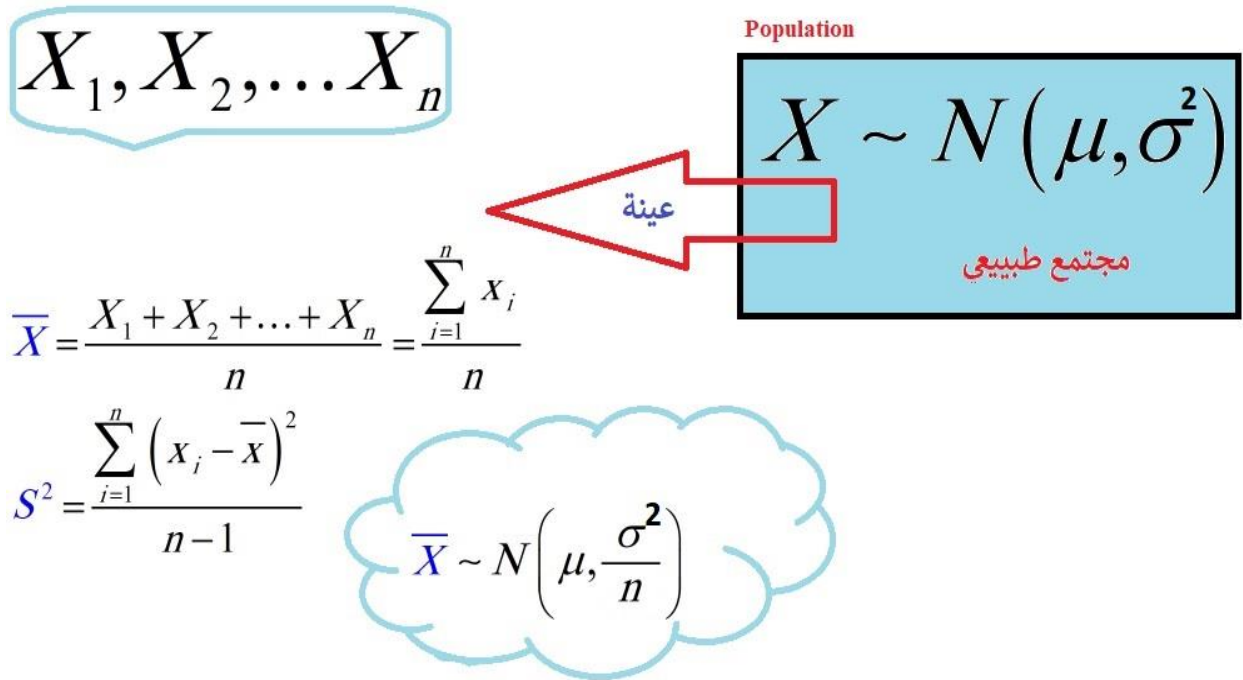


# Chapter 3

## Some Important Sampling Distributions



$\mu$  : Population Mean

$\sigma$  : Population Standard Deviation (S.D.)

$\bar{X}$  : Sample Mean

$S$  : Sample Standard Deviation (S.E.)

$n$  : Sample size

**For**  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2) \Rightarrow \boxed{Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}}$

**Then**  $\bar{X} \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right) \Rightarrow \boxed{Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}}$

# Chapter 3 Conclusion

## Distribution of Sample Mean

- $\sigma$  known

$$Z = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}} \sim N(0,1)$$


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- $\sigma$  unknown and  $n > 30$

$$Z = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{s / \sqrt{n}} \sim N(0,1)$$


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- $\sigma$  unknown and  $n < 30$

$$T_{(n-1)} = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{s / \sqrt{n}} \sim T(\nu)$$

## Distribution of the difference between two Samples Means

- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  knowns

$$Z = \frac{(\bar{x} - \bar{y}) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}} \sim N(0,1)$$


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- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  unknowns and  $n_1, n_2 > 30$

$$Z = \frac{(\bar{x} - \bar{y}) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}} \sim N(0,1)$$


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- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  unknowns and  $n_1, n_2 < 30$

$$S_p^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$$

$$T_{(n_1 + n_2 - 2)} = \frac{(\bar{x} - \bar{y}) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{S_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}} \sim T(\nu)$$

## Distribution of Sample Proportion

$$Z = \frac{\hat{P} - P}{\sqrt{\frac{Pq}{n}}} \sim N(0,1)$$


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## Distribution of the difference between two Samples Proportions

$$Z = \frac{(\hat{P}_1 - \hat{P}_2) - (P_1 - P_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{P_1 q_1}{n_1} + \frac{P_2 q_2}{n_2}}} \sim N(0,1)$$