

Project_2\Project2BackendCalcsV2.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
5 ...
6 AEEM4063 Project 2 Backend Calculations
7
8 Computes compressor and turbine states, angles, and velocities for the multi-stage compressor and turbine design
9
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11
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13
14 ...
15
16 # Begin the code
17 class TurboMachineryComputationV2:
18
19     def __init__(self):
20         self.BPR = 6.0 # Bypass ratio
21         self.mdot = 280.0 # Total mass flow, kg/s
22
23
24         # Sea level static conditions
25         self.pa = 1.01325 # Ambient pressure, bar
26         self.Ta = 288.15 # Ambient temperature, K
27         self.a = 340.3 # Speed of sound, m/s
28         self.rho_a = 1.2250 # Ambient density, kg/m^3
29         self.R = 287 # Gas constant, J/(kg*K)
30
31         # Compressor parameters
32         self.cpr = 15 # Compressor pressure ratio
33         self.n_inf_c = 0.9 # Lower bound of polytropic efficiency
34         self.pi_f = 1.4 # Fan pressure ratio
35         self.n_inf_f = 0.92 # Fan polytropic efficiency
36         self.haller = 0.65 # Lower bound on de Haller criteria
37         self.TMach_r = 1.2 # Upper bound on tip Mach number
38         self.y_c = 1.4 # Gamma in the cold section
39         self.cp_c = 1.005 # Specific heat cold section, kJ/(kg*K)
40         self.rr_rt_o = 0.5 # Root to tip ratio at entry to the compressor
41         self.lam = 0.98 # Loading coefficient for the first stage
42
43         # Turbine parameters
44         self.T_04 = 2275 # Turbine inlet temperature
45         self.n_inf_t = 0.92 # Turbine polytropic efficiency
46         self.phi = 0.78 # Lower bound on flow coefficient
47         self.psi = 3.3 # Upper bound on loading coefficient
48         self.y_h = 1.333 # Gamma in the hot section
49         self.cp_h = 1.148 # Specific heat hot section, kJ/(kg*K)
50
51         # Basic design parameters - constant tip radius assumption
52         self.U_t1 = 420 # Inlet Tip speed, m/s
53
54         self.C_a = 180 # Inlet axial velocity, m/s
55
56         # Other parameters
57         self.n_m = 0.99 # assumed mechanical efficiency of 99%
58         self.delP_b = 0.00 # assumed burner pressure loss of 0%
59         self.n_b = 1.0 # assumed burner eff. of 100%
60
61         # Calcs for inlet conditions to the compressor
62         # First, calculate fan outlet (assume intake has no loss)
63         self.P_02 = self.pi_f*self.pa
64         self.T_02 = self.Ta + self.Ta*((self.pi_f)**((self.y_c-1)/(self.y_c*self.n_inf_f)) - 1)
65
66         # Static temperature, pressure, and density at the inlet
67         T2 = self.T_02 - self.C_a**2/(2*self.cp_c*1000)
68         self.p2 = self.P_02*(T2/self.T_02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
69         self.rho2 = self.p2*1e5/(self.R*T2)
70
71         # Tip radius and rotation rate
72         self.rt = np.sqrt((self.mdot/(self.BPR+1))/(np.pi*self.rho2*self.C_a*(1-self.rr_rt_o**2)))
73         self.N = self.U_t1/(2*np.pi*self.rt)
74
75         # Root and mean radius at the inlet
76         self.rr = self.rt*self.rr_rt_o
77         self.rm = (self.rr+self.rt)/2
78
79         # Velocity and Mach number relative to the inlet
80         V1_t = np.sqrt(self.U_t1**2+self.C_a**2)
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78     self.M1_t = V1_t/(np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T2))
79
80     # Outlet calculations for the compressor
81     self.P_03 = self.P_02*self.cpr
82     self.T_03 = self.T_02*(self.cpr)**((self.y_c-1)/(self.y_c*self.n_inf_c))
83     # Assume the exit velocity is axial and the same as the initial inlet velocity
84     T3 = self.T_03 - self.C_a**2/(2*self.cp_c*1000)
85     self.p3 = self.P_03*(T3/self.T_03)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
86     self.rho3 = self.p3*1e5/(self.R*T3)
87
88     # Calculates the fuel flow
89     FAR = (self.cp_h*(self.T_04) - self.cp_c*(self.T_03))/(43100 - self.cp_h*self.T_03)
90     m_fuel = FAR*(self.mdot / (self.BPR + 1))
91     self.mdot = (self.mdot / (self.BPR + 1)) + m_fuel # Hot Section Flow, kg/s
92
93     # Calculates inlet pressure to the turbine using burner efficiency
94     self.P_04 = self.P_03*self.n_b
95
96     A3 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(self.rho3*self.C_a)
97     h3 = A3/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
98     self.rt_3 = self.rm + (h3/2)
99     self.rr_3 = self.rm - (h3/2)
100
101    return
102
103 def update(self):
104     return self.N, self.rt, self.rm, self.rr, self.M1_t, self.rt_3, self.rr_3, self.P_02, self.T_02, self.P_03, self.T_03
105
106 def fullcompressor(self):
107     # Temperature rise through the compressor
108     self.delt_Ts = self.T_03-self.T_02
109     # Assuming axial velocity remains constant throughout each stage
110     # Calculating mean blade speed
111     self.U_m = 2*np.pi*self.rm*self.N
112     # Calculating the estimated temperature rise per stage
113     beta1 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a)
114     V1 = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)
115     # Using de Haller criteria to find V2
116     V2 = V1*self.haller
117     beta2 = np.arccos(self.C_a/V2)
118     # Estimated delta T0 per stage
119     T0s_est = self.lam*self.U_m*self.C_a*(np.tan(beta1)-np.tan(beta2))/(self.cp_c*1e3)
120     # Estimated number of stages
121     stage_est = np.ceil(self.delt_Ts/T0s_est)
122
123     alpha1 = 0.305 # radians, inlet blade angle
124
125     ##### Stage 1 #####
126     # First stage calculation
127     delta_T0 = 30.0 ## Desired temperature rise per stage for the first stage
128     delta_C_w = self.cp_c*1e3*delta_T0/(self.lam*self.U_m)
129     self.lam = self.workdone(1) ## Update work done factor
130     # Whirl velocities
131     C_w1 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha1)
132     C_w2 = delta_C_w + C_w1
133     # Relative angles
134     beta1 = np.arctan((self.U_m - C_w1)/self.C_a)
135     beta2 = np.arctan((self.U_m - C_w2)/self.C_a)
136     # Outlet angle of rotor
137     alpha2 = np.arctan(C_w2/self.C_a)
138     diffusion = np.cos(beta1)/np.cos(beta2)
139     # Organizing data for tables
140     data = np.concatenate((np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1,alpha2,beta1,beta2])), np.array([0.0,diffusion,0.0])))
141     # Outlet stagnation pressure calculation of the first stage
142     p031 = self.P_02*(1 + (self.n_inf_c*delta_T0)/self.T_02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
143     # Inlet tip Mach number
144     T2 = self.T_02 - self.C_a**2/(2*self.cp_c*1000)
145     # M1t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T2)
146     # Outlet tip Mach number
147     C21 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2)
148     T021 = self.T_02 + delta_T0
149     T21 = T021 - C21**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
150     # M21t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T21)
151     # Approximate Degree of Reaction at the mean radius
152     React = 1 - (C_w1+C_w2)/(2*self.U_m)
153     # Radius at the inlet to the rotor
154     T11 = self.T_02 - self.C_a**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
155     p11 = self.P_02*(T11/self.T_02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
156     rho11 = p11*1e5/(T11*self.R)
157     A11 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho11*self.C_a)

