



Water4Cities Webinar 1:

Methodology transfer from energy/mobility related scenarios to water management domain

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@SingularLogic, Athens, November 24th 2017



Artificial Intelligence Laboratory
Jožef Stefan Institute



Agenda

- Motivation: Results from FP7/H2020 mobility/energy related ICT projects
- Machine learning / Stream Mining Overview
- QMiner – open-source tool for stream processing
- Demo 1: Water4Cities Data Gathering Infrastructure Prototype
- Hands-on: Machine learning with Data from Water4Cities Infrastructure
- Demo 2: Smart Energy Forecasting on a Stream



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FP7: NRG4CAST

Input: Streaming Live Energy Data

Output: Forecasts of Energy Demand/Consumption

Aim: Reduce energy usage and price



Figure 9: Schematic of the NRG4CAST algorithm

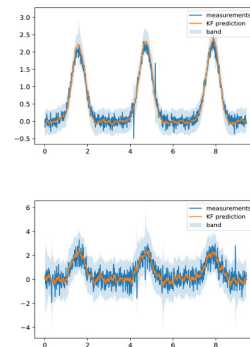
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Data Cleaning Approach

NRG4CAST & Water4Cities

- Autonomous and on-line – can be applied to real-world streaming scenario
- Using short-term prediction based on Kalman filtering
- Applied to artificial dataset, to NRG4CAST scenarios and to Water4Cities initial datasets
- Comparable to standard data cleaning approaches; behaves even better on datasets with low noise



Planned publication, related to W4C: Business System Research Journal – K. Kenda, D. Mladenović: „Autonomous Sensor Data Cleaning in Stream Mining Setting“ (2018).

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FP7: Sunseed

Prediction of consumption for different smart-meters.

Datasources:

- AMI meters
- Batched stream - once per day, resolution 15min

Model characteristics:

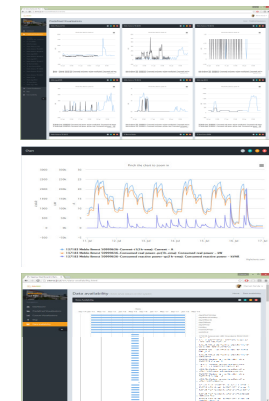
- Prediction horizon: 1h – 24h
- Algorithm: on-line linear regression

Result:

- Forecasted profiles for all AMI measurements
- At each new record, for the next 24 hours

Usage:

- Used by state estimation (SE) as quasi real-time measurements

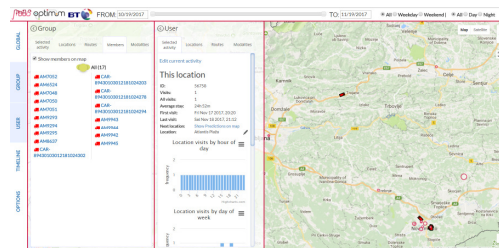


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H2020: Optimum

- Aim is to improve transit, freight transportation and traffic connectivity throughout Europe.
- Mobility patterns
- Data infrastructure



<http://www.optimumproject.eu/>

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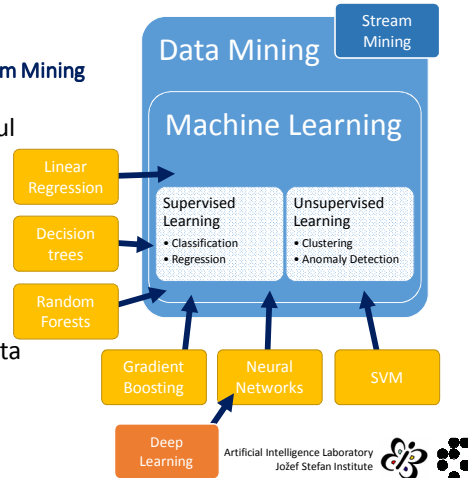
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Definitions

Data Mining / Machine Learning / Stream Mining

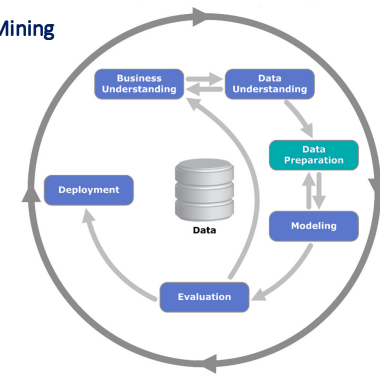
- Data Mining: Extraction of useful information from data
- Data Mining is application of Machine Learning techniques to solve real-life data analysis problems
- Stream Mining is applied to streaming data (ideal for Big Data problems and for real-time systems)



