

UC20 HTTP AT Commands Manual

UMTS/HSPA Module Series

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About the Document

History

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1 Introduction

UC20 provides HTTP application to HTTP(S) server. This document is a reference guide to all the AT commands defined for HTTP.

1.1. The Process of Using HTTP AT Commands

Through UC20 TCPIP AT command, you can configure PDP context, activate and deactivate PDP context, query PDP context status (Please refer to *UC20_TCPIP_AT_Commands_Manual*), and through UC20 HTTP AT command, you can send HTTP GET/POST request to HTTP server, and read HTTP response from HTTP server. The general process is as follows:

- **Step 1:** Configure the <apn>, <username>, <password> and other parameters of PDP context by AT+QICSGP (Please refer to *UC20_TCPIP_AT_Commands_Manual*). If QoS settings need to be updated, configure them by the commands AT+CGQMIN, AT+CGQMIN, AT+CGQREQ and AT+CGEQREQ (Please refer to *UC20_AT_Commands_Manual*).
- **Step 2:** Activate PDP context by AT+QIACT, then the assigned IP address can be queried by AT+QIACT? (Please refer to *UC20_TCPIP_AT_Commands_Manual*).
- Step 3: Set PDP context ID and SSL context ID by AT+QHTTPCFG command.
- **Step 4:** Configure SSL context parameters by AT+QSSLCFG command (Please refer to *UC20_SSL_AT_Commands_Manual*).
- Step 5: Set HTTP URL by AT+QHTTPURL command.
- **Step 6:** Send HTTP request. AT+QHTTPGET command can be used for sending HTTP GET request, AT+QHTTPPOST or QHTTPOSTFILE command can be used for sending HTTP POST request.
- **Step 7:** Read HTTP response information by AT+QHTTPREAD or QHTTPREADFILE command.
- **Step 8:** Deactivate PDP context by AT+QIDEACT command. (Please refer to UC20_TCPIP_AT_Commands_Manual).



1.2. Description of HTTP Header

1.2.1. Customize HTTP Request Header

HTTP request header is filled by the modem automatically. If you want to customize the HTTP request header, you can set <request header> as 1 by AT+QHTTPCFG command, and then input HTTP request header as below:

- 1. Follow HTTP header syntax.
- 2. The value of URI in HTTP request line and the "Host:" header must be in line with the URL configured by AT+QHTTPURL command.
- 3. The HTTP request header must end with <CR><LF>.

The following example shows a valid HTTP POST request header:

POST/processorder.php HTTP/1.1<CR><LF>

Host: 220.180.239.201:8011<CR><LF>

Accept: */*<CR><LF>

User-Agent: QUECTEL_MODULE<CR><LF>

Connection: Keep-Alive<CR><LF>

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded<CR><LF>

Content-Length: 42<CR><LF>

<CR><LF>

1.2.2. Output HTTP Response Header

HTTP response header will not output automatically. If you want to obtain HTTP response header information, you can set <response header> to 1 by AT+QHTTPCFG command, and the HTTP response header will be output with HTTP response body when you execute AT+QHTTPREAD or AT+QHTTPREADFILE command.

1.3. Description of Data Mode

The mode of the COM port includes AT command mode and data mode. The difference between them is as follows:

- 1) In AT command mode, the data input via COM port will be treated as AT command.
- 2) In data mode, the data input via COM port will be treated as data.



You can exit from data mode by using "+++" or pulling up DTR (AT&D1 should be set). To prevent the "+++" from being misinterpreted as data, it should comply with the following sequence:

- 1) Do not input any character in 1 second before inputting "+++".
- 2) Input "+++" in 1 second, and no other characters can be input during this time.
- 3) Do not input any character in 1 second after "+++" has been input.

When you execute QHTTPURL, QHTTPHEAD, QHTTPOST and QHTTPREAD, the modem will enter data mode. If you are using "+++" or DTR to make module exit from online data mode, the executing procedure of these command will be interrupted before the executed result is returned, and you can't reenter online data mode by executing ATO command.

1.4. Error Handling

1.4.1. Executing HTTP AT Command Fails

If you execute HTTP AT command and receive response "ERROR" from modem, please check whether the SIM card is inserted and the result of "AT+CPIN?"? is "+CPIN: READY".

1.4.2. PDP Activation Fails

If you failed to active PDP context by AT+QIACT command, please check the following aspects:

- 1. Query whether the PS domain is attached by AT+CGATT? command. If not, execute AT+CGATT=1 command to attach PS domain.
- 2. Query the PS domain status by AT+CGREG? command and make sure the PS domain has been registered.
- 3. Query the PDP context parameters by AT+QICSGP command and make sure the APN of specified PDP context has been set.
- 4. Make sure the specified PDP context ID is neither used by PPP nor activated by AT+CGACT command.
- 5 The module only supports three PDP contexts activated simultaneously, so you must make sure the amount of activated PDP context is less than 3.

