### Game Engine Development II

Week 10

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# AI Projectiles and Collision

#### Objectives

- Examine enemies controlled by simple Al
- Implement projectiles
- Implement pickups that improve the player
- Examine collision detection and response
- Examine the world's update cycle and cleanup of entities

#### Introducing Hitpoints

We add hitpoints to our Entity class:

```
class Entity: public SceneNode
public:
  explicit Entity(int hitpoints);
  void repair(int points);
  void damage(int points);
  void destroy();
  int getHitpoints() const;
  bool isDestroyed() const;
private:
  int mHitpoints;
} ;
```

# Introducing Hitpoints (cont'd.)

 The repair(), damage() and destroy() methods of the Entity class all affect hitpoints in the expected way

#### AircraftData Structure

 To handle stats of all aircraft, we have a simple and handy structure:

```
struct AircraftData
{
  int hitpoints;
  float speed;
  Textures::ID texture;
};
```

#### AircraftData Structure

 With the struct in place, we define a function that initializes a table of data for the aircraft:

```
std::vector<AircraftData> initializeAircraftData()
{
   std::vector<AircraftData> data(Aircraft::TypeCount);
   data[Aircraft::Eagle].hitpoints = 100;
   data[Aircraft::Eagle].speed = 200.f;
   data[Aircraft::Eagle].texture = Textures::Eagle;
   data[Aircraft::Raptor].hitpoints = 20;
   data[Aircraft::Raptor].speed = 80.f;
   data[Aircraft::Raptor].texture = Textures::Raptor;
   ...
   return data;
}
```

#### AircraftData Structure

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data[Aircraft::Raptor].speed = 80.f;
data[Aircraft::Raptor].texture = Textures::Raptor;
...
return data;
}
```

# AircraftData Structure (cont'd.) • initializeAircraftData() is declared in

- initializeAircraftData() is declared in DataTables.hpp and defined in DataTables.cpp
- In order to avoid name collisions in other files, we use an anonymous namespace

```
namespace
{
   const std::vector<AircraftData> Table = initializeAircraftData();
}
```

#### Displaying Text

 We create a TextNode class which inherits SceneNode as shown in the following:

```
class TextNode: public SceneNode
public:
  explicit TextNode (const FontHolder& fonts,
  const std::string& text);
  void setString(const std::string& text);
private:
  virtual void drawCurrent(sf::RenderTarget& target,
  sf::RenderStates states) const;
private:
  sf::Text mText;
};
```

#### Displaying Text (cont'd.)

```
TextNode::TextNode(const FontHolder& fonts, const std::string& text)
   mText.setFont(fonts.get(Fonts::Main));
   mText.setCharacterSize(20);
   setString(text);
void TextNode::drawCurrent(sf::RenderTarget& target, sf::RenderStates
states) const
   target.draw(mText, states);
void TextNode::setString(const std::string& text)
   mText.setString(text);
   centerOrigin(mText);
```

#### Aircraft Changes

- In the Aircraft constructor:
  - We create a text node and attach it to the aircraft itself
  - o We keep a pointer mHealthDisplay as a member variable

```
std::unique_ptr<TextNode> healthDisplay(new TextNode(fonts, ""));
mHealthDisplay = healthDisplay.get();
attachChild(std::move(healthDisplay));
```

In the Aircraft update:

```
mHealthDisplay->setString(toString(getHitpoints()) + " HP");
mHealthDisplay->setPosition(0.f, 50.f);
mHealthDisplay->setRotation(-getRotation());
```

#### Movement

- Enemies are instances of the Aircraft class
- Their behavior is simple:
  - Appear at the top of the screen and move down
  - We've defined a Direction struct that has an angle and distance:

```
struct Direction
{
   Direction(float angle, float distance);
   float angle;
   float distance;
};
```

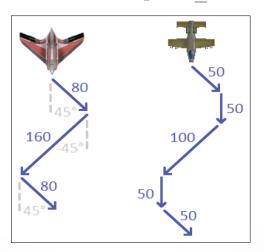
#### Movement (cont'd.)

