Solutions to assignment 1 of CS224n

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Softmax 1

(a) Omitted. (b) See q1_softmax.py

2 **Neural Network Basics**

(a)
$$\sigma'(x) = \sigma(x)\sigma(1-x)$$

(b) Assume k is the correct class, then

$$CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -y_k \log \widehat{y_k} = -\log \widehat{y_k} = -\log \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_k)}{\sum_i \exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_i)} = -\boldsymbol{\theta}_k + \log \sum_i \exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_i).$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{\theta}_k} = -1 + \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_k)}{\sum_i \exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_i)} = \widehat{y}_k - 1,$$
$$\frac{\partial CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{\theta}_j} = \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_j)}{\sum_i \exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_i)} = \widehat{y}_j, \ j \neq k.$$

$$\frac{\partial CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{\theta}_j} = \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_j)}{\sum_i \exp(\boldsymbol{\theta}_i)} = \widehat{y_j}, \ j \neq k$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{\theta}} = \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}$$

(c) The forward propagation steps:

$$Z_1 = xW_1 + b_1, \quad h = sigmoid(Z_1)$$

$$Z_2 = hW_2 + b_2, \quad \widehat{y} = sigmoid(Z_2)$$

$$J = CE(y, \hat{y})$$

The backward propagation:

$$rac{\partial J}{\partial Z_2} = \widehat{y} - y \triangleq \delta_1, \quad rac{\partial J}{\partial h} = \delta_1 W_2^{\mathbf{T}} \triangleq \delta_2$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial Z_1} = \delta_2 * \sigma'(Z_1) \triangleq \delta_3, * \text{denotes element-wise product.}$$

$$rac{\partial J}{\partial x} = \delta_3 W_1^{
m T}$$

(d)
$$(1 + D_x) \times H + (1 + H) \times D_y$$

- (e) See q2_sigmoid.py
- (f) See q2_gradcheck.py
- (g) See q2_neural.py

3 word2vec

(a)
$$J_{softmax_CE}(o, \boldsymbol{v}_c, \boldsymbol{U}) = CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\sum_{i} yi \log(\widehat{y}_i) = -\log \widehat{y}_o = -\log \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{V}_c)}$$

$$= -\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c + \log \sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c} = -\boldsymbol{u}_o + \frac{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{u}_w}{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c)} = -\boldsymbol{u}_o + \sum_{w=1}^{V} \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}} \boldsymbol{v}_c)} \boldsymbol{u}_w = -\boldsymbol{u}_o + \sum_{w=1}^{V} \widehat{y}_w \boldsymbol{u}_w$$
$$\therefore \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c} = \sum_{w=1}^{V} \widehat{y}_w \boldsymbol{u}_w - \sum_{w=1}^{V} y_w \boldsymbol{u}_o = \boldsymbol{U}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{(b)} \quad & \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_o} = -\boldsymbol{v}_c + \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)\boldsymbol{v}_c}{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{V}_c)} = (\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o - 1)\boldsymbol{v}_c \\ & \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_k} = \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)\boldsymbol{v}_c}{\sum_{w=1}^{V} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{V}_c)} = \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}_k\boldsymbol{v}_c, \ for \ k \neq o. \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{U}} = \boldsymbol{v}_c(\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y})^{\mathrm{T}}, \text{ or } \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_k} = \begin{cases} (\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o - 1)\boldsymbol{v}_c & k = o \\ \widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}_k \boldsymbol{v}_c & k \neq o \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{split} & (\mathbf{c}) \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c} = -\frac{1}{\sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)} \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) (1 - \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)) \boldsymbol{u}_o + \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)} \sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) (1 - \sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c)) \boldsymbol{u}_k \\ & = (\sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) - 1) \boldsymbol{u}_o - \sum_{k=1}^K (\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) - 1) \boldsymbol{u}_k \\ & \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_o} = (\sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) - 1) \boldsymbol{v}_c \\ & \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_k} = -(\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\mathrm{T}}\boldsymbol{v}_c) - 1) \boldsymbol{v}_c \end{split}$$

(d) Let U be the collection of all output vectors for all words in the vocabulary. For Skip-Gram model,

$$\frac{\partial J_{skip_gram}}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c} = \sum_{-m \le j \le m, j \ne 0} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{F}(w_{t+j}, \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c}, \quad \frac{\partial J_{skip_gram}}{\partial \boldsymbol{U}} = \sum_{-m \le j \le m, j \ne 0} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{F}(w_{t+j}, \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\partial \boldsymbol{U}}$$

For CBOW model,

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial J_{CBOW}}{\partial \pmb{v}_{w_{t+j}}} = \frac{\partial F(w_t, \widehat{\pmb{v}})}{\partial \widehat{\pmb{v}}}, \ for \ all \ j \in \{-m, ..., -1, 1, ...m\} \\ \frac{\partial J_{CBOW}}{\partial \pmb{v}_{w_{t+j}}} = 0, \ for \ all \ j \notin \{-m, ..., -1, 1, ...m\} \\ \frac{\partial J_{CBOW}}{\partial \pmb{v}_{w_{t+j}}} = \frac{\partial F(w_t, \widehat{\pmb{v}})}{\partial \pmb{U}} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\partial J_{CBOW}}{\partial \boldsymbol{I}I} = \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{F}(w_t, \widehat{\boldsymbol{v}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{I}I}$$