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158     h11 = A11/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
159     rt11 = self.rm + (h11/2)
160     rr11 = self.rm - (h11/2)
161     rr_rt1 = rr11/rt11
162     # Radius in between rotor and stator
163     p21 = p031*(T21/T021)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
164     rho21 = p21*1e5/(T21*self.R)
165     A21 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho21*self.C_a)
166     h21 = A21/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
167     rt21 = self.rm + (h21/2)
168     rr21 = self.rm - (h21/2)
169     rr_rt = rr21/rt21
170
171 sizingtable = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.array([rr_rt1,rr_rt,0.0, h11,h21,0.0])],5),columns=['r_t 1','r_t 2','r_t 3','h1','h2','
172 h3'])
173
174 meantable = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.concatenate((data,np.array([T021,T021-self.T_02]),np.array([p031/self.P_02]),
175 np.array([p031]),np.array([0.0]),np.array([0.0,C_w1,C_w2]),np.array([React]),np.array([self.lam])))],3), columns=['alpha1','alpha2','
176 beta1','beta2','alpha3','V2/V1','C3/C2','T02','deltaT','P03/P01','P03','M1t','M2t','Cw1','Cw2','Reaction','Work Done'])
177     # meantable['C3/C2'][0] = 2.0
178
179 ##### Stage 2 #####
180 delta_T0 = 41.0 ## Desired temperature rise for the second stage
181 React = 0.68 ## Degree of reaction for the second stage
182 self.lam = self.workdone(2) ## Update work done factor
183 # Calculate relative blade angles by solving system of eqs
184 B1 = delta_T0*self.cp_c*1e3/(self.lam*self.U_m*self.C_a)
185 B2 = React**2*self.U_m/self.C_a
186 beta2 = np.arctan((B2-B1)/2)
187 beta1 = np.arctan(B1+np.tan(beta2))
188 # Calculate absolute blade angles
189 alpha1 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta1))
190 alpha2 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta2))
191 # Calculate whirl velocities
192 C_w1 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha1)
193 C_w2 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha2)
194 # Calculation diffusion for de Haller criteria
195 diffusion = np.cos(beta1)/np.cos(beta2)
196 # Calculate outlet pressure
197 p032 = p031*(1 + (self.n_inf_c*delta_T0)/T021)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
198 # Calculate outlet temperature
199 T022 = T021 + delta_T0
200 # Calculate inlet Mach number
201 C21 = self.C_a*np.cos(alpha1)
202 T21 = T021 - C21**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
203 # M12t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T21)
204 # Calculate outlet Mach number
205 C22 = self.C_a*np.cos(alpha2)
206 T22 = T022 - C22**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
207 # M22t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T22)
208 # Data organization
209 data = np.round(np.concatenate((np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1,alpha2,beta1,beta2])), np.array([0.0,diffusion, 0.0,T022, T022-
210 T021,p031, p032, 0.0, 0.0,C_w1,C_w2, React, self.lam])),3)
211 # Radius at the inlet to the rotor
212 T12 = T021 - C21**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
213 p12 = p031*(T12/T021)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
214 rho12 = p12*1e5/(T12*self.R)
215 A12 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho12*self.C_a)
216 h12 = A12/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
217 rt12 = self.rm + (h12/2)
218 rr12 = self.rm - (h12/2)
219 rr_rt1 = rr12/rt12
220 # Radius in between rotor and stator
221 p22 = p032*(T22/T022)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
222 rho22 = p22*1e5/(T21*self.R)
223 A22 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho22*self.C_a)
224 h22 = A22/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
225 rt22 = self.rm + (h22/2)
226 rr22 = self.rm - (h22/2)
227 rr_rt = rr22/rt22
228
229 s_data = np.round(np.array([rr_rt1,rr_rt,0.0, h12,h22,0.0]),5)
230
231 ##### Stage 3 #####
232 delta_T0 = 43 ## Desired temperature rise for the second stage
233 React = 0.67 ## Degree of reaction for the second stage
234 self.lam = self.workdone(3) ## Update work done factor

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235 # Calculate relative blade angles by solving system of eqs
236 B1 = delta_T0*self.cp_c*1e3/(self.lam*self.U_m*self.C_a)
237 B2 = React*2*self.U_m/self.C_a
238 beta2 = np.arctan((B2-B1)/2)
239 beta1 = np.arctan(B1+np.tan(beta2))
240 # Calculate absolute blade angles
241 alpha1 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta1))
242 alpha2 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta2))
243 # Calculate whirl velocities
244 C_w1 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha1)
245 C_w2 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha2)
246 # Calculation diffusion for de Haller criteria
247 diffusion = np.cos(beta1)/np.cos(beta2)
248 # Calculate outlet pressure
249 p033 = p032*(1 + (self.n_inf_c*delta_T0)/T022)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
250 # Calculate outlet temperature
251 T023 = T022 + delta_T0
252 # Calculate inlet Mach number
253 C22 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1)
254 T22 = T022 - C22**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
255 # M13t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T22)
256 # Calculate outlet Mach number
257 C23 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2)
258 T23 = T023 - C23**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
259 # M23t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T23)
260 # Data organization
261 data = np.round(np.concatenate((np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1,alpha2,beta1,beta2])), np.array([0.0,diffusion, 0.0,T023, T023-T022,p033/p032, p033, 0.0, 0.0,C_w1,C_w2, React, self.lam])),3)
262 # Radius at the inlet to the rotor
263 p13 = p032*(T22/T022)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
264 rho13 = p13*1e5/(T22*self.R)
265 A13 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho13*self.C_a)
266 h13 = A13/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
267 rt13 = self.rm + (h13/2)
268 rr13 = self.rm - (h13/2)
269 rr_rt1 = rr13/rt13
270 # Radius in between rotor and stator
271 p23 = p033*(T23/T023)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
272 rho23 = p23*1e5/(T23*self.R)
273 A23 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho23*self.C_a)
274 h23 = A23/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
275 rt23 = self.rm + (h23/2)
276 rr23 = self.rm - (h23/2)
277 rr_rt = rr23/rt23
278
279 s_data = np.round(np.array([rr_rt1,rr_rt,0.0,h13,h23,0.0]),5)
280
281 # Update table
282 meantable.loc[len(meantable)] = data
283 sizingtable.loc[len(sizingtable)] = s_data
284
285 test_p03 = p033
286 test_T02 = T023
287
288 test3_p03 = test_p03
289
290 final_P03 = self.cpr*self.P_02
291 ns = 4
292
293 ##### Intermediate Stages #####
294 while test3_p03 < final_P03:
295     self.lam = self.workdone(ns) ## Update work done factor
296     ns += 1
297
298     delta_T0 = 100.0
299     React = 0.62
300     data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)
301     if ns == 5:
302         React = 0.645
303         while diffusion < self.haller+0.008:
304             delta_T0 -= 0.001
305             data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)
306     elif ns == 6:
307         React = 0.625
308         while diffusion < self.haller+0.01:
309             delta_T0 -= 0.001
310             data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)
311     else:
312         while diffusion < self.haller+0.01:
313             delta_T0 -= 0.001
314             data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)