```
struct AircraftData
  int hitpoints;
  float speed;
  Textures:: ID texture;
  std::vector<Direction> directions;
};
data[Aircraft::Raptor].directions.push back(Direction( 45, 80));
data[Aircraft::Raptor].directions.push back(Direction(-45, 160));
data[Aircraft::Raptor].directions.push back(Direction( 45, 80));
```

## Adding a simple AI to handle Movement

 The Avenger airplane also includes diagonal movement:

```
data[Aircraft::Avenger].directions.push_back(Direction(+45, 50));
data[Aircraft::Avenger].directions.push_back(Direction( 0, 50));
data[Aircraft::Avenger].directions.push_back(Direction(-45, 100));
data[Aircraft::Avenger].directions.push_back(Direction( 0, 50));
data[Aircraft::Avenger].directions.push_back(Direction(+45, 50));
```



#### Movement (cont'd.)

```
void Aircraft::updateMovementPattern(sf::Time dt)
    const std::vector<Direction>& directions = Table[mType].directions;
    if (!directions.empty())
        float distanceToTravel = directions[mDirectionIndex].distance;
        if (mTravelledDistance > distanceToTravel)
          mDirectionIndex = (mDirectionIndex + 1) % directions.size();
          mTravelledDistance = 0.f;
        float radians = toRadian(directions[mDirectionIndex].angle + 90.f);
        float vx = getMaxSpeed() * std::cos(radians);
        float vy = getMaxSpeed() * std::sin(radians);
        setVelocity(vx, vy);
        mTravelledDistance += getMaxSpeed() * dt.asSeconds();
```

#### Enemy Spawning

```
struct SpawnPoint
{
    SpawnPoint(Aircraft::Type type, float x, float y);
    Aircraft::Type type;
    float x;
    float y;
};
```

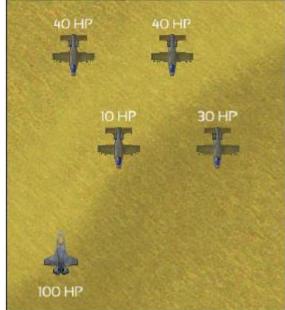
 A member variable World::mEnemySpawnPoints of type std::vector<SpawnPoint> holds all future spawn points

#### Enemy Spawning (cont'd.)

```
void World::spawnEnemies()
   while (!mEnemySpawnPoints.empty() && mEnemySpawnPoints.back().y
   > getBattlefieldBounds().top)
       SpawnPoint spawn = mEnemySpawnPoints.back();
       std::unique ptr<Aircraft> enemy( new Aircraft(spawn.type,
         mTextures, mFonts));
       enemy->setPosition(spawn.x, spawn.y);
       enemy->setRotation(180.f);
       mSceneLayers[Air]->attachChild(std::move(enemy));
       mEnemySpawnPoints.pop back();
```

#### Enemy Spawning (cont'd.)

```
void World::addEnemies()
{
   addEnemy(Aircraft::Raptor, 0.f, 500.f);
   addEnemy(Aircraft::Avenger, -70.f, 1400.f);
   ...
   std::sort(mEnemySpawnPoints.begin(), mEnemySpawnPoints.end(),
   [] (SpawnPoint lhs, SpawnPoint rhs)
   {
      return lhs.y < rhs.y;
   });</pre>
```



#### Projectiles

```
class Projectile : public Entity
public:
    enum Type
       AlliedBullet,
       EnemyBullet,
       Missile,
       TypeCount
    } ;
public:
    Projectile (Type type,
    const TextureHolder& textures);
    void guideTowards(sf::Vector2f position);
    bool isGuided() const;
    virtual unsigned int getCategory() const;
    virtual sf::FloatRect getBoundingRect() const;
    float getMaxSpeed() const;
    int getDamage() const;
```

#### Projectiles (cont'd.)

```
private:
    virtual void updateCurrent(sf::Time dt, CommandQueue& commands);
    virtual void drawCurrent(sf::RenderTarget& target, sf::RenderStates states) const;

private:
    Type mType;
    sf::Sprite mSprite;
    sf::Vector2f mTargetDirection;
};
```

#### Constructor:

```
Projectile::Projectile(Type type, const TextureHolder& textures) : Entity(1)
   , mType(type), mSprite(textures.get(Table[type].texture))
{
   centerOrigin(mSprite);
}
```

#### Firing Projectiles

