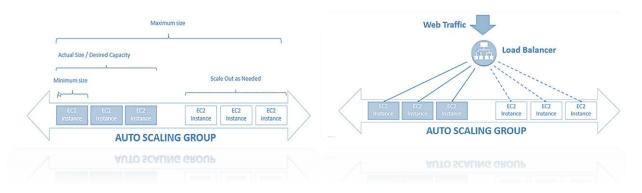
CLOUD CONCEPTS

(Auto Scaling Group- ELB)

The load on your website varies in real time, how your website will react to such a problem? Rapid action is required in this context cloud provide the scaling and elasticity in which servers can be added or removed from the auto scaling group. Min and Max machines must be mentioned earlier. To ensure high availability ASG is synced with load balancer deployed in max no. of AZs, and servers are registered and synced automatically with the Load Balancer.

Load on your website changes?

- Add or remove servers depending on your requirement solution in Cloud
- The goal of an Auto Scaling Group (ASG) is to:
 - Scale out (add EC2 instances) to match an increased load
 - Scale in (remove EC2 instances) to match a decreased load
 - Ensure we have a minimum and a maximum number of machines running
 - Automatically Register new instances to a load balancer



E.g., the main server must be 1, your desired capacity is 3 and maximum size is 6. Servers under unhealthy conditions will automatically launch the server from ASG. The traffic must be routed through load balancer.

Cloud watch is used to monitor services like LAOD Monitoring, checking health of the server and generating triggers or alarms. It is important to monitor peridically as some times there is some load which may generate the spike but its is not directly related to the traffic load. Basic monitoring by Amzaon is free. Triggers are generated after every 5 minutes, if trigger is to be generated after 1 minute it will be charged.

ASGs have the following attributes

- A launch configuration
 - AMI + InstanceType
 - EC2 User Data
 - EBSVolumes
 - Security Groups
 - SSH Key Pair
- Min Size / Max Size / Initial Capacity
- Network + Subnets Information
- Load Balancer Information
- Scaling Policies

Auto Scaling Custom Metric

- We can auto scale based on a custom metric (ex: number of connected users)
- 1. Send custom metric from application on EC2 to CloudWatch (PutMetric API)
- 2. Create CloudWatch alarm to react to low / high values
- 3. Use the CloudWatch alarm as the scaling policy for ASG

Auto Scaling Alarms

- It is possible to scale an ASG based on CloudWatch alarms
- An Alarm monitors a metric (such as Average CPU)
- Metrics are computed for the overall ASG instances
- · Based on the alarm:
 - We can create scale-out policies (increase the number of instances)
 - We can create scale-in policies (decrease the number of instances)



Scalin can be on CPU, Network or any custom metric based on schdeule.

ASG use launch configurations which you update by providing new launch configurations.

IAM roles attached to ASG will get assigned to EC2 instancees.

ASG is free. You are charged for underlying resources.

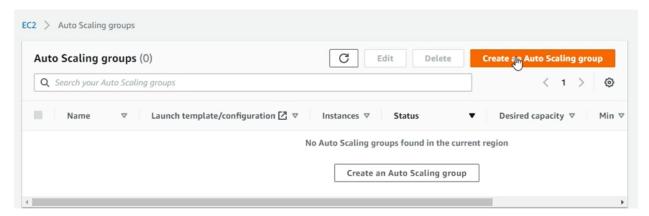
Instances under ASG will restart if they are terminated.

ASG terminate the instance marked as unhealthy by a load balancer.

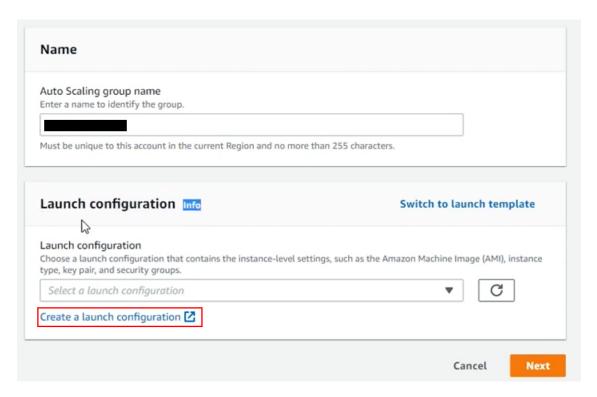
LAB (Automatic Scaling Group using Load Balancer)

Create Target Group Register Servers with target groups Make servers work under Load balancer though target groups

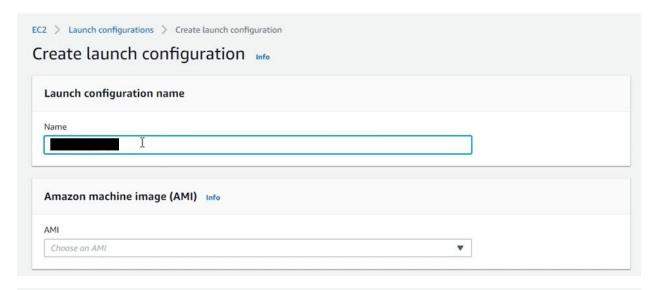
Create ASG Scroll on left side for Auto Scaling Group and create an ASG.

