## Homework #G Lexi Interactive Input

Issued: Monday, April 4 Due: Monday, April 25

## Purpose

This assignment allows you to extend Lexi to accept keyboard input. You will find (at least) these design patterns useful: Prototype(117), Command(233), and Singleton(127).

## Assignment

Design (in UML) and implement (in Java) features that allow a Lexi user to:

- Select a position in the document, by clicking the mouse on a character.
- Insert characters in the document, at that position, by pressing keys on the keyboard. Characters appear as they are typed.

Let's call the selected position the insertion point.

Normal keystrokes, between "" (space) and "~" (twiddle) in the usual ASCII collating sequence, are simply inserted into the document at the insertion point. Certain "control characters" perform the operations shown in the table below. Other characters are ignored.

- **^b** move backward
- **^f** move forward
- **^h** remove (backspace/delete)
- z insert new rectangle
- x insert new row
- c insert new column
- ~v insert new scroller

A character can be converted to its corresponding control character with this method:

```
private static char ctl(char c) {
    return (char)(c&'\u001f');
}
```

## Notes and Suggestions

- Think about what state needs to be maintained to represent the insertion point.
- Where should this state be stored?
- As with our buttons, a mouse click should execute a command.
- Likewise, a keystroke should execute a command.
- You may find that using a special character to mark the end of a row/column simplifies implementation.