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315
316     test_p03 = test2_p03
317     test_T02 = test2_T02
318     # Update table
319     meantable.loc[len(meantable)] = data
320     sizingtable.loc[len(sizingtable)] = s_data
321
322     # Calculate next estimated max
323     delta_T0 = 100.0
324     data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)
325     while diffusion < self.haller+0.01:
326         delta_T0 -= 0.01
327         data, s_data, test2_p03, test2_T02, diffusion = self.compressorstage(delta_T0, React, test_p03, test_T02)
328
329     test3_p03 = test2_p03
330
331     p01 = test_p03
332     T01 = test_T02
333
334     React = 0.65
335 ##### Last Stage #####
336     delta_T0 = ((15.0*self.P_02/p01)**((self.y_c-1)/self.y_c-1)*T01/self.n_inf_c # Desired temperature rise for the second stage
337     React = 0.5 ## Degree of reaction for the second stage
338     self.lam = self.workdone(ns+1) ## Update work done factor
339     # Calculate relative blade angles by solving system of eqs
340     B1 = delta_T0*self.cp_c*1e3/(self.lam*self.U_m*self.C_a)
341     B2 = React*2*self.U_m/self.C_a
342     beta2 = np.arctan((B2-B1)/2)
343     beta1 = np.arctan(B1+np.tan(beta2))
344     # Calculate absolute blade angles
345     alpha1 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta1))
346     alpha2 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta2))
347     # Calculate whirl velocities
348     C_w1 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha1)
349     C_w2 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha2)
350     # Calculation diffusion for de Haller criteria
351     diffusion = np.cos(beta1)/np.cos(beta2)
352     # Calculate outlet pressure
353     p03 = p01*(1 + (self.n_inf_c*delta_T0)/T01)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
354     # Calculate outlet temperature
355     T02 = T01 + delta_T0
356     # Calculate inlet Mach number
357     C2 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1)
358     T1 = T01 - C2**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
359     # M1t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T1)
360     # Calculate outlet Mach number
361     C23 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2)
362     T2 = T02 - C23**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
363     # M2t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T2)
364     # Data organization
365     data = np.round(np.concatenate((np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1,alpha2,beta1,beta2])), np.array([0.0,diffusion, 0.0,T02, T02-T01,
366     p03/p01, p03, 0.0, 0.0,C_w1,C_w2, React, self.lam])),3)
367     # Radius at the inlet to the rotor
368     C1 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1)
369     T1 = T01 - C1**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
370     p1 = p01*(T1/T01)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
371     rho1 = p1*1e5/(T1*self.R)
372     A1 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho1*self.C_a)
373     h1 = A1/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
374     rt1 = self.rm + (h1/2)
375     rr1 = self.rm - (h1/2)
376     rr_rt1 = rr1/rt1
377     # Radius in between rotor and stator
378     p2 = p03*(T2/T02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
379     rho2 = p2*1e5/(T2*self.R)
380     A2 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho2*self.C_a)
381     h2 = A2/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
382     rt2 = self.rm + (h2/2)
383     rr2 = self.rm - (h2/2)
384     rr_rt2 = rr2/rt2
385     # Radius outlet of the stator
386     T3 = T02 - self.C_a**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
387     p3 = p03*(T3/T02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
388     rho3 = p3*1e5/(T3*self.R)
389     A3 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho3*self.C_a)
390     h3 = A3/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
391     rt3 = self.rm + (h3/2)
392     rr3 = self.rm - (h3/2)
393     rr_rt3 = rr3/rt3
394
395     s_data = np.round(np.array([rr_rt1,rr_rt2,rr_rt3,h1,h2,h3]),5)

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395
396     # Update table
397     meantable.loc[len(meantable)] = data
398     sizingtable.loc[len(sizingtable)] = s_data
399
400     # Iterate through table to organize stator outlet angles
401     for i in range(0,len(meantable)-1):
402         meantable['alpha3'][i] = meantable['alpha1'][i+1]
403         sizingtable['r_t 3'][i] = sizingtable['r_t 1'][i+1]
404         sizingtable['h3'][i] = sizingtable['h1'][i+1]
405
406     # Iterate through table to calculate de Haller values for the stators
407     for i in range(0,len(meantable)):
408         alpha2 = np.deg2rad(meantable['alpha2'][i])
409         alpha3 = np.deg2rad(meantable['alpha3'][i])
410         s_diffusion = np.cos(alpha2)/np.cos(alpha3)
411         meantable['C3/C2'][i] = np.round(s_diffusion,3)
412
413     tiproot_table, whirl_table, vel_table, meantable, dif_table, velBlade_table = self.comp_root_tip(meantable=meantable,
414     sizingtable=sizingtable,rm=self.rm)
415
416     sizingtable.index = np.arange(1, len(sizingtable)+1)
417     meantable.index = np.arange(1, len(meantable)+1)
418     tiproot_table.index = np.arange(1, len(tiproot_table)+1)
419     whirl_table.index = np.arange(1, len(whirl_table)+1)
420     vel_table.index = np.arange(1, len(vel_table)+1)
421     dif_table.index = np.arange(1, len(dif_table)+1)
422     velBlade_table.index = np.arange(1, len(velBlade_table)+1)
423     # meantable.index.name = 'Stage'
424     # meantable.reset_index().to_string(index=False)
425     return meantable, sizingtable, tiproot_table, whirl_table, vel_table, dif_table, velBlade_table
426
427
428
429 def fullturbine(self):
430
431     # Specifies the ranges for iteration
432     # psi_range1 = np.arange(2.0, 3.3, 0.05)
433     psi_1 = 2.75
434     phi_range1 = np.arange(0.85, 1.2, 0.05)
435     lambda_range1 = np.arange(0.4,0.95,0.05)
436
437     phi_range2 = np.arange(0.85, 1.2, 0.05)
438     lambda_range2 = np.arange(0.4,0.95,0.05)
439
440     dCw3 = 1000.0 # Sets a max for whirl to compare to
441     dh = 1000.0 #sets a max height
442     desiredParams = np.array([0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0]) # [psi1, phi1, lambda1, psi2, phi2, lambda2, Cw3]
443
444     ##### Preliminary Sizing #####
445     # Sets the rotational speed and mean blade speed
446     N = self.N
447     lamdaN = 0.05 # assumed standard value
448     Um = 450 # m/s
449     maxMach = 1.2 # sets the max Mach at the tip
450
451     # Calculates the total temperature drop based on a work balance from the compressor (using assumed mech. eff.)
452     dT0_turb = (self.cp_c*(self.T_03-self.T_02))/(self.cp_h*self.n_m)
453     desired_dT0s = dT0_turb/2 # splits the temp drop over the 2 stgs based on trial/error
454
455     ##### Stage 1 #####
456     # Uses stage estimation based on constant drop (initial guess) over the stages
457     T0s_est = 1000 # K
458     # Assumptions for first stage
459     alpha1 = 0.0
460     alpha3 = 0.0
461     P_011 = self.P_04
462     T_011 = self.T_04
463
464
465     for j in range(len(phi_range1)):
466         for k in range(len(lambda_range1)):
467             psi_temp1 = psi_1
468             phi_temp1 = phi_range1[j]
469             lambda_temp1 = lambda_range1[k]
470
471             # Calculates the temp drop for the first stage based on the psi
472             T0s_rev1 = (psi_temp1*(Um**2))/(2*self.cp_h*1000)
473

```