Data Mining Process

Data Mining / Machine Learning / Stream Mining

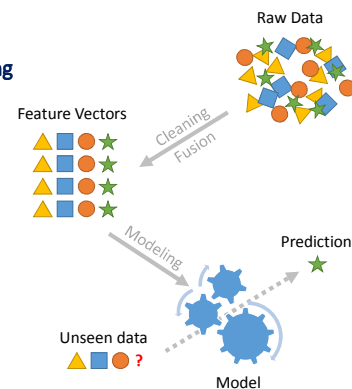
- Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining
- Holistic approach to data-driven modeling – useful for real-world applications
- From understanding of needs to deployment of models
- Data Preparation is the most time-consuming step



Supervised Learning

Data Mining / Machine Learning / Stream Mining

- **Model** that can predict continuous or nominal attributes
- Different than process-based models (!); underlying mechanisms are **not** important
- Based only on data
- Domain knowledge introduced through feature engineering



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QMiner – Data Analytics Platform

QMiner is an open-source data analytics engine for processing large-scale real-time streams containing structured and unstructured data.

- C++ library wrapped in Node.JS (Javascript) for fast development of integrated data analytics applications which can scale to mid-size data (TBs)
 - Scalable data structures (vectors, matrices, hash tables, graphs)
 - Data transformation (text, social networks, streams)
 - Numerical computation (linear algebra, machine learning)
- The basic open source engine QMiner was developed by Artificial Intelligence Laboratory at Jožef Stefan Institute: <http://qminer.ijs.si/>



QMiner - Background

History

- Built on top of TextGarden and GLib C++ libraries
Original use for text mining.
- First application for sensor data in 2011. Mostly used for environmental and energy-related data analysis.
- Stream Processing Engine (SPE) – working with real-time/real-world data
- Data fusion on a heterogeneous stream data
- Stream-mining techniques

When to use?

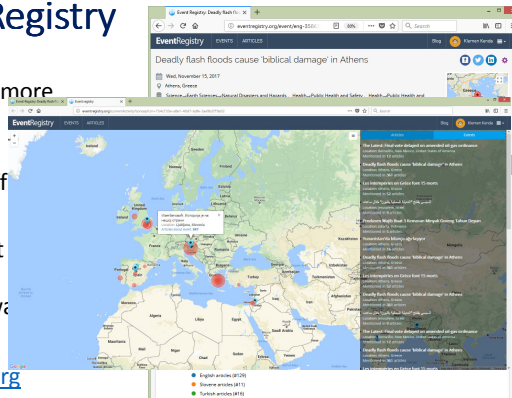
- QMiner covers storage and analytics
- Create industry-level solution in few lines of code
- Use-cases: Event Registry, Bloomberg Recommendation, Stream Story, Traffic...
- Covers all three big data Vs:
 - Variety: text, time series, social networks, structured data
 - Velocity: storage and analytics optimized for streaming scenarios
 - Volume: within limitation of non-distributed systems
- Most problems are mid-size data and not petabytes



QMiner – EventRegistry

- Monitoring world media (more than 100.000 sources)
- Discovering events
- Observing information diff
- Observe locations
- Clustering of events (what media focus on?)
- Custom topic pages (for example)

<http://www.eventregistry.org>



QMiner – Use it!



