BrainBrowser

API and Architecture



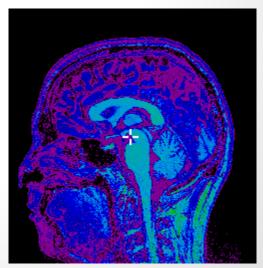




Background

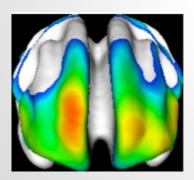
- Brain imaging is a fairly young field
 - Became widespread in the 1990s
- Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) has become the most common technique
 - Low invasiveness
 - Lack of radiation exposure



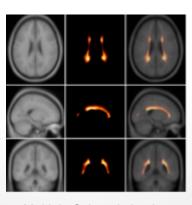


Background

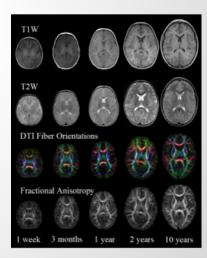
- Areas of Research:
 - Normal brain development
 - Alzheimer's Disease
 - Multiple Sclerosis
 - Autism
 - Schizophrenia



Alzheimer's Loss of Cortical Thickness



Multiple Sclerosis Lesions



Normal Brain Development in Children

Background

- Brain imaging research workflow involves:
 - Scanning
 - Get intensity data representing structural or activation patterns (structural vs. functional MRI)
 - Computational Analysis
 - Extract information of interest from the data (e.g. cortical thickness, tissue classification, gyrification)
 - Statistical Analysis
 - Determine significance of results
 - Visualization and Quality Control



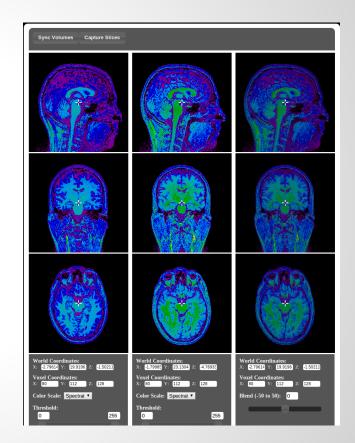
BrainBrowser

- A web-based set of tools for visualizing neurological data through modern standards-compliant browsers
 - Volume Viewer
 - Surface Viewer
 - Web Service API available

BrainBrowser

- Technologies used:
 - o HTML
 - o CSS
 - JavaScript
 - Canvas
 - WebGL (three.js)
 - Web Workers
 - CORS (for the web service)

- Navigate 3D MINC volumetric data
- Sagittal, coronal and transverse slices shown from a particular point in 3D space



- Entry point is BrainBrowser.VolumeViewer.start()
 - viewer object is passed to callback
 - manipulate it to control the app

```
BrainBrowser.VolumeViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    // Manipulate viewer to control the app
});
```

Event model

```
BrainBrowser.VolumeViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.addEventListener("ready", function() {
        //...
    });
```

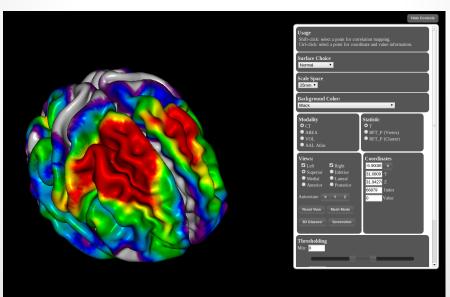
Load your volumes.

```
BrainBrowser.VolumeViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.loadVolumes({
        volumes: [{
            type: "minc",
            header_url: "brain1.mnc?headers=true",
            raw_data_url: "brain1.mnc?raw_data=true"
        }]
    });
});
```

Workflow:



- Real-time 3D visualization of surface files
- Apply color data representing different information about the surface (cortical thickness, correlations, etc.)



- Entry point is BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start()
 - viewer object is passed to callback
 - manipulate it to control the app

```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    // Manipulate viewer to control the app
});
```

Event model

```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.addEventListener("loadcolormap", function (color_map) {
        //...
    });
    viewer.addEventListener("displaymodel", function(model) {
        //...
    });
});
```

Workflow:



Render Scene

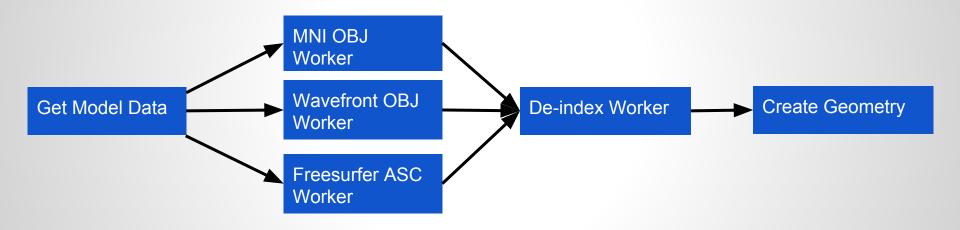
```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.render();
});
```