```

474     gasParamsStg1, measurementsStg1, axialV1, otherV1 = self.turbinestage(alpha1, alpha3, Um, T_011, P_011, T0s_rev1,
475     psi_temp1, phi_temp1, lambda_temp1)
476
477     [h11, h21, h31, M31t] = [measurementsStg1[3], measurementsStg1[4], measurementsStg1[5], gasParamsStg1[8]]
478     # checks if the geometry is satisfied before continuing
479     if (h31 > h21 and h21 > h11 and M31t < maxMach):
480         ##### Stage 2 #####
481         # Starts second stage calculations
482         # Calculates the remaining temp drop
483         T0_remaining = dT0_turb - T0s_rev1
484         psi_turb2 = (2*self.cp_h*1e3*T0_remaining)/(Um**2)
485         if psi_turb2 > 3.3:
486             continue # Continues if temp drop too coeff. out of range
487         else:
488             # Iterates through another set of phi and lambda values to optimize second stage based on first
489             for m in range(len(phi_range2)):
490                 for n in range(len(lambda_range2)):
491                     phi_temp2 = phi_range2[m]
492                     lambda_temp2 = lambda_range2[n]
493
494                     # Calculates the new gas states
495                     alpha1 = np.deg2rad(gasParamsStg1[2]) # new alpha1 is the previous stage alpha3
496                     alpha3 = 0.0
497                     T_012 = self.T_04 - T0s_rev1
498                     P_012 = self.P_04*gasParamsStg1[6]
499                     gasParamsStg2, measurementsStg2, axialV2, otherV2 = self.turbinestage(alpha1, alpha3, Um, T_012, P_012,
500                     T0_remaining, psi_turb2, phi_temp2, lambda_temp2)
501
502                     [h12, h22, h32, M32t, Cw3_2] = [measurementsStg2[3], measurementsStg2[4], measurementsStg2[5],
503                     gasParamsStg2[8], axialV2[4]]
504                     # checks that the geometry is satisfied
505                     if (h12 > h31 and np.round(h22,3) > np.round(h12,3) and M32t < maxMach):
506                         # if lowest whirl, adds it to the optimal params
507                         if Cw3_2 < dCw3:
508                             desiredParams[0] = psi_temp1
509                             desiredParams[1] = phi_temp1
510                             desiredParams[2] = lambda_temp1
511                             desiredParams[3] = psi_turb2
512                             desiredParams[4] = phi_temp2
513                             desiredParams[5] = lambda_temp2
514                             desiredParams[6] = Cw3_2
515                             dCw3 = Cw3_2
516                             print('Turbine Parameters Found: {}'.format(desiredParams))
517                         else: continue
518                     else: continue
519                 else: continue
520
521             # Uses the optimized parameters to calculate the stages
522             # [psi1, phi1, lambda1, psi2, phi2, lambda2, Cw3, dh]
523
524             # Assumptions for first stage
525             alpha1 = 0.0
526             alpha3 = 0.0
527             P_011 = self.P_04
528             T_011 = self.T_04
529
530             T0s_rev1 = (psi_1*(Um**2))/(2*self.cp_h*1000)
531
532             gasParamsStg1, measurementsStg1, axialV1, otherV1 = self.turbinestage(alpha1, alpha3, Um, T_011, P_011, T0s_rev1,
533             desiredParams[0], desiredParams[1], desiredParams[2])
534
535             rootVals1, tipVals1, rtMeasure1 = self.turb_root_tip(gasParamsStg1, measurementsStg1, Um, axialV1)
536
537             # Stage 2
538             T0_remaining = dT0_turb - T0s_rev1
539
540             # Calculates the new gas states
541             alpha1 = np.deg2rad(gasParamsStg1[2]) # new alpha1 is the previous stage alpha3
542             alpha3 = 0.0
543             T_012 = self.T_04 - T0s_rev1
544             P_012 = self.P_04*gasParamsStg1[6]
545
546             gasParamsStg2, measurementsStg2, axialV2, otherV2 = self.turbinestage(alpha1, alpha3, Um, T_012, P_012, T0_remaining,
547             desiredParams[3], desiredParams[4], desiredParams[5])
548
549             rootVals2, tipVals2, rtMeasure2 = self.turb_root_tip(gasParamsStg2, measurementsStg2, Um, axialV2)
550
551             # Adds the data to Pandas DFs
552             gasParamData = np.round(np.array([gasParamsStg1,gasParamsStg2]),2)

```

