- ♥ Comment Your JavaScript Code
- ◆ Declare JavaScript Variables
- Storing Values with the Assignment Operator
- ◆ Assigning the Value of One Variable to Another
- ☑ Initializing Variables with the Assignment Operator
- **⊘** Declare String Variables
- ♥ Understanding Uninitialized Variables
- **⊘** Understanding Case Sensitivity in Variables
- Declare a Read-Only Variable with the const Keyword
- ◆ Add Two Numbers with JavaScript
- Subtract One Number from Another with JavaScript
- ✓ Multiply Two Numbers with JavaScript
- Divide One Number by Another with JavaScript

- ▼ Increment a Number with JavaScript
- Decrement a Number with JavaScript
- ✔ Create Decimal Numbers with JavaScript
- Multiply Two Decimals with JavaScript
- Divide One Decimal by Another with JavaScript
- ♥ Finding a Remainder in JavaScript
- **⊘** Compound Assignment With Augmented Addition
- ♥ Compound Assignment With Augmented Subtraction
- ◆ Compound Assignment With Augmented Multiplication
- **⊘** Compound Assignment With Augmented Division
- **♥** Escaping Literal Quotes in Strings
- **⊘** Quoting Strings with Single Quotes
- **♥** Escape Sequences in Strings
- ◆ Concatenating Strings with Plus Operator
- ◆ Concatenating Strings with the Plus Equals Operator

- **⊘** Constructing Strings with Variables
- ◆ Appending Variables to Strings
- ♥ Find the Length of a String
- Use Bracket Notation to Find the First Character in a String
- ♥ Understand String Immutability
- Use Bracket Notation to Find the Nth Character in a String
- Use Bracket Notation to Find the Last Character in a String
- Use Bracket Notation to Find the Nth-to-Last Character in a String
- **♥** Word Blanks
- Store Multiple Values in one Variable using JavaScript Arrays
- ◆ Nest one Array within Another Array
- ◆ Access Array Data with Indexes

- ◆ Access Multi-Dimensional Arrays With Indexes
- Manipulate Arrays With push()
- Manipulate Arrays With pop()
- Manipulate Arrays With shift()
- Manipulate Arrays With unshift()
- **⊘** Shopping List
- ♥ Write Reusable JavaScript with Functions
- ✔ Passing Values to Functions with Arguments
- **⊘** Global Scope and Functions
- ◆ Local Scope and Functions
- Global vs. Local Scope in Functions
- Understanding Undefined Value returned from a Function
- ◆ Assignment with a Returned Value

- Stand in Line
- Understanding Boolean Values
- Use Conditional Logic with If Statements
- Comparison with the Equality Operator
- ✔ Practice comparing different values
- Comparison with the Inequality Operator
- Comparison with the Strict Inequality Operator
- Comparison with the Greater Than Or Equal To Operator
- Comparison with the Less Than Operator
- Comparison with the Less Than Or Equal To Operator
- ◆ Comparisons with the Logical And Operator

- ▼ Introducing Else If Statements
- **⊘** Logical Order in If Else Statements
- ◆ Chaining If Else Statements
- **⊘** Golf Code
- Selecting from Many Options with Switch Statements
- Adding a Default Option in Switch Statements

- **⊘** Counting Cards
- ❷ Build JavaScript Objects
- ◆ Accessing Object Properties with Dot Notation
- ◆ Accessing Object Properties with Bracket Notation
- ◆ Accessing Object Properties with Variables

- **♥** Updating Object Properties
- ◆ Add New Properties to a JavaScript Object
- Delete Properties from a JavaScript Object
- ◆ Using Objects for Lookups
- ▼ Testing Objects for Properties

- ◆ Accessing Nested Arrays
- **⊘** Record Collection
- ▼ Iterate with JavaScript While Loops
- ▼ Iterate with JavaScript For Loops
- ▼ Iterate Odd Numbers With a For Loop
- ♥ Count Backwards With a For Loop
- ▼ Iterate Through an Array with a For Loop

O Replace Loops using Recursion ○ Profile Lookup O Generate Random Fractions with JavaScript Generate Random Whole Numbers with JavaScript O Generate Random Whole Numbers within a Range ○ Use the parseInt Function ○ Use the parseInt Function with a Radix ○ Use the Conditional (Ternary) Operator ○ Use Multiple Conditional (Ternary) Operators O Use Recursion to Create a Countdown Use Recursion to Create a Range of Numbers