Render Scene

```
var renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer(...);
var scene = new THREE.Scene();
var camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(...);
renderer.render(scene, camera);
```

```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.loadModelFromURL("brain.obj", {
        format: "MNIObj",
        complete: function() {
            // Do something when done
        }
    });
```

Model Load Workflow:



- Get Model Data:
 - AJAX request for URL
 - FileReader API to load from a local file

- Workers to parse model data:
 - A Web Worker is defined for each supported file type
 - Parse the file and return vertices, colors, indices and normals
 - Plugin architecture
 - Define a new worker and you can support a new file type
 - Currently supported file types:
 - MNI OBJ
 - Wavefront OBJ
 - Freesurfer ASC

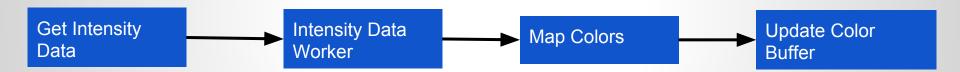
- De-index Models
 - Most data formats encode indexed models
 - WebGL indices can only be 8-bit or 16-bit unsigned integers
 - Limit of 65536 vertices for indexed models
 - BrainBrowser uses models that are much larger than this
 - Models are de-indexed by a Web Worker before being used

Model	Number of Vertices
Brain	81924
DTI	478750
Aeroplane	187358

- Create geometry:
 - Was using THREE.Geometry
 - Convenience classes that manage everything: THREE.Vertex, THREE.Color, THREE.Face
 - TOO SLOW:
 - Object creation becomes a bottleneck
 - Updates have to traverse a tree-like structure

- Create geometry:
 - Now using THREE.BufferGeometry
 - Still pretty convenient
 - Directly define the vertex, color and normal buffers that will be sent to WebGL
 - MUCH FASTER

```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
    viewer.loadColorMapFromURL("spectral.txt");
    viewer.loadIntensityDataFromURL("cortical_thickness.txt");
});
```



- Get Intensity Data
 - Intensity data is the raw information we're visualizing
 - Original scan or computation run on the original data
 - Can be loaded from a URL or a local file

- Parse Intensity Data
 - Intensity data comes in as text
 - Web Worker parses it into array

- Map Colors
 - Map intensities to colors based on the current color map
- Color can be tweaked based on several parameters:
 - Minimum and maximum intensity threshold
 - Clamping
 - Flipping the intensity to color map relationship

- Update the Color Buffer
 - Write colors to the color buffer
 - Signal that the colors must be updated in WebGL

```
geometry.attributes.color.needsUpdate = true;
```

Other Manipulations

```
BrainBrowser.SurfaceViewer.start("viewer_div", function(viewer) {
                                                    // Wireframe mode
 viewer.setWireframe(true);
 viewer.setTransparency("left_hemisphere", 0.5); // Transparency
 viewer.setIntensityRange(0.5, 1.5);
                                                    // Intensity range
 viewer.autorotate.x = true;
                                                    // Autorotate around the x axis
 // AND MORE!!!
});
```

Surface Viewer Web Service

Simple GET HTTP request for widget HTML to load into page

```
<div id="display"></div>
<script>
 $("#display").load(
    "https://brainbrowser.cbrain.mcgill.ca/surface-viewer-widget?" +
    "version=1.4.1&" +
    "model=brain.obj&" +
    "intensity data=cortical thickness.txt&" +
    "color map=spectral.txt&" +
    "width=100&" +
    "height=100"
</script>
```

Surface Viewer Web Service

- Request a specific version of BrainBrowser
 - Prevent widget from breaking if BrainBrowser is updated
 - Appropriate version of three.js is automatically loaded
 - (unless client requests otherwise)

Surface Viewer Web Service

Control viewer programmatically by defining a viewer callback

```
<div id="display"></div><input id="wireframe" type="checkbox"/>
<script>
 function init(viewer) {
                                                            // Define callback function
   $("#wireframe").change(function() {
     viewer.setWireframe($(this).is(":checked"));
                                                           // Use viewer object
   });
 $("#display").load(
    "https://brainbrowser.cbrain.mcgill.ca/surface-viewer-widget?" +
    "version=1.4.1&model=brain.obj&" +
    "viewer callback=init"
                                                            // Pass callback name as
                                                                 parameter to web service
</script>
```

Thanks!

BrainBrowser

BrainBrowser: https://brainbrowser.cbrain.mcgill.ca/

CBRAIN: http://cbrain.mcgill.ca/

Questions? tsherif@gmail.com

Credits:

Lead Developer: Tarek Sherif

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