```

551 measurementsData = np.round(np.array([measurementsStg1,measurementsStg2]),2)
552 rootData = np.round(np.array([rootVals1, rootVals2]),2)
553 tipData = np.round(np.array([tipVals1, tipVals2]),2)
554 rtMeasurements = np.round(np.array([rtMeasure1[0], rtMeasure1[1], rtMeasure1[2], rtMeasure2[3], rtMeasure2[4]]),2) #[rootInlet,
555 tipInlet, rm, 2ndRoot(outlet, 2ndTip(outlet)]
556 vData = np.round(np.array([np.concatenate((axialV1, otherV1)), np.concatenate((axialV2,otherV2))]),2)
557 # vData2 = np.round(np.array([otherV1, otherV2]),2)
558
559 vDF = pd.DataFrame(vData, index=[1,2],columns=['Ca1','Cw1','Ca2','Cw2','Cw3','C2','Ca3','C3', 'V2', 'V3'])
560 # vDF2 = pd.DataFrame(vData2, index=[1,2],columns=['C2','Ca3','C3', 'V2', 'V3'])
561
562 # Creates the DF for the gasAnglesDF
563 # [alpha2r,alpha2m,alpha2t,beta2r,beta2m,beta2t,alpha3r,alpha3m,alpha3t,beta3r,beta3m,beta3t]
564 gasAngles1 = np.round(np.array([tipVals1[2],gasParamsStg1[1],rootVals1[2],tipVals1[4],gasParamsStg1[3],rootVals1[4],tipVals1[3]
, gasParamsStg1[2],rootVals1[3],tipVals1[5],gasParamsStg1[4],rootVals1[5]]),2)
565 gasAngles2 = np.round(np.array([tipVals2[2],gasParamsStg2[1],rootVals2[2],tipVals2[4],gasParamsStg2[3],rootVals2[4],tipVals2[3]
, gasParamsStg2[2],rootVals2[3],tipVals2[5],gasParamsStg2[4],rootVals2[5]]),2)
566 gasAnglesDF = pd.DataFrame(np.array([gasAngles1, gasAngles2]), index=[1,2],columns=['alpha1_r','alpha1_m','alpha1_t','beta1_r',
567 beta1_m','beta1_t','alpha2_r','alpha2_m','alpha2_t','beta2_r','beta2_m','beta2_t'])
568
569 gasParamDF = pd.DataFrame(gasParamData, index=[1,2], columns=['a1','a2','a3','b2','b3','ΔT0s','P02/P01','Cw3','M3t','Φ','ψ','Λ
,'MV2r'])
570 measurementsDF = pd.DataFrame(measurementsData, index=[1,2], columns=['r_t 1','r_t 2','r_t 3','h1','h2','h3','rm'])
571 rootDF = pd.DataFrame(rootData, index=[1,2], columns=['Ur2','Ur3', 'alpha2r', 'alpha3r', 'beta2r', 'beta3r', 'Cw1r', 'V2r', '
C2r', 'Cw2r', 'V3n', 'C3r', 'Cw3r', 'phiRoot', 'psiRoot', 'lambdaRoot'])
572 tipDF = pd.DataFrame(tipData, index=[1,2], columns=['Ut2', 'Ut3', 'alpha2t', 'alpha3t', 'beta2t', 'beta3t', 'Cw1t', 'V2t', '
C2t', 'Cw2t', 'V3t', 'C3t', 'Cw3t', 'phiTip', 'psiTip', 'lambdaTip'])
573
574 return gasParamDF, measurementsDF, rootDF, tipDF, rtMeasurements, Um, desiredParams, gasAnglesDF, vDF
575
576
577
578 def compressorstage(self, delta_T0, React, p01, T01):
579     # Calculate relative blade angles by solving system of eqs
580     B1 = delta_T0*self.cp_c*1e3/(self.lam*self.U_m*self.C_a)
581     B2 = React*2*self.U_m/self.C_a
582     beta2 = np.arctan((B2-B1)/2)
583     beta1 = np.arctan(B1+np.tan(beta2))
584     # Calculate absolute blade angles
585     alpha1 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta1))
586     alpha2 = np.arctan(self.U_m/self.C_a - np.tan(beta2))
587     # Calculate whirl velocities
588     C_w1 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha1)
589     C_w2 = self.C_a*np.tan(alpha2)
590     # Calculation diffusion for de Haller criteria
591     diffusion = np.cos(beta1)/np.cos(beta2)
592     # Calculate outlet pressure
593     p03 = p01*(1 + (self.n_inf_c*delta_T0)/T01)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
594     # Calculate outlet temperature
595     T02 = T01 + delta_T0
596     # Calculate inlet Mach number
597     C2 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1)
598     T1 = T01 - C2**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
599     # M1t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T1)
600     # Calculate outlet Mach number
601     C23 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2)
602     T2 = T02 - C23**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
603     # M2t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2)/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T2)
604     # Data organization
605     data = np.round(np.concatenate((np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1,alpha2,beta1,beta2])), np.array([0.0,diffusion, 0.0,T02, T02-T01,
p03/p01, p03, 0.0, 0.0,C_w1,C_w2, React, self.lam])),3)
606     # Radius at the inlet to the rotor
607     C1 = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1)
608     T1 = T01 - C1**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
609     p1 = p01*(T1/T01)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
610     rho1 = p1*1e5/(T1*self.R)
611     A1 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho1*self.C_a)
612     h1 = A1/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
613     rt1 = self.rm + (h1/2)
614     rr1 = self.rm - (h1/2)
615     rr_rt1 = rr1/rt1
616     # Radius in between rotor and stator
617     p2 = p03*(T2/T02)**(self.y_c/(self.y_c-1))
618     rho2 = p2*1e5/(T2*self.R)
619     A2 = self.mdot/(self.BPR+1)/(rho2*self.C_a)
620     h2 = A2/(2*np.pi*self.rm)
621     rt2 = self.rm + (h2/2)
622     rr2 = self.rm - (h2/2)
623     rr_rt = rr2/rt2
624

```

```

625     s_data = np.round(np.array([rr_rt1,rr_rt,0.0,h1,h2,0.0]),5)
626
627     return data, s_data, p03, T02, diffusion
628
629 def turbinestage(self, alpha1, alpha3, Um, T_01, P_01, T0s_rev, psi_turb, phi, desired_lambda):
630     ...
631         Inputs: alpha1 = stage inlet angle
632                 alpha3 = stage exit angle
633                 Um = mean blade speed
634                 T01 = Inlet stag. temp
635                 P01 = Inlet stag. pressure
636                 T0s_rev = revised stage temp drop
637                 psi_turb = turbine temp drop coeff.
638                 phi = flow coefficient (>=0.78)
639                 desired_lambda = desired deg. of reaction (~0.5)
640
641         Outputs:
642             gasParams = [alpha1,alpha2,alpha3,beta2,beta3,T0s_rev,Pr,Cw3,M3t,phi,psi_turb,Lambda]
643             measurements = [rtRat1,rtRat2,rtRat3,h1,h2,h3,rm]
644             axialVelocities = [Ca1,Cw1,Ca2,Cw2,Cw3]
645
646 lambdaN = 0.05 # nozzle loss coefficient based on experience
647
648 # Calculates the B3 and deg. of reaction
649 beta3 = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha3) + (1/phi))
650 Lambda = (2*phi*np.tan(beta3)- (psi_turb/2))/2
651 # iterates to find a suitable degree of reaction
652 if np.round(Lambda, 3) < desired_lambda:
653     while np.round(Lambda, 3) < desired_lambda:
654         alpha3 += np.deg2rad(0.01)
655         beta3 = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha3) + (1/phi))
656         Lambda = (2*phi*np.tan(beta3)- (psi_turb/2))/2
657
658 # Calculates B2 and a2
659 beta2 = np.arctan((1/(2*phi))*(psi_turb/2 - 2*Lambda))
660 alpha2 = np.arctan(np.tan(beta2) + (1/phi))
661
662 # Calculates Ca2 and C2
663 Ca2 = Um*phi
664 C2 = Ca2 / np.cos(alpha2)
665
666 # Calculates the isentropic T2', T2 and p2
667 T2 = T_01 - (C2**2/(2*self.cp_h*1e3))
668 T2prime = T2- lambdaN*(C2**2/(2*self.cp_h*1e3))
669 stagStaticRat = (T_01/T2prime)**(self.y_h/(self.y_h-1))
670 CritPrat = 1.853
671 if stagStaticRat > CritPrat:
672     print('ask the child if he or she is choking')
673
674 P2 = P_01/stagStaticRat
675
676 # Calculate the rho2 and A2
677 rho2 = (P2*100)/(0.287*T2)
678 A2 = self.mdot/(rho2*Ca2)
679
680 # Calculates the Ca1, using Ca2 = Ca3 and C1 = C3
681 Ca3 = Ca2
682 C3 = Ca3/np.cos(alpha3)
683 C1 = C3
684 Ca1 = C1*np.cos(alpha1)
685
686 # Calculates rho1 and A1
687 T1 = T_01 - (C1**2/(2*self.cp_h*1e3))
688 P1 = P_01*(T1/T_01)**(self.y_h/(self.y_h-1))
689 rho1 = (P1*100)/(0.287*T1)
690 A1 = self.mdot/(rho1*Ca1)
691
692 # Calculates the outlet (station 3) conditions
693 T_03 = T_01 - T0s_rev
694 T3 = T_03 - (C3**2)/(2*self.cp_h*1e3)
695
696 # Calculates the P03 from the isentropic eff. and P3 from isentropic
697 P_03 = P_01*(1 - (T0s_rev/(self.n_inf_t*T_01))**((self.y_h/(self.y_h-1)))
698 P3 = P_03*(T3/T_03)**((self.y_h/(self.y_h-1)))
699
700 # Calculates the rho3, A3
701 rho3 = (P3*100)/(0.287*T3)
702 A3 = self.mdot/(rho3*Ca3)
703
704

```

