```
user@name_of_computer:~$
     ~ = the path to our current user's home directory
#
     pwd == pint working directory(absolute path)
#
      ls = list files in directory
#
     ls /home/bogomila
     ls ~
      ls -F == classiFy (folders have '/' in the end)
      ls -l (lists files and directories in long form)
     cd == change directory
     cd /home/bogomila/Downloads OR cd ~/Downloads OR
     RELATIVE PATH - the path from the folder that we are currently at
     cd Downloads
            - takes to your home folder
     cd .. - go in the previous directory
     cd /h+TAB - TAB auto-completion
     file name_of_file - lists the type of the file(whether ASCII chars, etc.)
#
     Wildcards
            - matches any text, regardless of len
            - matches one single character
              matches only letter, number, or any specific pattern
      []
            - [0-9] matches anything from 0 to 9
            - [2,3] matches if it has 2 or 3 (e.g.: rm *[2,3]*)
      ls Documents/ Downloads/ == ls Do*
     touch - can create new empty file
     touch file1
     touch ~/Documents/distantfile
     echo 'hello' > hello.txt
     mkdir - create new folder
     mkdir folder
     mkdir ~/Pictures/holiday
     Create entire path with the '-p' option:
     mkdir -p bla/things/bogomila
     Brace Expansion
     mkdir
{jan,feb,mar,apr,may,jun,jul,aug,sep,oct,nov,dec}_{2017,2018,2019,2020,2021,2022}
     mkdir {jan,feb,mar,apr,may,jun,jul,aug,sep,oct,nov,dec}_{2017..2022}
{jan,feb,mar,apr,may,jun,jul,aug,sep,oct,nov,dec}_{2017..2022}/file{1..100}
     rm - delete files
     rm Documents/deleteme
     rm -r - delete folders recursively
      rm -ri - makes the r option interactive
      rmdir - removes only empty directories
     cp - copy
     cp file1.txt file2.txt
     cp file1.txt file2.txt destination/
     cp -r - recursive copy
```