#### Language Assignment #3: Prolog

Issued: Monday, March 27 Due: Wednesday, April 12

## Purpose

This assignment asks you to begin using a logic programming language named Prolog. Prolog was designed by Alain Colmerauer, from Aix-Marseille University, in 1972.

#### **Translator**

In our lab, onyx is the home-directory file server for its nodes (e.g., onyxnode01). There is also a shared directory for "apps" at /usr/local/apps. Nodes share a translator for Prolog, named gprolog, which is installed below /usr/local/apps, which is a non-standard location.

Due to network constraints, onyx can be reached from the public Internet, but a node can only be reached from onyx. So, you can SSH and login to onyx, then SSH and login to a node.

An easy way to use <code>gprolog</code>, from a node, is to permanently add a line to the end of your <code>.bashrc</code> file. To do so, login to a random node, from <code>onyx</code>, by executing the script:

pub/bin/sshnode

Then, execute the script:

pub/bin/bashrc

Don't change your \$PATH; just execute the script. Then, logout from the node and login to a node.

## Documentation

Prolog lecture slides are at:

pub/slides/slides-prolog.pdf

Prolog is demonstrated by:

pub/sum/prolog

Prolog is also described in Section 12.2 of our textbook.

Links to programming-language documentation can be found at:

http://csweb.boisestate.edu/~buff/pl.html

# Assignment

Write and fully demonstrate a program that selects a set of acceptable meeting times for a set of people. Each person provides a set of free time slots. For example:

pub/la3/data.pl

shows that Bob has three time slots that are free, one of which is 7:00AM-8:30AM. Bob's not very busy!

#### Hints and Advice

Start with a simpler problem. A skeletal solution is:

pub/la3/meetone.pl

When complete, this program will print the names of people who can meet from 8:30AM-8:45AM. This will be Ann, Carla, and Dave. If the "query" was for 5:30AM-6:45AM there would be no solutions.

Then, extend your solution to the complete problem. A skeletal solution is:

pub/la3/meet.pl

When complete, this program will print a list of compatible meeting times for Ann, Bob, and Carla: 8:00AM-8:30AM, 10:00AM-10:15AM, and 8:00PM-8:30PM.

Given two times slots, there are several ways in which they can overlap, but some are symmetric. Draw pictures. Your predicate will need a rule for each way. Use the \== predicate to avoid zero-length meetings. A big hint is for your predicate to "return" a new time slot modeling the overlap.

A general Prolog hint is to use one or more variables to pass data "into" a predicate, and another variable to "return" data.

You'll also need a predicate for comparing two times (e.g., lte).

Test your solution thoroughly, by modifying data.pl and the list of people who want to meet.