# In [8]: !pip install kaggle from google.colab import files files.upload()

Requirement already satisfied: kaggle in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1.5.3)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.25,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.22)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6 /dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.11.0)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/d ist-packages (from kaggle) (2019.3.9)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil in /usr/local/lib/pyt hon3.6/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.5.3)

Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.18.4)

Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from kaggle) (4.28.1)

Requirement already satisfied: python-slugify in /usr/local/lib/pyth on3.6/dist-packages (from kaggle) (3.0.1)

Requirement already satisfied: chardet<3.1.0,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/l ib/python3.6/dist-packages (from requests->kaggle) (3.0.4)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<2.7,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/pyth on3.6/dist-packages (from requests->kaggle) (2.6)

Requirement already satisfied: text-unidecode==1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from python-slugify->kaggle) (1.2)

### Choose Files no files selected

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.

Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json

```
In [10]: !mkdir -p ~/.kaggle
!cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/

# This permissions change avoids a warning on Kaggle tool startup.
!chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json

!kaggle datasets download -d pankajkarki/stackoverflow
!ls
```

Downloading stackoverflow.zip to /content 97% 465M/478M [00:16<00:00, 54.5MB/s] 100% 478M/478M [00:16<00:00, 30.9MB/s] kaggle.json sample\_data stackoverflow.zip

#### Archive: stackoverflow.zip inflating: Processed.db inflating: Titlemoreweight.db In [0]: import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore") import pandas as pd import sqlite3 import csv import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import numpy as np from wordcloud import WordCloud import re import os from sqlalchemy import create engine # database connection import datetime as dt from nltk.corpus import stopwords from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize from nltk.stem.snowball import SnowballStemmer from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier from sklearn.linear model import SGDClassifier from sklearn import metrics from sklearn.metrics import f1 score, precision score, recall score from sklearn import svm from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression from skmultilearn.adapt import MLkNN from skmultilearn.problem transform import ClassifierChain from skmultilearn.problem transform import BinaryRelevance from skmultilearn.problem transform import LabelPowerset from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB from datetime import datetime

#### In [6]: !pip install scikit-multilearn

In [11]: !unzip stackoverflow.zip

#### Collecting scikit-multilearn

Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/bb/1f/e6ff649c72a1cdf2c7a1d31eb21705110ce1c5d3e7e26b2cc300e1637272/scikit\_multilearn-0.2.0-py3-none-any.whl
(https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/bb/1f/e6ff649c72a1cdf2c7a1d31eb21705110ce1c5d3e7e26b2cc300e1637272/scikit\_multilearn-0.2.0-py3-none-any.whl) (89kB)

100% | 92kB 4.2MB/s
Installing collected packages: scikit-multilearn
Successfully installed scikit-multilearn-0.2.0

## **Stack Overflow: Tag Prediction**

## 1. Business Problem

## 1.1 Description

#### **Description**

Stack Overflow is the largest, most trusted online community for developers to learn, share their programming knowledge, and build their careers.

Stack Overflow is something which every programmer use one way or another. Each month, over 50 million developers come to Stack Overflow to learn, share their knowledge, and build their careers. It features questions and answers on a wide range of topics in computer programming. The website serves as a platform for users to ask and answer questions, and, through membership and active participation, to vote questions and answers up or down and edit questions and answers in a fashion similar to a wiki or Digg. As of April 2014 Stack Overflow has over 4,000,000 registered users, and it exceeded 10,000,000 questions in late August 2015. Based on the type of tags assigned to questions, the top eight most discussed topics on the site are: Java, JavaScript, C#, PHP, Android, jQuery, Python and HTML.

#### **Problem Statemtent**

Suggest the tags based on the content that was there in the question posted on Stackoverflow.

**Source:** <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/">https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/</a>)

## 1.2 Source / useful links

Data Source: https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/data

(https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/data)
Youtube: https://youtu.be/nNDqbUhtlRq)

Research paper : <a href="https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/wp-">https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/wp-</a>

content/uploads/2016/02/tagging-1.pdf (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/wp-

content/uploads/2016/02/tagging-1.pdf)

Research paper: https://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=2660970&dl=ACM&coll=DL

(https://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=2660970&dl=ACM&coll=DL)

## 1.3 Real World / Business Objectives and Constraints

- 1. Predict as many tags as possible with high precision and recall.
- 2. Incorrect tags could impact customer experience on StackOverflow.
- 3. No strict latency constraints.

## 2. Machine Learning problem

#### 2.1 Data

#### 2.1.1 Data Overview

Refer: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/data/">https://www.kaggle.com/c/facebook-recruiting-iii-keyword-extraction/data/</a>

All of the data is in 2 files: Train and Test.

```
Train.csv contains 4 columns: Id, Title, Body, Tags.
```

Test.csv contains the same columns but without the Tags, which you are to predict.

```
Size of Train.csv - 6.75GB
```

```
Size of Test.csv - 2GB
```

Number of rows in Train.csv = 6034195

The questions are randomized and contains a mix of verbose text sites as well as sites related to math and programming. The number of questions from each site may vary, and no filtering has been performed on the questions (such as closed questions).

#### **Data Field Explaination**

Dataset contains 6,034,195 rows. The columns in the table are:

```
Id - Unique identifier for each question
```

```
Title - The question's title
```

Body - The body of the question

Tags - The tags associated with the question in a space-sepera ted format (all lowercase, should not contain tabs ' $\t'$ ' or amp ersands '&')

### 2.1.2 Example Data point

```
Title: Implementing Boundary Value Analysis of Software Testi
```

ng in a C++ program?

Body:

```
#include<
        iostream>\n
        #include<
        stdlib.h>\n\n
        using namespace std; \n\n
        int main()\n
        {\n
                  int n,a[n],x,c,u[n],m[n],e[n][4];\n
                  cout<<"Enter the number of variables";\</pre>
          cin >> n; \n\
n
                  cout << "Enter the Lower, and Upper Limit
s of the variables"; \n
                  for(int y=1; y<n+1; y++)\n
                  \{ \n
                     cin >> m[y]; \n
                     cin>>u[y];\n
                  }\n
                  for(x=1; x< n+1; x++) n
                  \{ \n
                     a[x] = (m[x] + u[x])/2; \n
                  }\n
                  c=(n*4)-4; \n
                  for(int a1=1; a1<n+1; a1++)\n
                  {n n}
                     e[a1][0] = m[a1]; \n
                     e[a1][1] = m[a1]+1; \n
                     e[a1][2] = u[a1]-1;\n
                     e[a1][3] = u[a1]; \n
                  }\n
                  for(int i=1; i < n+1; i++)\n
                  {\n
                     for(int l=1; l<=i; l++)\n
                     {\n
                         if(1!=1)\n
                         {\n
                              cout<<a[1]<<"\\t";\n
                          } \ n
                     }\n
                     for(int j=0; j<4; j++)\n
                     {\n
                         cout<<e[i][j];\n
                         for(int k=0; k< n-(i+1); k++) n
                          {\n
                              cout<<a[k]<<"\\t";\n
```

 $n\n$ 

The answer should come in the form of a table like  $\n\$ 

1	50	50\n
2	50	50\n
99	50	50\n
100	50	50\n
50	1	50\n
50	2	50\n
50	99	50\n
50	100	50\n
50	50	1\n
50	50	2\n
50	50	99\n
50	50	100\n

 $\n\n$ 

```
if the no of inputs is 3 and their ranges are\n 1,100\n 1,100\n (could be varied too)
```

The output is not coming, can anyone correct the code or tell m e what\'s wrong? \n'

**Tags**: 'c++ c'

## 2.2 Mapping the real-world problem to a Machine Learning Problem

#### 2.2.1 Type of Machine Learning Problem

It is a multi-label classification problem

**Multi-label Classification**: Multilabel classification assigns to each sample a set of target labels. This can be thought as predicting properties of a data-point that are not mutually exclusive, such as topics that are relevant for a document. A question on Stackoverflow might be about any of C, Pointers, FilelO and/or memory-management at the same time or none of these.

**Credit**: <a href="http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/multiclass.html">http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/multiclass.html</a> (<a href="http://scikit-learn.org/sta

#### 2.2.2 Performance metric

**Micro-Averaged F1-Score (Mean F Score)**: The F1 score can be interpreted as a weighted average of the precision and recall, where an F1 score reaches its best value at 1 and worst score at 0. The relative contribution of precision and recall to the F1 score are equal. The formula for the F1 score is:

F1 = 2 (precision recall) / (precision + recall)

In the multi-class and multi-label case, this is the weighted average of the F1 score of each class.

#### 'Micro f1 score':

Calculate metrics globally by counting the total true positives, false negatives and false positives. This is a better metric when we have class imbalance.

#### 'Macro f1 score':

Calculate metrics for each label, and find their unweighted mean. This does not take label imbalance into account.

https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/MeanFScore (https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/MeanFScore)
http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.f1 score.html (http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.f1 score.html)

**Hamming loss**: The Hamming loss is the fraction of labels that are incorrectly predicted. <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/HammingLoss">https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/HammingLoss</a> (<a href="https://www.kaggle.com/wiki/HammingLoss">https

## 3. Exploratory Data Analysis

## 3.1 Data Loading and Cleaning

#### 3.1.1 Using Pandas with SQLite to Load the data

```
In [0]: #Creating db file from csv
#Learn SQL: https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp
if not os.path.isfile('train.db'):
    start = datetime.now()
    disk_engine = create_engine('sqlite:///train.db')
    start = dt.datetime.now()
    chunksize = 180000
    j = 0
    index_start = 1
    for df in pd.read_csv('Train.csv', names=['Id', 'Title', 'Body', 'df.index += index_start
        j+=1
        print('{} rows'.format(j*chunksize))
        df.to_sql('data', disk_engine, if_exists='append')
        index_start = df.index[-1] + 1
    print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
```

### 3.1.2 Counting the number of rows

```
In [0]: if os.path.isfile('train.db'):
    start = datetime.now()
    con = sqlite3.connect('train.db')
    num_rows = pd.read_sql_query("""SELECT count(*) FROM data""", con)
    #Always remember to close the database
    print("Number of rows in the database :","\n",num_rows['count(*)']
    con.close()
    print("Time taken to count the number of rows :", datetime.now() -
    else:
        print("Please download the train.db file from drive or run the abor

Number of rows in the database :
    6034196
Time taken to count the number of rows : 0:01:15.750352
```

## 3.1.3 Checking for duplicates

```
In [0]:
          #Learn SQl: https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp
          if os.path.isfile('train.db'):
              start = datetime.now()
              con = sqlite3.connect('train.db')
              df no dup = pd.read sql query('SELECT Title, Body, Tags, COUNT(*)
              con.close()
              print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
          else:
              print("Please download the train.db file from drive or run the fire
         Time taken to run this cell: 0:04:33.560122
In [0]:
         df no dup.head()
          # we can observe that there are duplicates
Out[6]:
                                   Title
                                                                       Body
                                                                                Tags cnt_dup
               Implementing Boundary Value
                                                                       <
          0
                                                                                C++C
                                                                                           1
                           Analysis of S...
                                       <code>#include&lt;iostream&gt;\n#include&...
                                                                                  C#
                 Dynamic Datagrid Binding in
                                                I should do binding for datagrid
                                                                            silverlight
                                                                                           1
                              Silverlight?
                                                                 dynamicall...
                                                                                data-
                                                                              binding
                                                                                  C#
                                                                             silverlight
                 Dynamic Datagrid Binding in
                                                I should do binding for datagrid
          2
                                                                                data-
                                                                                           1
                              Silverlight?
                                                                 dynamicall...
                                                                              binding
                                                                             columns
             java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError:
                                                     I followed the guide in <a
                                                                               jsp jstl
                                                                                           1
                                                              href="http://sta...
                             javax/serv...
                     java.sql.SQLException:
                                           I use the following code\n\n
                                                                             java jdbc
                                                                                           2
                     [Microsoft][ODBC Dri...
                                                                    <code>...
         print("number of duplicate questions :", num rows['count(*)'].values[0
In [0]:
         number of duplicate questions: 1827881 ( 30.2920389063 % )
In [0]:
          # number of times each question appeared in our database
          df no dup.cnt dup.value counts()
Out[8]:
         1
                2656284
          2
                1272336
          3
                 277575
          4
                      90
          5
                     25
          6
                       5
```

Name: cnt dup, dtype: int64

```
In [0]: start = datetime.now()
    df_no_dup["tag_count"] = df_no_dup["Tags"].apply(lambda text: len(text
    # adding a new feature number of tags per question
    print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
    df_no_dup.head()
```

Time taken to run this cell: 0:00:03.169523

	Time	taken to run this ce	11: 0:00:03.169523		
Out[9]:		Title	Body	Tags	cnt_dup
	0	Implementing Boundary Value Analysis of S	<pre><pre><code>#include&lt;iostream&gt;\n#include&amp;</code></pre></pre>	C++ C	1
	1	Dynamic Datagrid Binding in Silverlight?	I should do binding for datagrid dynamicall	c# silverlight data- binding	1
	2	Dynamic Datagrid Binding in Silverlight?	I should do binding for datagrid dynamicall	c# silverlight data- binding columns	1
	3 <sup>ja</sup>	va.lang.NoClassDefFoundError: javax/serv	I followed the guide in <a 'body',="" 'tags']="" columns="['Title'," href="http://sta&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;jsp jstl&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;1&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;4&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;java.sql.SQLException:&lt;br&gt;[Microsoft][ODBC Dri&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;I use the following code\n\n&lt;pre&gt;&lt;code&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;java jdbc&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;2&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;In [0]:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;stribution of number o_dup.tag_count.value&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Out[10]:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;3&lt;br&gt;2&lt;br&gt;4&lt;br&gt;1&lt;br&gt;5&lt;br&gt;Name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;1206157&lt;br&gt;1111706&lt;br&gt;814996&lt;br&gt;568298&lt;br&gt;505158&lt;br&gt;: tag_count, dtype: i&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;nt64&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;In [0]:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=7&gt;&lt;pre&gt;#Creating a new database with no duplicates if not os.path.isfile('train_no_dup.db'):     disk_dup = create_engine(" no_dup="pd.DataFrame(df_no_dup," no_dup.to_sql('no_dup_train',disk_dup)<="" pre="" sqlite:="" train_no_dup.db")=""></a>		

```
In [0]: #This method seems more appropriate to work with this much data.
        #creating the connection with database file.
        if os.path.isfile('train no dup.db'):
            start = datetime.now()
            con = sqlite3.connect('train_no_dup.db')
            tag data = pd.read sql query("""SELECT Tags FROM no dup train""",
            #Always remember to close the database
            con.close()
            # Let's now drop unwanted column.
            tag data.drop(tag data.index[0], inplace=True)
            #Printing first 5 columns from our data frame
            tag data.head()
            print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
        else:
            print("Please download the train.db file from drive or run the abo
```

