1. Main Idea

To draw detail of my clock, I should add Clock scale (drawing scale) which made up of 48 small scale, and 12 big scale.

⇒ I implemented this by using for loop, and draw 4 small scale, and 1 big scale ... so on. I calculated angle by using radian, sin, cos.

And then, I added 12 time (number) next to the big Scale.

⇒ I also implemented this by using for loop. While i increases from 1 to 12, calculate X coordinate and Y coordinate using radian, sin, cos.

Finally, I added total time, under my clock.

⇒ I calculated Y coordinate using centerY and circleRadius. X coordinate is same to centerX.

And here is my code below.

1. ClockAnimation.java

```
package com.example.demo;
import com.example.demo.ClockPane;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import javafx.animation.KeyFrame;
import javafx.animation.Timeline;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.util.Duration;
public class ClockAnimation extends Application{
   @Override
   public void start(Stage primaryStage){
       ClockPane clock = new ClockPane();
       EventHandler<ActionEvent> eventHandler = e -> {
           clock.setCurrentTime();
       };
       Timeline animation = new Timeline(new
KeyFrame(Duration.millis(1000), eventHandler));
       animation.setCycleCount(Timeline.INDEFINITE);
       animation.play();
       Scene scene = new Scene(clock, 250, 50);
       primaryStage.setTitle("ClockAnimation");
       primaryStage.setScene(scene);
       primaryStage.show();
```

This is exactly same to sample code. This java class makes new clockPane class, and clock animation so that clock can change each second.

2. ClockPane.java

```
package com.example.demo;
import javafx.scene.layout.Pane;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.shape.Circle;
import javafx.scene.shape.Line;
import javafx.scene.text.Text;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.GregorianCalendar;
public class ClockPane extends Pane {
   private int hour;
   private int minute;
   private int second;
   private double w = 250, h = 250;
   public ClockPane() {
       setCurrentTime();
   public ClockPane(int hour, int minute, int second) {
       this.hour = hour;
       this.minute = minute;
       this.second = second;
       paintClock();
   public int getHour() {
       return hour;
   public void setHour(int hour) {
       this.hour = hour;
       paintClock();
   public int getMinute() {
```

```
return minute;
public void setMinute(int minute) {
   this.minute = minute;
   paintClock();
public int getSecond() {
   return second;
public void setSecond(int second) {
   this.second = second;
   paintClock();
public double getW() {
   return w;
public void setW(double w) {
   this.w = w;
   paintClock();
public double getH() {
   return h;
public void setH(double h) {
   this.h = h;
   paintClock();
public void setCurrentTime() {
   Calendar calendar = new GregorianCalendar();
   this.hour = calendar.get(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY);
   this.minute = calendar.get(Calendar.MINUTE);
   this.second = calendar.get(Calendar.SECOND);
   paintClock();
```

```
protected void paintClock() {
       double clockRadius = Math.min(w, h) * 0.8 * 0.5;
       double centerX = w / 2;
       double centerY = h / 2;
       Circle circle = new Circle(centerX, centerY,
clockRadius);
       circle.setFill(Color.WHITE);
       circle.setStroke(Color.BLACK);
       double sLength = clockRadius * 0.8;
       double secondX = centerX + sLength * Math.sin(second *
(2 * Math.PI / 60));
       double secondY = centerY - sLength * Math.cos(second *
(2 * Math.PI / 60));
       Line sLine = new Line(centerX, centerY, secondX,
secondY);
       sLine.setStroke(Color.RED);
       double mLength = clockRadius * 0.65;
       double xMinute = centerX + mLength * Math.sin(minute *
(2 * Math.PI / 60));
       double minuteY = centerY - mLength * Math.cos(minute *
(2 * Math.PI / 60));
       Line mLine = new Line(centerX, centerY, xMinute,
minuteY);
       mLine.setStroke(Color.BLUE);
       double hLength = clockRadius * 0.5;
       double hourX = centerX + hLength * Math.sin((hour % 12
+ minute / 60.0) * (2 * Math.PI / 12));
       double hourY = centerY - hLength * Math.cos((hour % 12
+ minute / 60.0) * (2 * Math.PI / 12));
       Line hLine = new Line(centerX, centerY, hourX, hourY);
       hLine.setStroke(Color.GREEN);
       getChildren().clear();
       getChildren().addAll(circle, sLine, mLine, hLine);
       for (int i = 1; i <= 12; i++){ // add clock time
using sLength(second length) and center Coordinate with cos,
```

```
sin
           getChildren().add(new Text(centerX + sLength *
Math.sin((2 * Math.PI / 12) * i), centerY - sLength *
Math.cos((2 * Math.PI / 12) * i), Integer.toString(i)));
       for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow 60; i++){ // add clock scale
          double scaleX = centerX + clockRadius * Math.sin(2
* Math.PI / 60 * i); // scale X starting point
           double scaleY = centerY - clockRadius * Math.cos(2
* Math.PI / 60 * i); // scale Y starting point
           double scaleLength = clockRadius * 0.95; //
small scale's length is 0.05 * clock Radius
           if (i \% 5 == 0){
              scaleLength = clockRadius * 0.9; // big
scale's length is 0.1 * clock Radius
           double scaleX2 = centerX + scaleLength *
Math.sin(2 * Math.PI / 60 * i); // scale X ending point
           double scaleY2 = centerY - scaleLength *
Math.cos(2 * Math.PI / 60 * i); // scale Y ending point
           getChildren().add(new Line(scaleX, scaleY,
scaleX2, scaleY2)); // add scale Line
       // add total time under my clock : first make time
string, and add using center coordinate and clockRadius
       String currentTime = Integer.toString(this.hour) + ":"
+ Integer.toString(this.minute) + ":" +
Integer.toString(this.second);
       getChildren().add(new Text(centerX -25, centerY +
(clockRadius + 30), currentTime));
```

3. Implemented result