If the result of above checking is OK, but the executing of AT+QIACT command still fails, please reboot the modem to resolve this issue. After rebooting the modem, please follow the above checking at least three times and each time at an interval of 10 minutes to avoid frequent rebooting of the module.



1.4.3. DNS Parse Fails

When executing AT+QHTTPGET, AT+QHTTPPOST and QHTTPPOSTFILE commands, if "+CME ERROR: 714" (714: HTTP DNS error) is returned, please check the following aspects:

- 1. Make sure the domain name of HTTP server is valid.
- 2. Query the status of PDP context via AT+QIACT? command to make sure the specified PDP context has been activated successfully.
- 3. Query the address of DNS server via AT+QIDNSCFG? command to make sure the address of DNS server is not equal to "0.0.0.0".

If the DNS server address is equal to "0.0.0.0", there are two solutions:

- 1. Reassign a valid DNS server address by AT+QIDNSCFG command.
- 2. Deactivate the PDP context by AT+QIDEACT command, and re-activate the PDP context via AT+QIACT command.

1.4.4. Entering Online Data Mode Fails

When executing QHTTPURL, QHTTPGET, QHTTPPOST and QHTTPREAD commands, if "+CME ERROR: 704" (704: HTTP UART busy) is returned, please check whether there are other ports in online data mode, since the modem only supports one port in online data mode simultaneously.

If you encounter this issue during executing QHTTPURL, QHTTPGET, QHTTPPOST and QHTTPREAD command, please re-execute these commands after other ports exit from online data mode.

1.4.5. Sending GET/POST Request Fails

If you receive a failed result during executing AT+QHTTPGET, AT+QHTTPPOST and QHTTPPOSTFILE command, please check the following aspects:

- 1. Make sure the URL input via HTTPURL command is valid and can be accessed.
- 2. Make sure the specified server supports GET/POST command.
- 3. Make sure the PDP context has been activated successfully.

If the result of above checking is OK, but the executing of AT+QHTTPGET, QHTTPPOST and QHTTPPOSTFILE command still fails, please deactivate the PDP context via AT+QIDEACT and reactivate the PDP context via AT+QIACT to resolve this issue. If you encounter failed result during activating the PDP context, please refer to Chapter 1.4.2 to resolve it.



1.4.6. Reading Response Fails

Before reading response by AT+QHTTPREAD and QHTTPREADFILE command, you should execute AT+QHTTPGET, AT+QHTTPPOST and QHTTPPOSTFILE command and receive the URC information:

During executing AT+QHTTTPREAD and QHTTPREADFILE command, if you encounter some errors, such as: "+CME ERROR: 717" (717:HTTP read error), please resend HTTP GET/POST request to HTTP server by AT+QHTTPGET, AT+QHTTPPOST and QHTTPPOSTFILE command. If you encounter failed result during sending GET/POST request to HTTP server, please refer to Chapter 1.4.5 to resolve it.

[&]quot;+QHTTPGET: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]"/

[&]quot;+QHTTPPOST: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]"/

[&]quot;+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>,<content length>]"



2 Description of AT Command

2.1. AT+QHTTPCFG Configure Parameters for HTTP(S) Server

AT+QHTTPCFG is used to configure the parameters for HTTP service, including PDP context ID, customizing HTTP request header and outputting HTTP response header and querying SSL settings. If the write command only executes one parameter, it will query the current settings.

AT+QHTTPCFG Configure Param	eters for HTTP(s) Server
Test Command AT+QHTTPCFG=?	Response +QHTTPCFG: "contextid",(1-16) +QHTTPCFG: "requestheader",(0,1) +QHTTPCFG: "responseheader",(0,1) +QHTTPCFG: "sslctxid",(0-5)
Write Command AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid"[, <context id="">]</context>	Response If <contextid> is not omitted: OK or +CME ERROR: <err> Else, query the current settings: +QHTTPCFG: "contextId", <contextid></contextid></err></contextid>
Write Command AT+QHTTPCFG="requestheader"[, <re header="" quest="">]</re>	OK Response If <request header=""> is not omitted: OK or +CME ERROR: <err></err></request>
	Else, query the current settings: +QHTTPCFG: "requestheader", <request header=""> OK</request>



