- 1. You are allowed to use your lecture notes and textbook.
- 2. Google search is not allowed.
- 3. Please check your answers and make sure you don't make any arithmetic mistakes.
- 4. When you finish the exam, submit it to Canvas by April 16, 11:59pm. I do not accept any other method of submission.
- 5. Make sure that your solutions are all in one pdf. You can take photos but make one file, do not post photos of each page individually.

Good luck!

1. Let  $M = \{(u_1, u_2, u_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : u_1 + u_2 = 2\}$ . Is M a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ? Explain your answer, if your answer is yes, give a proof why it is a subspace. If your answer is no, then show why it is not a subspace.

- 2. Let  $S = \{(a, b, c, d) \in \mathbb{R}^4 : a + b + c = 0\}.$ 
  - (a) Show that S is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

(b) Find a basis for S.

3. Consider the following functions  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ . Explain in each case, why T is not a linear transformation.

(a) 
$$T((x,y,z) = (x+2y+3z+1,2y-3x+z)$$
.

(b)  $T((x, y, z)) = (x + 2y^2 + 3z, 2y + 3x + z).$ 

4. Let T be the linear transformation from  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $\mathbb{R}^2$  defined by reflection across the line y = -x. Find the standard matrix for T. Do not use any formulas other than the ones we learned in class/zoom lectures. (You can use vector projection formulas.) Write your solution carefully.