Time taken to run this cell: 0:00:52.992676

## 3.2 Analysis of Tags

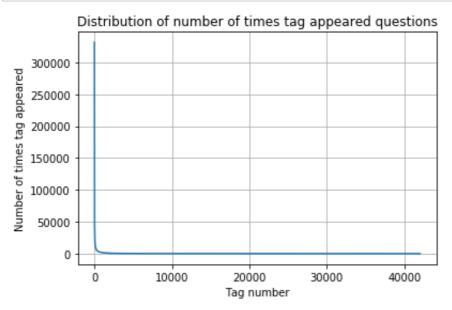
#### 3.2.1 Total number of unique tags

```
In [0]: # Importing & Initializing the "CountVectorizer" object, which
         #is scikit-learn's bag of words tool.
         #by default 'split()' will tokenize each tag using space.
         vectorizer = CountVectorizer(tokenizer = lambda x: x.split())
         # fit transform() does two functions: First, it fits the model
         # and learns the vocabulary; second, it transforms our training data
         # into feature vectors. The input to fit transform should be a list of
         tag dtm = vectorizer.fit transform(tag data['Tags'])
In [0]: print("Number of data points :", tag_dtm.shape[0])
         print("Number of unique tags :", tag dtm.shape[1])
         Number of data points : 4206314
         Number of unique tags: 42048
In [0]: #'get_feature_name()' gives us the vocabulary.
         tags = vectorizer.get_feature_names()
         #Lets look at the tags we have.
         print("Some of the tags we have :", tags[:10])
        Some of the tages we have : ['.a', '.app', '.asp.net-mvc', '.aspxaut h', '.bash-profile', '.class-file', '.cs-file', '.doc', '.drv', '.ds
         -store'l
```

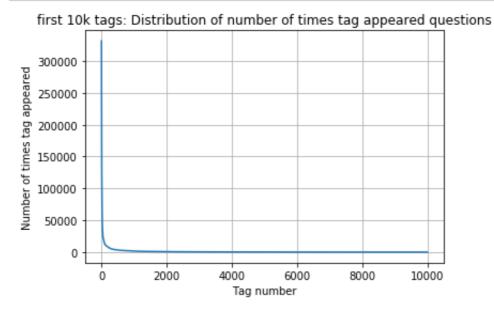
#### 3.2.3 Number of times a tag appeared

```
In [0]: # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/15115765/how-to-access-sparse-ma
         #Lets now store the document term matrix in a dictionary.
          freqs = tag dtm.sum(axis=0).A1
          result = dict(zip(tags, freqs))
 In [0]: #Saving this dictionary to csv files.
          if not os.path.isfile('tag counts dict dtm.csv'):
             with open('tag counts dict dtm.csv', 'w') as csv file:
                  writer = csv.writer(csv_file)
                  for key, value in result.items():
                      writer.writerow([key, value])
          tag df = pd.read csv("tag counts dict dtm.csv", names=['Tags', 'Counts
         tag_df.head()
Out[17]:
                  Tags Counts
                          18
                    .a
                  .app
                          37
          2 .asp.net-mvc
                          1
          3
                          21
               .aspxauth
            .bash-profile
                         138
 In [0]: tag_df_sorted = tag_df.sort_values(['Counts'], ascending=False)
         tag_counts = tag_df_sorted['Counts'].values
```

```
In [0]: plt.plot(tag_counts)
   plt.title("Distribution of number of times tag appeared questions")
   plt.grid()
   plt.xlabel("Tag number")
   plt.ylabel("Number of times tag appeared")
   plt.show()
```



```
In [0]: plt.plot(tag_counts[0:10000])
   plt.title('first 10k tags: Distribution of number of times tag appeared
   plt.grid()
   plt.xlabel("Tag number")
   plt.ylabel("Number of times tag appeared")
   plt.show()
   print(len(tag_counts[0:10000:25]), tag_counts[0:10000:25])
```

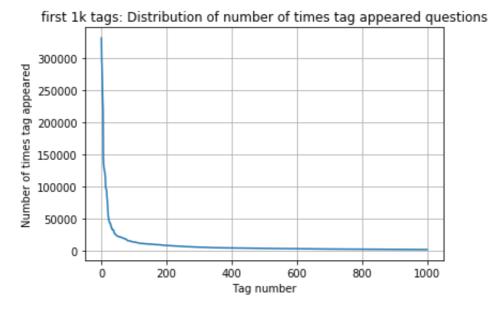


400 [331505 

93										
31	3453	3299	3123	2989	2891	2738	2647	2527	2431	23
73	2259	2186	2097	2020	1959	1900	1828	1770	1723	16
66	1631	1574	1532	1479	1448	1406	1365	1328	1300	12
	1245	1222	1197	1181	1158	1139	1121	1101	1076	10
56	1038	1023	1006	983	966	952	938	926	911	8
91	882	869	856	841	830	816	804	789	779	7
70	752	743	733	725	712	702	688	678	671	6
58	650	643	634	627	616	607	598	589	583	5
77	568	559	552	545	540	533	526	518	512	5
06	500	495	490	485	480	477	469	465	457	4
50	447	442	437	432	426	422	418	413	408	4
03	398	393	388	385	381	378	374	370	367	3
65	361	357	354	350	347	344	342	339	336	3
32	330	326	323	319	315	312	309	307	304	3
01										
76	299	296	293	291	289	286	284	281	278	2
54	275	272	270	268	265	262	260	258	256	2
36	252	250	249	247	245	243	241	239	238	2
19	234	233	232	230	228	226	224	222	220	2
03	217	215	214	212	210	209	207	205	204	2
89	201	200	199	198	196	194	193	192	191	1
77	188	186	185	183	182	181	180	179	178	1
	175	174	172	171	170	169	168	167	166	1
65	164	162	161	160	159	158	157	156	156	1
55	154	153	152	151	150	149	149	148	147	1
46	145	144	143	142	142	141	140	139	138	1
37	137	136	135	134	134	133	132	131	130	1
30										

	129	128	128	127	126	126	125	124	124	1
23	123	122	122	121	120	120	119	118	118	1
17	117	116	116	115	115	111	112	113	112	1
11	11/	116	110	115	115	114	113	113	112	1
06	111	110	109	109	108	108	107	106	106	1
	105	105	104	104	103	103	102	102	101	1
01	100	100	99	99	98	98	97	97	96	
96										
91	95	95	94	94	93	93	93	92	92	
86	91	90	90	89	89	88	88	87	87	
	86	86	85	85	84	84	83	83	83	
82	82	82	81	81	80	80	80	79	79	
78										
75	78	78	78	77	77	76	76	76	75	
	75	74	74	74	73	73	73	73	72	
72]										

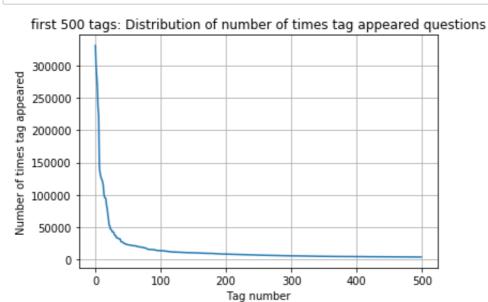
```
In [0]: plt.plot(tag_counts[0:1000])
   plt.title('first 1k tags: Distribution of number of times tag appeared
   plt.grid()
   plt.xlabel("Tag number")
   plt.ylabel("Number of times tag appeared")
   plt.show()
   print(len(tag_counts[0:1000:5]), tag_counts[0:1000:5])
```



200 [331505 221533 122769 

13364	13157	12407	11658	11228	11162	10863	10600	10350	102
24 10029	9884	9719	9411	9252	9148	9040	8617	8361	81
63	3004	9119	9411	9232	9140	3040	0017	0301	01
8054 53	7867	7702	7564	7274	7151	7052	6847	6656	65
6466	6291	6183	6093	5971	5865	5760	5577	5490	54
11 5370	5283	5207	5107	5066	4983	4891	4785	4658	45
49 4526	4487	4429	4335	4310	4281	4239	4228	4195	41
59 4144	4088	4050	4002	3957	3929	3874	3849	3818	37
97 3750	3703	3685	3658	3615	3593	3564	3521	3505	34
83 3453	3427	3396	3363	3326	3299	3272	3232	3196	31
68	3427	3370	3303	3320	3277	3272	3232	3170	31
3123 03	3094	3073	3050	3012	2989	2984	2953	2934	29
2891	2844	2819	2784	2754	2738	2726	2708	2681	26
69 2647	2621	2604	2594	2556	2527	2510	2482	2460	24
44									
2431 81	2409	2395	2380	2363	2331	2312	2297	2290	22
2259	2246	2222	2211	2198	2186	2162	2142	2132	21
07 2097	2078	2057	2045	2036	2020	2011	1994	1971	19
65 1959	1952	1940	1932	1912	1900	1879	1865	1855	18
41	1001	1012	1001	1702	1770	1760	1747	17/1	17
1828 34	1821	1813	1801	1782	1770	1760	1747	1741	17
1723 39]	1707	1697	1688	1683	1673	1665	1656	1646	16
•									

```
In [0]: plt.plot(tag_counts[0:500])
   plt.title('first 500 tags: Distribution of number of times tag appeared
   plt.grid()
   plt.xlabel("Tag number")
   plt.ylabel("Number of times tag appeared")
   plt.show()
   print(len(tag_counts[0:500:5]), tag_counts[0:500:5])
```

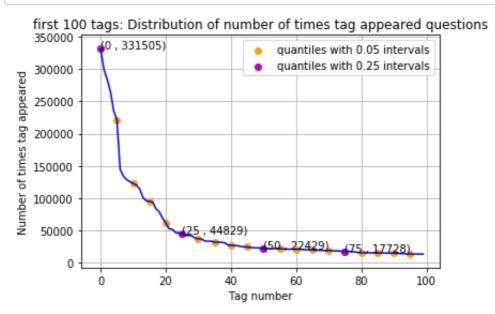


100 [331	505 221	533 122	769 95	160 62	023 44	829 37	170 31	897 26	925
24537									
22429	21820	20957	19758	18905	17728	15533	15097	14884	137
03									
13364	13157	12407	11658	11228	11162	10863	10600	10350	102
24									
10029	9884	9719	9411	9252	9148	9040	8617	8361	81
63									
8054	7867	7702	7564	7274	7151	7052	6847	6656	65
53									
6466	6291	6183	6093	5971	5865	5760	5577	5490	54
11									
5370	5283	5207	5107	5066	4983	4891	4785	4658	45
49									
4526	4487	4429	4335	4310	4281	4239	4228	4195	41
59									
4144	4088	4050	4002	3957	3929	3874	3849	3818	37
97									
3750	3703	3685	3658	3615	3593	3564	3521	3505	34
83]									

```
In [0]: plt.plot(tag_counts[0:100], c='b')
    plt.scatter(x=list(range(0,100,5)), y=tag_counts[0:100:5], c='orange',
    # quantiles with 0.25 difference
    plt.scatter(x=list(range(0,100,25)), y=tag_counts[0:100:25], c='m', lal

    for x,y in zip(list(range(0,100,25)), tag_counts[0:100:25]):
        plt.annotate(s="({} , {})".format(x,y), xy=(x,y), xytext=(x-0.05, y)

    plt.title('first 100 tags: Distribution of number of times tag appeared plt.grid()
    plt.xlabel("Tag number")
    plt.ylabel("Number of times tag appeared")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
    print(len(tag_counts[0:100:5]), tag_counts[0:100:5])
```



20 [331505 221533 122769 

```
In [0]: # Store tags greater than 10K in one list
lst_tags_gt_10k = tag_df[tag_df.Counts>10000].Tags
#Print the length of the list
print ('{} Tags are used more than 10000 times'.format(len(lst_tags_gt)
# Store tags greater than 100K in one list
lst_tags_gt_100k = tag_df[tag_df.Counts>100000].Tags
#Print the length of the list.
print ('{} Tags are used more than 100000 times'.format(len(lst_tags_gr)
```

153 Tags are used more than 10000 times 14 Tags are used more than 100000 times

#### **Observations:**

- 1. There are total 153 tags which are used more than 10000 times.
- 2. 14 tags are used more than 100000 times.
- 3. Most frequent tag (i.e. c#) is used 331505 times.
- 4. Since some tags occur much more frequenctly than others, Micro-averaged F1-score is the appropriate metric for this probelm.