Write Command	Response
AT+QHTTPCFG="responseheader"[, <r< td=""><td>If <response header=""> is not omitted:</response></td></r<>	If <response header=""> is not omitted:</response>
esponse header>]	OK
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Else, query the current settings:
	+QHTTPCFG: "responseheader", <response header=""></response>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QHTTPCFG="sslctxid"[, <sslctxld></sslctxld>	If <sslctxid> is not omitted:</sslctxid>
1	OK
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Else, query the current settings:
	+QHTTPCFG: "sslctxid", <sslctxid></sslctxid>
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+QHTTPCFG?	+QHTTPCFG: "contextid", <contextid></contextid>
	+QHTTPCFG: "requestheader", <request header=""></request>
	+QHTTPCFG: "responseheader", <response header=""></response>
	+QHTTPCFG: "sslctxid", <sslctxid></sslctxid>

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Numeric type, indicates PDP context ID, range is 1-16, default value is 1
<request header=""></request>	Numeric type, indicates whether to customize HTTP request header
	<u>0</u> Disable
	1 Enable
<response header=""></response>	Numeric type, indicates whether to output HTTP response header or not
	<u>0</u> Disable
	1 Enable
<sslctxid></sslctxid>	Numeric type, indicates this SSL context ID will be used for HTTP. The range
	is 0-5, default value is 1. You should configure the SSL parameter by
	AT+QSSLCFG. (For details, please refer to the command AT+QSSLCFG in
	UC20_SSL_AT_Commands_Manual.)
<err></err>	The type of error, please refer to Chapter 4



2.2. AT+QHTTPURL Set HTTP(S) Server URL

To input URL, you must begin with "http://" or "https://". If the URL begins with "http://", it indicates you will access to a HTTP server. If the URL begins with "https://", it indicates you will access to a HTTPS server.

AT+QHTTPURL Set HTTP(S) Ser	ver URL
Test Command AT+QHTTPURL=?	Response +QHTTPURL: (1-700),(1-65535)
Write Command AT+QHTTPURL= <url length="">[,<timeout>]</timeout></url>	Response a) If format is right, and it isn't sending HTTP GET/POST request at present: CONNECT TA switches to the transparent access mode, and the URL can be input. When the total size of the input data reaches <url length="">, TA will return to command mode and report the following codes: OK If the <timeout> has reached, but the received length of URL is less than <url length="">, TA will return to command mode and report the following code: +CME ERROR: <err> b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: +CME ERROR: <err></err></err></url></timeout></url>
Read Command AT+QHTTPURL?	Response [+QHTTPURL: <url><cr><lf>] OK</lf></cr></url>

Parameter

<url length=""></url>	Numeric type, indicates the length of URL, range is 1-700, unit: byte
<timeout></timeout>	Numeric type, indicates the maximum time in seconds to input URL, range is
	1-65535, default value is 60, unit: second
<err></err>	The type of error, please refer to Chapter 4



2.3. AT+QHTTPGET Send GET Request to HTTP(S) Server

According to the configured parameter <request header> in the command AT+QHTTPCFG="request header"[,<request header>], the HTTPGET write command has two different formats, the details are shown as below. Please note that if <request header> equals to 1, after the command AT+QHTTPGET has been sent, the CONNECT may be output in 125s to indicate that the connection is successful. If it isn't received during this time, the +CME ERROR: <err> will be output.

In the URC "+QHTTPGET: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]", the parameter <httprspcode> can only be reported when <err> equals to 0. If HTTP response header contains "CONTENT-LENGTH" information, the <content length> information will be reported.

AT+QHTTPGET Send GET Requ	est to HTTP(S) Server
Test Command AT+QHTTPGET=?	Response +QHTTPGET: (1-65535),(1-2048),(1-65535)
If <request header=""> equals to 0 (disable customize HTTP request header) AT+QHTTPGET[=<rsptime>]</rsptime></request>	Response a) If parameter format is right and no other errors occur: OK When modem has received response from HTTP server, it will report the following URC: +QHTTPGET: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length="">]] b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: +CME ERROR: <err></err></content></httprspcode></err>
If <request header=""> equals to 1 (enable customize HTTP request header) AT+QHTTPGET=<rsptime>,<data length="">[,<input time=""/>]</data></rsptime></request>	Response a) If connect HTTP server successfully: CONNECT TA switches to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP GET request header can be input. When the total size of the input data reaches <data length="">, TA will return to command mode and report the following codes: OK When modem has received response from HTTP server, it will report the following URC:</data>



	+QHTTPGET: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length="">]]</content></httprspcode></err>
	If the <input time=""/> has reached, but the length of received data is less than <data length="">, TA will return to command mode and report the following code: +CME ERROR: <err></err></data>
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	Determined by <rsptime></rsptime>

