n \Rightarrow C^k$  cod  $\Rightarrow$  contradictiv!

Scrierea (desc.) e unică.