#### 3.2.4 Tags Per Question

```
In [0]: #Storing the count of tag in each question in list 'tag_count'
    tag_quest_count = tag_dtm.sum(axis=1).tolist()
    #Converting list of lists into single list, we will get [[3], [4], [2]]
    tag_quest_count=[int(j) for i in tag_quest_count for j in i]
    print ('We have total {} datapoints.'.format(len(tag_quest_count)))

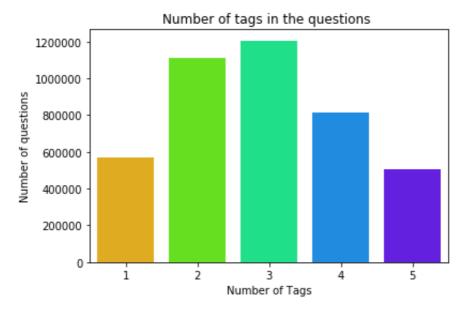
    print(tag_quest_count[:5])

We have total 4206314 datapoints.
    [3, 4, 2, 2, 3]

In [0]: print( "Maximum number of tags per question: %d"%max(tag_quest_count))
    print( "Minimum number of tags per question: %d"%min(tag_quest_count))
    print( "Avg. number of tags per question: %f"% ((sum(tag_quest_count)*

    Maximum number of tags per question: 5
    Minimum number of tags per question: 1
    Avg. number of tags per question: 2.899440
```

```
In [0]: sns.countplot(tag_quest_count, palette='gist_rainbow')
   plt.title("Number of tags in the questions ")
   plt.xlabel("Number of Tags")
   plt.ylabel("Number of questions")
   plt.show()
```

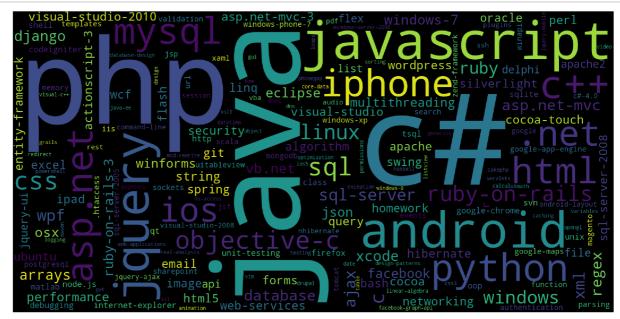


#### **Observations:**

- 1. Maximum number of tags per question: 5
- 2. Minimum number of tags per question: 1
- 3. Avg. number of tags per question: 2.899
- 4. Most of the questions are having 2 or 3 tags

### 3.2.5 Most Frequent Tags

```
In [0]: # Ploting word cloud
        start = datetime.now()
        # Lets first convert the 'result' dictionary to 'list of tuples'
        tup = dict(result.items())
        #Initializing WordCloud using frequencies of tags.
        wordcloud = WordCloud(
                                   background color='black',
                                   width=1600,
                                   height=800,
                             ).generate from frequencies(tup)
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(30,20))
        plt.imshow(wordcloud)
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.tight_layout(pad=0)
        fig.savefig("tag.png")
        plt.show()
        print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
```



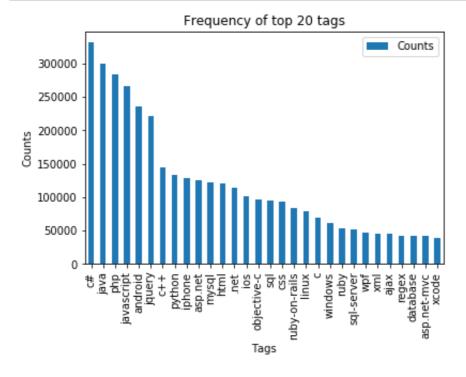
Time taken to run this cell: 0:00:05.470788

#### **Observations:**

A look at the word cloud shows that "c#", "java", "php", "asp.net", "javascript", "c++" are some of the most frequent tags.

### 3.2.6 The top 20 tags

```
In [0]: i=np.arange(30)
    tag_df_sorted.head(30).plot(kind='bar')
    plt.title('Frequency of top 20 tags')
    plt.xticks(i, tag_df_sorted['Tags'])
    plt.xlabel('Tags')
    plt.ylabel('Counts')
    plt.show()
```



#### **Observations:**

- 1. Majority of the most frequent tags are programming language.
- 2. C# is the top most frequent programming language.
- 3. Android, IOS, Linux and windows are among the top most frequent operating systems.

#### 3.3 Cleaning and preprocessing of Questions

#### 3.3.1 Preprocessing

- 1. Sample 1M data points
- 2. Separate out code-snippets from Body
- 3. Remove Spcial characters from Question title and description (not in code)
- 4. Remove stop words (Except 'C')
- 5. Remove HTML Tags
- 6. Convert all the characters into small letters
- 7. Use SnowballStemmer to stem the words

```
In [0]: def striphtml(data):
    cleanr = re.compile('<.*?>')
    cleantext = re.sub(cleanr, ' ', str(data))
    return cleantext
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
```

```
In [0]: #http://www.sqlitetutorial.net/sqlite-python/create-tables/
        def create connection(db file):
             """ create a database connection to the SQLite database
                 specified by db file
             :param db file: database file
             :return: Connection object or None
             \Pi \cap \Pi \cap \Pi
             try:
                 conn = sqlite3.connect(db file)
                 return conn
             except Error as e:
                 print(e)
             return None
        def create table(conn, create table sql):
             """ create a table from the create_table_sql statement
             :param conn: Connection object
             :param create table sql: a CREATE TABLE statement
             :return:
             0.00
             try:
                 c = conn.cursor()
                 c.execute(create_table_sql)
             except Error as e:
                 print(e)
        def checkTableExists(dbcon):
            cursr = dbcon.cursor()
             str = "select name from sqlite master where type='table'"
             table names = cursr.execute(str)
             print("Tables in the databse:")
             tables =table names.fetchall()
             print(tables[0][0])
             return(len(tables))
        def create_database_table(database, query):
             conn = create connection(database)
             if conn is not None:
                 create table(conn, query)
                 checkTableExists(conn)
             else:
                 print("Error! cannot create the database connection.")
             conn.close()
        sql create table = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS QuestionsProcessed (q
        create_database_table("Processed.db", sql create table)
```

Tables in the databse:
OuestionsProcessed

```
In [0]: # http://www.sqlitetutorial.net/sqlite-delete/
        # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2279706/select-random-row-from-a
        start = datetime.now()
        read_db = 'train_no_dup.db'
        write db = 'Processed.db'
        if os.path.isfile(read db):
            conn r = create connection(read db)
            if conn r is not None:
                reader =conn r.cursor()
                reader.execute("SELECT Title, Body, Tags From no dup train ORD)
        if os.path.isfile(write_db):
            conn w = create connection(write db)
            if conn w is not None:
                tables = checkTableExists(conn w)
                writer =conn w.cursor()
                if tables != 0:
                    writer.execute("DELETE FROM QuestionsProcessed WHERE 1")
                    print("Cleared All the rows")
        print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
```

Tables in the databse:
QuestionsProcessed
Cleared All the rows
Time taken to run this cell: 0:06:32.806567

#### we create a new data base to store the sampled and preprocessed questions

```
In [0]: #http://www.bernzilla.com/2008/05/13/selecting-a-random-row-from-an-sq.
        start = datetime.now()
        preprocessed data list=[]
        reader.fetchone()
        questions with code=0
        len pre=0
        len post=0
        questions processed = 0
        for row in reader:
            is code = 0
            title, question, tags = row[0], row[1], row[2]
            if '<code>' in question:
                questions_with_code+=1
                 is code = 1
            x = len(question) + len(title)
            len pre+=x
            code = str(re.findall(r'<code>(.*?)</code>', question, flags=re.DO'
            question=re.sub('<code>(.*?)</code>', '', question, flags=re.MULTI
```

question=striphtml(question.encode('utf-8'))

```
title=title.encode('utf-8')
            question=str(title)+" "+str(question)
            question=re.sub(r'[^A-Za-z]+',' ',question)
            words=word tokenize(str(question.lower()))
            #Removing all single letter and and stopwords from question except
            question=' '.join(str(stemmer.stem(j)) for j in words if j not in s
            len post+=len(question)
            tup = (question,code,tags,x,len(question),is code)
            questions processed += 1
            writer.execute("insert into QuestionsProcessed(question,code,tags,
            if (questions processed%100000==0):
                print("number of questions completed=",questions proccesed)
        no_dup_avg_len_pre=(len pre*1.0)/questions proccesed
        no dup avg len post=(len post*1.0)/questions proccesed
        print( "Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) before processing: %d"%no
        print( "Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) after processing: %d"%no
        print ("Percent of questions containing code: %d"%((questions with code
        print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
        number of questions completed= 100000
        number of questions completed= 200000
        number of questions completed= 300000
        number of questions completed= 400000
        number of questions completed= 500000
        number of questions completed= 600000
        number of questions completed= 700000
        number of questions completed= 800000
        number of questions completed= 900000
        Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) before processing: 1169
        Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) after processing: 327
        Percent of questions containing code: 57
        Time taken to run this cell: 0:47:05.946582
In [0]: # dont forget to close the connections, or else you will end up with 1
        conn r.commit()
        conn w.commit()
        conn_r.close()
        conn w.close()
In [0]: if os.path.isfile(write_db):
            conn r = create connection(write db)
            if conn r is not None:
                reader =conn r.cursor()
                reader.execute("SELECT question From QuestionsProcessed LIMIT
                print("Questions after preprocessed")
```

```
print('='*100)
    reader.fetchone()
    for row in reader:
        print(row)
        print('-'*100)
    conn_r.commit()
    conn_r.close()
```

Questions after preprocessed

\_\_\_\_\_\_

('ef code first defin one mani relationship differ key troubl defin one zero mani relationship entiti ef object model look like use flue nt api object composit pk defin batch id batch detail id use fluent

api object composit pk defin batch detail id compani id map exist da tabas tpt basic idea submittedtransact zero mani submittedsplittrans act associ navig realli need one way submittedtransact submittedsplittransact need dbcontext class onmodelcr overrid map class lazi load occur submittedtransact submittedsplittransact help would much appre ci edit taken advic made follow chang dbcontext class ad follow onmo delcr overrid must miss someth get follow except thrown submittedtransact key batch id batch detail id zero one mani submittedsplittransact key batch detail id compani id rather assum convent creat relationship two object configur requir sinc obvious wrong',)

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

('explan new statement review section c code came accross statement block come accross new oper use way someon explain new call way',)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

('error function notat function solv logic riddl iloczyni list struc tur list possibl candid solut list possibl coordin matrix wan na cho os one candid compar possibl candid element equal wan na delet coord in call function skasuj look like ni knowledg haskel cant see what w rong',)

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

('step plan move one isp anoth one work busi plan switch isp realli soon need chang lot inform dns wan wan wifi question guy help mayb p eopl plan correct chang current isp new one first dns know receiv ne w ip isp major chang need take consider exchang server owa vpn two s ite link wireless connect km away citrix server vmware exchang domain control link place import server crucial step inform need know avoid downtim busi regard ndavid',)

-----

-----

('use ef migrat creat databas googl migrat tutori af first run appli c creat databas ef enabl migrat way creat databas migrat rune applic tri',)

-----

('magento unit test problem magento site recent look way check integ r magento site given point unit test jump one method would assum wou ld big job write whole lot test check everyth site work anyon involv

unit test magento advis follow possibl test whole site custom modul nis exampl test would amaz given site heavili link databas would nbe possibl fulli test site without disturb databas better way automatic lli check integr magento site say integr realli mean fault site ship payment etc work correct',)

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

('find network devic without bonjour write mac applic need discov mac pcs iphon ipad connect wifi network bonjour seem reason choic turn problem mani type router mine exampl work block bonjour servic need find ip devic tri connect applic specif port determin process run be st approach accomplish task without violat app store sandbox',)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

-----

('send multipl row mysql databas want send user mysql databas column user skill time nnow want abl add one row user differ time etc would code send databas nthen use help schema',)

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

('insert data mysql php powerpoint event powerpoint present run cont inu way updat slide present automat data mysql databas websit',)

\_\_\_\_\_

In [0]: preprocessed\_data.head()

Out[47]:

	question	tags
0	resiz root window tkinter resiz root window re	python tkinter
1	ef code first defin one mani relationship diff	entity-framework-4.1
2	explan new statement review section c code cam	C++
3	error function notat function solv logic riddl	haskell logic
4	step plan move one isp anoth one work busi pla	dns isp

```
In [0]: print("number of data points in sample :", preprocessed_data.shape[0])
    print("number of dimensions :", preprocessed_data.shape[1])
```

```
number of data points in sample : 999999
number of dimensions : 2
```

## 4. Machine Learning Models

## 4.1 Converting tags for multilabel problems

```
    X
    y1
    y2
    y3
    y4

    x1
    0
    1
    1
    0

    x1
    1
    0
    0
    0

    x1
    0
    1
    0
    0
```

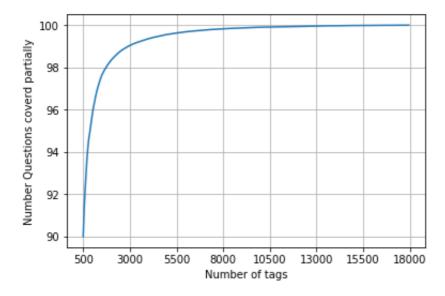
```
In [0]: # binary='true' will give a binary vectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(tokenizer = lambda x: x.split(), binary='-
multilabel_y = vectorizer.fit_transform(preprocessed_data['tags'])
```

We will sample the number of tags instead considering all of them (due to limitation of computing power)

```
In [0]: def tags_to_choose(n):
    t = multilabel_y.sum(axis=0).tolist()[0]
    sorted_tags_i = sorted(range(len(t)), key=lambda i: t[i], reverse=:
    multilabel_yn=multilabel_y[:,sorted_tags_i[:n]]
    return multilabel_yn

def questions_explained_fn(n):
    multilabel_yn = tags_to_choose(n)
    x= multilabel_yn.sum(axis=1)
    return (np.count_nonzero(x==0))
```

```
In [0]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.plot(questions_explained)
    xlabel = list(500+np.array(range(-50,450,50))*50)
    ax.set_xticklabels(xlabel)
    plt.xlabel("Number of tags")
    plt.ylabel("Number Questions coverd partially")
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
    # you can choose any number of tags based on your computing power, min.
    print("with ",5500,"tags we are covering ",questions_explained[50],"%
```



with 5500 tags we are covering 99.04 % of questions

```
In [0]: multilabel_yx = tags_to_choose(5500)
    print("number of questions that are not covered :", questions_explained
    number of questions that are not covered : 9599 out of 999999

In [0]: print("Number of tags in sample :", multilabel_y.shape[1])
    print("number of tags taken :", multilabel_yx.shape[1],"(",(multilabel_ymber of tags in sample : 35422
    number of tags taken : 5500 ( 15.527073570097679 %)
```

We consider top 15% tags which covers 99% of the questions

## 4.2 Split the data into test and train (80:20)

```
In [0]: total_size=preprocessed_data.shape[0]
    train_size=int(0.80*total_size)

    x_train=preprocessed_data.head(train_size)
    x_test=preprocessed_data.tail(total_size - train_size)

    y_train = multilabel_yx[0:train_size,:]
    y_test = multilabel_yx[train_size:total_size,:]

In [0]: print("Number of data points in train data :", y_train.shape)
```

```
print("Number of data points in test data:", y_test.shape)
```

```
Number of data points in train data: (799999, 5500)
Number of data points in test data: (200000, 5500)
```

## 4.3 Featurizing data

Time taken to run this cell: 0:09:50.460431

```
In [0]: print("Dimensions of train data X:",x_train_multilabel.shape, "Y:",y_
print("Dimensions of test data X:",x_test_multilabel.shape, "Y:",y_test
```