```
Player::Player()
   // Set initial key bindings
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::Left] = MoveLeft;
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::Right] = MoveRight;
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::Up] = MoveUp;
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::Down] = MoveDown;
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::Space] = Fire;
  mKeyBinding[sf::Keyboard::M] = LaunchMissile;
   // . . .
void Player::initializeActions()
   // ...
  mActionBinding[Fire].action = derivedAction<Aircraft>(
        std::bind(&Aircraft::fire, _1));
  mActionBinding[LaunchMissile].action =derivedAction<Aircraft>(
        std::bind(&Aircraft::launchMissile, 1));
```

```
void Aircraft::checkProjectileLaunch(sf::Time dt, CommandQueue&
commands)
   if (mIsFiring && mFireCountdown <= sf::Time::Zero)
      commands.push (mFireCommand);
      mFireCountdown += sf::seconds(1.f / (mFireRateLevel+1));
      mIsFiring = false;
    else if (mFireCountdown > sf::Time::Zero)
      mFireCountdown -= dt;
    if (mIsLaunchingMissile)
      commands.push (mMissileCommand);
      mIsLaunchingMissile = false;
```

```
bool Player::isRealtimeAction (Action action)
   switch (action)
       case MoveLeft:
       case MoveRight:
       case MoveDown:
       case MoveUp:
       case Fire:
        return true;
       default:
        return false;
```

```
Aircraft::Aircraft(Type type, const TextureHolder& textures)
  mFireCommand.category = Category::SceneAirLayer;
  mFireCommand.action = [this, &textures] (SceneNode& node,
     sf::Time)
       createBullets (node, textures);
  } ;
   mMissileCommand.category = Category::SceneAirLayer;
   mMissileCommand.action = [this, &textures] (SceneNode& node,
      sf::Time)
      createProjectile (node, Projectile:: Missile, 0.f, 0.5f,
      textures);
   };
```

```
void Aircraft::createBullets(SceneNode& node, const TextureHolder& textures) const
     Projectile::Type type = isAllied() ? Projectile::AlliedBullet :
        Projectile::EnemyBullet;
     switch (mSpreadLevel)
        case 1:
          createProjectile (node, type, 0.0f, 0.5f, textures);
         break:
        case 2:
          createProjectile(node, type, -0.33f, 0.33f, textures);
          createProjectile(node, type, +0.33f, 0.33f, textures);
         break;
        case 3:
          createProjectile(node, type, -0.5f, 0.33f, textures);
          createProjectile(node, type, 0.0f, 0.5f, textures);
          createProjectile(node, type, +0.5f, 0.33f, textures);
         break;
```

```
void Aircraft::createProjectile(SceneNode& node,
 Projectile:: Type type, float xOffset, float yOffset,
  const TextureHolder& textures) const
   std::unique ptr<Projectile> projectile(
      new Projectile(type, textures));
   sf::Vector2f offset(
      xOffset * mSprite.getGlobalBounds().width,
      yOffset * mSprite.getGlobalBounds().height);
   sf::Vector2f velocity(0, projectile->getMaxSpeed());
   float sign = isAllied() ? -1.f : +1.f;
   projectile->setPosition(getWorldPosition() + offset * sign);
   projectile->setVelocity(velocity * sign);
   node.attachChild(std::move(projectile));
```

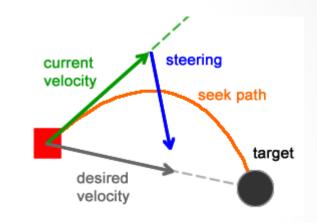
#### Homing Missiles

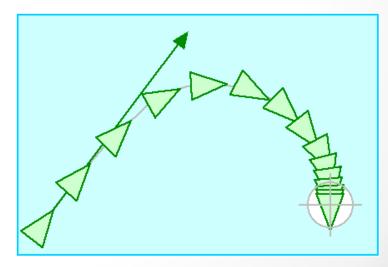
```
bool Projectile::isGuided() const
{
    return mType == Missile;
}

void Projectile::guideTowards(sf::Vector2f position)
{
    assert(isGuided());
    mTargetDirection = unitVector(position - getWorldPosition());
}
```

# AI: What is the seeking behavior?

- The seeking behavior is the idea that an Al agent "seeks" to have a certain velocity (vector).
- To start, we'll need to have 2 things:
  - o An initial velocity (a vector)
  - A desired velocity (also a vector)
- First, we need to find the velocity needed for our agent to reach a desired point...
  - This is usually a subtraction of the current position of the agent and the desired position.
- Secondly, we must also find the agent's current velocity, which is usually already available in most game engines.
- Next, we need to find the vector difference between the desired velocity and the agent's current velocity.
  - o it literally gives us a vector that gives the desired velocity when we add it to that agent's current velocity. We will call it "steering velocity".





#### Homing Missiles (cont'd.)