`$ npm install qminer`

For more information about basic QMiner engine, please visit:

<https://github.com/qminer>



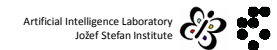
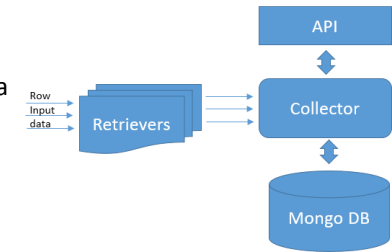
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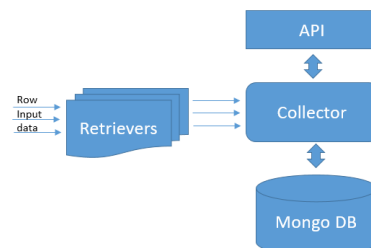
Data Collectors – Retrievers

- Services which function as data feed extractors by periodically polling an external data sources for updates
- Enable transforming pooled data into a common format
- End point is storing it by either writing to a file or forwarding it to a collection service
- Handle all data as JSON/XML objects



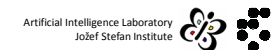
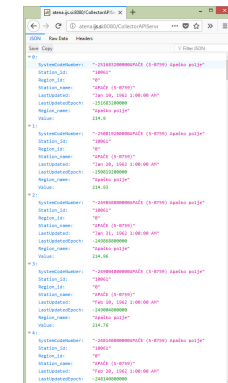
Collector

- Service that is backed by a Mongo database, containing real-time data, historical data
- Server uses Java servlets as API endpoints, through which data can be pushed to or queried from Mongo database.



Data Retrievers - Demo

- 4 retrievers:
 - Underground water (Slovenia)
 - http://atena.ijs.si:8080/CollectorAPIServer/undergroundWater?region_id=0&station_id=10061&time_from=01/01/1962&time_to=01/01/1964
 - Pump sensors (Skiathos)
 - <http://atena.ijs.si:8080/CollectorAPIServer/pumpSensors>
 - Weather (Skiathos & Ljubljana)
 - <http://atena.ijs.si:8080/CollectorAPIServer/weather?city=Ljubljana>



API Management (1)

- tool for managing access to API endpoints for end users
- MongoDB database for storing users and API endpoint data, graphical interface for managing users and APIs

The 'Add user' form includes fields for Username (pre-filled with 'US Optimum'), Email (john@example.com), and Organization (City), with a 'Submit' button. The 'User listing' table shows columns for User, Organization, Email, Select API, Token, Delete, and ReAuth. It lists users like 'Luka Bradsko' and 'Optimum Project'. A dropdown menu for 'Select API' shows options like 'LPP' and 'Internal'.

API Management (2)

- Users can view the list of APIs entered into the system
- Also possible to delete APIs, check notes or edit API properties
- Each API status can be set to “private”, meaning end users need authentication token and appropriate access rights to call this API

The 'Add API route' form includes fields for API URL, Service Host, and Project, with 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons. The 'API Access Controls' table shows columns for Edit, API Route, Public, Active, Project, Notes, and Delete. It lists routes like 'info/getApiInfo' and 'LPPRoutes/getRouteDetails'.

Watchdog

- Watchdog is a server with the purpose of having an overview of the numerous data retrievers
- When necessary, it (re)starts a retriever and keeps basic log of the retrievers activities in one place
- The aim is significantly lowering maintenance time and complexity of retrieving data from multiple sources

The table lists various data retrievers with columns for Name, Status, Type, and a detailed log of activities. The log includes timestamps and descriptions of retriever actions.

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Hands-On

Use:

git clone <https://github.com/klemenkenda/w4c-webinar1>

Or simply just visit the URL above.

You will get:

- slides
- Jupyter Notebook with example
- How to use Jupyter Notebook (in the README.md)



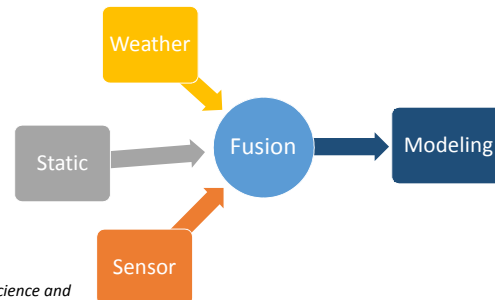
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Smart Energy Forecasting on a Stream Data Fusion

- heterogeneous data sources
- sensor data with different properties/delays
- static data (pre-calculated)
- weather forecasts and current weather data



Planned publication: *Journal of Computer Science and Technology* – K. Kenda et al.: „Stream Pre-processing Framework for Heterogeneous Data Sources“ (2018).

Smart Energy Forecasting on a Stream Architecture

- Big Data ready forecasting infrastructure
- Kafka for scalable data exchange
- Loosely-coupled components architecture
- Modeling components
- Reporting DB

