

# Chapter 5 Conclusion

## $\mu$ Test

- $\sigma$  known

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$


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- $\sigma$  unknown and  $n > 30$

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{s / \sqrt{n}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$


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- $\sigma$  unknown and  $n < 30$

$$T_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{s / \sqrt{n}}$$

$$T_{Tab} = \begin{cases} T_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ T_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$

## $\mu_1 - \mu_2$ Test

- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  knowns

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$


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- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  unknowns and  $n_1, n_2 > 30$

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$


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- $\sigma_1^2$  and  $\sigma_2^2$  unknowns and  $n_1, n_2 < 30$

$$S_p^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$$

$$T_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{s_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}}$$

$$T_{Tab} = \begin{cases} T_{(n_1+n_2-2, 1-\alpha)} & \text{One tailed test} \\ T_{(n_1+n_2-2, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2})} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$

## $P$ Test

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{P - P_0}{\sqrt{\frac{P_0 Q_0}{n}}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$


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## $P_1 - P_2$ Test

$$\hat{P}_1 = \frac{x_1}{n_1}$$

and

$$\hat{P}_2 = \frac{x_2}{n_2}$$

$$P = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

then

$$q = 1 - P$$

$$Z_{Cal} = \frac{\hat{P}_1 - \hat{P}_2}{\sqrt{Pq \left( \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)}}$$

$$Z_{Tab} = \begin{cases} Z_{1-\alpha} & \text{One tailed test} \\ Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} & \text{Two tailed test} \end{cases}$$

## P-Value: another scheme for testing hypotheses

1- Calculate  $Z_{Cal}$  or  $T_{Cal}$

2- Compute  $P\text{-Value} = \begin{cases} P(Z > Z_{Cal}), & \text{for One Tailed Test} \\ 2P(Z > Z_{Cal}), & \text{for Two Tailed Test} \end{cases}$

3- If  $P\text{-Value} \begin{cases} \leq \alpha, & \text{Then Reject } H_0 \\ > \alpha, & \text{Then Accept } H_0 \end{cases}$

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## The Paired T test (Dependent Samples):

The Sample Before	$x_1$	$x_2$	$\cdots$	$x_n$
The Sample After	$y_1$	$y_2$	$\cdots$	$y_n$

- $D := y_1 - x_1, y_2 - x_2, \cdots, y_n - x_n$ .
- Use the calculator to compute  $\bar{D}$  and  $S_D$
- Easily, calculate  $T_{Cal} = \frac{\bar{D}}{S_D / \sqrt{n}}$