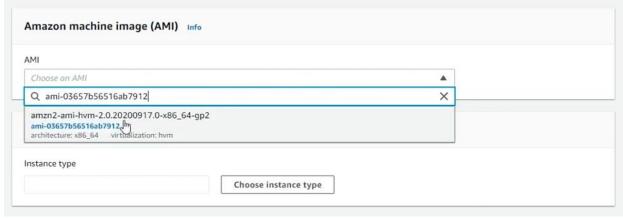


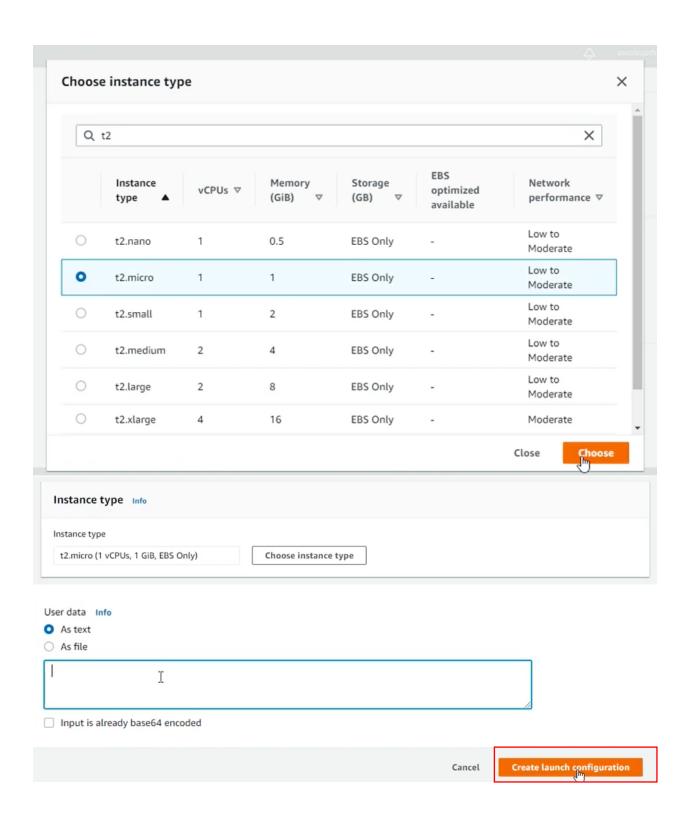
- There are two options (Launch Template and launch configurations), switch to launch configurations. These configurations are for the server which is automatically launched when server scales out e.g., the Linux or windows AMI, type of resources, the boot strap script etc.
- Name the AGS and click on Create a launch configurations.



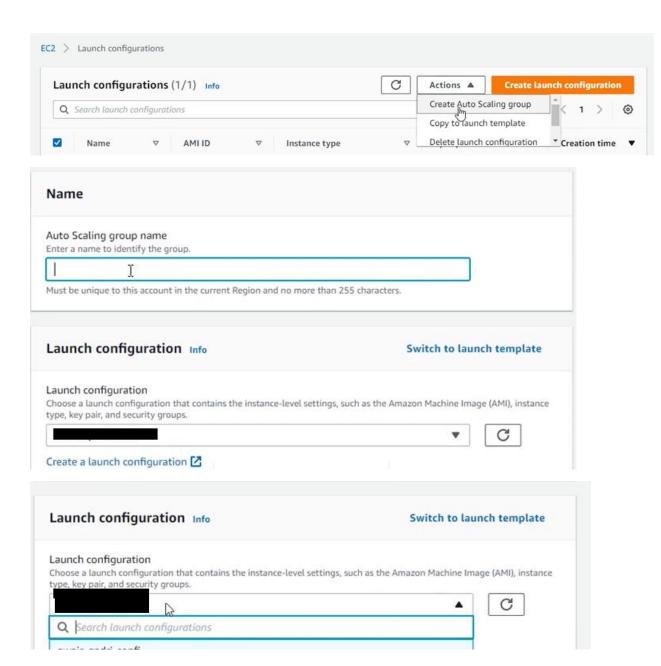
- Now name your configuration and select an AMI using AMI id. You can find the AMI id in amazon AMI marketplace.
- Choose an instance type. (Use free tier t2 micro) and in optional field paste the bootstrap code in user data. For difference change the statement in index.html file.
- Create or use existing Security group and key pair and click Create Launch Configurations.



