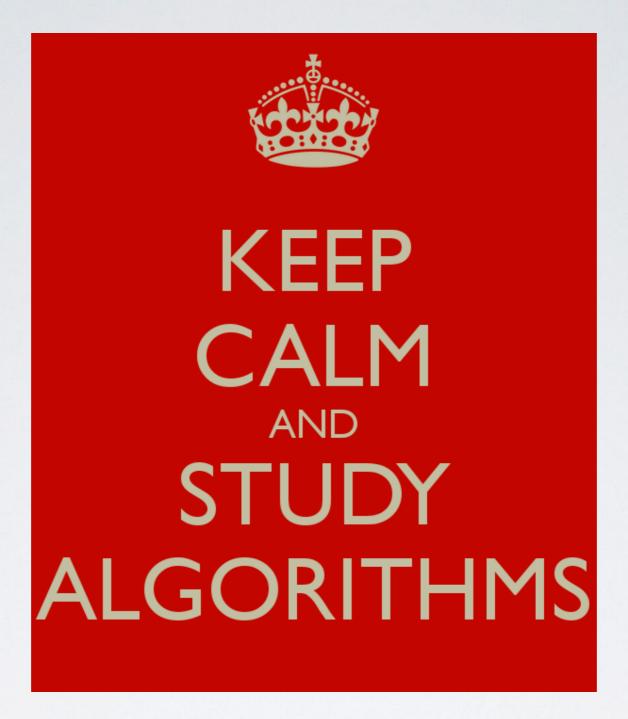
ОБЪЕКТНО-ОРИЕНТИРОВАННОЕ ПРОГРАММИРОВАНИЕ





STL ALGORITHMS

STLALGORITHMS

- Легкость сопровождения.
- Правильность.
- Эффективность.



COPYING ITEMS FROM CONTAINERS TO CONTAINERS

```
int main()
  std::vector<std::pair<int, std::string>> v {
         {1, "one"}, {2, "two"}, {3, "three"}, {4, "four"}};
  std::map<int, std::string> m;
  std::copy_n(v.begin(), 3, std::inserter(m, m.begin()));
```

COPYING ITEMS FROM CONTAINERS TO CONTAINERS

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```
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os,</pre>
                            const std::pair<int, std::string> &p)
    return os << "(" << p.first << ", " << p.second << ")";
int main()
  auto shell_it (std::ostream_iterator<</pre>
                 std::pair<int, std::string>>{std::cout, ", "});
  std::copy(m.begin(), m.end(), shell_it);
  return 0;
```

STD::COPY

STD::COPY

int main() std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}; std::random_device rd; std::mt19937 g {rd()}; std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';</pre> std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g); std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';</pre>

```
bool isLessThanFive(int i){
  return i < 5;
int main()
  std::sort(v.begin(), v.end());
  std::cout << std::is_sorted(v.begin(), v.end()) << '\n';</pre>
  std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);
  std::partition(v.begin(), v.end(), isLessThanFive);
```

```
int main()
{
    ...
    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);

auto middle (std::next(v.begin(), int(v.size()) / 2));
    std::partial_sort(v.begin(), middle, v.end());
}
```

```
int main()
{
    ...
    std::shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), g);
    std::sort(v.begin(), v.end(), std::greater<int>());
}
```

TRANSFORMING ITEMS IN CONTAINERS

```
int square(int i){
  return i * i;
int main()
  std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
  std::transform(v.begin(), v.end(),
       std::ostream_iterator<int>{std::cout, ", "}, square);
  std::cout << '\n';
```

TRANSFORMING ITEMS IN CONTAINERS

std::string int_to_string(int i){ std::stringstream ss; ss << i; $ss \ll "^2 = ";$ ss << i * i; return ss.str(); int main() std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}; std::vector<std::string> vs; std::transform(v.begin(), v.end(), std::back_inserter(vs), int_to_string);

```
struct city {
   std::string name;
   unsigned population;
};
bool operator == (const city &a, const city &b) {
    return a.name == b.name && a.population == b.population;
int main()
  const std::vector<city> c {
    {"Aachen", 246000},
    {"Berlin", 3502000},
    {"Braunschweig", 251000},
    {"Cologne", 1060000}
  };
```