```
void Projectile::updateCurrent(sf::Time dt,
  CommandQueue& commands)
  if (isGuided())
      const float approachRate = 200.f;
      sf::Vector2f newVelocity = unitVector(approachRate
        * dt.asSeconds() * mTargetDirection + getVelocity());
      newVelocity *= getMaxSpeed();
      float angle = std::atan2(newVelocity.y, newVelocity.x);
      setRotation(toDegree(angle) + 90.f);
      setVelocity (newVelocity);
   Entity::updateCurrent(dt, commands);
```

#### Homing Missiles (cont'd.)

```
void World::quideMissiles()
    Command enemyCollector;
    enemyCollector.category = Category::EnemyAircraft;
    enemyCollector.action = derivedAction<Aircraft>(
      [this] (Aircraft& enemy, sf::Time)
    if (!enemy.isDestroyed())
       mActiveEnemies.push back(&enemy);
   });
   Command missileGuider;
   missileGuider.category = Category::AlliedProjectile;
   missileGuider.action = derivedAction < Projectile > (
   [this] (Projectile& missile, sf::Time)
        // Ignore unquided bullets
        if (!missile.isGuided())
                 return;
```

#### Homing Missiles (cont'd.)

```
float minDistance = std::numeric limits<float>::max();
       Aircraft* closestEnemy = nullptr;
       FOREACH (Aircraft* enemy, mActiveEnemies)
         float enemyDistance = distance(missile, *enemy);
         if (enemyDistance < minDistance)</pre>
               closestEnemy = enemy;
               minDistance = enemyDistance;
       if (closestEnemy)
         missile.quideTowards(
                                      closestEnemy-
         >getWorldPosition());
});
```

#### Pickups

```
class Pickup : public Entity
public:
   enum Type
        HealthRefill,
        MissileRefill,
        FireSpread,
        FireRate,
        TypeCount
   } ;
public:
     Pickup (Type type, const TextureHolder& textures);
     virtual unsigned int getCategory() const;
     virtual sf::FloatRect getBoundingRect() const;
     void apply(Aircraft& player) const;
protected:
     virtual void drawCurrent(sf::RenderTarget& target, sf::RenderStates states) const;
private:
     Type mType;
     sf::Sprite mSprite;
} ;
```

#### Collisions

- Collisions for the game will deal with bounding rectangles
- Below in an example where getWorldTransform()
  multiplies sf::Transform objects from the scene root to
  the leaf
  - sf::Transform::transformRect() transforms a rectangle
    - May enlarge it if there is a rotation
  - sf::Sprite::getGlobalBounds() returns the sprite's bounding rectangle
    - Relative to the aircraft

Development II - Week 10

```
sf::FloatRect Aircraft::getBoundingRect() const
{
    return
    getWorldTransform().transformRect(mSprite.getGlobalBounds());
}
GAME3015-Game Engine
```

#### Finding Collision Pairs

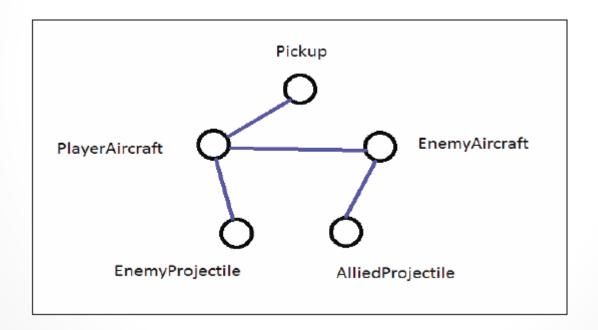
```
void SceneNode::checkNodeCollision(SceneNode& node, std::set<Pair>&
collisionPairs)
{
    if (this != &node && collision(*this, node) && !isDestroyed() && !node.isDestroyed())
        collisionPairs.insert(std::minmax(this, &node));
    FOREACH(Ptr& child, mChildren)
        child->checkNodeCollision(node, collisionPairs);
}