```

705 # Mean radius calculation
706 rm = Um/(2*np.pi*self.N)
707
708 # Calculates the h1-h3
709 h1 = (self.N/Um)*A1
710 h2 = (self.N/Um)*A2
711 h3 = (self.N/Um)*A3
712
713 # Calculates the rt/rr
714 rtRat1 = (rm + (h1/2))/(rm - (h1/2))
715 rtRat2 = (rm + (h2/2))/(rm - (h2/2))
716 rtRat3 = (rm + (h3/2))/(rm - (h3/2))
717
718 # Calculates the V2 and V3
719 V2 = Ca2/np.cos(beta2)
720 V3 = ((Um+(C3*np.cos(alpha3)))**2 + Ca3**2)**0.5
721
722 # Calculates the Cw1, Cw2 and Cw3
723 Cw1 = C1*np.sin(alpha1)
724 Cw2 = Um + V2*np.sin(beta2)
725 Cw3 = C3*np.sin(alpha3)
726
727 # Calculates the M3t to check for shocks
728 alpha3tip = np.arctan((rm/(rm + h3/2))*np.tan(alpha3))
729 C3t = Ca3/np.cos(alpha3tip)
730 Ut = self.N*2*np.pi*(rm + h3/2)
731 V3t = ((Ut+C3t)**2 + Ca3**2)**0.5
732 T3t = T_03 - (C3t**2)/(2*self.cp_h*1e3)
733 M3t = V3t/(self.y_h*self.R*T3t)**0.5
734
735 #Calculates the MV2r = V2r/sqrt(y*R*T2r)
736 beta2root = np.arctan(((rm/(rm - h2/2))*np.tan(alpha2)) - (((rm - h2/2)/rm)*(Um/Ca2)))
737 alpha2root = np.arctan(((rm/(rm - h2/2))*np.tan(alpha2)))
738 V2r = Ca2*(1/np.cos(beta2root))
739 C2r = Ca2*(1/np.cos(alpha2root))
740 T2r = T_01 - (C2r**2)/(2*self.cp_h*1e3)
741 MV2r = V2r/(self.y_h*self.R*T2r)**0.5
742
743 # Organizes return statements
744 Pr = P_03/P_01
745
746 gasParams = np.array([np.rad2deg(alpha1),np.rad2deg(alpha2),np.rad2deg(alpha3),np.rad2deg(beta2),np.rad2deg(beta3),T0s_rev,Pr,
Cw3,M3t,phi,psi_turb,Lambda,MV2r])
747 measurements = np.array([rtRat1,rtRat2,rtRat3,h1,h2,h3,rm])
748
749 return gasParams, measurements, np.array([Ca1,Cw1,Ca2,Cw2,Cw3]), np.array([C2,Ca3,C3, V2, V3])
750
751 def turb_root_tip(self, meanParams, meanMeasurements, Um, axialVelocities):
752     # Pulls the mean values
753     [alpha1m, alpha2m, alpha3m, beta2m, beta3m, phiMean, psiMean] = np.deg2rad([meanParams[0],meanParams[1],meanParams[2],
meanParams[3],meanParams[4],meanParams[9],meanParams[10]])
754     [h1, h2, h3, rm] = [meanMeasurements[3], meanMeasurements[4], meanMeasurements[5], meanMeasurements[6]]
755     [Ca1,Cw1,Ca2,Cw2,Cw3] = [axialVelocities[0],axialVelocities[1], axialVelocities[2], axialVelocities[3], axialVelocities[4]]
756     Ca3 = Ca2
757     # Calculate radii
758     rt1 = rm + (h1/2); rr1 = rm - (h1/2)
759     rt2 = rm + (h2/2); rr2 = rm - (h2/2)
760     rt3 = rm + (h3/2); rr3 = rm - (h3/2)
761     # Calculate blade speed
762     Ut2 = rt2/rm * Um; Ur2 = rr2/rm * Um
763     Ut3 = rt3/rm * Um; Ur3 = rr3/rm * Um
764     # Calculates whirl velocities
765     # Cw2t = rt1/rm * Cw2; Cw2r = rr1/rm * Cw2
766     # Cw3t = rt2/rm * Cw3; Cw3r = rr2/rm * Cw3
767
768     # Calculates the angles
769     ##### Root #####
770     alpha2r = np.arctan((rm/rr2)*np.tan(alpha2m))
771     alpha3r = np.arctan((rm/rr3)*np.tan(alpha3m))
772     beta2r = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha2r) - Ur2/Ca2)
773     beta3r = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha3r) + Ur3/Ca3)
774
775     ##### Tip #####
776     alpha2t = np.arctan((rm/rt2)*np.tan(alpha2m))
777     alpha3t = np.arctan((rm/rt3)*np.tan(alpha3m))
778     beta2t = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha2t) - Ut2/Ca2)
779     beta3t = np.arctan(np.tan(alpha3t) + Ut3/Ca3)
780
781     # Calculates the velocities
782     ##### Root #####
783     V2r = Ca2/np.cos(beta2r)

```