Parameter

<rsptime></rsptime>	Numeric type, the range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit: second. It is
	used to configure the timeout for the HTTP GET response URC "+QHTTPGET:
	<pre><err>[,<httprspcode>,<content length="">]" to report after the result code OK is</content></httprspcode></err></pre>
	returned
<data length=""></data>	Numeric type, indicates the length of HTTP request information, including HTTP
	request header and HTTP request body, range is 1-2048, unit: byte
<input time=""/>	Numeric type, indicates the maximum time in seconds to input HTTP request
	information, range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit: second
<err></err>	Please refer to Chapter 4
<httprspcode></httprspcode>	Please refer to Chapter 5
<request header=""></request>	Please refer to Chapter 2.1
<content length=""></content>	Numeric type, indicates the length of HTTP response body, unit: byte.

2.4. AT+QHTTPPOST Send POST Request to HTTP(S) Server by UART/USB

You can send HTTP POST request via AT+QHTTPPOST command. According to the configured parameter <request header> in the command AT+QHTTPCFG="requestheader"[,<request header>], the HTTPPOST write command has two different formats, if you set <request header> to 0, you should input post body by UART/USB, else if you set <request header> to 1, you should input post header and body by UART/USB.

After the command AT+QHTTPPOST has been sent, the CONNECT may be output in 125s to indicate the connection is successful, if it isn't received during this time, the +CME ERROR: <err> will be output.

It is suggested to wait a specific time (refer to the Maximum Response Time below) after the result code OK is reported for the URC response "+QHTTPPOST: <err>[,<http://ocontent.ength>]]".



If <request header=""> equals to 0 (disable customize HTTP request header AT+QHTTPPOST=<data <data<="" body="" connect="" post="" prompt="" reaches="" successfull="" switched="" ta="" th="" will=""><th>es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:</th></data></request>	es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:
If <request header=""> equals to 0 (disable customize HTTP request header AT+QHTTPPOST=<data length="">[,<input time=""/>,<rsptime>] TA switched POST body reaches <doi fet<="" report="" th="" the=""><th>ly and HTTP request header is sent completely, it you to input body: es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:</th></doi></rsptime></data></request>	ly and HTTP request header is sent completely, it you to input body: es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:
customize HTTP request header AT+QHTTPPOST= <data length="">[,<input time=""/>,<rsptime>] TA switched POST body reaches <doi fe<="" report="" td="" the=""><td>ly and HTTP request header is sent completely, it you to input body: es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:</td></doi></rsptime></data>	ly and HTTP request header is sent completely, it you to input body: es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:
POST body reaches <d fe<="" report="" td="" the=""><td>y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:</td></d>	y can be input. When the total size of the input data data length>, TA will return to command mode and following codes:
	om has respined response from LITTD comes it will
report the fo	em has received response from HTTP server, it will following URC: OST: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length="">]]</content></httprspcode></err>
data is less mode and r	ut time> has reached, but the received length of is than <data length="">, TA will return to command report the following code: ROR: <err></err></data>
	eter format is not right or other errors occur: ROR: <err></err>
If <request header=""> equals to 1 (enable customize HTTP request header) a) If param successfull length>[,<input time=""/>,<rsptime>] CONNECT</rsptime></request>	•
POST head the input	es to the transparent access mode, and the HTTP der and body can be input. When the total size of data reaches <data length="">, TA will return to mode and report the following codes:</data>
report the fo	em has received response from HTTP server, it will following URC: OST: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length="">]]</content></httprspcode></err>



	If the <input time=""/> has reached, but the length of received
	data is less than <data length="">, TA will return to command</data>
	mode and report the following code:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	Determined by network and <rsptime></rsptime>
	' '

Parameter

<data length=""></data>	Numeric type, if <request header=""> is 0, it indicates the length of post body,</request>	
	and if <request header=""> is 1, it indicates the length of HTTP request</request>	
	information, including HTTP request header and HTTP request body, range is	
	1-1024000, unit: byte	
<input time=""/>	Numeric type, indicates the maximum time in seconds to input post body or	
	HTTP request information, range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit:	
	second	
<rsptime></rsptime>	Numeric type, range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit: second. It is	
	used to configure the timeout for the HTTP POST response URC	
	"+QHTTPPOST: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length="">]]" to report after the</content></httprspcode></err>	
	result code OK is returned	
<err></err>	Please refer to Chapter 4	
<httprspcode></httprspcode>	Please refer to Chapter 5	
<request header=""></request>	Please refer to Chapter 2.1	
<content length=""></content>	Numeric type, indicates the length of HTTP response body, unit: byte	

2.5. AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE Send POST Request to HTTP(S) Server by

File

You also can send HTTP POST request in file via AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE command. According to the configured parameter <request header> in the command AT+QHTTPCFG="requestheader"[,<request header>], the file operated through HTTPPOSTFILE command has two different formats, if set <request header> to 0, the file in file system will be post body, else if set <request header> to 1, the file in file system will be post header and body.

