

Exercice 2:

1). $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x) - x \cdot \cos(x)}{\sin(x) - x}$ on fait le D.L à l'ordre 4:

$$\sin(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + o(x^4)$$

$$\cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + o(x^3)$$

On remplace: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \frac{x^3}{6} - x(1 - \frac{x^2}{2})}{x - \frac{x^3}{6} - x}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^3}{2}}{-\frac{x^3}{6}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-x^3}{6}}{-\frac{x^3}{6}} - \frac{\frac{x^3}{2}}{\frac{x^3}{6}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{6}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = -2$$

2). $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{5x}}$ on fait le D.L à l'ordre 2:

$$\sin(x) = x + o(x^2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{5x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{5x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1)^{\frac{1}{5x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1^{5x}} = 1$$

3). $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x}{\tan x - x}$ on fait le D.L à l'ordre 4

$$\sin(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^4); \tan(x) = x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^4)$$