```
bool isCologne(const city& item){
  return item.name == "Cologne";
}
int main()
  auto found_cologne (std::find_if(c.begin(), c.end(),
                                     isCologne));
  // std::vector<city>::iterator found_cologne(
                      std::find_if(c.begin(), c.end(),isCologne));
  //
```

```
int main()
  std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
  bool contains_7 {std::binary_search(v.begin(), v.end(), 7)};
  auto [lower_it, upper_it] =
                            std::equal_range(v.begin(), v.end(), 7));
      half-open interval
       [lower; upper)
  // std::pair<std::vector<int>::iterator, std::vector<int>::iterator> range =
                                        std::equal_range(v.begin(), v.end(), 7));
  //
  // std::vector<int>::iterator lower_it = range.first;
  // std::vector<int>::iterator upper_it = range.second;
```

```
int main()
  const std::string long_string {
                 "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
                   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod"};
  const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
  auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                          std::end(long_string),
                          std::begin(pattern),
                          std::end(pattern)));
          If found substring: return iterator on
          substring.
          If not found: return std::end(long_string)
```

```
int main()
  const std::string long_string {
                 "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
                   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod"};
  const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
  auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::default_seacher{
                                std::begin(pattern),
                                std::end(pattern)}));
```

```
int main()
  const std::string long_string {
                 "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
                   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod"};
  const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
  auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::boyer_moore_searcher{
                                std::begin(pattern),
                                std::end(pattern)}));
```

```
int main()
  const std::string long_string {
                 "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur"
                   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod"};
  const std::string pattern {"elitr"};
  auto match (std::search(std::begin(long_string),
                           std::end(long_string),
                           std::boyer_moore_horspool_searcher{
                                std::begin(pattern),
                                std::end(pattern)}));
```



DICTIONARY MERGINGTOOL

```
int main()
  std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dict1;
  std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dict2;
  std::deque<std::pair<std::string, std::string>> dstDict;
  //Init dict1, dict2
  //----
  std::sort(std::begin(dict1), std::end(dict1));
  std::sort(std::begin(dict2), std::end(dict2));
  std::merge(std::begin(dict1), std::end(dict1),
         std::begin(dict2), std::end(dict2),
         std::back_inserter{dstDict});
```

FILL CONTAINERS

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    std::fill(v.begin(), v.end(), -1);
}
```

STD::GENERATE

```
int main()
{
    std::vector<int> v(5);
    std::generate(v.begin(), v.end(), std::rand);
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
inline bool isEven(int x) {
    return x \% 2 == 0;
}
template <int N>
inline bool greaterThan(int x) {
    return x > N;
int main() {
    vector<int> x = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 \};
    if (!all_of(x.begin(), x.end(), isEven))
        cout << "Not all are even!" << endl;</pre>
    if (any_of(x.begin(), x.end(), isEven))
        cout << "But there is at least one even!" << endl;</pre>
    if (none_of(x.begin(), x.end(), greaterThan<10>))
        cout << "No number is > 10!" << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
                                     Checks by predicate
```

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cctype>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    string w("Dolly"), e(" \t\t \n "), s("Hello Dolly!");
    if (all_of(w.begin(), w.end(), ::isalnum))
        cout << w << " is alphanumeric" << endl;</pre>
    if (all_of(e.begin(), e.end(), ::isspace))
        cout << "e is completely whitespace" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Space in " << s << ": " <<
         count_if(s.begin(), s.end(), ::isspace) << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
                                             Same for strings
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <iterator>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
struct less_than {
    less_than(int _value)
        : value(_value) {}
    bool operator()(int x) const {
        return x < value;</pre>
    }
    int value;
};
int main() {
    vector<int> x = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}, y;
    copy_if(x.begin(), x.end(), back_inserter(y), less_than(3));
    for (auto val: y)
                             // 1... 2
        cout << val << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

КОНЕЦ СЕДЬМОЙ ЛЕКЦИИ