The modem will report information "+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]" to indicate the executing result of AT+QHTTPPOSFILE command. The parameter <httprspcode> can only be reported when <err> equals to 0.



It is suggested to wait a specific time (refer to the Maximum Response Time below) after the result code OK is reported for the URC response "+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<https://oco.org/10.1016/j.com/en/10.1016/j.c

AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE Send POST Request to HTTP(S) Server by File	
Test Command	Response
AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE=?	+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <file name="">,(1-65535)</file>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE= <file< th=""><th>a) If parameter format is right and HTTP server is connected</th></file<>	a) If parameter format is right and HTTP server is connected
name>[, <rsptime>]</rsptime>	successfully:
	OK
If <request header=""> equals to 1, the</request>	
specified file must contain HTTP	When modem has received response from HTTP server, it will
request header information.	report the following URC:
	+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>,<content< td=""></content<></httprspcode></err>
	length>]
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	Determined by <rsptime></rsptime>

Parameter

<file name=""></file>	String type, file name, the max length of file name is 80, unit: byte	
<rsptime></rsptime>	Numeric type, the range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit: second. It	
	is used to configure the timeout for the HTTP POST response URC	
	"+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>,<content length="">]" to report after</content></httprspcode></err>	
	the result code OK is returned.	
<err></err>	Please refer to Chapter 4	
<httprspcode></httprspcode>	Please refer to Chapter 5	
<request header=""></request>	Please refer to Chapter 2.1	
<content length=""></content>	Numeric type, indicates the length of HTTP response body	

2.6. AT+QHTTPREAD Read Response from HTTP(S) Server by UART/USB

After sending HTTP GET/POST request, you can retrieve HTTP response information from HTTP server to UART/USB via AT+QHTTPREAD command. And before executing AT+QHTTPREAD, you must have received "+QHTTPGET: <err>[,<https://orange.com/https://o



<err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]" or "+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>,<content length>]" information.

AT+QHTTPREAD Read Response from HTTP(S) Server by UART/USB	
Test Command	Response
AT+QHTTPREAD=?	+QHTTPREAD: (1-65535)
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+QHTTPREAD[= <wait time="">]</wait>	a) If parameter format is right and read successfully:
	CONNECT
	<output http="" information="" response=""></output>
	OK
	+QHTTPREAD: <err></err>
	If <wait time=""> reaches or other errors occur, but body has not</wait>
	output completely, it will report the following codes:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Parameter

<wait time=""></wait>	Numeric type, indicates the maximum interval time between receiving two	
	packets of data. The default value is 60, unit: second	
<err></err>	Please refer to Chapter 4	

2.7. AT+QHTTPREADFILE Read Response from HTTP(S) Server by File

After sending HTTP GET/POST request, you can retrieve HTTP response information from HTTP server to file via AT+QHTTPREADFILE command. And before executing AT+QHTTPREADFILE, you must have received "+QHTTPGET: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]", "+QHTTPPOST: <err>[,<httprspcode>[,<content length>]]" or "+QHTTPPOSTFILE: <err>[,<httprspcode>,<content length>]" information.

AT+QHTTPREADFILE Read Response from HTTP(S) Server by File	
Test Command	Response
AT+QHTTPREADFILE=?	+QHTTPREADFILE: <file name="">,(1-65535)</file>



	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+QHTTPREADFILE= <file< td=""><td>a) If parameter format is right:</td></file<>	a) If parameter format is right:
name>[, <wait time="">]</wait>	OK
	When body is read over or <wait time=""> reaches, it will report: +QHTTPREADFILE: <err></err></wait>
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Parameter

<wait time=""></wait>	Numeric type, indicates the maximum interval time between receiving two	
	packets of data, range is 1-65535. The default value is 60, unit: second	
<file name=""></file>	String type, file name, the max length of file name is 80, unit: byte.	
<err></err>	Please refer to Chapter 4	



