WASM Performance Benchmarking Efforts at Siemens Technology



Who are we?



- Siemens Technology is a research arm of the Siemens Corporation.
- We are divided into Technology Fields, that contains multiple research groups.
- I belong to Architecture and Verification of Intelligent Systems (AVI) research group under Systems and Software Processes Technology Field.
- We perform primarily three activities
 - Work on federal grants that align with the vision and roadmap of Siemens Business Units
 - Consulting and development activities for Siemens Business Units.
 - Internal research funded by Siemens Technology with strong alignment with Siemens Business Units

Motivation: Why it started?



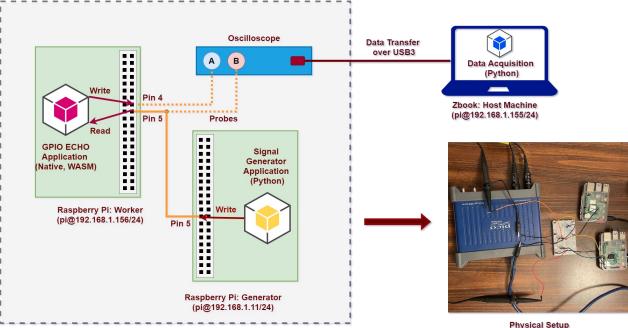
- As a part of the internal research, our group was looking for a lightweight replacement for the containers that can work in the embedded world.
- Chris Woods presented the first prototype in 2019 highlighting the main features of Webassembly (WASM).
 - Portable and Lightweight compilation target.
 - Sandboxed environment and memory safety.
- Siemens business units appreciated the USP of WASM and ask us the following (showing only the relevant ones):
 - What's performance overhead (clamp to clamp latency)?
 - What's the jitter?

Study #1: Latency and Jitter Analysis

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- In this experiment, a square wave produced at one GPIO pin and replicated at another pin.
- Clamp to clamp latency is measured as the time difference between the rising edges of the reference and replicated signals.
- Jitter is measured as the max deviation in the period of the replicated signal.
- Three major components of the experiment are
 - **Signal Generation**: Creates a square wave of 100 Hz that lasts 50 secs approx.
 - **Data Acquisition**: A streaming application is used that collects 10⁷ samples with a sampling interval of 32 nsecs. The duration of capture in each experiment lasts 0.3 secs with 64 data points based on 100 Hz signal.
 - **GPIO state replication**: Two implementations are considered, native and wasm





Raspberry Pi 4B (2GB), with Debian 10 (Buster) Kernel release and version: 4.19.71-rt24-v7I+ SMP PREEMPT RT WiringPi library v 2.52, Picoscope 3205D

Study #2: Performance Overhead Analysis



Benchmark Application Structure:

- Benchmark program should be deterministic.
- Three associated workloads: small, medium, large.
- Compiling, instantiating and executing the workload should be completed in order of seconds.
- Benchmark program should only import WASI functions.
- Input given through I/O and results reported through I/O.
- Repeated executions (25) for good statistical analyses.

Testbed Configuration:

- Linux kernel: 5.15.65-rt49 #1 SMP PREEMPT_RT
- Arch: x86_64
- OS: Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS
- CPU performance scaling using performance governor
- Processor: Core-i5
- RAM: 16 GB