Diamensions of train data X: (799999, 88244) Y: (799999, 5500) Diamensions of test data X: (200000, 88244) Y: (200000, 5500)

```
In [0]: # https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2017/08/introduction-to-multi-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-leading-l
                           #https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/117796/scikit-multi-label-c
                           # classifier = LabelPowerset(GaussianNB())
                           from skmultilearn.adapt import MLkNN
                           classifier = MLkNN(k=21)
                          # train
                          classifier.fit(x train multilabel, y train)
                          # predict
                          predictions = classifier.predict(x test multilabel)
                          print(accuracy score(y test,predictions))
                          print(metrics.fl score(y test, predictions, average = 'macro'))
                           print(metrics.fl score(y test, predictions, average = 'micro'))
                          print(metrics.hamming loss(y test,predictions))
                           # we are getting memory error because the multilearn package
                           # is trying to convert the data into dense matrix
                           # -----
                           #MemoryError
                                                                                                                                                                  Traceback (most recent call
                           #<ipython-input-170-f0e7c7f3e0be> in <module>()
                           #---> classifier.fit(x train multilabel, y train)
```

Out[92]: "\nfrom skmultilearn.adapt import MLkNN\nclassifier = MLkNN(k=21)\n\
 n# train\nclassifier.fit(x\_train\_multilabel, y\_train)\n\n# predict\n
 predictions = classifier.predict(x\_test\_multilabel)\nprint(accuracy\_
 score(y\_test,predictions))\nprint(metrics.fl\_score(y\_test, predictions,
 average = 'macro'))\nprint(metrics.fl\_score(y\_test, predictions,
 average = 'micro'))\nprint(metrics.hamming\_loss(y\_test,predictions))
 \n\n"

## 4.4 Applying Logistic Regression with OneVsRest Classifier

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.62	0.23	0.33	15760
1	0.79	0.43	0.56	14039
2	0.82	0.55	0.66	13446
3	0.76	0.42	0.54	12730
4	0.94	0.76	0.84	11229
5	0.85	0.64	0.73	10561
6	0.70	0.30	0.42	6958
7	0.87	0.61	0.72	6309
8	0.70	0.40	0.50	6032
9	0.78	0.43	0.55	6020
10	0.86	0.62	0.72	5707
11	0.52	0.17	0.25	5723
	^ ==	^ 1^	^ 10	

```
In [0]: from sklearn.externals import joblib
joblib.dump(classifier, 'lr_with_equal_weight.pkl')
```

## 4.5 Modeling with less data points (0.5M data points) and more weight to title and 500 tags only.

```
In [0]: sql_create_table = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS QuestionsProcessed (questionsProcessed (ques
```

Tables in the databse: OuestionsProcessed

```
In [0]: # http://www.sqlitetutorial.net/sqlite-delete/
        # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2279706/select-random-row-from-a
        read_db = 'train_no_dup.db'
        write db = 'Titlemoreweight.db'
        train datasize = 400000
        if os.path.isfile(read db):
            conn r = create connection(read db)
            if conn r is not None:
                reader =conn r.cursor()
                # for selecting first 0.5M rows
                reader.execute("SELECT Title, Body, Tags From no dup train LIM
                # for selecting random points
                #reader.execute("SELECT Title, Body, Tags From no dup train OR
        if os.path.isfile(write db):
            conn w = create connection(write db)
            if conn w is not None:
                tables = checkTableExists(conn w)
                writer =conn_w.cursor()
                if tables != 0:
                    writer.execute("DELETE FROM QuestionsProcessed WHERE 1")
                    print("Cleared All the rows")
```

Tables in the databse: QuestionsProcessed Cleared All the rows

#### 4.5.1 Preprocessing of questions

- 1. Separate Code from Body
- 2. Remove Spcial characters from Question title and description (not in code)
- 3. Give more weightage to title: Add title three times to the question
- 4. Remove stop words (Except 'C')
- 5. Remove HTML Tags
- 6. Convert all the characters into small letters
- 7. Use SnowballStemmer to stem the words

```
In [0]: #http://www.bernzilla.com/2008/05/13/selecting-a-random-row-from-an-sq.
start = datetime.now()
preprocessed_data_list=[]
reader.fetchone()
questions_with_code=0
len_pre=0
len_pre=0
len_post=0
questions_proccesed = 0
for row in reader:
    is_code = 0
```

```
title, question, tags = row[0], row[1], str(row[2])
    if '<code>' in question:
        questions with code+=1
        is code = 1
    x = len(question) + len(title)
    len pre+=x
    code = str(re.findall(r'<code>(.*?)</code>', question, flags=re.DO'
    question=re.sub('<code>(.*?)</code>', '', question, flags=re.MULTI
    question=striphtml(question.encode('utf-8'))
    title=title.encode('utf-8')
    # adding title three time to the data to increase its weight
    # add tags string to the training data
    question=str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+question
#
      if questions processed <= train datasize:
          question=str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+questi
#
#
      else:
          question=str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+str(title)+" "+questi
    question=re.sub(r' [^A-Za-z0-9#+..]+', ' ', question)
    words=word tokenize(str(question.lower()))
    #Removing all single letter and and stopwords from question except
    question=' '.join(str(stemmer.stem(j)) for j in words if j not in ;
    len post+=len(question)
    tup = (question,code,tags,x,len(question),is code)
    questions processed += 1
    writer.execute("insert into QuestionsProcessed(question,code,tags,
    if (questions processed%100000==0):
        print("number of questions completed=",questions proccesed)
no dup avg len pre=(len pre*1.0)/questions proccesed
no dup avg len post=(len post*1.0)/questions proccesed
print( "Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) before processing: %d"%no
print( "Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) after processing: %d"%no (
print ("Percent of questions containing code: %d"%((questions_with_code
print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
number of questions completed= 100000
number of questions completed= 200000
number of questions completed= 300000
number of questions completed= 400000
number of questions completed= 500000
Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) before processing: 1239
```

```
Avg. length of questions(Title+Body) after processing: 424 Percent of questions containing code: 57 Time taken to run this cell: 0:23:12.329039
```

```
In [0]: # never forget to close the conections or else we will end up with date
conn_r.commit()
conn_w.commit()
conn_r.close()
conn_w.close()
```

#### Sample quesitons after preprocessing of data

```
In [0]: if os.path.isfile(write_db):
    conn_r = create_connection(write_db)
    if conn_r is not None:
        reader =conn_r.cursor()
        reader.execute("SELECT question From QuestionsProcessed LIMIT
        print("Questions after preprocessed")
        print('='*100)
        reader.fetchone()
        for row in reader:
            print(row)
            print('-'*100)
        conn_r.commit()
        conn_r.close()
```

Questions after preprocessed

\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

('dynam datagrid bind silverlight dynam datagrid bind silverlight dy nam datagrid bind silverlight bind datagrid dynam code wrote code de bug code block seem bind correct grid come column form come grid col umn although necessari bind nthank repli advance..',)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

.\_\_\_\_

('java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet jsp tagext taglibrary valid java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet jsp tagext taglib raryvalid java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet jsp tagext ta glibraryvalid follow guid link instal jstl got follow error tri laun ch jsp page java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet jsp tagext taglibraryvalid taglib declar instal jstl 1.1 tomcat webapp tri proj ect work also tri version 1.2 jstl still messag caus solv',)

-----

-----

('java.sql.sqlexcept microsoft odbc driver manag invalid descriptor index java.sql.sqlexcept microsoft odbc driver manag invalid descriptor index java.sql.sqlexcept microsoft odbc driver manag invalid descriptor index use follow code display caus solv',)

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

('better way updat feed fb php sdk better way updat feed fb php sdk better way updat feed fb php sdk novic facebook api read mani tutori

still confused. I find post feed apt method fike coffect second way use curl someth like way better',)

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

('btnadd click event open two window record ad btnadd click event op en two window record ad btnadd click event open two window record ad open window search.aspx use code hav add button search.aspx nwhen in sert record btnadd click event open anoth window nafter insert record close window',)

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

('sql inject issu prevent correct form submiss php sql inject issu prevent correct form submiss php sql inject issu prevent correct form submiss php check everyth think make sure input field safe type sql

inject good news safe bad news one tag mess form submiss place even touch life figur exact html use templat file forgiv okay entir php s cript get execut see data post none forum field post problem use som eth titl field none data get post current use print post see submit noth work flawless statement though also mention script work flawles s local machin use host come across problem state list input test me ss',)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

('countabl subaddit lebesgu measur countabl subaddit lebesgu measur countabl subaddit lebesgu measur let lbrace rbrace sequenc set sigma -algebra mathcal want show left bigcup right leq sum left right coun tabl addit measur defin set sigma algebra mathcal think use monoton properti somewher proof start appreci littl help nthank ad han answe r make follow addit construct given han answer clear bigcup bigcup c ap emptyset neq left bigcup right left bigcup right sum left right a lso construct subset monoton left right leq left right final would s um leq sum result follow',)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

('hql equival sql queri hql equival sql queri hql equival sql queri hql queri replac name class properti name error occur hql error',)

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

('undefin symbol architectur i386 objc class skpsmtpmessag referenc error undefin symbol architectur i386 objc class skpsmtpmessag refer enc error undefin symbol architectur i386 objc class skpsmtpmessag r eferenc error import framework send email applic background import f ramework i.e skpsmtpmessag somebodi suggest get error collect2 ld re turn exit status import framework correct sorc taken framework follo w mfmailcomposeviewcontrol question lock field updat answer drag drop folder project click copi nthat',)

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

#### Saving Preprocessed data to a Database

```
In [0]: #Taking 0.5 Million entries to a dataframe.
        write db = 'Titlemoreweight.db'
        if os.path.isfile(write db):
            conn r = create connection(write db)
            if conn r is not None:
                 preprocessed data = pd.read sql query("""SELECT question, Tags
        conn r.commit()
        conn_r.close()
```

In [0]: preprocessed data.head()

Out[100]:

question tags

- **0** dynam datagrid bind silverlight dynam datagrid... c# silverlight data-binding
- 1 dynam datagrid bind silverlight dynam datagrid... c# silverlight data-binding columns
- 2 java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet j... isp istl
- 3 java.sql.sqlexcept microsoft odbc driver manag... java jdbc
- 4 better way updat feed fb php sdk better way up... facebook api facebook-php-sdk

```
In [0]: print("number of data points in sample :", preprocessed_data.shape[0])
        print("number of dimensions :", preprocessed_data.shape[1])
```

```
number of data points in sample : 500000
number of dimensions: 2
```

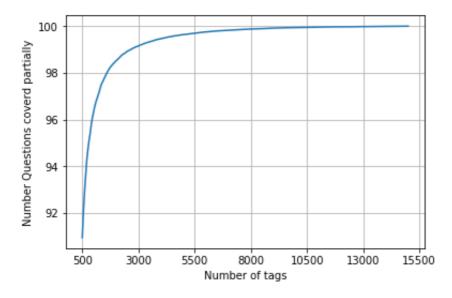
#### Converting string Tags to multilable output variables

```
In [0]: vectorizer = CountVectorizer(tokenizer = lambda x: x.split(), binary='
        multilabel y = vectorizer.fit transform(preprocessed data['tags'])
```

#### **Selecting 500 Tags**

```
In [0]: questions explained = []
        total tags=multilabel y.shape[1]
        total qs=preprocessed data.shape[0]
        for i in range(500, total tags, 100):
            questions_explained.append(np.round(((total_qs-questions_explained
```

```
In [0]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.plot(questions_explained)
    xlabel = list(500+np.array(range(-50,450,50))*50)
    ax.set_xticklabels(xlabel)
    plt.xlabel("Number of tags")
    plt.ylabel("Number Questions coverd partially")
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
    # you can choose any number of tags based on your computing power, min.
    print("with ",5500,"tags we are covering ",questions_explained[50],"% of
```



with 5500 tags we are covering 99.157 % of questions with 500 tags we are covering 90.956 % of questions

```
In [0]: # we will be taking 500 tags
multilabel_yx = tags_to_choose(500)
print("number of questions that are not covered :", questions_explained
```

number of questions that are not covered: 45221 out of 500000

```
In [0]: x_train=preprocessed_data.head(train_datasize)
    x_test=preprocessed_data.tail(preprocessed_data.shape[0] - 400000)

y_train = multilabel_yx[0:train_datasize,:]
    y_test = multilabel_yx[train_datasize:preprocessed_data.shape[0],:]
```

```
In [0]: print("Number of data points in train data :", y_train.shape)
    print("Number of data points in test data :", y_test.shape)
```

Number of data points in train data: (400000, 500) Number of data points in test data: (100000, 500)

#### 4.5.2 Featurizing data with Tfldf vectorizer

#### 4.5.3 Applying Logistic Regression with OneVsRest Classifier

```
In [0]: start = datetime.now()
          classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SGDClassifier(loss='log', alpha=0.000
          classifier.fit(x train multilabel, y train)
          predictions = classifier.predict (x test multilabel)
          print("Accuracy :", metrics.accuracy score(y test, predictions))
          print("Hamming loss ", metrics.hamming loss(y test, predictions))
          precision = precision score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
          recall = recall score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
          f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
          print("Micro-average quality numbers")
          print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p)
          precision = precision_score(y_test, predictions, average='macro')
          recall = recall score(y test, predictions, average='macro')
          f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions, average='macro')
          print("Macro-average quality numbers")
          print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p)
          print (metrics.classification_report(y_test, predictions))
          print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
          Accuracy : 0.23623
          Hamming loss 0.00278088
          Micro-average quality numbers
          Precision: 0.7216, Recall: 0.3256, F1-measure: 0.4488
          Macro-average quality numbers
          Precision: 0.5473, Recall: 0.2572, F1-measure: 0.3339
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                     0
                             0.94
                                       0.64
                                                 0.76
                                                            5519
                     1
                             0.69
                                       0.26
                                                 0.38
                                                            8190
                     2
                             0.81
                                       0.37
                                                 0.51
                                                            6529
                     3
                             0.81
                                       0.43
                                                 0.56
                                                            3231
                                       0.40
                                                 0.54
                     4
                             0.81
                                                            6430
                     5
                             0.82
                                       0.33
                                                 0.47
                                                            2879
                     6
                             0.87
                                       0.50
                                                 0.63
                                                            5086
                     7
                                                            4533
                             0.87
                                       0.54
                                                 0.67
                     8
                             0.60
                                       0.13
                                                 0.22
                                                            3000
                     9
                             0.81
                                       0.53
                                                 0.64
                                                            2765
                    10
                             0.59
                                       0.17
                                                 0.26
                                                            3051
  In [0]: joblib.dump(classifier, 'lr with more title weight.pkl')
Out[113]: ['Ir with more title weight.pkl']
```

```
In [0]: start = datetime.now()
        classifier 2 = OneVsRestClassifier(LogisticRegression(penalty='l1'), n
        classifier 2.fit(x train multilabel, y train)
        predictions 2 = classifier 2.predict(x test multilabel)
        print("Accuracy :", metrics.accuracy score(y test, predictions 2))
        print("Hamming loss ", metrics.hamming loss(y test, predictions 2))
        precision = precision score(y test, predictions 2, average='micro')
        recall = recall score(y test, predictions 2, average='micro')
        f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions 2, average='micro')
        print("Micro-average quality numbers")
        print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p)
        precision = precision score(y test, predictions 2, average='macro')
        recall = recall_score(y_test, predictions_2, average='macro')
        f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions 2, average='macro')
        print("Macro-average quality numbers")
        print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p:
        print (metrics.classification report(y test, predictions 2))
        print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
        Accuracy : 0.25108
        Hamming loss 0.00270302
        Micro-average quality numbers
        Precision: 0.7172, Recall: 0.3672, F1-measure: 0.4858
        Macro-average quality numbers
        Precision: 0.5570, Recall: 0.2950, F1-measure: 0.3710
                     precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                      support
                  0
                           0.94
                                     0.72
                                               0.82
                                                         5519
                           0.70
                  1
                                     0.34
                                               0.45
                                                         8190
                           0.80
                                               0.55
                  2
                                     0.42
                                                         6529
                  3
                           0.82
                                     0.49
                                               0.61
                                                         3231
                  4
                           0.80
                                     0.44
                                               0.57
                                                         6430
                  5
                           0.82
                                     0.38
                                               0.52
                                                         2879
```