3 Example

3.1. Access to HTTP Server

3.1.1. Send HTTP GET Request

Following example shows how to send HTTP GET request with a customer HTTP request header, and how to read HTTP GET response.

```
//How to send HTTP GET response.
AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1
                                      //Set the PDP context ID as 1.
OK
AT+QHTTPCFG="responseheader",1 //Allow to output HTTP response header.
AT+QIACT?
                                     //Query the state of context.
AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1
                                     //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.
OK
AT+QIACT=1
                                     //Activate context 1.
OK
                                     //Activate successfully.
AT+QIACT?
                                     //Query the state of context.
+QIACT: 1,1,1,"10.7.157.1"
OK
AT+QHTTPURL=23,80
                                     //Set the URL which will be accessed.
CONNECT
HTTP://www.sina.com.cn/
                                    //Input URL which length is 23, note that this URL is an example,
                                      please input the correct URL in practical test.
OK
AT+QHTTPGET=80
                                    //Send HTTP GET request and maximum response time is 80s.
OK
+QHTTPGET: 0,200,547256
                                    //If HTTP response header contains "CONTENT-LENGTH"
                                     information, the <content length> information will be reported.
//How to read HTTP response.
//Solution 1: Read HTTP response information and output by UART
```



AT+QHTTPREAD=80

//Read HTTP response information and output by UART, the maximum time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s.

CONNECT

HTTP/1.1 200 OK <CR><LF>

//HTTP response header and body.

Content-Type: text/html<CR><LF> Vary: Accept-Encoding<CR><LF> X-Powered-By: shci v1.03<CR><LF>

Server: nginx<CR><LF>

Date: Fri. 27 Dec 2013 02:21:43 GMT<CR><LF>

Last-Modified: Fri, 27 Dec 2013 02:20:01 GMT<CR><LF>

Expires: Fri, 27 Dec 2013 02:22:43 GMT<CR><LF>

Cache-Control: max-age=60<CR><LF>

Age: 1<CR><LF>

Content-Length: 547256<CR><LF>

X-Cache: HIT from xd33-85.sina.com.cn<CR><LF>

<CR><LF> <body> OK

+QHTTPREAD: 0

//Read HTTP response header and body successfully.

//Solution2: Read HTTP response information and store it to RAM file.

AT+QHTTPREADFILE="RAM:1.txt",80 //Read HTTP response header and body and store them to

"RAM:1.txt", the maximum time to wait for HTTP session to

close is 80s.

OK

+QHTTPREADFILE: 0

//HTTP response header and body are stored successfully.

3.1.2. Send HTTP POST Request

3.1.2.1. Post Body Obtained from UART/USB

Following example shows how to send HTTP POST request and retrieve post body from UART/USB. In addition, it also shows how to read HTTP POST response.

AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1

//Set the PDP context ID as 1.

OK

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

OK

AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1

//Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.

OK

AT+QIACT=1 //Activate context 1.



OK //Activate successfully.

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

+QIACT: 1,1,1,"172.22.86.226"

OK

AT+QHTTPURL=59,80 //Set the URL which will be accessed.

CONNECT

HTTP://api.efxnow.com/DEMOWebServices2.8/Service.asmx/Echo? //Input URL which length is 59,

note that this URL is an example, please input the correct URL in practical test.

OK

AT+QHTTPPOST=20,80,80 //Send HTTP POST request, POST body is obtained from UART,

maximum input body time is 80s and maximum response time is

80s.

CONNECT

Message=HelloQuectel //Input post body which length is 20, note that post body is an

example, please input the correct post body in practical test.

OK

+QHTTPPOST: 0,200,177 //If HTTP response header contains "CONTENT-LENGTH"

information, the <content length> information will be reported.

AT+QHTTPREAD=80 //Read HTTP response body and output by UART, the maximum

time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s.

CONNECT

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<string xmlns="httpHTTPs://api.efxnow.com/webservices2.3">Message='HelloQuectel' ASCII:72

101 108 108 111 81 117 101 99 116 101 108 </string> //Output HTTP response body.

OK

+QHTTPREAD: 0 //HTTP response body is output successfully.

3.1.2.2. Post Body Obtained from File System

Following example shows how to send HTTP POST request and retrieve post body from file system. In addition, it also shows how to store HTTP POST response to file system.

AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1 //Set the PDP context ID as 1.

OK

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

OK

AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1 //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.

OK

AT+QIACT=1 //Activate context 1.



OK //Activate successfully.

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

+QIACT: 1,1,1,"172.22.86.226"

OK

AT+QHTTPURL=59,80 //Set the URL which will be accessed.

CONNECT

HTTP://api.efxnow.com/DEMOWebServices2.8/Service.asmx/Echo? //Input URL which length is 59,

note that this URL is an example, please input the correct URL in practical test.

OK

AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE="RAM:2.txt",80 //Send HTTP POST request, POST body is obtained from

"RAM:2.txt", and maximum response time is 80s.

OK

+QHTTPPOSTFILE: 0,200,177 //After HTTP POST request is sent success, you can execute

command AT+QHTTPREAD.

AT+QHTTPREADFILE="RAM:3.txt",80 //Read HTTP response body and store it to "RAM:3.txt", the

maximum time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s.

