Task-3

1.Set up a local database (MySQL, PostgreSQL, or any other suitable database) and establish a connection using jdbc. Establish the connection using jdbc: import java.sql.*; public class connection{ Connection con = null; public static Connection connectDB() { try { // Step 2: involve among 7 in Connection // class i.e Load and register drivers // 2(a) Loading drivers using forName() method // Here, the name of the database is mysql Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"); // 2(b) Registering drivers using DriverManager

```
Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(
      "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/database",
      "root", "1234");
    // Root is the username, and
    // 1234 is the password
    // Here, the object of Connection class is return
    // which further used in main class
    return con;
 }
 // Here, the exceptions is handle by Catch block
 catch (SQLException | ClassNotFoundException e)
 {
    // Print the exceptions
    System.out.println(e);
    return null;
 }
2. Create a table to store student records and insert sample data.
CREATE TABLE students (
 student_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  age INT NOT NULL,
  grade CHAR(1) NOT NULL
```

}

}

```
);
import java.io.*;
import java.sql.*;
public class Database {
  // url that points to mysql database, 'db' is database
  // name
  static final String url
    = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/db";
  public static void main(String[] args)
    throws ClassNotFoundException
  {
    try {
      // this Class.forName() method is user for
      // driver registration with name of the driver
      // as argument
      // we have used MySQL driver
      Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
      // getConnection() establishes a connection. It
      // takes url that points to your database,
      // username and password of MySQL connections as
      // arguments
      Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(
         url, "root", "1234");
```

```
// create.Statement() creates statement object
  // which is responsible for executing queries on
  // table
  Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
  // executeUpdate() is used for INSERT, UPDATE,
  // DELETE statements.It returns number of rows
  // affected by the execution of the statement
  int result = stmt.executeUpdate(
    "insert into student(Id,name,number) values('1','rachel','45')");
  // if result is greater than 0, it means values
  // has been added
  if (result > 0)
    System.out.println("successfully inserted");
  else
    System.out.println(
      "unsucessful insertion");
  // closing connection
  conn.close();
}
catch (SQLException e) {
  System.out.println(e);
}
```

}

```
}
3.Write Java code to perform CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete)
on the database.
create database SampleDB;
use SampleDB;
CREATE TABLE `users` (
  `user_id` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  `username` varchar(45) NOT NULL,
  'password' varchar(45) NOT NULL,
  'fullname' varchar(45) NOT NULL,
  'email' varchar(45) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('user_id')
};
String sql = "INSERT INTO Users (username, password, fullname, email) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";
PreparedStatement statement = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
statement.setString(1, "bill");
statement.setString(2, "secretpass");
statement.setString(3, "Bill Gates");
statement.setString(4, "bill.gates@microsoft.com");
int rowsInserted = statement.executeUpdate();
if (rowsInserted > 0) {
  System.out.println("A new user was inserted successfully!");
```

```
}
String sql = "UPDATE Users SET password=?, fullname=?, email=? WHERE username=?";
PreparedStatement statement = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
statement.setString(1, "123456789");
statement.setString(2, "William Henry Bill Gates");
statement.setString(3, "bill.gates@microsoft.com");
statement.setString(4, "bill");
int rowsUpdated = statement.executeUpdate();
if (rowsUpdated > 0) {
  System.out.println("An existing user was updated successfully!");
}
String sql = "DELETE FROM Users WHERE username=?";
PreparedStatement statement = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
statement.setString(1, "bill");
int rowsDeleted = statement.executeUpdate();
if (rowsDeleted > 0) {
  System.out.println("A user was deleted successfully!");
}
```