0.53

0.58

0.13

0.57

0.20

0.66

0.70

0.22

0.67

0.30

5086

4533

3000

2765

3051

# 5. Assignments

6

7

8

9

10

0.86

0.87

0.60

0.82

0.60

1. Use bag of words upto 4 grams and compute the micro f1 score with Logistic regression(OvR)

- 2. Perform hyperparam tuning on alpha (or lambda) for Logistic regression to improve the performance using GridSearch
- 3. Try OneVsRestClassifier with Linear-SVM (SGDClassifier with loss-hinge)

# **Loading files**

```
In [14]:
         #http://www.sqlitetutorial.net/sqlite-python/create-tables/
         def create connection(db file):
              """ create a database connection to the SQLite database
                  specified by db file
              :param db file: database file
              :return: Connection object or None
             try:
                 conn = sqlite3.connect(db file)
                  return conn
             except Error as e:
                 print(e)
             return None
         def create_table(conn, create_table_sql):
             """ create a table from the create_table_sql statement
              :param conn: Connection object
              :param create table sql: a CREATE TABLE statement
              :return:
             0.00
             try:
                 c = conn.cursor()
                 c.execute(create_table_sql)
             except Error as e:
                 print(e)
         def checkTableExists(dbcon):
             cursr = dbcon.cursor()
             str = "select name from sqlite master where type='table'"
             table names = cursr.execute(str)
             print("Tables in the databse:")
             tables =table names.fetchall()
             print(tables[0][0])
             return(len(tables))
         def create database table(database, query):
             conn = create connection(database)
             if conn is not None:
                  create table(conn, query)
                 checkTableExists(conn)
             else:
                  print("Error! cannot create the database connection.")
             conn.close()
         sql create table = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS QuestionsProcessed (q
         create database table("Processed.db", sql create table)
```

Tables in the databse: QuestionsProcessed

```
In [0]: #Taking 1 Million entries to a dataframe.
          write db = 'Titlemoreweight.db'
          if os.path.isfile(write db):
               conn r = create connection(write db)
               if conn r is not None:
                   preprocessed data = pd.read sql query("""SELECT question, Tags
          conn r.commit()
          conn_r.close()
          Due to memory error I took 25K points
         # Sampling data beacause of memory error we are getting while featurize
In [16]:
          preprocessed data = preprocessed data.iloc[:250000,:]
          print(preprocessed data.shape)
          preprocessed data.head()
          (250000, 2)
Out[16]:
                                          question
                                                                         taas
           0 dynam datagrid bind silverlight dynam datagrid...
                                                         c# silverlight data-binding
           1 dynam datagrid bind silverlight dynam datagrid... c# silverlight data-binding columns
           2
               java.lang.noclassdeffounderror javax servlet j...
                                                                       jsp jstl
           3 java.sql.sqlexcept microsoft odbc driver manag...
                                                                     java jdbc
           4 better way updat feed fb php sdk better way up...
                                                    facebook api facebook-php-sdk
In [17]: print("number of data points in sample :", preprocessed data.shape[0])
          print("number of dimensions :", preprocessed data.shape[1])
          number of data points in sample: 250000
          number of dimensions : 2
 In [0]: # binary='true' will give a binary vectorizer
          count vectorizer = CountVectorizer(tokenizer = lambda x: x.split(), bis
          multilabel y = count vectorizer.fit transform(preprocessed data['tags'
 In [0]: def tags to choose(n):
               t = multilabel y.sum(axis=0).tolist()[0]
```

sorted\_tags\_i = sorted(range(len(t)), key=lambda i: t[i], reverse=!

multilabel yn=multilabel\_y[:,sorted\_tags\_i[:n]]

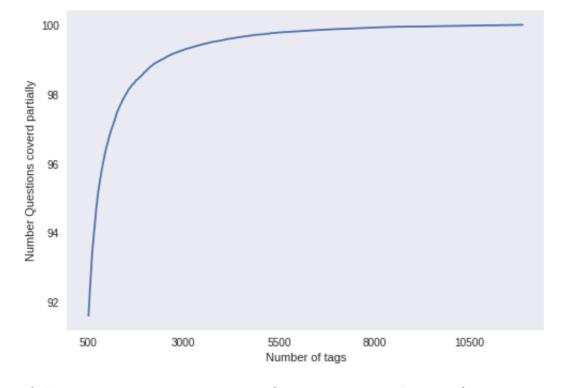
return multilabel yn

**def** questions explained fn(n):

multilabel yn = tags to choose(n)

x= multilabel\_yn.sum(axis=1)
return (np.count nonzero(x==0))

```
In [0]: questions explained = []
         total tags=multilabel y.shape[1]
         total qs=preprocessed data.shape[0]
         for i in range(500, total tags, 100):
             questions explained.append(np.round(((total qs-questions explained
In [22]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         ax.plot(questions explained)
         xlabel = list(500+np.array(range(-50,450,50))*50)
         ax.set xticklabels(xlabel)
         plt.xlabel("Number of tags")
         plt.ylabel("Number Questions coverd partially")
         plt.grid()
         plt.show()
         # you can choose any number of tags based on your computing power, min
         print("with ",5500,"tags we are covering ",questions explained[50],"%
         print("with ",500,"tags we are covering ",questions_explained[0],"% of
```



```
with 5500 tags we are covering 99.28 % of questions with 500 tags we are covering 91.621 % of questions
```

```
In [23]: # we will be taking 500 tags
    multilabel_yx = tags_to_choose(500)
    print("number of questions that are not covered :", questions_explained
```

number of questions that are not covered : 20948 out of 250000

## EDA on preprossed\_data

```
In [25]: print("Number of data points :", multilabel y.shape[0])
         print("Number of tags that are unique :", multilabel y.shape[1])
         Number of data points: 250000
         Number of tags that are unique: 23391
In [26]: #'get_feature_name()' gives us the vocabulary.
         tags = vectorizer.get feature names()
         #Lets look at the tags we have.
         print("Some of the tags we have :", tags[:10])
         Some of the tags we have : ['.a', '.aspxauth', '.bash-profile', '.cl
         ass-file', '.cs-file', '.doc', '.ds-store', '.each', '.emf', '.exe']
In [0]: | freqs = multilabel y.sum(axis=0).A1
         result = dict(zip(tags, freqs))
In [28]: #Storing the count of tag in each question in list 'tag count'
         tag quest_count = multilabel_y.sum(axis=1).tolist()
         #Converting each value in the 'tag quest count' to integer.
         tag quest count=[int(j) for i in tag_quest_count for j in i]
         print ('We have total {} datapoints.'.format(len(tag quest count)))
         print(tag_quest_count[:5])
         We have total 250000 datapoints.
         [3, 4, 2, 2, 3]
In [29]: | print( "Maximum number of tags per question: %d"%max(tag quest count))
         print( "Minimum number of tags per question: %d"%min(tag_quest_count))
         print( "Avg. number of tags per question: %f"% ((sum(tag_quest_count)*
         Maximum number of tags per question: 5
         Minimum number of tags per question: 1
```

# Split the data into test and train (80:20)

Avg. number of tags per question: 2.921108

```
In [0]: total_size=preprocessed_data.shape[0]
    train_size=int(0.80*total_size)

    x_train=preprocessed_data.head(train_size)
    x_test=preprocessed_data.tail(total_size - train_size)

    y_train = multilabel_yx[0:train_size,:]
    y_test = multilabel_yx[train_size:total_size,:]
```

```
In [32]: print("Number of data points in train data :", y_train.shape)
    print("Number of data points in test data :", y_test.shape)
```

Number of data points in train data: (200000, 500) Number of data points in test data: (50000, 500)

## Featurizing data

```
In [33]: start = datetime.now()
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(min_df=0.00009, max_features=25000,tokeni:
    x_train_multilabel = vectorizer.fit_transform(x_train['question'])
    x_test_multilabel = vectorizer.transform(x_test['question'])
    print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)

Time taken to run this cell : 0:04:20.735734

In [34]: print("Dimensions of train data X:",x_train_multilabel.shape, "Y:",y_test_print("Dimensions of test_data X:",x_test_multilabel.shape, "Y:",y_test_multilabel.shape, "Y:",y_tes
```

Dimensions of train data X: (200000, 25000) Y: (200000, 500) Dimensions of test data X: (50000, 25000) Y: (50000, 500)

# Applying Logistic Regression with OneVsRest Classifier

```
In [36]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV

param={'estimator__alpha': [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100,1000]}
classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SGDClassifier(loss='log', penalty='ll
gsv = GridSearchCV(estimator = classifier, param_grid=param, cv=3, verl
gsv.fit(x_train_multilabel, y_train)

best_alpha = gsv.best_estimator_.get_params()['estimator__alpha']
print('value of alpha after hyperparameter tuning : ',best_alpha)
```

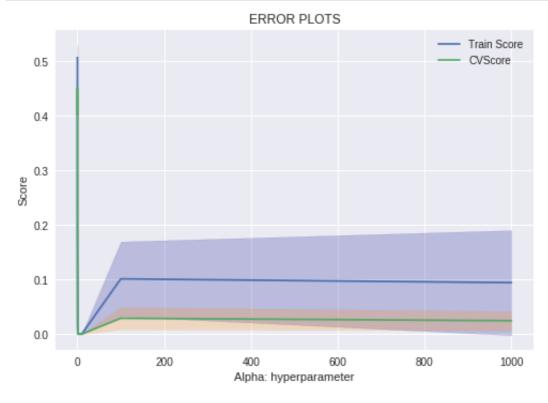
```
Fitting 3 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 24 fits

[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 2 concurrent w
```

[Parallel(n\_jobs=-1)]: Done 24 out of 24 | elapsed: 123.8min finis hed

value of alpha after hyperparameter tuning: 0.001

```
In [37]: alpha = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100,1000]
         train score= gsv.cv results ['mean train score']
         train score std= gsv.cv results ['std train score']
         cv_score = gsv.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
         cv score std= gsv.cv results ['std test score']
         plt.plot(alpha, train score, label='Train Score')
         # this code is copied from here: https://stackoverflow.com/a/48803361/
         plt.gca().fill between(alpha,train score - train score std,train score
         plt.plot(alpha, cv score, label='CVScore')
         # this code is copied from here: https://stackoverflow.com/a/48803361/
         plt.gca().fill_between(alpha,cv_score - cv_score_std,cv_score + cv_score
         plt.legend()
         plt.xlabel("Alpha: hyperparameter")
         plt.ylabel("Score")
         plt.title("ERROR PLOTS")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [38]: start = datetime.now()
         #best alpha = qsv.best estimator .qet params()['estimator alpha']
         classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SGDClassifier(loss='log', alpha=best
         classifier.fit(x train multilabel, y train)
         predictions = classifier.predict (x test multilabel)
         print("Accuracy :", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, predictions))
         print("Hamming loss ", metrics.hamming loss(y test, predictions))
         precision = precision score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
         recall = recall score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
         f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions, average='micro')
         print("Micro-average quality numbers")
         print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p:
         precision = precision score(y test, predictions, average='macro')
         recall = recall_score(y_test, predictions, average='macro')
         f1 = f1 score(y test, predictions, average='macro')
         print("Macro-average quality numbers")
         print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, F1-measure: {:.4f}".format(p)
         #print (metrics.classification report(y test, predictions))
         print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
```

Accuracy: 0.15452
Hamming loss 0.00359352
Micro-average quality numbers
Precision: 0.4841, Recall: 0.3381, F1-measure: 0.3981
Macro-average quality numbers
Precision: 0.3465, Recall: 0.2516, F1-measure: 0.2694
Time taken to run this cell: 0:07:53.546939

### In [39]: print (metrics.classification\_report(y\_test, predictions))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.64	0.66	0.65	2220
1	0.43	0.20	0.27	3473
2	0.75	0.31	0.44	3976
3	0.71	0.65	0.68	2437
4	0.69	0.39	0.50	2054
5	0.60	0.60	0.60	2580
6	0.72	0.61	0.66	1475
7	0.62	0.18	0.28	1493
8	0.52	0.50	0.51	957
9	0.57	0.38	0.46	1781
10	0.69	0.44	0.54	1568
11	0.54	0.32	0.40	1477
12	0.41	0.40	0.40	306