OK

+QHTTPREADFILE: 0 //HTTP response body is stored successfully.

3.2. Access to HTTPS Server

3.2.1. Send HTTP GET Request

Following example shows how to send HTTP GET request with a customer HTTP request header, and how to read HTTP GET response.

//How to send HTTP GET request.

AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1 //Set the PDP context ID as 1.

OK

AT+QHTTPCFG="responseheader",1 //Allow to output HTTP response header.

OK

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

OK

AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1" //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.

OK

AT+QIACT=1 //Activate context 1.

OK //Activate successfully.



AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

+QIACT: 1,1,1,"10.7.157.1"

OK

AT+QHTTPCFG="sslctxid",1 //Set the SSL context ID.

OK

AT+QSSLCFG="ssiversion",1,1 //Set the SSL version as 1, it means TLsV1.0.

OK

AT+QSSLCFG="ciphersuite",1,0x0005 //Set the SSL ciphersuite as 0x0005, it means RC4-SHA.

OK

AT+QSSLCFG="seclevel",1,0 //Set the SSL verify level as 0, it means you don't need any CA

Cert.

OK

AT+QHTTPURL=19,80 //Set the URL which will be accessed.

CONNECT

HTTPs://mail.qq.com/ //Input URL which length is 19, note that this URL is an example,

please input the correct URL in practical test.

OK

AT+QHTTPGET=80 //Send HTTP GET request and maximum response time is 80s.

OK

+QHTTPGET: 0,200,10750 //If HTTP response header contains "CONTENT-LENGTH"

information, the <content length> information will be reported.

//How to read HTTP response.

//Solution 1: Read HTTP response information and output by UART.

AT+QHTTPREAD=80 //Read HTTP response information and output by UART,

the maximum time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s.

CONNECT //HTTP response header and body.

HTTP/1.1 200 OK<CR><LF>
Server: nginx/1.2.7<CR><LF>

Date: Fri, 27 Dec 2013 02:38:27 GMT<CR><LF>

Content-Type: text/html; charset=GB18030<CR><LF>

Content-Length: 10750<CR><LF>Connection: keep-alive<CR><LF>

<CR><LF>
<body>
OK

+QHTTPREAD: 0 //Read HTTP response header and body successfully.

//Solution 2: Read HTTP response information and store it to RAM file.

AT+QHTTPREADFILE="RAM:4.txt",80 //Read HTTP response header and body and store it to



"RAM:4.txt", the maximum time to wait for HTTP session to

close is 80s.

OK

+QHTTPREADFILE: 0 //HTTP response header and body are stored successfully.

3.2.2. Send HTTP POST Request

3.2.2.1. Post Body Obtained from UART/USB

Following example shows how to send HTTP POST request and retrieve post body from UART/USB. In addition, it also shows how to read HTTP POST response.

```
AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1
                                      //Set the PDP context ID as 1.
OK
AT+QIACT?
                                      //Query the state of context.
OK
AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1
                                      //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.
OK
AT+QIACT=1
                                      //Activate context profile 1.
OK
                                      //Activate successfully.
AT+QIACT?
                                      //Query the state of context.
+QIACT: 1,1,1,"172.22.86.226"
OK
AT+QHTTPCFG="sslctxid",1
                                      //Set the SSL context ID.
OK
AT+QSSLCFG="sslversion",1,1
                                     //Set the SSL Version as 1, it means TLsV1.0.
AT+QSSLCFG="ciphersuite",1,0x0005 //Set the SSL ciphersuite as 0x0005, it means RC4-SHA.
OK
AT+QSSLCFG="seclevel",1,2
                                    //Set the SSL verify level as 2, it means you should upload CA
                                     Cert, client Cert and client private key by AT+QFUPL command.
OK
AT+QSSLCFG="cacert",1, "UFS:cacert.pem"
AT+QSSLCFG="clientcert",1,"UFS:clientcert.pem"
AT+QSSLCFG="clientkey",1,"UFS:clientkey.pem"
OK
AT+QHTTPURL=45,80
                                    //Set the URL which will be accessed.
CONNECT
HTTPs://220.180.239.201:8011/processorder.php
                                                 //Input URL which length is 45, note that URL is an
```



example, please input the correct URL in

practical test.

OK

AT+QHTTPPOST=48,80,80 //Send HTTP POST request , POST body is obtained from UART,

maximum input body time is 80s and maximum response time is

80s.

CONNECT

Message=1111&Appleqty=2222&Orangeqty=3333&find=1 //Input post body which length is 48, note

that this post body is an example, please input the correct one in practical

test.