void SceneNode::checkSceneCollision(SceneNode& sceneGraph, std::set<Pair>& collisionPairs)
{
    checkNodeCollision(sceneGraph, collisionPairs);
    FOREACH(Ptr& child, sceneGraph.mChildren)
        checkSceneCollision(*child, collisionPairs);
}
```

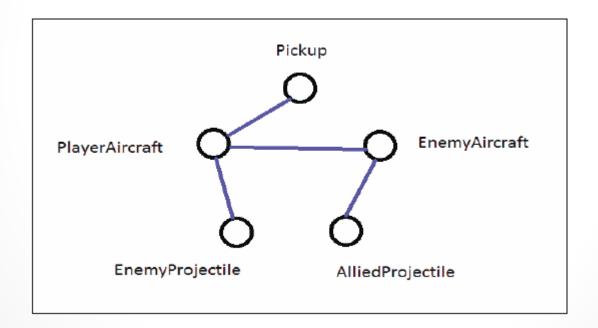
```
bool matchesCategories (SceneNode::Pair& colliders,
  Category::Type type1, Category::Type type2)
    unsigned int category1 = colliders.first->getCategory();
    unsigned int category2 = colliders.second->getCategory();
    if (type1 & category1 && type2 & category2)
       return true;
    else if (type1 & category2 && type2 & category1)
       std::swap(colliders.first, colliders.second);
       return true;
    else
       return false;
```

```
void World::handleCollisions()
   std::set<SceneNode::Pair> collisionPairs;
   mSceneGraph.checkSceneCollision(mSceneGraph, collisionPairs);
   FOREACH (SceneNode::Pair pair, collisionPairs)
       if (matchesCategories(pair,
       Category::PlayerAircraft, Category::EnemyAircraft))
         ... // React to player-enemy collision
```

 We have four combinations of categories which trigger a collision, as shown in the following diagram:



 We have four combinations of categories which trigger a collision, as shown in the following diagram:



- We need four calls to matchesCategories() in order to react to all possible combinations
  - Code goes in the 'React to player-enemy collision' part of previous code

```
if (matchesCategories(pair, Category::PlayerAircraft, Category::EnemyAircraft))
   auto& player = static cast<Aircraft&>(*pair.first);
   auto& enemy = static cast<Aircraft&>(*pair.second);
   player.damage(enemy.getHitpoints());
   enemy.destroy();
else if (matchesCategories(pair, Category::PlayerAircraft, Category::Pickup))
   auto& player = static cast<Aircraft&>(*pair.first);
   auto& pickup = static cast<Pickup&>(*pair.second);
   pickup.apply(player);
```

#### Cleaning Up

```
bool Entity::isDestroyed() const
     return mHitpoints <= 0;
bool SceneNode::isMarkedForRemoval() const
     return isDestroyed();
bool Aircraft::isMarkedForRemoval() const
     return mIsMarkedForRemoval;
void SceneNode::removeWrecks()
     auto wreckfieldBegin = std::remove if(mChildren.begin(),
    mChildren.end(), std::mem fn(&SceneNode::isMarkedForRemoval));
     mChildren.erase(wreckfieldBegin, mChildren.end());
     std::for each(mChildren.begin(), mChildren.end(),
     std::mem fn(&SceneNode::removeWrecks));
```

#### Cleaning Up (cont'd.)

```
void World::destroyEntitiesOutsideView()
{
    Command command;
    command.category = Category::Projectile | Category::EnemyAircraft;
    command.action = derivedAction<Entity>([this] (Entity& e, sf::Time)
    {
        if (!getBattlefieldBounds().intersects(e.getBoundingRect()))
            e.destroy();
     });
    mCommandQueue.push(command);
}
```

#### Final Update

```
void World::update(sf::Time dt)
    mWorldView.move(0.f, mScrollSpeed * dt.asSeconds());
    mPlayerAircraft->setVelocity(0.f, 0.f);
    destroyEntitiesOutsideView();
    quideMissiles();
    while (!mCommandQueue.isEmpty())
       mSceneGraph.onCommand(mCommandQueue.pop(), dt);
    adaptPlayerVelocity();
    handleCollisions();
    mSceneGraph.removeWrecks();
    spawnEnemies();
    mSceneGraph.update(dt, mCommandQueue);
    adaptPlayerPosition();
```