```

784 Cw2r = Ur2 + V2r*np.sin(beta2r)
785 C2r = (Cw2r**2 + Ca2**2)**0.5
786 C3r = Ca3*np.cos(alpha3r)
787 Cw3r = C3r*np.sin(alpha3r)
788 V3r = ((Cw3r+Ur3)**2 + Ca3**2)**0.5
789 Cw1r = (rm/rr1)*Cw1
790
791 ##### Tip #####
792 V2t = Ca2/np.cos(beta2t)
793 Cw2t = Ut2 + V2t*np.sin(beta2t)
794 C2t = (Cw2t**2 + Ca2**2)**0.5
795 C3t = Ca3*np.cos(alpha3t)
796 Cw3t = C3t*np.sin(alpha3t)
797 V3t = ((Cw3t+Ut3)**2 + Ca3**2)**0.5
798 Cw1t = (rm/rt1)*Cw1
799
800 # Calculates the phi, psi, and the lambda for the tip and the root
801 phiTip = np.max(np.array([Ca2/Ut2, Ca3/Ut3]))
802 phiRoot = np.max(np.array([Ca2/Ur2, Ca3/Ur3]))
803 psiTip = 2*phiTip*(np.tan(beta2t)+ np.tan(beta3t))
804 psiRoot = 2*phiRoot*(np.tan(beta2r)+ np.tan(beta3r))
805 lambdaTip = (phiTip/2)*(np.tan(beta3t) - np.tan(beta2t))
806 lambdaRoot = (phiRoot/2)*(np.tan(beta3r) - np.tan(beta2r))
807
808 # Organizes return
809 rootValues = np.array([Ur2, Ur3, np.rad2deg(alpha2r), np.rad2deg(alpha3r), np.rad2deg(beta2r), np.rad2deg(beta3r), Cw1r, V2r,
C2r, Cw2r, V3r, C3r, Cw3r, phiRoot, psiRoot, lambdaRoot])
810 tipValues = np.array([Ut2, Ut3, np.rad2deg(alpha2t), np.rad2deg(alpha3t), np.rad2deg(beta2t), np.rad2deg(beta3t), Cw1t, V2t,
C2t, Cw2t, V3t, C3t, Cw3t, phiTip, psiTip, lambdaTip])
811 rtMeasurements = np.array([rr1,rt1, rm, rr3, rt3])
812
813 return rootValues, tipValues, rtMeasurements
814
815 def comp_root_tip(self, meantable,sizingtable,rm):
816     for i in range(0,len(meantable)):
817         # Pull blade heights
818         h1 = sizingtable['h1'][i]
819         h2 = sizingtable['h2'][i]
820         h3 = sizingtable['h3'][i]
821         # Pull mean blade angles
822         alpha1m = meantable['alpha1'][i]
823         alpha2m = meantable['alpha2'][i]
824         beta1m = meantable['beta1'][i]
825         beta2m = meantable['beta2'][i]
826         # Calculate radii
827         rt1 = rm + (h1/2); rr1 = rm - (h1/2)
828         rt2 = rm + (h2/2); rr2 = rm - (h2/2)
829         rt3 = rm + (h3/2); rr3 = rm - (h3/2)
830         # Calculate blade speed
831         Ut1 = rt1/rm * self.U_m; Ur1 = rr1/rm * self.U_m
832         Ut2 = rt2/rm * self.U_m; Ur2 = rr2/rm * self.U_m
833         # Calculate whirl velocities
834         Cw1 = meantable['Cw1'][i]; Cw2 = meantable['Cw2'][i]
835         Cw1t = rm/rt1 * Cw1; Cw1r = rm/rr1 * Cw1
836         Cw2t = rm/rt2 * Cw2; Cw2r = rm/rr2 * Cw2
837         alpha1t = np.arctan(Cw1t/self.C_a); alpha1r = np.arctan(Cw1r/self.C_a)
838         beta1t = np.arctan((Ut1-Cw1t)/self.C_a); beta1r = np.arctan((Ur1-Cw1r)/self.C_a)
839         alpha2t = np.arctan(Cw2t/self.C_a); alpha2r = np.arctan(Cw2r/self.C_a)
840         beta2t = np.arctan((Ut2-Cw2t)/self.C_a); beta2r = np.arctan((Ur2-Cw2r)/self.C_a)
841         # Calculate absolute velocities
842         C1m = self.C_a/np.cos(np.deg2rad(alpha1m)); C2m = self.C_a/np.cos(np.deg2rad(alpha2m))
843         C1t = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1t); C2t = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2t)
844         C1r = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha1r); C2r = self.C_a/np.cos(alpha2r)
845         # Calculate relative velocities
846         V1m = self.C_a/np.cos(np.deg2rad(beta1m)); V2m = self.C_a/np.cos(np.deg2rad(beta2m))
847         V1t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1t); V2t = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2t)
848         V1r = self.C_a/np.cos(beta1r); V2r = self.C_a/np.cos(beta2r)
849         # Get temperatures
850         if i == 0:
851             T01 = self.T_02
852             T02 = meantable['T02'][i]
853         else:
854             T01 = meantable['T02'][i-1]
855             T02 = meantable['T02'][i]
856         # Calculate Mach number
857         T1 = T01 - C1t**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
858         T2 = T02 - C2t**2/(2*self.cp_c*1e3)
859         M1t = V1t/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T1)
860         M2t = V2t/np.sqrt(self.y_c*self.R*T2)
861         # Calculate blade velocities
862         U1t = (np.tan(alpha1t)+np.tan(beta1t))*self.C_a

```

```

863     U1m = (np.tan(np.deg2rad(alpha1m))+np.tan(np.deg2rad(beta1m)))*self.C_a
864     U1r = (np.tan(alpha1r)+np.tan(beta1r))*self.C_a
865     U2t = (np.tan(alpha2t)+np.tan(beta2t))*self.C_a
866     U2m = (np.tan(np.deg2rad(alpha2m))+np.tan(np.deg2rad(beta2m)))*self.C_a
867     U2r = (np.tan(alpha2r)+np.tan(beta2r))*self.C_a
868     # Update tables
869     if i == 0:
870         tiproot_table = pd.DataFrame(np.round(np.rad2deg([np.array([alpha1t,np.deg2rad(alpha1m),alpha1r,beta1t,
871             np.deg2rad(beta1m),beta1r,alpha2t,np.deg2rad(alpha2m),alpha2r,np.deg2rad(beta2m),beta2r,0.0,0.0,0.0])]),2),columns=['alpha1_t','
872             alpha1_m','alpha1_r','beta1_t','beta1_m','beta1_r','alpha2_t','alpha2_m','alpha2_r','beta2_t','beta2_m','beta2_r','alpha3_t','alpha3_m'
873             ,alpha3_r'])
874         whirl_table = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.array([Cw1t,Cw1,Cw1r,Cw2t,Cw2,Cw2r,0.0,0.0,0.0])]),2),columns=['Cw1_t','Cw1_m','
875             Cw1_r','Cw2_t','Cw2_m','Cw2_r','Cw3_t','Cw3_m','Cw3_r'])
876         vel_table = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.array([C1t,C1m,C1r,C2t,C2m,C2r,0.0,0.0,0.0,V1t,V1m,V1r,V2t,V2m,V2r])]),1),columns=
877             ['C1_t','C1_m','C1_r','C2_t','C2_m','C3_t','C3_m','C3_r','V1_t','V1_m','V1_r','V2_t','V2_m','V2_r'])
878         dif_table = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.array([V2t/V1t,V2m/V1m,V2r/V1r,0.0,0.0,0.0])]),3),columns=['V2/V1_t','V2/V1_m','
879             V2/V1_r','C3/C2_t','C3/C2_m','C3/C2_r'])
880         velBlade_table = pd.DataFrame(np.round([np.array([U1t,U1m,U1r,U2t,U2m,U2r])]),3),columns=['U1_t','U1_m','U1_r','U2_t','
881             U2_m','U2_r'])
882     else:
883         data = np.round(np.rad2deg(np.array([alpha1t,np.deg2rad(alpha1m),alpha1r,beta1t,np.deg2rad(beta1m),beta1r,alpha2t,
884             np.deg2rad(alpha2m),alpha2r,beta2t,np.deg2rad(beta2m),beta2r,0.0,0.0,0.0])),2)
885         data2 = np.round(np.array([Cw1t,Cw1,Cw1r,Cw2t,Cw2,Cw2r,0.0,0.0,0.0]),2)
886         data3 = np.round(np.array([C1t,C1m,C1r,C2t,C2m,C2r,0.0,0.0,0.0,V1t,V1m,V1r,V2t,V2m,V2r])),1)
887         data4 = np.round(np.array([V2t/V1t,V2m/V1m,V2r/V1r,0.0,0.0,0.0])),3)
888         tiproot_table.loc[len(tiproot_table)] = data
889         whirl_table.loc[len(whirl_table)] = data2
890         vel_table.loc[len(vel_table)] = data3
891         dif_table.loc[len(dif_table)] = data4
892         velBlade_table.loc[len(velBlade_table)] = np.round(np.array([U1t,U1m,U1r,U2t,U2m,U2r]))
893
894     meantable['M1t'][i] = np.round(M1t,3)
895     meantable['M2t'][i] = np.round(M2t,3)
896
897     for i in range(0,len(tiproot_table)-1):
898         tiproot_table['alpha3_t'][i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_t'][i+1]
899         tiproot_table['alpha3_m'][i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_m'][i+1]
900         tiproot_table['alpha3_r'][i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_r'][i+1]
901
902     for i in range(0,len(tiproot_table)):
903         whirl_table['Cw3_t'][i] = np.round(np.tan(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_t'][i]))*self.C_a,2)
904         whirl_table['Cw3_m'][i] = np.round(np.tan(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_m'][i]))*self.C_a,2)
905         whirl_table['Cw3_r'][i] = np.round(np.tan(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_r'][i]))*self.C_a,2)
906         vel_table['C3_t'][i] = np.round(self.C_a*np.cos(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_t'][i])),1)
907         vel_table['C3_m'][i] = np.round(self.C_a*np.cos(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_m'][i])),1)
908         vel_table['C3_r'][i] = np.round(self.C_a*np.cos(np.deg2rad(tiproot_table['alpha3_r'][i])),1)
909         dif_table['C3/C2_t'][i] = np.round(vel_table['C3_t'][i]/vel_table['C2_t'][i],3)
910         dif_table['C3/C2_m'][i] = np.round(vel_table['C3_m'][i]/vel_table['C2_m'][i],3)
911         dif_table['C3/C2_r'][i] = np.round(vel_table['C3_r'][i]/vel_table['C2_r'][i],3)
912
913     return tiproot_table, whirl_table, vel_table, meantable, dif_table,velBlade_table
914
915 def workdone(self,stage):
916     # Loading factor calculation curve fit
917     a=0.847936849639078; b=0.15697659830655492; c=-0.2412700053204237
918     return a + b*np.exp(c*stage)
919
920 def comp_plotter(self,tiproot_table,stage_array,compressor=True,npplotsbefore=0):
921     npplotsbefore = int(npplotsbefore)
922     alpha_1 = np.zeros([3,len(stage_array)])
923     alpha_2 = np.zeros([3,len(stage_array)])
924     beta_1 = np.zeros([3,len(stage_array)])
925     beta_2 = np.zeros([3,len(stage_array)])
926     def func(x,a,b,c):
927         return a*x**2 + b*x + c
928
929     for i in range(len(stage_array)):
930         alpha_1[0,i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_r'][stage_array[i]]
931         alpha_1[1,i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_m'][stage_array[i]]
932         alpha_1[2,i] = tiproot_table['alpha1_t'][stage_array[i]]
933
934         alpha_2[0,i] = tiproot_table['alpha2_r'][stage_array[i]]
935         alpha_2[1,i] = tiproot_table['alpha2_m'][stage_array[i]]
936         alpha_2[2,i] = tiproot_table['alpha2_t'][stage_array[i]]
937
938         beta_1[0,i] = tiproot_table['beta1_r'][stage_array[i]]
939         beta_1[1,i] = tiproot_table['beta1_m'][stage_array[i]]
940         beta_1[2,i] = tiproot_table['beta1_t'][stage_array[i]]
941
942         beta_2[0,i] = tiproot_table['beta2_r'][stage_array[i]]
943         beta_2[1,i] = tiproot_table['beta2_m'][stage_array[i]]
944         beta_2[2,i] = tiproot_table['beta2_t'][stage_array[i]]