OK

+QHTTPPOST: 0,200,285 //If HTTP response header contains "CONTENT-LENGTH"

information, the <content length> information will be reported.

AT+QHTTPREAD=80 //Read HTTP response body and output by UART, the maximum

time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s.

CONNECT //Read HTTP response body successfully.

<html> <head>

<title>Quectel's Auto Parts - Order Results</title>

</head> <body>

<h1>Quectel's Auto Parts</h1>

<h2>Order Results</h2>

Order processed at 02:49, 27th DecemberYour order is as follows: 1111

message
br />2222 apple
br />3333 orange
br /></body>

</html>

OK

+QHTTPREAD: 0 //HTTP response body is output successfully.

3.2.2.2. Post Body Obtained from File System

Following example shows how to send HTTP POST request and retrieve post body from file system. In addition, it also shows how to store HTTP POST response to file system.

AT+QHTTPCFG="contextid",1 //Set the PDP context ID as 1.

OK

AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context.

OK



AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1 //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom. OK AT+QIACT=1 //Activate context 1. OK //Activate successfully. AT+QIACT? //Query the state of context. +QIACT: 1,1,1,"172.22.86.226" OK AT+QHTTPCFG="sslctxid",1 //Set the SSL context ID. OK AT+QSSLCFG="sslversion",1,1 //Set the SSL version as 1, it means TLsV1.0. OK AT+QSSLCFG="ciphersuite",1,0x0005 //Set the SSL ciphersuite as 0x0005, it means RC4-SHA. //Set the SSL verify level as 2, it means you should upload CA AT+QSSLCFG="seclevel",1,2 Cert, client Cert and client private key by AT+QFUPL command. OK AT+QSSLCFG="cacert",1,"UFS:cacert.pem" OK AT+QSSLCFG="clientcert",1,"UFS:clientcert.pem" OK AT+QSSLCFG="clientkey",1,"UFS:clientkey.pem" OK AT+QHTTPURL=45,80 //Set the URL which will be accessed. CONNECT HTTPs:// 220.180.239.201:8011/processorder.php //Input URL which length is 45, note that this URL is an example, please input the correct URL in practical test. OK AT+QHTTPPOSTFILE="RAM:5.txt",80 //Send HTTP POST request, POST body is obtained from "RAM:5.txt", and maximum response time is 80s. OK +QHTTPPOSTFILE: 0,200,285 //After HTTP POST request success, you can execute command AT+QHTTPREAD. AT+QHTTPREADFILE="RAM:6.txt",80 //Read HTTP response body and store it to "RAM:6.txt", the maximum time to wait for HTTP session to close is 80s. OK +QHTTPREADFILE: 0 //HTTP response body is stored successfully.



4 Summary of ERROR Code

Table 1: Different Coding Schemes of +CME ERROR : <err>

<err></err>	Meaning
0	Operation successful
701	HTTP unknown error
702	HTTP timeout
703	HTTP busy
704	HTTP UART busy
705	HTTP no get/post request
706	HTTP network busy
707	HTTP network open fail
708	HTTP network no config
709	HTTP network deactivated
710	HTTP network error
711	HTTP URL error
712	HTTP empty URL
713	HTTP IP address error
714	HTTP DNS error
715	HTTP socket create error
716	HTTP socket connect error
717	HTTP socket read error



718	HTTP socket write error
719	HTTP socket close
720	HTTP data encode error
721	HTTP data decode error
722	HTTP read timeout
723	HTTP response fail
724	Incoming call busy
725	Voice call busy
726	Input timeout
727	Wait data timeout
728	Wait HTTP response timeout
729	Alloc memory fail
730	Invalid parameter



5 Summary of HTTP Response Code

Table 2: Different Coding Schemes of HTTP Response Code

<httprspcode></httprspcode>	Meaning
200	OK
403	Forbidden
404	Not found
409	Conflict
411	Length required
500	Internal Server error



6 Appendix A Reference

Table 3: Related Documents

SN	Document Name	Remark
[1]	RFC2616	Hyper Text Transport Protocol
[2]	UC20_TCPIP_AT_Commands_Manual	Introduction about UC20 TCPIP AT commands
[3]	UC20_FILE_AT_Commands_Manual	Introduction about UC20 file AT commands
[4]	UC20_AT_Commands_Manual	UC20 AT commands manual
[5]	UC20_SSL_AT_Commands_Manual	Introduction about UC20 SSL AT commands

Table 4: Terms and Abbreviations

n Description
Hyper Text Transport Protocol
Security Socket Layer
Data Terminal Ready
Point-to-Point Protocol
Domain Name Server
Uniform Resource Locator
Uniform Resource Identifier
Point-to-Point Protocol Domain Name Server Uniform Resource Locator