13	0.43	0.25	0.32	916
14	0.47	0.12	0.19	1161
15	0.52	0.60	0.55	811
16	0.66	0.61	0.63	1200
17	0.54	0.60	0.57	686
18	0.76	0.60	0.67	236
19	0.62	0.63	0.63	680
20	0.39	0.46	0.42	2233
21	0.48	0.39	0.43	2785
22	0.46	0.57	0.51	409
23	0.38	0.26	0.31	533
24	0.58	0.23	0.33	860
25	0.24	0.41	0.30	391
26	0.32	0.20	0.25	889
27	0.50	0.52	0.51	1280
28	0.27	0.08	0.12	739
29	0.57	0.46	0.51	337
30	0.07	0.06	0.06	54
31	0.63	0.47	0.54	325
32	0.44	0.29	0.35	274
33	0.41	0.25	0.31	398
34	0.58	0.33	0.42	305
35	0.45	0.50	0.47	221
36	0.52	0.42	0.46	486
37	0.68	0.16	0.26	583
38	0.44	0.31	0.36	340
39	0.57	0.42	0.49	80
40	0.74	0.52	0.61	243
41	0.85	0.52	0.64	420
42	0.68	0.32	0.50	685
43	0.54	0.39	0.44	
44			0.44	262
	0.59	0.64		283
45	0.47	0.34	0.39	301
46	0.38	0.22	0.28	507
47	0.25	0.62	0.36	85
48	0.21	0.11	0.15	280
49	0.24	0.28	0.26	160
50	0.33	0.17	0.23	419
51	0.42	0.25	0.32	446
52	0.34	0.05	0.09	242
53	0.25	0.15	0.19	188
54	0.42	0.40	0.41	178
55	0.25	0.31	0.28	214
56	0.12	0.16	0.14	56
57	0.22	0.28	0.24	221
58	0.74	0.80	0.77	282
59	0.19	0.18	0.18	33
60	0.77	0.43	0.56	134
61	0.25	0.30	0.28	211
62	0.44	0.11	0.18	159
63	0.56	0.24	0.34	372
64	0.09	0.02	0.03	53
65	0.14	0.07	0.10	41
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66	0.25	0.46	0.32	13
67	0.38	0.24	0.29	253
68	0.40	0.16	0.23	232
69	0.19	0.20	0.19	202
70	0.48	0.52	0.50	125
71	0.79	0.54	0.64	217
72	0.44	0.35	0.39	229
73	0.52	0.83	0.64	161
74	0.80	0.31	0.45	225
75	0.24	0.14	0.17	118
76	0.55	0.27	0.37	175
77	0.98	0.41	0.57	687
78	0.24	0.38	0.30	76
79	0.95	0.88	0.91	698
80	0.05	0.02	0.03	299
81	0.11	0.14	0.12	65
82	0.31	0.11	0.16	133
83	0.40	0.71	0.51	42
84	0.37	0.51	0.43	126
85	0.00	0.00	0.00	202
86	0.11	0.02	0.04	48
87	0.68	0.20	0.31	285
88	0.41	0.31	0.35	49
89	0.16	0.11	0.13	217
90	0.27	0.23	0.25	47
91	0.17	0.14	0.16	49
92	0.64	0.50	0.56	76
93	0.06	0.14	0.09	36
94	0.61	0.39	0.48	213
95	0.29	0.10	0.14	135
96	0.37	0.23	0.29	200
97	0.07	0.05	0.06	118
98	0.13	0.22	0.17	59
99	0.73	0.22	0.34	121
100	0.64	0.26	0.37	425
101	0.21	0.04	0.07	159
102	0.46	0.31	0.37	114
103	0.59	0.59	0.59	74
104	0.28	0.29	0.28	126
105	0.50	0.06	0.10	106
106	0.71	0.21	0.33	206
107	0.49	0.40	0.44	90
108	0.28	0.30	0.29	54
109	0.24	0.18	0.21	161
110	0.22	0.17	0.19	163
111	0.00	0.00	0.00	204
112	0.03	0.04	0.04	142
113	0.26	0.47	0.33	15
114	0.80	0.57	0.66	187
115	0.25	0.01	0.02	166
116	0.52	0.32	0.40	170
117	0.13	0.08	0.10	105
118	0.12	0.08	0.10	37

119	0.16	0.15	0.16	97
120	0.78	0.38	0.51	152
121	0.44	0.51	0.47	178
122	0.20	0.14	0.16	130
123	0.51	0.27	0.35	89
124	0.12	0.22	0.16	132
125	0.34	0.49	0.40	98
126	0.06	0.08	0.07	49
127	0.52	0.11	0.18	108
128	0.52	0.16	0.25	361
129	0.44	0.11	0.17	156
130	0.87	0.29	0.44	160
131	0.28	0.11	0.16	118
132	0.71	0.36	0.48	14
133	0.45	0.42	0.44	177
134	0.26	0.51	0.35	109
135	0.62	0.57	0.59	251
136	0.19	0.12	0.15	25
137	0.47	0.08	0.14	101
138	0.28	0.11	0.16	214
139	0.88	0.70	0.78	134
140	0.38	0.30	0.33	124
141	0.30	0.26	0.28	204
142	0.35	0.20	0.25	107
143	0.29	0.46	0.36	192
144	0.35	0.37	0.36	89
145	0.14	0.33	0.19	21
146	0.42	0.33	0.34	56
147	0.00	0.00	0.00	126
148	0.33	0.54	0.41	100
149	0.42	0.30	0.35	97
150	0.77	0.59	0.67	282
151	0.85	0.67	0.75	70
152	0.41	0.57	0.48	138
153	0.95	0.51	0.66	152
154	0.21	0.14	0.17	97
155	0.56	0.14	0.46	51
156	0.55	0.33	0.40	106
157	0.29	0.14	0.18	117
158	0.00	0.00	0.00	118
159	0.69	0.50	0.58	119
160	0.19	0.30	0.18	150
161	0.29	0.10	0.14	94
162	0.21	0.10	0.17	103
163	0.17	0.14	0.23	86
164	0.75	0.42	0.54	78
165	0.61	0.42	0.53	96
166	0.07	0.46	0.06	109
167	0.07	0.00	0.00	111
168	0.13	0.22	0.23	88
169	0.13	0.32	0.18	77
170	0.14	0.00	0.09	53
171	0.42	0.86	0.33	14
<b>1</b> /1	0.27	0.00	0.41	14

172	0.07	0.12	0.09	50
173	0.35	0.42	0.38	122
174	0.00	0.00	0.00	110
175	0.75	0.43	0.55	7
176	0.74	0.49	0.59	180
177	1.00	0.25	0.40	16
178	0.20	0.02	0.04	45
179	0.34	0.35	0.34	69
180	0.34	0.33	0.08	87
181				226
	0.27	0.30	0.28	
182	0.08	0.14	0.10	59
183	0.23	0.40	0.29	110
184	0.60	0.51	0.55	257
185	0.35	0.21	0.26	113
186	0.29	0.40	0.34	47
187	0.00	0.00	0.00	145
188	0.33	0.15	0.21	193
189	0.04	0.01	0.01	116
190	0.73	0.12	0.20	135
191	0.42	0.38	0.40	13
192	0.14	0.05	0.08	111
193	0.61	0.62	0.62	152
194	0.20	0.11	0.14	75
195	0.89	0.89	0.89	9
196	0.00	0.00	0.00	142
197	0.31	0.26	0.29	19
198	0.15	0.11	0.13	45
199	0.00	0.00	0.00	77
200	0.67	0.19	0.30	83
201	0.00	0.00	0.00	113
202	0.80	0.65	0.72	37
203	0.94	0.55	0.70	116
204	0.19	0.12	0.15	114
205	0.22	0.12	0.06	189
				85
206	0.71	0.66	0.68	
207	0.15	0.10	0.12	67
208	0.75	0.42	0.54	93
209	0.29	0.11	0.16	149
210	0.70	0.25	0.36	114
211	0.00	0.00	0.00	407
212	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
213	0.26	0.35	0.30	109
214	0.70	0.73	0.71	97
215	0.35	0.50	0.41	14
216	0.50	0.41	0.45	174
217	0.58	0.30	0.39	47
218	0.57	0.15	0.24	114
219	0.61	0.21	0.31	96
220	0.24	0.17	0.20	71
221	0.00	0.00	0.00	114
222	0.12	0.40	0.19	20
223	0.14	0.19	0.16	81
224	0.78	0.21	0.33	33
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225	0.23	0.05	0.08	59
226	0.67	0.27	0.39	66
227	0.36	0.23	0.28	44
228	0.47	0.43	0.45	68
229	0.06	0.03	0.04	98
230	0.76	0.54	0.63	130
231	0.91	0.49	0.64	102
232	0.78	0.73	0.75	44
233	0.60	0.21	0.32	14
234	0.00	0.00	0.00	67
235	0.00	0.00	0.00	84
236	0.46	0.50	0.48	52
237	0.81	0.74	0.77	99
238	0.17	0.50	0.25	8
239	0.22	0.20	0.21	137
240	0.00	0.00	0.00	63
241	0.00	0.00	0.00	61
242	0.15	0.18	0.16	50
243	0.29	0.42	0.34	71
244	0.47	0.51	0.48	95
245	0.12	0.05	0.07	57
246	0.14	0.29	0.18	28
247	0.06	0.40	0.11	20
248	0.54	0.24	0.33	83
249	0.00	0.00	0.00	117
250	0.20	0.12	0.15	96
251	0.53	0.34	0.42	70
252	0.61	0.58	0.60	60
253	0.10	0.20	0.13	65
254	0.46	0.10	0.16	62
255	0.61	0.58	0.59	74
256	0.11	0.11	0.11	27
257	0.00	0.00	0.00	90
258	0.40	0.60	0.48	20
259	0.00	0.00	0.00	98
260	0.65	0.40	0.50	89
261	0.00	0.00	0.00	279
262	0.97	0.76	0.85	84
263	0.00	0.00	0.00	13
264	0.14	0.33	0.20	48
265	0.46	0.39	0.42	113
266	0.23	0.14	0.18	105
267	0.23	0.09	0.10	78
268	0.42	0.38	0.12	47
269	0.74	0.14	0.40	141
270	0.00	0.00	0.00	83
271	0.70	0.58	0.64	74
272	0.70	0.11	0.12	38
273	0.13	0.52	0.12	60
274	0.20	0.14	0.00	81
275	0.29	0.14	0.10	54
276	0.33	0.04	0.07	37
277	0.33	0.22	0.26	90
211	0.30	0.11	0.10	30

278	0.10	0.15	0.12	26
279	0.76	0.47	0.58	99
280	0.57	0.04	0.07	114
281	0.30	0.25	0.27	61
282	0.52	0.45	0.48	78
283	0.17	0.07	0.09	46
284	0.47	0.17	0.25	84
285	0.65	0.33	0.44	67
286	0.83	0.02	0.03	292
287	0.86	0.76	0.80	321
288	0.43	0.48	0.46	97
289	0.00	0.00	0.00	85
290	0.57	0.65	0.61	43
291	0.00	0.00	0.00	108
292	0.17	0.05	0.07	127
293	0.23	0.04	0.07	79
294	0.39	0.37	0.38	160
295	0.79	0.40	0.53	57
296	0.24	0.08	0.12	52
297	0.47	0.38	0.42	64
298	0.03	0.20	0.06	60
299	0.40	0.44	0.42	9
300	0.46	0.49	0.48	51
301	0.31	0.07	0.11	58
302	0.12	0.04	0.06	52
303	0.40	0.36	0.38	81
304	0.00	0.00	0.00	68
305	0.00	0.00	0.00	53
306	0.25	0.18	0.21	45
307	0.00	0.00	0.00	116
308	0.24	0.17	0.20	47
309	0.39	0.13	0.19	70
310	0.18	0.16	0.17	37
311	0.86	0.85	0.85	254
312	0.00	0.00	0.00	101
313	0.15	0.07	0.10	107
314	0.11	0.25	0.15	4
315	0.00	0.00	0.00	9
316	0.85	0.34	0.48	68
317	0.00	0.00	0.00	38
318	0.64	0.11	0.19	125
319	0.19	0.27	0.22	48
320	0.00	0.00	0.00	28
321	0.00	0.00	0.00	128
322	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
323	0.25	0.43	0.32	7
324	0.06	0.06	0.06	71
325	0.55	0.60	0.57	10
326	0.80	0.42	0.55	76
327	0.09	0.10	0.10	29
328	0.60	0.33	0.10	36
329	0.00	0.59	0.43	63
330	0.93	0.05	0.72	102
330	0.23	0.05	0.00	102

331	0.67	0.51	0.57	95
332	0.84	0.26	0.40	80
333	0.45	0.26	0.33	38
334	0.55	0.20	0.29	30
335	0.60	0.42	0.49	36
336	0.38	0.36	0.37	25
337	0.00	0.00	0.00	16
338	0.00	0.00	0.00	228
339	0.27	0.23	0.25	62
340	0.00	0.00	0.00	156
341	0.58	0.20	0.30	55
342	0.88	0.52	0.65	85
343	0.00	0.00	0.00	72
344	0.00	0.00	0.00	22
345	0.90	0.43	0.58	195
346	0.88	0.40	0.55	75
347	0.24	0.11	0.15	46
348	0.05	0.07	0.06	68
349	0.19	0.19	0.19	16
350	0.37	0.40	0.38	60
351	0.13	0.10	0.12	67
352	0.95	0.45	0.61	47
353	0.83	0.69	0.75	42
354	0.00	0.00	0.00	31
355	0.09	0.07	0.08	41
356	0.26	0.23	0.25	39
357	0.97	0.34	0.50	85
358	0.79	0.78	0.79	83
359	0.50	0.19	0.27	27
360	0.37	0.35	0.36	113
361	0.03	0.09	0.04	11
362	0.03	0.02	0.02	54
363	0.37	0.19	0.26	98
364	0.79	0.50	0.61	22
365	0.62	0.29	0.39	35
366	0.00	0.00	0.00	10
367	0.00	0.00	0.00	189
368	0.04	0.08	0.05	97
369	0.00	0.00	0.00	45
370	0.95	0.28	0.43	72
371	0.00	0.00	0.00	15
372	0.18	0.43	0.25	21
373	0.26	0.28	0.27	32
374	0.22	0.28	0.24	65 27
375	0.78	0.52	0.62	27
376 277	0.50	0.33	0.40	3
377	0.27	0.09	0.14	95 63
378	0.00	0.00	0.00	62 53
379	0.74	0.58	0.65	53 53
380	0.28	0.25	0.26	53
381	0.00	0.00	0.00	93
382	0.29	0.18	0.22	11
383	0.00	0.00	0.00	82