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
67
          // SETUP
69
          statement 1;
70
          statement 2;
71
          statement 3;
72
73
            BENCHMARK
74
          bench start();
          for (int i = 0; i < ITERATIONS; i++) {
75
              bench program(parametes);
76
77
          bench end();
78
79
80
          // TEARDOWN
81
          statement 4;
82
          statement 5;
83
84
```

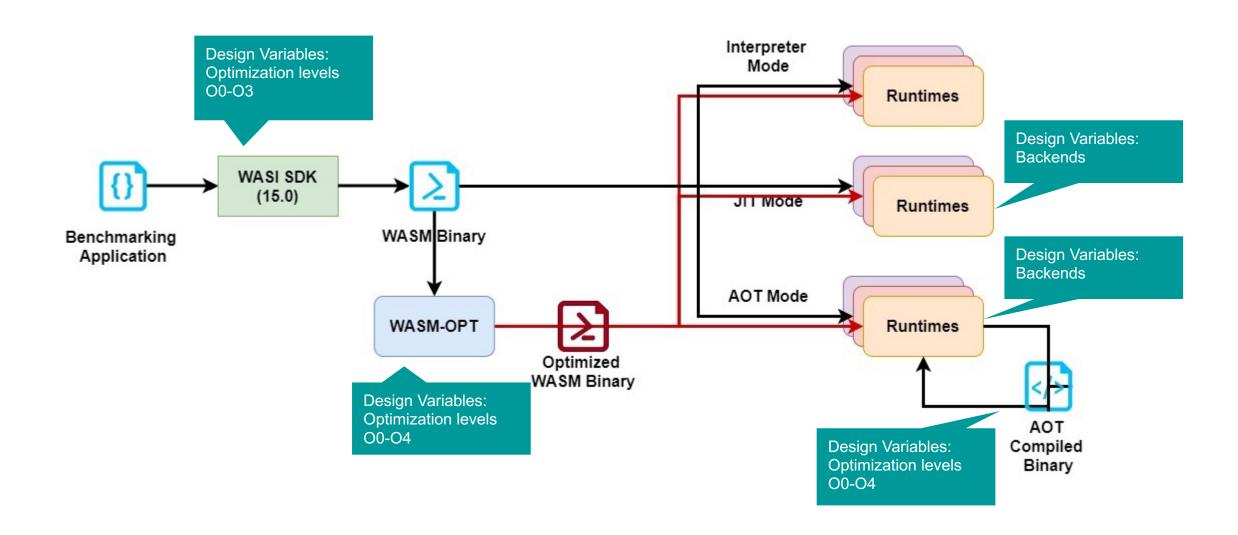
Study #2: Benchmarking Applications



Test	Matrix Multiplication	Memory Allocation	Travelling Salesperson	Merge Sort	Graph Traversal DFS	Inheritance
Description	Multiplies two square matrices	Allocate and de-allocate linear heap in a fixed pattern	Solves a travelling salesperson problem	Sorts a list using merge sort (statically defined)	Performs a DFS on a binary tree	Iterate over the inheritance tree
Input & Scale	Matrix Size 10x10 100x100 1000x1000	Allocation (initial heap) 110% 120% 130%	Distance Matrix 6x6 10x10 15x15	List 100 1000 10000	Graph Size 64 128 256	Inheritance Tree 5x5 10x10 15x15

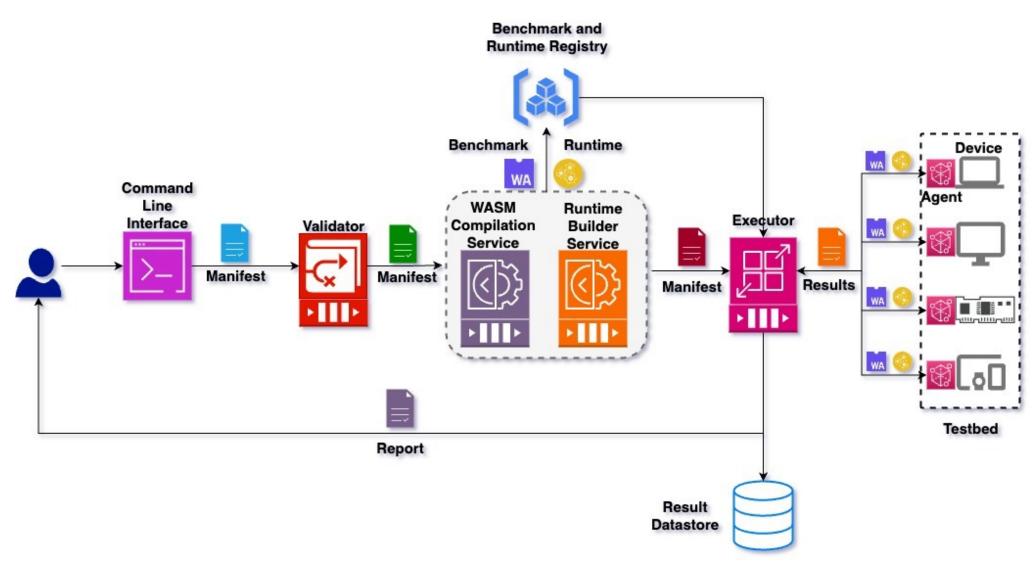
Study #2: Toolchain Overview & More Test Combinations





Moving forward: Performance Analysis as a Service





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