

Homework 3 - Solutions

1. Data Monitoring

```
void checkspeed()
{ if (PINB >= 100) PORTD |= 0b00010000; /* Switch on light (bit 4) */
  else PORTD &= 0b11101111;           /* Switch off light (bit 4) */
}
```

You could also say: `PORTD = 0b10000;` and `PORTD = 0;` respectively, but this would set all other bits in `PORTD` to zero. The solution given above will not change any bits except bit 4.

2. Temperature Control

```
void tempControl()
{ int temperature;
  int *temp_pointer = (int *) 0x400;

  DDRD = 0x11; /* bit4 and bit0 output, rest input */
  while (1)
  { temperature = *(temp_pointer); /* read in the temperature */
    if (temperature < 20)
    { PORTD |= 0b00000001; /* turn on heater (bit 0) */
      PORTD &= 0b11101111; /* turn off aircon (bit 4) */
    }
    else if (temperature > 24)
    { PORTD |= 0b00010000; /* turn on aircon (bit 4) */
      PORTD &= 0b11111110; /* turn off heater (bit 0) */
    }
    else PORTD &= 0b11101110; /* turn off heater and aircon */
  } /* end while */
}
```

Q3. Bang Bang Control

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <peripherals.h>

#define freq 100
#define v_des 5000
static int enc_old;

int main() {
    //setup the motor pin D0
    DDRD |= 0b00000001;
    //setup the encoder pin B0
    DDRB &= 0b11111110;

    initADC();
    initTimer();

    // read the encoder for the first time
    enc_old = readADC();

    while(1){
    }
    return 1;
}

ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect) {
    int enc_new = readADC();

    v_act = (enc_new-enc_old)*freq;

    if(v_act<v_des) {
        PORTD |= 0b00000001;
    }
    else {
        PORTD &= 0b11111110;
    }

    enc_old = enc_new;
}
```