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937
938     a1check = a2check = b1check = b2check = 0
939
940     if np.round(alpha_1[0,i],3) != 0.0 or np.round(alpha_1[1,i],3) != 0.0 or np.round(alpha_1[2,i],3) != 0.0:
941         fit_a1, opt = curve_fit(func,np.array([0,1,2]),alpha_1[:,i])
942     else:
943         a1check = 2
944     if np.round(alpha_2[0,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(alpha_2[1,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(alpha_2[2,i],3) != 0.0:
945         fit_a2, opt = curve_fit(func,np.array([0,1,2]),alpha_2[:,i])
946     else:
947         a2check = 2
948     if np.round(beta_1[0,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(beta_1[1,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(beta_1[2,i],3) != 0.0:
949         fit_b1, opt = curve_fit(func,np.array([0,1,2]),beta_1[:,i])
950     else:
951         b1check = 2
952     if np.round(beta_2[0,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(beta_2[1,i],3) != 0.0 and np.round(beta_2[2,i],3) != 0.0:
953         fit_b2, opt = curve_fit(func,np.array([0,1,2]),beta_2[:,i])
954     else:
955         b2check = 2
956
957     # print(fit_a1)
958
959     plt.figure(i+nplotsbefore)
960     if compressor:
961         plt.title('Compressor Stage '+str(int(stage_array[i])))
962         # plt.hold('on')
963         # plt.plot(alpha_1[:,i],'b')
964         if a1check != 2:
965             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_a1[0], fit_a1[1], fit_a1[2]),'b')
966         # plt.plot(alpha_2[:,i],'g')
967         if a2check != 2:
968             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_a2[0], fit_a2[1], fit_a2[2]),'b--')
969         if b1check != 2:
970             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_b1[0], fit_b1[1], fit_b1[2]),'r')
971         if b2check != 2:
972             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_b2[0], fit_b2[1], fit_b2[2]),'r--')
973         ys = plt.gca().get_ylim()
974         plt.plot(np.array([1.0,1.0]),np.array([ys[0]-50,ys[1]]),'k')
975         plt.gca().set_ylim(ys)
976         plt.xticks([0, 1, 2],['Root','Mean','Tip'])
977         plt.legend(['$\backslash\alpha_1$','$\backslash\alpha_2$','$\backslash\beta_1$','$\backslash\beta_2$'],bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left',
borderaxespad=0.)
978     else:
979         plt.title('Turbine Stage '+str(int(stage_array[i])))
980         # plt.plot(alpha_1[:,i],'b')
981         if a1check != 2:
982             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_a1[0], fit_a1[1], fit_a1[2]),'g',label='$\backslash\alpha_2$')
983         # plt.plot(alpha_2[:,i],'g')
984         if a2check != 2:
985             plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_a2[0], fit_a2[1], fit_a2[2]),'g--',label='$\backslash\alpha_3$')
986     if b1check != 2:
987         plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_b1[0], fit_b1[1], fit_b1[2]),'m',label='$\backslash\beta_2$')
988     if b2check != 2:
989         plt.plot(np.arange(0,2,0.001),func(np.arange(0,2,0.001), fit_b2[0], fit_b2[1], fit_b2[2]),'m--',label='$\backslash\beta_3$')
990         ys = plt.gca().get_ylim()
991         plt.plot(np.array([1.0,1.0]),np.array([ys[0]-50,ys[1]]),'k')
992         plt.gca().set_ylim(ys)
993         plt.xticks([0, 1, 2],['Root','Mean','Tip'])
994         plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left', borderaxespad=0.)
995
996
997
998
999
1000
1001 # backend2 = TurboMachineryComputationV2()
1002 # optimalParams = backend2.fullturbine()
1003 # print('\nTurbine $\Delta T: {}'.format(dT0_turb))
1004 # print('\nStage $\Delta T: {} K'.format(T0s))
1005 # print('\nTip Mach Numbers: {}'.format(M))
1006 # print('No. Turb Stages = {}'.format(stages))
1007 # stuff = TurboMachineryComputation()
1008 # morestuff = stuff.fullcompressor()

```