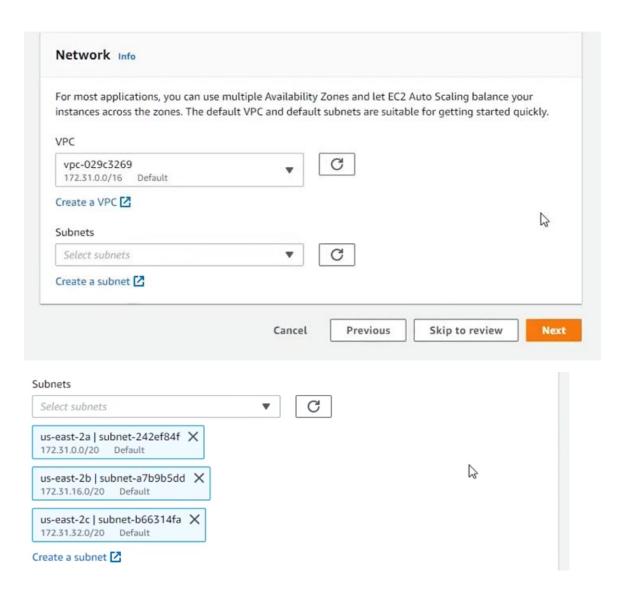




• After configuring "Launch Configurations" create an Auto Scaling Group. Give the name and select the created launch configurations.



• For High Availability select max (all) AZ = subnets in your region with default VPC.



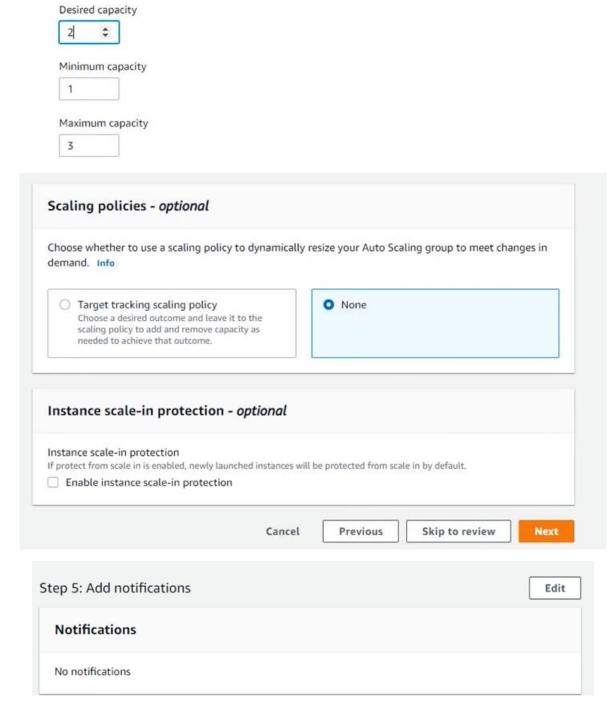
• Now enable the load balancer and select ALB. Select a target group from the created target groups and set the health checking period. When any server is unhealthy, a new server is automatically registered with the Load Balancer. Set the capacity values according to the requirements. Select scaling policies as None. Skip add notification as CLOUD watch is not checked and tagging. Click "Create Auto Scaling Group".

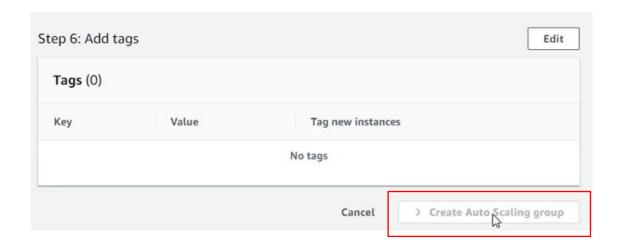
Configure advanced options Info Choose a load balancer to distribute incoming traffic for your application across instances to make it more reliable and easily scalable. You can also set options that give you more control over health check replacements and monitoring. Load balancing - optional Info Enable load balancing Load balancing - optional Info Enable load balancing Classic Load Balancer Application Load Balancer or Network Load Balancer Choose a target group for your load balancer Select target group Q Health checks - optional Health check type Info EC2 Auto Scaling automatically replaces instances that fail health checks. If you enabled load balancing, you can enable ELB health checks in addition to the EC2 health checks that are always enabled. ELB Health check grace period The amount of time until EC2 Auto Scaling performs the first health check on new instances after they are put into service. 60 seconds Additional settings - optional

Monitoring Info

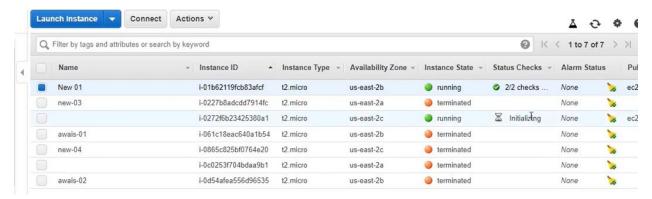
Enable group metrics collection within CloudWatch

Specify the size of the Auto Scaling group by changing the desired capacity. You can also specify minimum and maximum capacity limits. Your desired capacity must be within the limit range.





- Now visit EC2 instances to see if any instances are launched through AGS.
- Terminate any running instance to see how ASG automatically launches the servers.
 Delete/terminate all the servers to see new servers will start launching.
 - DONOT FORGET to terminate all the servers now and release/delete all the AWS resources.



• In target groups you can see the health status of the servers. This information takes time to sync.