384	0.63	0.46	0.53	52
385	0.09	0.06	0.07	17
386	0.17	0.69	0.27	13
387	0.20	0.38	0.26	8
388	0.00	0.00	0.00	106
389	0.84	0.54	0.66	68
390	0.20	0.50	0.29	4
391	0.27	0.04	0.07	92
392	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
393	0.11	0.14	0.13	35
394	0.18	0.20	0.19	15
395	0.20	0.07	0.10	60
396	0.36	0.29	0.32	28
397	0.00	0.00	0.00	38
398	0.27	0.08	0.12	37
399	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
400	0.50	0.35	0.41	57
400	0.11		0.41	45
		0.09		
402	0.00	0.00	0.00	131
403	0.03	0.13	0.05	47
404	0.05	0.04	0.04	26
405	0.00	0.00	0.00	105
406	0.29	0.03	0.06	60
407	0.21	0.14	0.17	43
408	0.00	0.00	0.00	62
409	0.31	0.46	0.37	50
410	0.60	0.38	0.46	8
411	0.06	0.23	0.10	30
412	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
413	0.27	0.15	0.19	40
414	0.03	0.06	0.04	53
415	0.46	0.44	0.45	52
416	0.62	0.17	0.27	47
417	0.60	0.25	0.35	12
418	0.10	0.27	0.15	62
419	0.14	0.12	0.13	24
420	0.04	0.02	0.03	53
421	0.05	0.03	0.03	40
422	0.07	0.02	0.03	56
423	0.00	0.00	0.00	63
424	0.12	0.22	0.15	27
425	0.08	0.07	0.07	14
426	0.07	0.02	0.04	41
427	0.31	0.29	0.30	48
428	0.19	0.65	0.29	37
429	0.57	0.25	0.35	52
430	0.45	0.20	0.28	50
431	0.07	0.05	0.06	55
432	0.00	0.00	0.00	49
433	0.10	0.04	0.06	46
434	0.13	0.67	0.22	3
435	0.27	0.12	0.17	121
436	0.00	0.00	0.00	68
				0.0

437	0.89	0.47	0.62	70
438	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
439	0.00	0.00	0.00	62
440	0.05	0.13	0.07	45
441	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
442	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
443	0.00	0.00	0.00	19
444	0.09	0.05	0.07	38
445	1.00	1.00	1.00	1
446	0.00	0.00	0.00	60
447	0.20	0.25	0.22	20
448	0.25	0.03	0.05	38
449	0.00	0.00	0.00	15
450	0.01	0.05	0.02	22
451	0.48	0.49	0.48	43
452	0.00	0.00	0.00	110
453	0.29	0.10	0.14	21
454	0.04	0.21	0.07	29
455	0.67	0.41	0.51	49
456	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
457	0.89	0.62	0.73	52
458	0.03	0.02	0.03	41
459	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
460	0.12	0.09	0.10	32
461	0.83	0.23	0.36	22
462	0.07	0.17	0.10	6
463	0.12	0.20	0.15	5
464	0.01	0.03	0.01	29
465	0.05	0.06	0.05	16
466	0.27	0.07	0.11	44
467	0.94	0.25	0.39	65
468	0.17	0.13	0.15	38
469	0.29	0.04	0.06	55
470	0.30	0.16	0.20	58
471	0.50	0.38	0.43	8
472	0.00	0.00	0.00	64
473	0.50	0.21	0.30	14
474	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
475	0.88	0.61	0.72	36
476	0.19	0.16	0.17	19
477	0.51	0.36	0.42	50
478	0.51	0.35	0.42	63
479	0.27	0.25	0.26	24
480	0.00	0.00	0.00	54
481	0.15	0.49	0.23	68
482	0.40	0.29	0.33	14
483 484	0.00	0.00	0.00	31 45
484	0.86	0.13	0.23	45 49
485	0.00	0.00	0.00	49 25
486 487	0.25 0.73	0.04	0.07	25 50
487 488		0.22	0.34	50 11
488	0.80	0.36	0.50	11 67
489	0.45	0.21	0.29	67

	490	0.23	0.12	0.16	42
	491	0.13	0.17	0.15	42
	492	0.00	0.00	0.00	19
	493	0.04	0.10	0.06	78
	494	0.45	0.28	0.34	18
	495	0.06	0.06	0.06	31
	496	0.00	0.00	0.00	161
	497	0.00	0.00	0.00	35
	498	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
	499	0.67	0.40	0.50	10
micro	avg	0.48	0.34	0.40	87885
macro	avg	0.35	0.25	0.27	87885
weighted	avg	0.48	0.34	0.38	87885
samples	avg	0.36	0.31	0.31	87885

# Applying Linear SVM with OneVsRestClassifier

```
In [40]: param={'estimator__alpha': [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100,1000]}
    classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', penalty=')
    gsv = GridSearchCV(estimator = classifier, param_grid=param, cv=3, verl
    gsv.fit(x_train_multilabel, y_train)
    best_alpha = gsv.best_estimator_.get_params()['estimator__alpha']
    print('value of alpha after hyperparameter tuning : ',best_alpha)
```

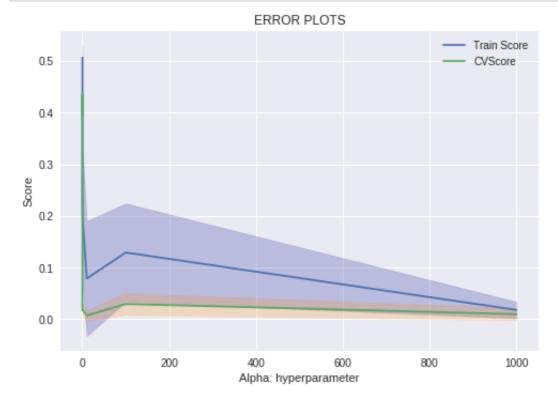
Fitting 3 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 24 fits

[Parallel(n\_jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 2 concurrent workers.

[Parallel(n\_jobs=-1)]: Done 24 out of 24  $\mid$  elapsed: 106.9min finis hed

value of alpha after hyperparameter tuning: 0.001

```
In [41]: alpha = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100,1000]
         train score= gsv.cv results ['mean train score']
         train score std= gsv.cv results ['std train score']
         cv_score = gsv.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
         cv score std= gsv.cv results ['std test score']
         plt.plot(alpha, train score, label='Train Score')
         # this code is copied from here: https://stackoverflow.com/a/48803361/
         plt.gca().fill between(alpha,train score - train score std,train score
         plt.plot(alpha, cv score, label='CVScore')
         # this code is copied from here: https://stackoverflow.com/a/48803361/
         plt.gca().fill_between(alpha,cv_score - cv_score_std,cv_score + cv_score
         plt.legend()
         plt.xlabel("Alpha: hyperparameter")
         plt.ylabel("Score")
         plt.title("ERROR PLOTS")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: start = datetime.now()
    #best_alpha = gsv.best_estimator_.get_params()['estimator__alpha']
    classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SGDClassifier(loss='hinge', alpha=besclassifier.fit(x_train_multilabel, y_train)
    predictions = classifier.predict (x_test_multilabel)

print("Accuracy :",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, predictions))
    print("Hamming loss ",metrics.hamming_loss(y_test,predictions))

precision = precision_score(y_test, predictions, average='micro')
```

```
recall = recall_score(y_test, predictions, average='micro')
fl = fl_score(y_test, predictions, average='micro')
print("Micro-average quality numbers")
print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, Fl-measure: {:.4f}".format(p:
precision = precision_score(y_test, predictions, average='macro')
recall = recall_score(y_test, predictions, average='macro')
fl = fl_score(y_test, predictions, average='macro')
print("Macro-average quality numbers")
print("Precision: {:.4f}, Recall: {:.4f}, Fl-measure: {:.4f}".format(p:
print (metrics.classification_report(y_test, predictions))
#print (metrics.classification_report(y_test, predictions))
print("Time taken to run this cell :", datetime.now() - start)
```

Accuracy : 0.1461 Hamming loss 0.00372256 Micro-average quality numbers Precision: 0.4590, Recall: 0.3302, F1-measure: 0.3841 Macro-average quality numbers Precision: 0.2819, Recall: 0.2355, F1-measure: 0.2319 recall f1-score precision support 0 0.68 0.62 0.65 2220 0.12 0.19 1 0.41 3473 2 0.69 0.35 0.46 3976 3 0.77 0.66 0.71 2437 4 0.52 0.49 0.50 2054 5 0.65 0.57 0.61 2580 6 0.73 0.56 0.63 1475 7 0.43 0.23 0.30 1493 0.34 8 0.57 0.42 957 9 0.68 0.35 0.46 1781 10 0.58 0.43 0.50 1568 11 0.43 0.29 0.35 1477 12 0.42 0.46 0.44 306 13 0.43 0.14 0.22 916 14 0.47 0.15 0.23 1161 15 0.53 0.55 0.54 811 16 0.70 0.61 0.65 1200 0.62 17 0.63 0.62 686 18 0.28 0.62 0.39 236 19 0.61 0.61 0.61 680 20 0.38 0.71 0.49 2233 21 0.42 0.34 0.38 2785 22 0.50 0.58 0.54 409 23 0.58 0.20 0.30 533 0.28 24 0.36 0.31 860 25 0.25 0.42 0.31 391 26 0.49 0.12 0.19 889 27 0.53 0.36 0.43 1280

28	0.22	0.17	0.19	739
29	0.55	0.43	0.48	337
30	0.05	0.04	0.04	54
31	0.43	0.57	0.49	325
32	0.22	0.32	0.27	274
33	0.00	0.00	0.00	398
34	0.73	0.31	0.44	305
35	0.43	0.41	0.42	221
36	0.53	0.44	0.48	486
37	0.52	0.31	0.39	583
38	0.63	0.26	0.37	340
39	0.45	0.36	0.40	80
40	0.50	0.53	0.52	243
41	0.76	0.56	0.65	420
42	0.76	0.74	0.36	685
43	0.39	0.74	0.30	262
44 45	0.45	0.66	0.54	283
45	0.31	0.37	0.34	301
46	0.37	0.24	0.29	507
47	0.49	0.62	0.55	85
48	0.24	0.07	0.11	280
49	0.11	0.03	0.04	160
50	0.00	0.00	0.00	419
51	0.34	0.30	0.32	446
52	0.08	0.02	0.03	242
53	0.00	0.00	0.00	188
54	0.40	0.42	0.41	178
55	0.55	0.36	0.44	214
56	0.12	0.23	0.16	56
57	0.74	0.12	0.20	221
58	0.26	0.51	0.35	282
59	0.00	0.00	0.00	33
60	0.59	0.58	0.58	134
61	0.39	0.24	0.29	211
62	0.62	0.09	0.16	159
63	0.42	0.38	0.40	372
64	0.06	0.15	0.09	53
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	41
66	0.57	0.62	0.59	13
67	0.00	0.00	0.00	253
68	0.00	0.00	0.00	232
69	0.17	0.18	0.18	202
70	0.33	0.58	0.42	125
71	0.70	0.59	0.64	217
72	0.35	0.36	0.35	229
73	0.70	0.78	0.74	161
74	0.65	0.36	0.46	225
75	0.05	0.19	0.08	118
76	0.00	0.00	0.00	175
77	0.94	0.40	0.56	687
78	0.60	0.39	0.48	76
79	0.93	0.88	0.90	698
80	0.00	0.00	0.00	299
50	0.00	J • J J	J. 00	2,7,7

81	0.00	0.00	0.00	65
82	1.00	0.02	0.04	133
83	0.37	0.71	0.49	42
84	0.14	0.42	0.21	126
85	0.00	0.00	0.00	202
86	0.00	0.00	0.00	48
87	0.68	0.19	0.29	285
				49
88	0.35	0.35	0.35	
89	0.00	0.00	0.00	217
90	1.00	0.02	0.04	47
91	0.00	0.00	0.00	49
92	0.60	0.66	0.62	76
93	0.00	0.00	0.00	36
94	0.48	0.56	0.52	213
95	0.00	0.00	0.00	135
96	0.26	0.15	0.19	200
97	0.18	0.03	0.06	118
98	0.50	0.25	0.34	59
99	0.69	0.34	0.46	121
100	0.71	0.13	0.22	425
101	0.62	0.06	0.11	159
102	0.25	0.43	0.31	114
103	0.68	0.59	0.63	74
104	0.26	0.33	0.29	126
105	0.00	0.00	0.00	106
106	0.83	0.12	0.21	206
107	0.41	0.29	0.34	90
107	0.45		0.34	54
		0.31		
109	0.00	0.00	0.00	161
110	0.48	0.07	0.12	163
111	0.02	0.00	0.01	204
112	0.00	0.00	0.00	142
113	0.32	0.60	0.42	15
114	0.80	0.60	0.69	187
115	0.00	0.00	0.00	166
116	0.00	0.00	0.00	170
117	0.00	0.00	0.00	105
118	0.00	0.00	0.00	37
119	0.08	0.02	0.03	97
120	0.59	0.47	0.52	152
121	0.37	0.65	0.47	178
122	0.00	0.00	0.00	130
123	0.48	0.44	0.46	89
124	0.04	0.02	0.02	132
125	0.35	0.48	0.41	98
126	0.06	0.04	0.05	49
127	0.00	0.04	0.00	108
128	0.51	0.00	0.30	361
129	0.56	0.06	0.11	156
130	0.70	0.39	0.50	160
131	0.09	0.14	0.11	118
132	0.78	0.50	0.61	14
133	0.31	0.43	0.36	177

134	0.25	0.38	0.30	109
135	0.58	0.53	0.55	251
136	0.20	0.20	0.20	25
137	0.57	0.12	0.20	101
138	0.09	0.05	0.07	214
139	0.73	0.78	0.75	134
140	0.34	0.38	0.36	124
141	0.36	0.19	0.25	204
142	0.22	0.32	0.26	107
143	0.55	0.42	0.48	192
144	0.23	0.27	0.25	89
145	0.24	0.38	0.29	21
146	0.37	0.45	0.40	56
147	0.00	0.00	0.00	126
148	0.50	0.33	0.40	100
149	0.22	0.05	0.08	97
150	0.60	0.61	0.60	282
151	0.84	0.73	0.78	70
152	0.49	0.60	0.54	138
153	0.93	0.55	0.69	152
154	0.10	0.19	0.13	97
155	0.42	0.39	0.40	51
156	0.66	0.20	0.30	106
157	0.26	0.09	0.14	117
158	1.00	0.10	0.18	118
159	0.45	0.64	0.53	119
160	0.00	0.00	0.00	150
161	0.00	0.00	0.00	94
162	0.21	0.24	0.22	103
163	0.56	0.22	0.32	86
164	0.82	0.42	0.56	78
165	0.26	0.62	0.37	96
166	0.50	0.01	0.02	109
167	0.18	0.21	0.19	111
168	0.00	0.00	0.00	88
169	0.00	0.00	0.00	77
170	0.54	0.13	0.21	53
171	0.20	0.86	0.32	14
172	0.00	0.00	0.00	50
173	0.21	0.53	0.30	122
174	0.00	0.00	0.00	110
175	0.50	0.57	0.53	7
176	0.62	0.53	0.57	180
177	0.57	0.25	0.35	16
178	0.33	0.09	0.14	45
179	0.23	0.30	0.26	69
180	0.00	0.00	0.00	87
181	0.22	0.41	0.28	226
182	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
183	0.24	0.39	0.30	110
184	0.60	0.67	0.63	257
185	0.26	0.49	0.34	113
186	0.17	0.34	0.23	47

187	0.00	0.00	0.00	145
188	0.00	0.00	0.00	193
189	0.00	0.00	0.00	116
190	0.75	0.27	0.39	135
191	0.17	0.08	0.11	13
192	0.00	0.00	0.00	111
193	0.60	0.54	0.57	152
194	0.11	0.16	0.13	75
195	0.80	0.89	0.84	9
196	0.00	0.00	0.00	142
197	0.00	0.00	0.00	19
198	0.17	0.02	0.04	45
199	0.00	0.00	0.00	77
200	0.63	0.27	0.37	83
201	0.00	0.00	0.00	113
202	0.61	0.73	0.67	37
203	0.83	0.62	0.71	116
204	0.00	0.00	0.00	114
205	0.00	0.00	0.00	189
206	0.68	0.49	0.57	85
207	0.09	0.13	0.37	67
207	0.60	0.13	0.11	93
209	0.26	0.21	0.39	149
210	0.52			114
		0.28	0.36	
211	0.00	0.00	0.00	407 5
212	1.00	0.40	0.57	
213	0.38	0.48	0.42	109
214	0.66	0.62	0.64	97
215	0.19	0.57	0.28	14
216	0.43	0.20	0.27	174
217	0.28	0.40	0.33	47
218	0.53	0.17	0.25	114
219	0.50	0.23	0.31	96
220	0.00	0.00	0.00	71
221	0.00	0.00	0.00	114
222	0.04	0.15	0.07	20
223	0.10	0.16	0.12	81
224	0.69	0.27	0.39	33
225	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
226	0.71	0.38	0.50	66
227	0.55	0.27	0.36	44
228	0.39	0.54	0.45	68
229	0.00	0.00	0.00	98
230	0.80	0.47	0.59	130
231	0.81	0.58	0.67	102
232	0.75	0.68	0.71	44
233	0.24	0.43	0.31	14
234	0.38	0.21	0.27	67
235	0.00	0.00	0.00	84
236	0.52	0.54	0.53	52
237	0.69	0.78	0.73	99
238	0.20	0.25	0.22	8
239	0.00	0.00	0.00	137

240	0.00	0.00	0.00	63
241	0.00	0.00	0.00	61
242	0.00	0.00	0.00	50
243	0.31	0.31	0.31	71
244	0.39	0.51	0.44	95
245	0.00	0.00	0.00	57
246	0.20	0.29	0.23	28
247	0.00	0.00	0.00	20
248	0.34	0.28	0.30	83
249	0.00	0.00	0.00	117
250	0.00	0.00	0.00	96
251	0.33	0.46	0.38	70
252	0.61	0.55	0.58	60
253	0.00	0.00	0.00	65
254	0.41	0.18	0.25	62
255	0.47	0.54	0.50	74
256	0.09	0.11	0.10	27
257	0.00	0.00	0.10	90
258	0.41	0.60	0.49	20
259	0.00	0.00	0.49	98
		0.00		
260	0.65		0.38	89
261	0.00	0.00	0.00	279
262	0.96	0.85	0.90	84
263	0.00	0.00	0.00	13
264	0.30	0.15	0.20	48
265	0.23	0.30	0.26	113
266	0.18	0.28	0.22	105
267	0.10	0.04	0.06	78
268	0.20	0.26	0.23	47
269	0.61	0.08	0.14	141
270	0.00	0.00	0.00	83
271	0.31	0.55	0.40	74
272	0.33	0.16	0.21	38
273	0.76	0.52	0.61	60
274	0.15	0.21	0.17	81
275	0.37	0.24	0.29	54
276	0.40	0.16	0.23	37
277	0.00	0.00	0.00	90
278	0.06	0.23	0.10	26
279	0.58	0.56	0.57	99
280	0.12	0.18	0.14	114
281	0.24	0.28	0.26	61
282	0.43	0.36	0.39	78
283	0.07	0.04	0.05	46
284	0.26	0.29	0.27	84
285	0.46	0.57	0.51	67
286	0.47	0.17	0.25	292
287	0.84	0.47	0.60	321
288	0.31	0.57	0.40	97
289	0.00	0.00	0.00	85
290	0.58	0.60	0.59	43
291	0.00	0.00	0.00	108
292	0.33	0.01	0.02	127

293	0.00	0.00	0.00	79
294	0.30	0.45	0.36	160
295	0.44	0.49	0.47	57
296	0.38	0.10	0.15	52
297	0.31	0.27	0.29	64
298	0.67	0.13	0.22	60
299	0.12	0.33	0.18	9
300	0.32	0.49	0.39	51
301	0.00	0.00	0.00	58
302	0.00	0.00	0.00	52
303	0.16	0.41	0.23	81
304	0.00	0.00	0.00	68
305	0.00	0.00	0.00	53
306	0.21	0.31	0.25	45
307	0.00	0.00	0.00	116
308	0.23	0.38	0.28	47
309	0.42	0.40	0.41	70
310	0.14	0.27	0.18	37
311	0.00	0.00	0.00	254
312	0.01	0.01	0.00	101
313	0.00	0.00	0.00	107
314	0.00	0.00	0.00	4
315	0.29	0.00	0.00	9
316	0.80	0.51		
			0.62	68
317	0.00	0.00	0.00	38 125
318	0.42	0.26	0.32	125
319	0.14	0.48	0.22	48
320	0.00	0.00	0.00	28
321	0.00	0.00	0.00	128
322	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
323	0.42	0.71	0.53	7
324	0.00	0.00	0.00	71
325	0.50	0.40	0.44	10
326	0.88	0.37	0.52	76
327	0.00	0.00	0.00	29
328	0.19	0.50	0.27	36
329	0.78	0.60	0.68	63
330	0.26	0.16	0.20	102
331	0.54	0.40	0.46	95
332	0.67	0.30	0.41	80
333	0.31	0.34	0.33	38
334	0.42	0.17	0.24	30
335	0.24	0.33	0.28	36
336	0.22	0.40	0.28	25
337	0.00	0.00	0.00	16
338	0.00	0.00	0.00	228
339	0.00	0.00	0.00	62
340	0.00	0.00	0.00	156
341	0.00	0.00	0.00	55
342	0.77	0.51	0.61	85
343	0.00	0.00	0.00	72
344	0.33	0.14	0.19	22
345	0.00	0.00	0.00	195

346	0.72	0.45	0.56	75
347	0.00	0.00	0.00	46
348	0.00	0.00	0.00	68
349	0.00	0.00	0.00	16
350	0.20	0.15	0.17	60
351	0.00	0.00	0.00	67
352	0.89	0.51	0.65	47
353	0.65	0.86	0.74	42
354	0.00	0.00	0.00	31
355	0.00	0.00	0.00	41
356	0.26	0.41	0.32	39
357	0.00	0.00	0.00	85
358	0.72	0.77	0.74	83
359				
	0.31	0.41	0.35	27
360	0.32	0.26	0.28	113
361	0.02	0.09	0.03	11
362	0.00	0.00	0.00	54
363	0.13	0.02	0.04	98
364	0.46	0.50	0.48	22
365	0.58	0.20	0.30	35
366	0.00	0.00	0.00	10
367	0.00	0.00	0.00	189
368	0.00	0.00	0.00	97
369	0.14	0.02	0.04	45
370	0.47	0.43	0.45	72
371	0.00	0.00	0.00	15
372	0.19	0.38	0.25	21
373	0.00	0.00	0.00	32
374	0.00	0.00	0.00	65
375	0.75	0.67	0.71	27
376	0.50	0.33	0.40	3
377	0.00	0.00	0.00	95
378	0.92	0.19	0.32	62
379	0.62	0.72	0.67	53
380	0.21	0.49	0.30	53
381	0.00	0.00	0.00	93
382	0.44	0.36	0.40	11
383	0.04	0.04	0.04	82
384	0.60	0.52	0.56	52
385	0.06	0.18	0.09	17
386	0.13	0.46	0.20	13
387	0.06	0.38	0.10	8
388	0.04	0.06	0.10	106
389	0.77	0.69	0.73	68
390	0.40	0.50	0.73	4
				92
391 392	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
393	0.00	0.00	0.00	35 15
394	0.22	0.27	0.24	15
395	0.00	0.00	0.00	60
396	0.04	0.18	0.06	28
397	0.00	0.00	0.00	38
398	1.00	0.03	0.05	37

399	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
400	0.67	0.11	0.18	57
401	0.02	0.04	0.03	45
402	0.00	0.00	0.00	131
403	0.44	0.43	0.43	47
404	0.00	0.00	0.00	26
405	0.00	0.00	0.00	105
406	0.00	0.00	0.00	60
407	0.00	0.00	0.00	43
408	0.00	0.00	0.00	62
409	0.29	0.38	0.33	50
410	0.38	0.38	0.38	8
411	0.18	0.23	0.20	30
412	0.00	0.00	0.00	59
413	0.00	0.00	0.00	40
414	0.00	0.00	0.00	53
415	0.23	0.46	0.31	52
416	0.00	0.00	0.00	47
417	0.15	0.33	0.21	12
418	0.41	0.33	0.34	62
419	0.27	0.29	0.34	24
420	0.00	0.20	0.00	53
421	0.00	0.00	0.00	40
422	0.00	0.00	0.00	56
422		0.06	0.00	
	0.05			63
424	0.00	0.00	0.00	27
425 426	0.00	0.00	0.00	14 41
427	0.00 0.34	0.00 0.21	0.00 0.26	41
427				
429	0.52	0.46	0.49 0.41	37 52
430	0.35 0.28	0.50 0.32	0.41	50
431	0.00	0.00	0.00	55 40
432	0.00	0.00	0.00	49
433	0.00	0.00	0.00	46
434	0.07	0.33	0.12	121
435	0.00	0.00	0.00	121
436	0.00	0.00	0.00	68
437	0.68	0.39	0.49	70
438	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
439	0.00	0.00	0.00	62
440	0.00	0.00	0.00	45
441	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
442	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
443	0.36	0.26	0.30	19
444	0.00	0.00	0.00	38
445	0.10	1.00	0.18	1
446	0.00	0.00	0.00	60
447	0.00	0.00	0.00	20
448	0.00	0.00	0.00	38
449	0.00	0.00	0.00	15
450	0.00	0.00	0.00	22
451	0.46	0.37	0.41	43

	452	0.00	0.00	0.00	110
	453	0.00	0.00	0.00	21
	454	0.00	0.00	0.00	29
	455	0.44	0.55	0.49	49
	456	0.00	0.00	0.00	3
	457	0.82	0.71	0.76	52
	458	0.00	0.00	0.00	41
	459	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
	460	0.00	0.00	0.00	32
	461	0.75	0.27	0.40	22
	462	0.00	0.00	0.00	6
	463	1.00	0.20	0.33	5
	464	0.00	0.00	0.00	29
	465	0.00	0.00	0.00	16
	466	0.00	0.00	0.00	44
	467	0.00	0.00	0.00	65
	468	0.07	0.11	0.08	38
	469	0.00	0.00	0.00	55
	470	0.00	0.00	0.00	58
	471	0.29	0.62	0.40	8
	472	0.00	0.00	0.00	64
	473	0.25	0.14	0.18	14
	474	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
	475	0.85	0.31	0.45	36
	476	0.00	0.00	0.00	19
	477	0.00	0.00	0.00	50
	478	0.00	0.00	0.00	63
	479	0.00	0.00	0.00	24
	480 481	0.00	0.00	0.00	54
	482	0.42 1.00	0.37 0.29	0.39	68 14
	483	0.00	0.00	0.00	31
	484	0.00	0.00	0.00	45
	485	0.00	0.00	0.00	49
	486	0.00	0.00	0.00	25
	487	0.59	0.38	0.46	50
	488	0.71	0.45	0.56	11
	489	0.39	0.42	0.40	67
	490	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
	491	0.00	0.00	0.00	42
	492	0.67	0.53	0.59	19
	493	0.61	0.18	0.28	78
	494	0.37	0.56	0.44	18
	495	0.00	0.00	0.00	31
	496	0.00	0.00	0.00	161
	497	0.00	0.00	0.00	35
	498	0.00	0.00	0.00	34
	499	0.22	0.20	0.21	10
micro	avg	0.46	0.33	0.38	87885
macro	_	0.28	0.24	0.23	87885
weighted	avg	0.43	0.33	0.35	87885
samples	avg	0.35	0.31	0.30	87885

Time taken to run this cell: 0:06:29.179095

### **Precedure Followed**

- 1. Countvectorizing of data with 25000 features and ngram from 1 to 4
- 2. Hyperparameter tuning is done for both th algorithms
- 3. The best parameter found for both the algorithm is used to train the model
- 4. For Logistic Regression, the best Micro F1 Score: 0.3981
- 5. For Linear SVM, the best Micro F1 Score: 0.3841
- 6. Linear SVM performs slightly well when compared with Logistic Regression.

```
In [2]: from prettytable import PrettyTable
x = PrettyTable()

x.field_names = ["FEATURIZATION", "MODEL", "HAMMING_LOSS", "MICRO_f1_SCONTING TO THE SECONTING TO THE SECONT
```

```
Performance Table
+-----+
| FEATURIZATION | MODEL | HAMMING_LOSS | MICRO_f1_SCOR
E |
+-----+
| BOW(4 gram) | Logistic Regression | 0.00359352 | 0.3981
| | Linear SVM | 0.00372256 | 0.3841
| +-----+
```